Introduction to Bulk RNAseq data analysis

QC of raw reads with FastQC - Solutions

Exercise

- 1. a. Check the location of the current directory using the command pwd
 - b. If the current directory is not Course_Materials, then navigate to the **Course_Materials** directory using the cd (**c**hange **d**irectory) command:

cd ~/Course_Materials

a. Use ls to list the contents of the directory. There should be directory called fastq
 b. Use ls to list the contents of the fastq directory:

ls fastq

SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz SRR7657883.subset_2M.sra_1.fastq.gz SRR7657883.sra_2.fastq.gz Test_adapter_contamination.gq.gz. SRR7657883.subset 2M.sra 2.fastq.gz

You should see two fastq files called *SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz* and *SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz*. These are the files for read 1 and read 2 of one of the samples we will be working with.

3. Run fastqc on one of the fastq files:

fastqc fastq/SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz

This creates two files in the *fastq* directory. The first is the QC report in html format and the second is a zip file containing the data summary data used to generate the report. \Rightarrow SRR7657883.sra_1_fastqc.html \Rightarrow SRR7657883.sra_1_fastqc.zip

4. Open the html report in a browser and see if you can answer these questions:
A) What is the read length?

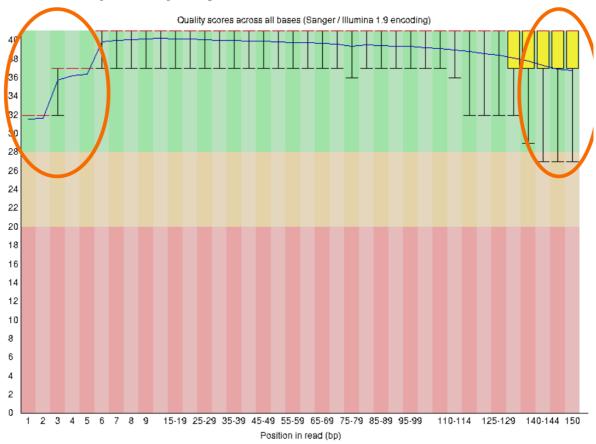


Measure	Value
Filename	SRR7657883_1.fastq.gz
File type	Conventional base calls
Encoding	Sanger / Illumina 1.9
Total Sequences	30120695
Total Bases	4.5 Gbp
Sequences flagged as poor quality	0
Sequence length	150
%GC	49

150

B) Does the quality score vary through the read length?

Per base sequence quality



Yes, the first few bases and the last few bases are typically of lower quality.

C) How is the data's quality?

Overall, pretty good.