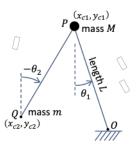
Homework 04

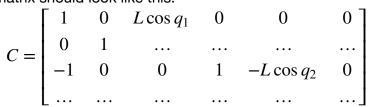
- 1. Implement the simplest walking model and find a periodic gait. The file simplestwalkingstep provides equations of motion, event detection, the step-to-step transition, and even sample animation code.
 - A. Produce a simulation similar to the rimless wheel. Use parameter values alpha = 0.3, gamma = 0.03 (3% downward slope), and try initial guess x = [0.3 0.3 0.3 0.25].
 - B. Add a test for energy conservation, similar to the rimless wheel.
 - C. Using the initial guess, try to find a periodic motion (limit cycle) that includes stance phase ending at heelstrike, and the step-to-step transition to yield the new state.
- 2. Use the embedded constraint method to produce a drop-in replacement for the equations of motion for the simplest walking model, which are provided in symbolic form in the sample code. The foot O is attached to the ground origin with a hinge joint, and the swing leg also rotates about the pelvis P with a hinge joint. Both legs are of length L, and have orientations measured counterclockwise with respect to vertical. The corresponding pose Jacobian looks like (x_{cz}, y_{cz}) this:

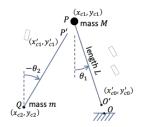


$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -L\cos q_1 & 0 \\ \dots & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ \dots & \dots \\ -L\sin q_1 & L\sin q_2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The only masses are point masses M and m; the legs have no mass or inertia.

- A. Produce a state-derivative function, which should have identical inputs and outputs to the sample fsimpwalk2. Demonstrate it by comparing one-step simulations against the symbolic function.
- B. Produce a test for your function, to ensure it provides similar behavior to fsimpwalk2.
- C. Produce an energy conservation test.
- 3. Use the explicit constraint method to produce a drop-in replacement for the equations of motion for the simplest walking model. Here the segments should be treated as separate, but then require a constraint Jacobian to enforce the joints. The matrix should look like this:





(Note that the centers of mass are located at the ends of the segments, and the constraints describe how the segment ends are connected together.)

- A. Produce a state-derivative function, which should have identical inputs and outputs to the sample fsimpwalk2. Demonstrate it by comparing one-step simulations against the symbolic function.
- B. Produce a test for your function, to ensure it provides similar behavior to fsimpwalk2.
- C. Produce an energy conservation test.
- 4. The problems above are challenging, and deserve additional clues or clarifications. Please file GitHub issues to ask for hints or corrections.