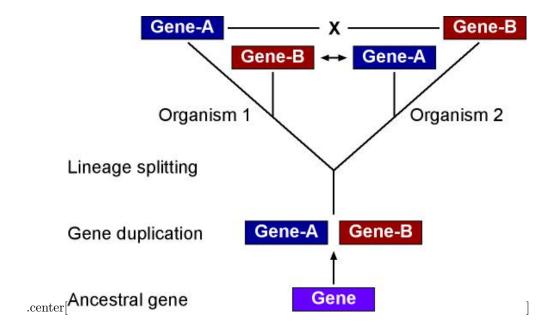


Figure 1: Orthologs

# Gene families and Orthology

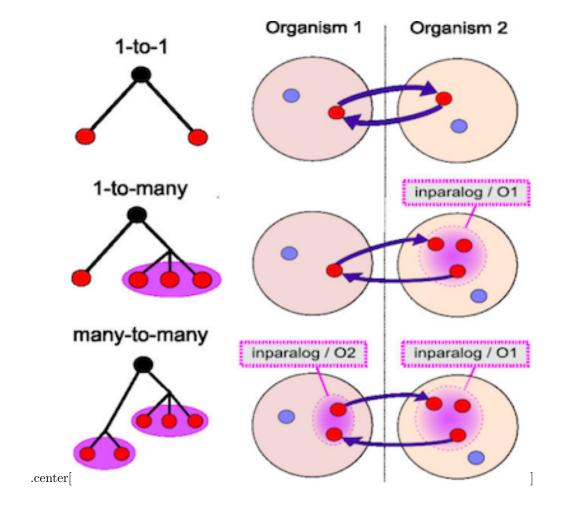
Problem: How to find "same" genes across multiple species.

Genes can duplicate (Paralogs) and can be identical due to descent (Ortholog)



# Methods

- BLAST: reciprocal BLAST



### Trees can help resolve relationships

Best hits can sometimes be wrong (B) though it can be resolved with phylogenetics.

### Reciprocal Searches

• Bi-directional or Reciprocal BLAST

# Implement Bidirectional

Method to find best top hit in one direction and the reverse.

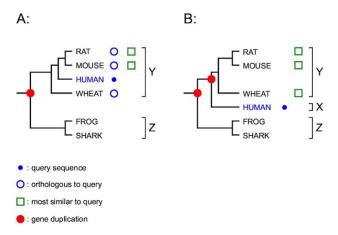


Figure 2: RIO

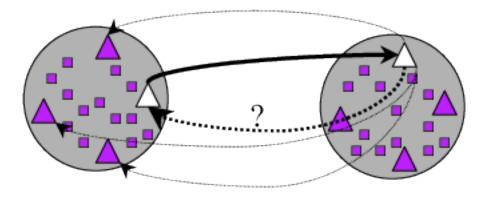


Figure 3: BRH

Let's walk through the  $\operatorname{code}$ 

Will write this in Python in Class

# Clustering

- $\bullet\,$  Lumping genes together based on similarity linkage
- Single-linkage means if there is a link between A-B then they are in a cluster

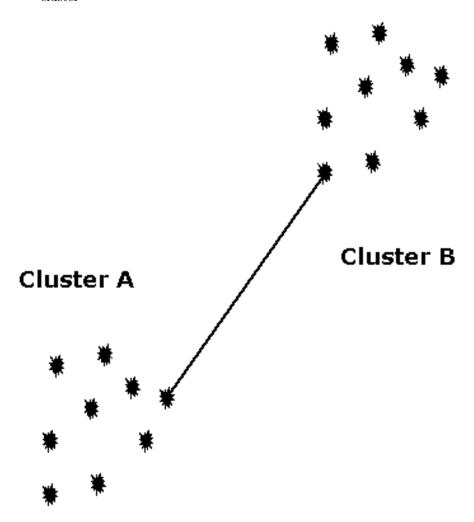


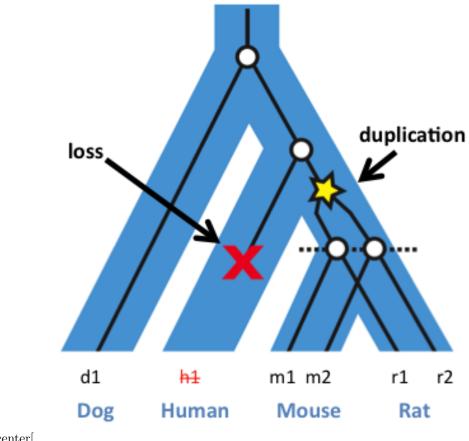
Figure 4: SingleLinkage

# Code up single-linkage

Let's look at some code.

