

1.

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      int i,j,m,n;
4      i=8;
5      j=10;
6      m=++i;
7      n=j++;
8      printf("%d,%d,%d,%d",i,j,m,n);
9      return 0;
10 }
```

tempCodeRun  
9,11,9,10%

b=++x先进行加一再赋值； b=x++ 先赋值再加算

2.

```

#include <stdio.h>
double x[4],y[4];
int main(){
    scanf("%lf,%lf,%lf",&x[1],&x[2],&x[3]);
    for(int i=1;i<=3;i++){
        if(x[i]>=0)
            y[i]=x[i]*2+1;
    }
    for(int i=1;i<=3;i++){
        printf("%lf",y[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

1.000000,0.000000,1.000000,0.000000.  
 ● sunkai@sunkaideMacBook-Pro T % cd '  
 tempCodeRunnerFile && "/var/folder  
 2,3,5  
 5.000000,7.000000,11.000000,% \_

3.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
double x,y;
int main(){
    scanf("%lf",&x);
    y=pow(x,3)+3*pow(x,2)+x-10;
    printf("x=%lf,y=%lf",x,y);
    return 0;
}
```

● sunkai@sunkaideMacBook-Pro  
 tempCodeRunnerFile && "  
 3  
 x=3.000000,y=47.000000%

4. input a,b,c,  
 calculate delta,  
 if delta < 0, no solution, output,  
 if delta > 0, solution is  $(-b + \text{delta})/2a$  and  $(-b - \text{delta})/2a$   
 Out put x1,x2  
 5.

```
#include <stdio.h>
double x[4],y[4];
int main(){
    scanf("%lf,%lf,%lf",&x[1],&x[2],&x[3]);
    for(int i=1;i<=3;i++){
        if(x[i]>=0)
            y[i]=x[i]*2+1;
    }
    for(int i=1;i<=3;i++){
        printf("%lf,",y[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
1.000000,0.0000001.000000,0.000000.
● sunkai@sunkaideMacBook-Pro T % cd '
tempCodeRunnerFile && "/var/folder
2,3,5
5.000000,7.000000,11.000000,%
```