Part I

1.
$$\log(odds(HeartAttack)) = -7.98 + 0.0731[MAP] - 0.0112[Cholesterol] \rightarrow odds(HeartAttack) = e^{-7.98 + 0.0731[MAP] - 0.0112[Cholesterol]} \rightarrow P(HeartAttack = 1) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{7.98 - 0.0731[110] + 0.0112[170]}}$$
 (page 113 ch. 13.2) = **0.137**

- 2. $P(HeartAttack = 1) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{7.98 0.0731[110] + 0.0112[171]}} = 0.135$
 - a. A 1 mg/dL increase decreases the probability of a heart attack by 0.002

3.
$$0.50 = \frac{1}{1+e^{7.98-0.0731[MAP]+0.0112[Cholesterol]}} \rightarrow \log\left(\frac{1}{0.50} - 1\right) = \log\left(e^{7.98-0.0731[MAP]+0.0112[Cholesterol]}\right) \rightarrow 0 = 7.98 - 0.0731[MAP] + 0.0112[Cholesterol] \rightarrow [Cholesterol] = 6.527[MAP] - 712.5$$

Example solutions (MAP, Cholesterol): (120, 70.7), (150, 266.6), (200, 592.9)

Part II

1.

Code

```
clear; close all; clc;
load 'cas9.mat'
model = fitglm(cas9, 'Success ~ ProtospacerSize + WrongPAM + Methylation +
Mismatches', 'link', 'logit', 'Distribution', 'binomial')
```

Output:

model =

Generalized linear regression model:

 $logit(Success) \sim 1 + ProtospacerSize + WrongPAM + Methylation + Mismatches Distribution = Binomial$

Estimated Coefficients:

	Estimate	SE	tStat	pValue
(Intercept)	-19.909	11.008	-1.8085	0.070524
ProtospacerSize	0.99151	0.56156	1.7656	0.077458
WrongPAM	-1.1456	0.5717	-2.0038	0.04509
Methylation	0.71697	0.55853	1.2837	0.19926
Mismatches	-2.9309	1.0858	-2.6992	0.0069501

```
100 observations, 95 error degrees of freedom
Dispersion: 1
Chi^2-statistic vs. constant model: 21.9, p-value = 0.000214
```

- 2. WrongPAM and Mismatches both have p-values < 0.05 suggesting their coefficients are significantly nonzero and will therefore have an effect on Cas9 cleavage.
- 3. Odds ratios

a. WrongPAM: exp(-1.1456) = 0.318

b. Mismatches: exp(-2.9309) = 0.053