# FathomAI - Plans API (v 4.8.0)

## **Technical Summary**

#### Overview

This technical summary provides prospective third party partners ('providers') of **Fathom's Plans API** with a brief summary of the type of information returned from the service along with a summary of the minimum technical and data requirements. This document is not a substitute for the full API specification.

## **Daily Plan**

The plans service generates a **Daily Plan** for an athlete based on one or all of the following data elements:

- Daily Readiness information about the athlete's training plan and symptoms for a given day
- Post-Workout information about an athlete's workout session along with their Rating of Perceived Exertion (RPE) and symptoms following the workout
- Symptom-Reporting information about the athlete's symptoms indpendent of workout and/or training plan

A **Daily Plan** can be created with as little as one of the above data elements. As this information is gathered over time, Fathom's analytics also use historical patterns in pain/soreness and workouts to identify underlying imbalances unique to the athlete which influence the creation of their **Daily Plan**.

A **Daily Plan** provides a personalized, research-driven prep, recovery, and corrective exercise plan for an athlete. A plan may consist of one or more modalities, targeting one or more recovery goals Fathom analytics identifies for the athlete.

The Daily Plan includes modalities such as foam rolling, static stretching, active stretching, dynamic stretching, targeted muscle activation, and integrated movement exercises personalized for the athlete for that day. These exercises are provided in a sequence consistent with sports science research to expedite tissue recovery, reduce pain, and prevent injury.

Recommended dosages are also provided for each exercise and modality. These dosages are associated with three different active times which correspond with minimal, optimal, and comprehensive sequences of activities. These sequences are designed to achieve each of the athlete's unique combination of goals. Additionally, dosages are also provided by goal, allowing the athlete to further customize their recovery.

## **Technical and Data Requirements**

## **Terminology**

The terminology of RFC 2119 (specifically must, should, may and their negatives) applies. The word will, when applied to the Plans API ("the API"), has the same meaning as must.

Each third-party partner will be recognised as a "provider" and will be assigned a unique 'Provider Code'. This will be a string matching the regular expression [a-z][a-z0-9]-3,31.

#### Protocol

The API supports communication over HTTPS only. The client **must** recognise the Amazon Trust Services LLC certificate root.

## **Encoding**

The API supports communication using JSON encoding only. The client must submit the headers ContentType: application/json and Accept: application/json (or a subtype
application/{subtype}+json, if appropriate) for all requests. Failure to do so will result in a 415
Unsupported Media Type response. The API will include the header Content-Type: application/json
(or a subtype if appropriate) with its response.

## **Endpoints**

Each provider will also be assigned a unique set of test and production endpoints to access the plans service.

## Authentication

Unless otherwise specified, the endpoints in the API are authenticated by a JWT bearer token. The client **must** submit the header Authorization: <JWT> with all requests. Failure to do so, or submitting an invalid or expired JWT, **will** result in a 401 Unauthorized response.

It is expected that partners will normally generate and sign their own JWTs for their clients, providing appropriate authorization for each athlete in accordance with their business and compliance requirements.

### Signing keys

Prior to integrating with the API, each partner **must** supply a set of one or more public keys with which they will sign clients' JWT credentials. This **must** take the form of an RFC 7517 JSON Web Key Set document, for example:

```
{
    "keys": [
        {
            "kid": "fathom 001",
            "alg": "RS256",
            "kty": "RSA",
            "use": "sig",
            "e": "AQAB",
            "n": "snrCqqc2tC.....Z29H9DBLIQ",
            "_env": ["dev", "test"]
        },
        {
            "kid": "fathom_002",
            "alg": "RS256",
            "kty": "RSA",
            "use": "sig",
            "e": "AQAB",
            "n": "yuHDihazrP.....UuEPOofbVQ",
            " env": "production"
        }
    ]
}
```

Each key within the key set **must** have a kid field matching the regular expression ([a-z][a-z0-9]] {3,31})\_([a-z0-9\-]+)\$, where the first group of the expression is the partner's Provider Code.

Each key within the key set **must** have a use field set to sig if the key is to be used for signing JWTs. Partners **should not** include keys with other values in the key set.

At the present time the only algorithm from the RFC 7518 list supported is RSA-256, so the value of the alg field for each key in the key set **must** be RS256. We hope to support at least ES256 in the near future.

