Short Sequencing Read Maping

BWA for short read alignment

```
Read the manual/documentation for BWA
```

```
module load bwa
bwa
bwa index
bwa mem
```

There are alternative faster implementation for bwa that is called bwa-mem2. See some of the documentation.

```
module load bwa-mem2
bwa-mem2
bwa-mem2 index
bwa-mem2 mem
```

Index genome

It is necessary to index the genome in preparation of alignement.

```
#!/usr/bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -p short -N 1 -n 1 -c 2 --mem 2gb
module load bwa
GENOME=S_enterica_CT18.fasta
bwa index $GENOME
```

Align reads

```
#!/usr/bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -p short -N 1 -n 1 -c 16 --mem 4gb

module load bwa
module load samtools
CPU=16
mkdir -p ~/bigdata/Short_read_aligning
cd ~/bigdata/Short_read_aligning
mkdir -p fastq
ln -s /bigdata/gen220/shared/data/S_enterica/*.fastq.gz fastq
ln -s /bigdata/gen220/shared/data/S_enterica/S_enterica_CT18.fasta
ln -s /bigdata/gen220/shared/data/S_enterica/acc.txt
GENOME=S_enterica_CT18.fasta
if [ ! -f $GENOME.sa ]; then
   bwa index $GENOME
fi
```

```
do
    FWDREAD=fastq/${acc}_1.fastq.gz
    REVREAD=fastq/${acc}_2.fastq.gz

bwa mem -t $CPU $GENOME $FWDREAD $REVREAD > ${acc}.sam
    samtools fixmate -0 bam ${acc}.sam ${acc}_fixmate.bam
    samtools sort --threads $CPU -0 BAM -o ${acc}.bam ${acc}_fixmate.bam
    samtools index ${acc}.bam
```

samtools

sambamba

A multi-use tool for investigating SAM/BAM file format data.

module load samtools
samtools

See the menu of options and explore a bit.

Also see sambamba module load sambamba

Visualizing depth of coverage

```
Interactively - you can use samtools

module load samtools
samtools tview SRR10574912.bam

# to see the reference genome loaded as well add this option
samtools tview SRR10574912.bam --reference S enterica CT18.fasta
```

SNP calling

There are many standardized SNP calling pipelines. GATK provides a robust pipeline that can be used.

Samtools/BCFTools are also useful and straight forward.

freebayes is another very useful pipeline for non-model systems.

Samtools/BCFTools SNP and INDEL calling

```
Workflows from the htslib
```

```
#!/usr/bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -p short -N 1 -n 1 -c 4 --mem 16gb
module load samtools
module load bcftools
```

```
GENOME=S_enterica_CT18.fasta
```

Genome Browsers

We will do more on genome browsers later in the course. But if you want to see how to visualize genome you can see some of these tools.

IGV

IGV - High-performance visualization tool for interactive exploration of large, integrated genomic datasets. It supports a wide variety of data types, including array-based and next-generation sequence data, and genomic annotations.

JBrowse

JBrowse2 provides google-maps style interface to genomes

Public genome browsers

Many browsers allow upload of aligned data (bam files) to integrate local data with public genome resources.

- Ensembl, Ensembl Genomes
- UCSC Genome Browser
- WormBase, FlyBase
- TAIR Arabidopsis, Phytozome
- EuPathDB, JGI Genomes
- IMG/M JGI

Displaying data in EnsEMBL

Go to Ensembl Site for Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi str. $\operatorname{CT}18$

See the EnsEMBL tutorial on how to add a BAM file track (note this only works if you have aligned reads to the SAME ASSEMBLY that is in Ensembl).

Click on "Display your data in Ensembl Bacteria"

Make a link on the web for your data. Follow directions on $\overline{\mathsf{HPCC}}$ site

```
mkdir -p ~/.html/share
cd ~/.html/share
ln -s ~/bigdata/Short_read_aligning . # or wherever you were doning
```

Now you can use the URL http://cluster.hpcc.ucr.edu/~YOURLOGIN/share/Short_read_aligning and the .bam files that are in there.