基于 CRF 的药物副作用实体识别实验

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一、 实验环境配置(Linux or macOS)

1.1 配置虚拟环境

```
conda create -n python3.6 python=3.6 (创建虚拟环境 python3.6)
source activate python3.6 (打开虚拟环境)
source deactivate python3.6 (关闭虚拟环境)
Windows 系统请参考: https://conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/tasks/manage-environments.html
```

注: 若 conda 命令不存在,请自行添加环境变量 (Windows)

1.2 Wapiti 工具环境配置

```
source activate python3.6
mkdir yourProject (yourProject 是自定义的项目名)
cd yourProject
git clone https://github.com/Jekub/Wapiti.git
cd Wapiti
make
make install
./wapiti (有帮助文档输出表示安装成功)
```

注: 若 make 失败, 请安装 gcc

"Permission denied":

vim Makefile

修改 PREFIX = .

1.3 工作环境配置

```
cd yourProject
git clone https://github.com/kyzhouhzau/2019SpringTextM.git
```

二、 数据描述

2.1 训练数据

训练数据有 100 个 Drug Label,格式如下面所展示。 Text:

```
Michies deprehensed "intermaliant part to account provided part of the control bare been reported following Adresses Macrons (SCSUT) Serious byperseasitivity reactions have been reported following Adresses at 1-800-054-0150 or FAA at 1-800-FAA-1080 or www.fda.gov/pedawtch.

6.1 Claiming Specimen (SCSUT) AVMENS MACROSS, contact CE Smalthcare at 1-800-054-0150 or FAA at 1-800-FAA-1080 or www.fda.gov/pedawtch.

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6.2 Claiming Specimen (SCSUT) Avmens or contacted under widely verying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of mother drug and any not ref.

Dering clinical development 1346 patients were exposed to Adverse, 251 patients with known or compacted phenothromocytoms or secondalations, 395 patients with heart failure, and 110 control patients. All patients were monitored f

Phenothromocytoms and Secrebiastoms

Serious adverse reactions were not observed in the Adverse clinical study. Adverse reactions were all mild to moderate in severity and were predominantly isolated conversences (LLI)-2 patients) of one of the following reactions

Compactive Seat Fullure

De serious adverse reactions to Adverse were observed in clinical studies. Adverse reactions that converse with a frequency of 11 were associated with the injection site (1.31), problems such as benatoms and bruizing. The oth

6.2 Partmarketing Experience

Decume postence-ting factors are reported wilmtarily free a population of succertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a commal relationship to drug expense.

Specimen to the factor of the fail of the factor of Adverse to community been reported during the postantating use of Adverse transcr
```

Entity:

```
(/Text)
(Mentions)
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="Severity" start="38" len="7" str="Serious" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="160" len="26" str="hypersensitivity reactions" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="162" len="9" str="diztionss" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="179" len="8" str="printing" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="179" len="8" str="printing" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="199" len="8" str="linahing" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="199" len="8" str="lingction site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="199" len="8" str="injection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="130" len="9" str="diztions="//
(Mention ide"ML1" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="131" len="9" str="diztions="///
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="131" len="9" str="flushing" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="131" len="9" str="flushing" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1356" len="25" str="linjection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1356" len="25" str="linjection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1356" len="25" str="linjection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1577,1630" len="14,8" str="injection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1577,l630" len="14,8" str="injection site hemorrhage" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S1" type="AdverseReaction" start="1577,l630" len="14,8" str="injection site bruising" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S2" type="AdverseReaction" start="1577,l630" len="14,8" str="injection site bruising" />
(Mention ide"ML3" section="S2" type="AdverseReaction" start="1577 len="8" st
```

2.2 测试数据

从 DailyMed (https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov) 中下载药物标签 34 个, 格式为 XML。

(已经下载好:2019SpringTextM/need_drug)

例:

```
| Component | Comp
```

三、 数据处理

训练数据和测试数据的数据格式均为 XML, 但不完全相同。在训练模型, 和测试前均需要对数据进行预处理。将数据处理成".tab"格式。

3.1 训练数据预处理

通过以下脚本预处理训练数据。

python tac2brat.py -d train_xml -o outtrain -F TokenDict:diso:diso-DISO.dic -t
conll -s OBBEI