Will write this in Python in Class

#### **Issues**



.center[

### **Existing solution**

- OrthoMCL requires SQL Database
- Orthagogue nearly identical results but runs w/o  ${\rm DB}$

### Steps to build orthologs on cluster

```
Make sure genome protein FASTA file is
>SPECIESPREFIX | GENENAME
See https://github.com/biodataprog/GEN220_2019_examples/tree/master/
Bioinformatics_1 for example script for running orthofinder.
#!/usr/bin/bash
#SBATCH --ntasks 16 --mem 8G -p short
module load ncbi-blast
module load orthofinder
module load miniconda2
CPU=8
mkdir -p cyanobacteria
cd cyanobacteria
curl -L -O ftp://ftp.ensemblgenomes.org/pub/bacteria/release-45/fasta/bacteria_10_collection
curl -L -O ftp://ftp.ensemblgenomes.org/pub/bacteria/release-45/fasta/bacteria_0_collection,
curl -L -O ftp://ftp.ensemblgenomes.org/pub/bacteria/release-45/fasta/bacteria_4_collection,
for file in *.fa.gz
do
m=$(basename $file .pep.all.fa.gz)
pigz -dc $file > $m.fasta
done
pigz -k *.fa.gz
cd ..
orthofinder.py -a $CPU -f cyanobacteria
```

# Ortholog results

Opening the file cyanobacteria/Results\_Nov08/Orthogroups.txt

#### **Format**

```
\label{lem:comp:sp1_Gene1} $$\operatorname{GroupName}\tSp1_Gene1, Sp1_Gene2, Sp2_Gene2, Sp3_Gene2, Sp3_Gene2,
```

Cyanobacterium\_aponinum\_pcc\_10605.ASM31767v1 Nostoc\_punctiforme\_pcc\_73102.ASM2002v1 0G0000000 EKQ66605, EKQ66611, EKQ66662, EKQ66782, EKQ66954, EKQ66984, EKQ67084, EI EKQ67433, EKQ67590, EKQ67680, EKQ67799, EKQ67807, EKQ67983, EKQ68026, EKQ68032, EKQ68054, I EKQ69279, EKQ69300, EKQ69345, EKQ69368, EKQ69506, EKQ69549, EKQ69629, EKQ69630, EKQ69655, EI KQ70786, EKQ70840, EKQ70870, EKQ70894, EKQ71088, EKQ71090, EKQ71265, EKQ71335

AFZ52442, AFZ54265, AFZ54640 ACC78968, ACC78978, ACC79054, ACC79090, ACC79138 DG0000001 81797, ACC82091, ACC82628, ACC82978, ACC83035, ACC83215, ACC83711, ACC84528, ACC84844, ACC84 69971, EKQ69995, EKQ70003, EKQ70556, EKQ70833, EKQ71286 ACC79344, ACC80485, ACC80595, ACC82143, ACC82836, ACC82962, ACC83849 DG0000002 AFZ55137 ACC84972, ACC84974, ACC84981, ACC84982, ACC84983, ACC85032 EKQ66950, EKQ67597, EKQ67615, El DG0000003 AFZ53198 ACC78875, ACC78976, ACC79256, ACC79524, ACC79759, ACC80145, ACC80528 ACC82769, ACC83025, ACC83081, ACC83457, ACC83602, ACC83721, ACC83749, ACC84422, ACC85331 ACC80422, ACC80525, ACC80662, ACC80851, ACC80857, ACC80914, ACC81440, ACC819 DG0000004 6, ACC83981, ACC84622, ACC84732, ACC85457 EKQ66830, EKQ66911, EKQ67039, EKQ67311, EKQ6999 AFZ52318, AFZ52611, AFZ52613, AFZ52925, AFZ52973, AFZ53626, AFZ53840, AFZ53841, CC82559, ACC83603, ACC83674, ACC85005, ACC85009 EKQ67574, EKQ67809, EKQ69976 DG0000006 AFZ52319, AFZ53394, AFZ54017, AFZ54472 ACC79360, ACC79745, ACC79853, ACC80832, 478, EKQ67551, EKQ67724, EKQ67810, EKQ68266 AFZ53704, AFZ54461, AFZ54462 ACC79786, ACC80242, ACC80282, ACC80538, ACC80768 DG0000007 2, EKQ68369, EKQ70142, EKQ70145, EKQ71300

# Write script to turn this into a table

ORTHOLOG\_GRP SP1 SP2 SP3
ORTHO\_0001 10 5
ORTHO\_0002 1 1