# Python Libraries

### Gzip, CSV

- <a href="https://docs.python.org/3/library/gzip.html">https://docs.python.org/3/library/gzip.html</a>
- https://docs.python.org/3/library/csv.html
  https://daler.github.io/pybedtools/ PyBed tools
- <a href="http://biopython.org/wiki/GFF">http://biopython.org/wiki/GFF</a> Parsing

# BioPython - a library of modules for bioinformatics

#### **BioPython Tutorial**

Modules for Sequence data, BLAST parsing, Multiple alignments

Already installed on biocluster

To installed on own computer you control use Python tool 'pip'

\$ pip3 install biopython

# Simple BioPython

```
import Bio
from Bio.Seq import Seq
my_seq = Seq("ATGAGTACACTAGGGTAA")

print(my_seq)

rc = my_seq.reverse_complement()
pep = my_seq.translate()
print("revcom is", rc)
print(pep)
```

### Parsing sequence files

```
more ../data/E3Q6S8.fasta 
>tr|E3Q6S8|E3Q6S8_COLGM RNAse P Rpr2/Rpp21/SNM1 subunit domain-containing protein OS 
MAKPKSESLPNRHAYTRVSYLHQAAAYLATVQSPTSDSTTNSSQPGHAPHAVDHERCLET 
NETVARRFVSDIRAVSLKAQIRPSPSLKQMMCKYCDSLLVEGKTCSTTVENASKGGKKPW 
ADVMVTKCKTCGNVKRFPVSAPRQKRRPFREQKAVEGQDTTPAVSEMSTGAD
```

```
import sys
#import Bio
from Bio import SeqIO
from Bio.Seq import Seq

# seqfile
filename = sys.argv[1]
for seq_record in SeqIO.parse( filename , "fasta"):
    print(seq_record.id)
    print(repr(seq_record.seq))
    print(seq_record.seq)
    print(len(seq_record))
```

```
tr|E3Q6S8|E3Q6S8_COLGM
Seq('MAKPKSESLPNRHAYTRVSYLHQAAAYLATVQSPTSDSTTNSSQPGHAPHAVDH...GAD',
SingleLetterAlphabet())
MAKPKSESLPNRHAYTRVSYLHQAAAYLATVQSPTSDSTTNSSQPGHAPHAVDHERCLETNETVARRFVSDIRAVSLKAQIRPS
172
```

### GenBank files: another sequence format

```
linear PRI 03-FEB-2000
LOCUS
           AJ240084
                                   1905 bp
                                              DNA
DEFINITION Homo sapiens TRIM gene, promoter.
ACCESSION
           AJ240084
VERSION
           AJ240084.1 GI:6911579
KEYWORDS
           T-cell receptor interacting molecule; TRIM gene.
SOURCE
           Homo sapiens (human)
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
      Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini;
      Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
AUTHORS
         Hubener, C., Mincheva, A., Lichter, P., Schraven, B. and Bruyns, E.
          Genomic organization and chromosomal localization of the human gene
TITLE
          encoding the T-cell receptor-interacting molecule (TRIM)
JOURNAL
         Immunogenetics 51 (2), 154-158 (2000)
  PUBMED
          10663578
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1905)
 AUTHORS
           Huebener, C.
 TITLE
           Direct Submission
           Submitted (06-MAY-1999) Huebener C., Immunomodulation Laboratory,
  JOURNAL
           Institute for Immunology, University of Heidelberg, Im Neuenheimer
           Feld 305, Heidelberg, 69120, GERMANY
```

### GenBank file

```
Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
                     1..1905
     source
                     /organism="Homo sapiens"
                     /mol_type="genomic DNA"
                     /db xref="taxon:9606"
                     /clone_lib="RPCI1,3-5 Human PAC library"
                     1..1902
     gene
                     /gene="TRIM"
     regulatory
                     1..1746
                     /regulatory_class="promoter"
                     /gene="TRIM"
                     1747..1902
     5'UTR
                     /gene="TRIM"
```

