# A few Bayesian lectures for the Uninitiated

Part 4: priors

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1. März 2022

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Now: how to choose the *prior*,  $P(\theta)$ ?

#### Name

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#### See here for more:

https://jrnold.github.io/bayesian\_notes/priors.html

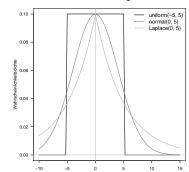
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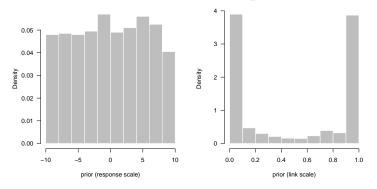
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hyperprior	prior for a hyper-parameter

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Uniform(-10, 10) as prior for binomial model's intercept: it is no longer uninformative at the response scale! (Jeffreys priors *remain* uninformative!)

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- 2. Is parameter a "location" (i.e. mean or slope) or a "scale" (i.e. variance-like)?  $\longrightarrow$  normal/t vs.  $\gamma$ /half-Cauchy<sup>1</sup>

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- 4. Are parameters correlated? → multivariate priors (e.g. inverse (!) Wishart for MVN)

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- ▶ Priors are our friends: we can use them to our advantage!
- We may not like priors, but they are inevitable in Bayesian analysis.

#### **Next time:**

Mixed effect models from a Bayesian perspective (with R)