Introduction to Bulk RNAseq data analysis

Quantification of Gene Expression with Salmon

Exercise 1 - Create Salmon index

1. Create concatenated trancriptome/genome reference file

```
cat references/Mus_musculus.GRCm38.cdna.chr14.fa.gz \
   references/Mus_musculus.GRCm38.dna_sm.chr14.fa.gz \
    references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz
```

2. Create decoy sequence list from the genomic fasta

```
echo "14" > references/decoys.txt
```

- 3. Use salmon index to create the index. You will need to provide three pieces of information:
 - the Transcript fasta file references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz
 - the **decoys** references/decoys.txt
 - the salmon index a directory to write the index to, use references/salmon_index_chr14

Also add -p 7 to the command to instruct salmon to use 7 threads/cores. To find the flags for the other three pieces of information use:

```
salmon index --help
```

Version Info: This is the most recent version of salmon.

```
Index
Creates a salmon index.
Command Line Options:
 -v [ --version ]
                                print version string
 -h [ --help ]
                                produce help message
  -t [ --transcripts ] arg Transcript fasta file.
 -k [ --kmerLen ] arg (=31)
                                The size of k-mers that should be used for the
                                quasi index.
 -i [ --index ] arg
                            salmon index.
  --gencode
                                This flag will expect the input transcript
 -d [ --decoys ] arg
                            Treat these sequences ids from the reference as
                                the decoys that may have sequence homologous to
```

```
--- one per line
salmon index \
-t references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz \
-d references/decoys.txt \
```

some known transcript. for example in case of the genome, provide a list of chromosome name

```
-p 7 \
-i references/salmon_index_chr14
```

Exercise 2 - Quantify with Salmon

1. Make directory called salmon_output

mkdir salmon_output

- 2. Use salmon quant to quantify the gene expression from the raw fastq. To see all the options run salmon quant --help-reads. There are lot of possible parameters, we will need to provide the following:
 - salmon index references/salmon_index
 - -1 A Salmon needs to use some information about the library preparation, we could explicitly give this, but it is easy enough for Salmon to Automatically infer this from the data.
 - File containing the #1 mates fastq/SRR7657883.subset_2M.sra_1.fastq.gz
 - File containing the #2 mates $fastq/SRR7657883.subset_2M.sra_2.fastq.gz$
 - Output quantification directory salmon_output/SRR7657883
 - --writeMappingssalmon_output/SRR7657883.salmon.sam Instructs Salmon to output the read alignments in SAM format to the file salmon_output/SRR7657883.salmon.sam.
 - $\bullet\,$ --gcBias salmon can optionally correct for GC content bias, it is recommended to always use this
 - The number of threads to use 7

```
salmon quant \
    -i references/salmon_index \
    -1 A \
    -1 fastq/SRR7657883.subset_2M.sra_1.fastq.gz \
    -2 fastq/SRR7657883.subset_2M.sra_2.fastq.gz \
    -0 salmon_output/SRR7657883 \
    --writeMappings=salmon_output/SRR7657883/SRR7657883.salmon.sam \
    --gcBias \
    -p 7
```

Exercise 3

1. Sort and transform your aligned SAM file into a BAM file called SRR7657883.salmon.sorted.bam. Use the option -@ 7 to use 7 cores, this vastly speeds up the compression.

```
samtools sort \
  -@ 7 \
  -0 BAM \
  -o salmon_output/SRR7657883/SRR7657883.salmon.sorted.bam \
  salmon_output/SRR7657883/SRR7657883.salmon.sam
```

- $\Rightarrow salmon_output/SRR7657883/SRR7657883.salmon.sorted.bam$
- 2. Check your bam file

```
samtools view salmon output/SRR7657883/SRR7657883.salmon.sorted.bam | more
```