### GenBank file

#### ORIGIN

```
1 ccaaaaattt ccagtcctga aaccctttct ctttccaatg tcctctgtaa gctcgagttg
  61 tgggcatcta ctttgcccat attccaaggt cttgcttagg taacctctgt agtcctttct
 121 tgagcctagg acttctactt ttcttaccag ttaccctctt tcaggaccaa agctcaactc
 181 ctcaaggcca taactaggcc ctctcctctc aaactgattt atcaggtgcc cgaatcttcc
 241 tgaatgtctg ggattcaact tttcagcagt cttcctccct acgttccatc taattctaag
 301 atgaaacctt ctgattcttt gttgtcctct gatccctaca tgaacctgag gctgctgttc
 361 cctgaagtct tgttctgtca gcatccaggc ctgcttcata aaacctgtca ctctgctaat
421 ggttagcggc tgaacaaaga gtcctctggc caaataagtt tagaaaaact ctgataaaaa
 481 tattatttgg gtttcctttt cgcaggactt acctaagcct ttaatatgca tctacggagg
 541 taaaaataaa gctatatatt ttttccaaag atatttgttg aagaaacatt tgtcttctgc
 601 gtttcttaaa ggccgagtgt tctatggaac atactttaaa aaaccctttt aaagaagctt
 661 agaccagaga atctccaagg tctctttcag ttttacagcc tctgagtcaa cgattcacca
 721 aaaaatattt tggggggaag tgattgaagt ggaaaaattt gttagtgttt agccagcttt
 781 gtccaaagga taagatgcac tgtattttgc ttactaggga gttattttct ataatggaag
 841 acaaagaaag cacaagacac ccatggtttt gtttgttcaa tcactgagag taagtctcaa
 901 ttattgagac ttacgatgtg ccggtgtgct taattctagt tatgaaattt taataatgaa
961 taatatagat tctattcctt atatgagttt ccaaaagcat tgtccagaac atctatatta
1021 aaatatctta tcatatacaa tatatgtaat ttaaaaatgca ctcagaaaat ctgcttgtta
1081 aaatgcagat tctagtgctt caccctaaat agtctaattt agacgggccc aggattttaa
1141 actagcatct tatagcatac ttatgtacac caacatgtaa gaactgctgc tattaagatt
1201 ctgggatggt ggttgagaac aggagcttgt tgtcaggtgg ctctagattg gacagagaaa
1261 ctcatactga taaggtgagg attgtcagga aataaggcag gcatctagcc tcgcattaag
1321 atgaggtata gaaggcaact gatacatact aagtgctcaa aaaatattaa ctccctgtcc
1381 tccatcatgg ctcaagaaaa tacaacagct gagcacaccc acgggttgct tactatttac
```

### Now parse GenBank

import sys

IUPACAmbiguousDNA())

1905

```
#import Bio
from Bio import SeqIO
from Bio.Seq import Seq

# seqfile
filename = sys.argv[1]
for seq_record in SeqIO.parse( filename , "genbank"):
    print(seq_record.id)
    print(repr(seq_record.seq))
    print(seq_record.seq)
    print(len(seq_record))

python bp_parse_gbk.py ../data/AJ240084_TRIM.gbk
AJ240084.1
```

CCAAAAATTTCCAGTCCTGAAACCCTTTCTCTTTCCAATGTCCTCTGTAAGCTCGAGTTGTGGGCATCTACTTTGCCCATATTC

Seq('CCAAAAATTTCCAGTCCTGAAACCCTTTCTCTTTCCAATGTCCTCTGTAAGCTC...ATG',

### Parse features from GenBank file

See documentation on <u>SeqIO here</u> and the <u>tutorial</u>

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import sys
import Bio
from Bio import SeqIO
from Bio.Seq import Seq
filename = sys.argv[1]
for seq_record in SeqIO.parse( filename , "genbank"):
print(seq_record.id)
for feature in seq_record.features:
    print("\t",feature.type,feature.location)
    print("\t",feature.type,feature.location.start, feature.location.end, fe
```

### An even simpler fasta parser to dictionary

```
from Bio import SeqIO
handle = open("example.fasta", "rU")
record_dict = SeqIO.to_dict(SeqIO.parse(handle, "fasta"))
handle.close()
print record_dict["gi:12345678"] #use any record ID
```

### Convert file formats

#### From GenBank to Fasta

```
from Bio import SeqIO

input_handle = open("cor6_6.gb", "rt")
output_handle = open("cor6_6.fasta", "w")

sequences = SeqIO.parse(input_handle, "genbank")
count = SeqIO.write(sequences, output_handle, "fasta")

output_handle.close()
input_handle.close()
```

#### Or even more simply

```
from Bio import SeqIO
count = SeqIO.convert("cor6_6.gb", "genbank", "cor6_6.fasta", "fasta")
print("Converted %i records" % count)
```

# Other BioPython modules

- Pairwise Alignment Parsing (BLAST, FASTA, HMMER)
- Multiple Alignment Parsing
- Database access (local, fast indexed files; Remote databases via Web)
- Some Graphics drawing support

# GFF parsing

http://biopython.org/wiki/GFF Parsing