Partners may include the non-standardized fields \_nbf and \_exp in key definitions; if these fields are provided, they must follow the semantics of the corresponding JWT claim fields in RFC7519, and the API will interpret them similarly (that is to say, a JWT with an iat value falling before the corresponding key's nbf value or after its exp value, will not be considered valid). This allows partners to perform key rotation in an orderly fashion.

Partners may include the non-standardized field \_env in key definitions; if this field is provided the value must be a String matching the regular expression ^[a-z0-9]+\$ or an array of such Strings, and the API will interpret this as a list of the environments where the key should be accepted. This allows partners to use different signing keys for production and non-production environments.

#### **JWT** claims

The JWTs provided by clients **must** contain the following claims:

- iss, which must be a String matching the regular expression  $([a-z][a-z0-9]{3,31})_([a-z0-9])$ , where the first group of the expression is the partner's Provider Code.
- aud, which **must** be a String matching the regular expression ^fathom(\_[a-z0-9]+)?\$ (or an array containing such a String). If the group is provided (eg\_fathom\_production), the API **will** treat the second part as an environment specifier, and **will** only accept as valid JWTs targeted at its own environment (for instance, the production API will only accept tokens with an aud value of fathom and/or fathom\_production).
- iat must be specified.
- exp must be specified. The total period of validity of the JWT (ie the time range between the lesser of iat and nfb, and exp) must not be greater than 86400 seconds.
- sub, which **must** be a Uuid identifying the athlete on whose behalf the client is acting. In general the API will only allow requests which correspond to actions affecting this user.
- scope, which must be a String containing a space-separated list of Scopes, where each Scope is a
   String matching the regular expression ^[a-z][a-z0-9\.:]\*\$. The following scopes are recognised
   by the API:
  - fathom.plans:read: provides access to read-only functionality for the athlete identified by the sub-claim
  - fathom.plans:write: provides access to write functionality for the athlete identified by the sub-claim. This is a superset of fathom.plans:read.
  - fathom.plans:service: provides access to all functionality for all users. JWTs with this scope are subject to additional validation conditions described below.

#### Service tokens

Partners may interact with the API on a business-to-business basis instead of, or in addition to, building clients which allow users to interact with the API directly. Partners' private servers may authenticate such requests using a JWT carrying the fathom.plans:service scope. Such tokens must meet the following additional validation conditions:

- The value of the sub field must be the String 00000000-0000-4000-8000-000000000000.
- The total period of validity of the JWT must not be greater than 600 seconds.

## General responses

In addition to the API responses and the specific responses for each endpoint, the server **may** respond with one of the following HTTP responses:

- 400 Bad Request with Status header equal to InvalidSchema, if the JSON body of the request does not match the requirements of the endpoint.
- 403 Forbidden with Status header equal to Forbidden, if the user is not allowed to perform the requested action.

• 404 Unknown with Status header equal to UnknownEndpoint, if an invalid endpoint was requested.

## **Data Requirements**

## **Types**

Required data elements are based on the following simple types:

- string, number, integer, boolean: as defined in the JSON Schema standard.
- Uuid: a string matching the regular expression  $^{0-9a-f}{8}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0$
- Datetime: a string matching the regular expression  $/\d{4}-\d{2}-\d{2}\times\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}$  (Z|+\d{2}:\d{2})/ and representing a date and time in full ISO 8601 format.

## **Daily Readiness**

### **Required Data Elements**

The following data elements are required when following the **Daily Readiness** pathway to **Daily Plan** generation.

- date\_time should be a Datetime and reflect the local time that survey was taken
- soreness should reflect a list of body parts(sore\_part) with symptoms. Length could be 0.

sore\_part should include the following:

- body\_part should be an integer reflecting BodyPart enum of the body part with symptom
- side **should** be an integer, either 0 (both sides/non-bilateral), 1 (left) or 2 (right)
- tight **should** be an integer (1-10) indicating the severity of tightness felt. If not reported, it should be null
- knots should be reported for muscles only and should be an integer (1-10) indicating the severity of discomfort caused by knots, tigger points, and musclular adhesions felt. If not reported, it should be null
- ache **should** be an integer (1-10) indicating the severity of discomfort felt described as an ache, dull, or sore, indicating inflammation and muscle spasms are likely present. If not reported, it should be null
- sharp **should** be an integer (1-10) indicating the severity of discomfort felt described as sharp, acute, shooting, indicating that inflammation and muscle spasms are likely present. If not reported, it should be null

Note: Fathom can customize the processing of symptoms data upon request to accommodate third-party systems that only report a subset of measures.

