MendelIHT.jl: Sparse Generalized Linear Models for High Dimensional (GWAS) Data

Benjamin Chu 7/25/2019 UCLA

Package: github.com/biona001/MendellHT.jl

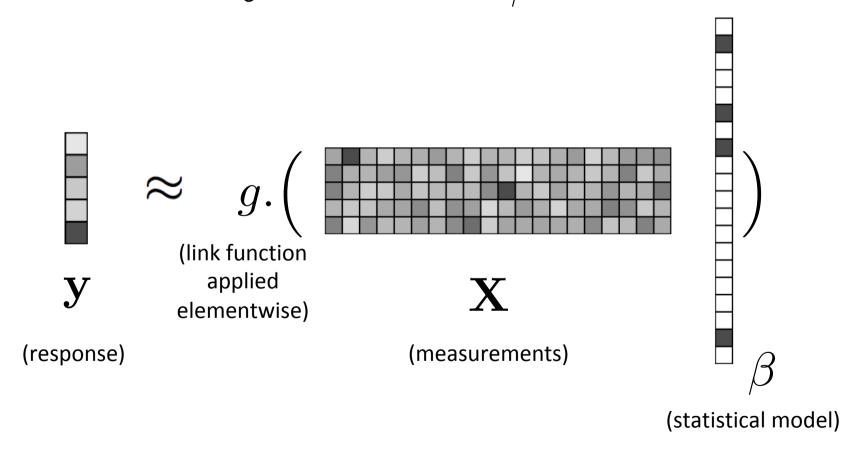
OpenMendel: Statistical Genetics Research

Visit us: github.com/OpenMendel

OPENMENDEL Option	Description
MendelAimSelection.jl	Selects the most informative SNPs for predicting ancestry
MendelEstimateFrequencies.jl	Estimates allele frequencies from pedigree data
MendelGameteCompetition.jl	Tests for association under the gamete competition model
MendelGeneticCounseling.jl	Computes risks in genetic counseling problems
MendelGWAS.jl	Tests for association in genome-wide data
MendelIHT.jl	GWAS using Iterative Hard Thresholding (forthcoming)
MendelImpute.jl	Genotype imputation (forthcoming)
MendelKinship.jl	Computes kinship and other identity coefficients
MendelLocationScores.jl	Maps a trait via the method of location scores
OrdinalGWAS.jl	Implements GWAS for ordinal categorial phenotypes
MendelTwoPointLinkage.jl	Implements two-point linkage analysis
MendelBase.jl	Base functions for OpenMendel
MendelGeneDropping.jl	Simulates genotypes based on pedigrees
MendelSearch.jl	Optimization routines
${\tt MendelTraitSimulate.jl}$	Trait simulation using GLM and GLMM (forthcoming)
SnpArrays.jl	Utilities for handling compressed storage of biallelic SNP data
VCFTools.jl	Utilities for handling compressed storage of sequence data
VarianceComponentModels.jl	Utilities for fitting and testing variance components models

Generalized Linear Models Regression

• Given dense \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{X} find sparse eta such that:



3/9

Generality & Existing Methods

- **Examples**: Normal, Poisson, multinomial, gamma, negative binomial, inverse Gaussian, Cox...
- **Solutions**: *iterative hard-thresholding* (MendelIHT.jl), lasso, marginal regression, elastic net, MCP, stepwise regression...

	Normal	Logistic	Poisson	Neg Bin	_
IHT TP	8.84	6.28	7.2	9.0	TP = true positives (higher means good)
IHT FP	0.02	0.1	1.28	0.98	
Lasso TP	9.52	8.16	9.28	NA	FP = false positives
Lasso FP	31.26	45.76	102.24	NA	(lower means good)
Marginal TP	7.18	5.76	9.04 (5.94*)	5.98	_
Marginal FP	0.06	0.02	1527.9 (0.0*)	0.0	

4/9

Example: Logistic regression

```
Consider \mathbf{y} \in \{0, 1\}^{1000 \times 1}, \mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{1000 \times 10000} where X_{ij} \sim N(0, 1) \beta_i \sim N(0, 1) y_i \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p_i) p_i = \text{logit}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_i^t \beta) Z = \mathbf{1} \text{ (intercept)} k = 10 \text{ (how many non-zero entries)}
```

Solve using MendelIHT:

g() **↓**

julia> result = L0_reg(X, Z, y, 1, k, Bernoulli(), LogitLink())

Example: Logistic regression (cont.)

```
Compute time (sec): 0.18402791023254395
Final loglikelihood: -338.65497510724015
Iterations: 36
Max number of groups: 1
Max predictors/group: 10
```

Row	I	true_β	I	estimated_ β	
I	I	Float64	Ι	Float64	
 	+		+		\dashv
1	I	-0.20377	I	0.0	
2	I	0.887386	I	0.987261	
3	I	0.0499892	I	0.0	
4	I	-0.0954796	I	0.0	
5	I	0.270736	I	0.400961	
6	I	0.197487	I	0.0	
7	I	-2.23291	I	-2.27334	
8	١	-0.92738	I	-0.829479	
9	I	-0.848911	I	-0.78015	
10	I	-1.35671	I	-1.31519	

Unbiased parameter estimates

Recall: MendelIHT is designed for GWAS

- Memory management is key in bioinformatics.
- ${f X}$ can have $\sim 10^6$ samples and $\sim 10^7$ covariates.
 - Largest problem: 80 TB (Float64)
 - Medium problem: 400 GB (Float64)
 - Small problem: 12 GB (Float64)
- Difficult even with cloud/cluster resources.
- **Solution**: invoke *SnpArrays.jl* for compressed linear algebra routines.

Fast Linear Algebra with Compressed Data

- Since $X_{ij} \in \{0, 1, 2\}$, we store \mathbf{X} as 2 bitarrays.
 - Less vulnerable to data swapping with the hard disk.
 - Faster than BLAS even without multi-threading

Matrix Size	BLAS (multithreaded)	SnpArrays (single thread)	# of Times Faster
1.2 GB	0.080 s	0.663 s	0.12
12 GB	3.966 s	5.612 s	0.71
24 GB	57.073 s	11.227 s	5.08
48 GB	175.689 s	26.540 s	6.62

Benchmarked on 2019 macbook pro with 16GB of RAM, equipped with 8 cores, each are 9th generation i9, 2.3 GHz CPUs

Acknowledgements

- JuliaCon 2019 for Travel Assistence
- Google Summer of Code 2018
- NIH T32-HG002536 (GATP) training grant

References

- Package: github.com/biona001/MendelIHT.jl
- Chu et al. Multivariate GWAS, Generalized Linear Models, Prior Weights, and Double Sparsity. BioRxiv Preprint: 10.1101/697755
- Keys et al. Iterative hard thresholding for model selection in genome-wide association studies. Genetic Epidemiology 2017;41:756–768.
- Zhou et al. *OpenMendel: a cooperative programming project for statistical genetics.* Human Genetics 2019;p. 1–11.