### **Optional Data Elements**

The following data elements are not required to generate a plan using the Daily Readiness pathway, but

enhance the customization of the plan for the athlete.

- sessions should be a list of workout sessions completed but not yet submitted to Fathom.
- sessions\_planned should be a boolean representing whether the athlete plans to train again that day.

session if present, should follow the requirements outlined in the Post-Workout pathway

#### Post-Workout

### **Required Data Elements**

The following data elements are required when following the **Post-Workout** pathway to **Daily Plan** generation. Sessions can either be logged manually be an athlete or transferred from a third party source such as Apple's HealthKit app.

- session should include the data elements as specified below
- return\_updated\_plan should be a boolean representing whether an updated plan is expected
- user\_age should be an integer representing user's age

#### session data elements

- event\_date **should** be a Datetime and reflect the start time of the session
- end\_date is optional Datetime parameter that reflects the end time of the session from third party source
- sport\_name **should** be an integer reflecting SportName enumeration.
- session\_type **should** be an integer reflecting SessionType enumeration. For session with mixed activities, it should be 7
- duration **should** be an integer and reflect the minutes duration which the athlete confirmed (third party source) or entered (manually logged session).
- calories **if present**, **should** be an integer and represent the calorie information obtained from a third party source workout (only needed for third party source workouts)
- distance **if present**, **should** be an integer and represent the distance information obtained from a third party source workout (only needed for third party source workouts)
- source if present, should be 0 for manually logged session and 1 for a third party source workout
- deleted if present, should be a boolean and true to delete the workout transferred from a third party source
- ignored if present, should be a boolean and true for short walking workouts. This is typically only used for sessions created by third-party apps that should be excluded from Fathom processing.
- hr\_data if present, should be the heart rate data associated with a third party source workout. Each hr will have startDate (Datetime), endDate (Datetime) and value (integer) (only needed for third party source workouts)
- description is optional string parameter to provide a short description of the session they're adding
- post\_session\_survey should follow requirements below
- workout\_program\_module should provide details about the workout and follow the requirements defined below

## post\_session\_survey data elements

- event\_date should be a Datetime and reflect the local date and time when the survey (associated with the workout) was completed
- RPE should be an integer between 1 and 10 indicating the Rating of Perceived Exertion of the athlete
  during the session
- soreness **should** follow the same definition as in *Daily Readiness*

### workout\_program\_module data elements

- provider\_id should be an unique identifier for the partner
- program id **should** be an identifier of the workout program
- program\_module\_id should be an identifier for the specific program module
- workout\_sections should be a list of individual workout\_section elements contained within the module

### workout\_section data elements

- name should be an identifying section name
- duration\_seconds should be total time assigned or taken to complete the section
- difficulty should be the difficulty rating for the section
- intensity\_pace should be the intensity rating for the section
- exercises should be a list of of all exercise elements assigned within the section

#### exercise data elements

- id should be provider's unique identifier for the exercise
- name **should** be the exercise name
- weight measure should be the unit external weight used is measured in
- weight\_in\_lbs should be present if weight\_measure is actual\_weight and should represent the weight used
- rep\_max should be present if weight\_measure is rep\_max and should represent the weight used
- percent\_bodyweight should be present if weight\_measure is percent\_bodyweight and should represent the weight used
- bilateral should be a boolean representation of whether exercise is performed on both sides
- side should represent the side (left or right) on which the exercise is performed if bilateral is false
- sets should be an integer representation of total sets of the exercise to be performed
- reps per set should be an integer representing of total reps of exercise to be performed per set
- unit\_of\_measure should be an enum representation of the unit the reps are measured in
- intensity pace should
- movement\_id if present, should be an unique identifier for underlying movement associated with the exercise
- rpe should be an integer between 1 and 10 indicating the Rating of Perceived Exertion of the athlete during the exercise

## **Symptom-Reporting**

## **Required Data Elements**

The following data elements are required when following the **Symptom-Reporing** pathway to **Daily Plan** generation.

- event\_date **should** be a Datetime and reflect the local time that survey was taken
- soreness should follow the same definition as in Daily Readiness