- -d 训练文件夹
- -o 预处理结果输出文件夹
- -F 字典特征
- -t 输出格式
- -s 标签格式

输出格式:

```
The ADREVIEW.xml:S1:127:3 0
most
       ADREVIEW.xml:S1:131:4
common ADREVIEW.xml:S1:136:6
adverse ADREVIEW.xml:S1:143:7
reactions ADREVIEW.xml:S1:151:9
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:160:1 0
dizziness ADREVIEW.xml:S1:162:9
                                        B-AdverseReaction
                                diso
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:171:1 0
      ADREVIEW.xml:S1:173:4 diso
rash
                                    B-AdverseReaction
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:177:1 0 0
          ADREVIEW.xml:S1:179:8 diso B-AdverseReaction
pruritis
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:187:1 0 0
          ADREVIEW.xml:S1:189:8 diso B-AdverseReaction
flushing
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:197:1 0 0
headache ADREVIEW.xml:Sl:199:8 diso B-AdverseReaction
   ADREVIEW.xml:S1:207:1 0 0
and ADREVIEW.xml:S1:209:3 0 0
injection ADREVIEW.xml:S1:213:9 O B-AdverseReaction
     ADREVIEW.xml:S1:223:4 O I-AdverseReaction
hemorrhage ADREVIEW.xml:S1:228:10 diso E-AdverseReaction
          ADREVIEW.xml:S1:239:8 0 0
occurred
in ADREVIEW.xml:S1:248:2 0 0
```

注:同一横行中第一个红框中是分词后的单词,第二个红框是文件名:所属段落:起始位置:单词长度,第三个红框是 字典特征,第四个红框是实体标签。在实体标签中对于某类标签如:标签 AdverseReaction 。若某个单词 "pruritis" 属于该标 签则被标注为"B-AdverseReaction";若某个词组"injection site hemorrhage"属于该标签,则该词组被标注为"B- AdverseReaction I-AdverseReaction"。于是,我们将该标签方式称为"BIEO",此处 B-type 表示 begin, I-type 表示 Inside, E-type 表示 End, O 表示不属于该标签。

3.2 测试数据预处理

通过以下脚本处理测试数据。

```
cd 工作目录
```

python to_xml_needed.py 测试文件夹 output (注: 在这里测试文件夹是 need_drug,表示我们从 dailyMed下载的XML 药物标签就放在该文件夹中。)

python tac2brat.py -d output -o outtest -F TokenDict:diso:diso-DISO.dic -t conll
-s OBBEI

输出格式:

```
ALKERAN Alkeran.xml:S1:5:7 0 0
( Alkeran.xml:S1:16:1 0 0
melphalan Alkeran.xml:S1:17:9 0 0
hydrochloride Alkeran.xml:S1:27:13 O
   Alkeran.xml:S1:40:1 0 0
for Alkeran.xml:S1:43:3 O
         Alkeran.xml:S1:47:9 O
Injection
Apo Alkeran.xml:S1:66:3 0 0
   Alkeran.xml:S1:69:1 O
Pharma Alkeran.xml:S1:70:6 O
USA Alkeran.xml:S1:77:3 O O
  Alkeran.xml:S1:80:1 0 0
Inc Alkeran.xml:S1:82:3 0 0
ALKERAN Alkeran.xml:S1:103:7
melphalan Alkeran.xml:S1:114:9
                                0
hydrochloride
              Alkeran.xml:S1:124:13
ALKERAN Alkeran.xml:S1:172:7 O
melphalan Alkeran.xml:S1:183:9
                                0
hydrochloride Alkeran.xml:S1:193:13 0
MELPHALAN Alkeran.xml:S1:216:9 O
HYDROCHLORIDE
              Alkeran.xml:S1:226:13
                              0
MELPHALAN Alkeran.xml:S1:243:9
POVIDONES
          Alkeran.xml:S1:260:9
                                 0
DILUENT Alkeran.xml:S1:324:7
                                 0
water
       Alkeran.xml:S1:335:5
                                 O
WATER
       Alkeran.xml:S1:346:5
                             0
                                 0
SODIUM Alkeran.xml:S1:357:6
                                 0
CITRATE Alkeran.xml:S1:364:7
                                 0
PROPYLENE
          Alkeran.xml:S1:377:9
                                 0
                                   0
GLYCOL Alkeran.xml:S1:387:6 O
                                 0
ALCOHOL Alkeran.xml:S1:399:7
                             0
                                 0
WARNING Alkeran.xml:S1:485:7
                                0
Melphalan
          Alkeran.xml:S1:494:9
should Alkeran.xml:S1:504:6
be Alkeran.xml:S1:511:2 O
administered Alkeran.xml:S1:514:12 O
```

注: 格式同训练数据

四、 模型训练

将训练数据随机按找 7:3 划分, 在训练模型过程中, 7 份用作实际训练模型, 3 份用作开发集调整参数。当模型最优后用该参数训练所有 10 份数据获得模型, 并对测试数据进行预测。

4.1 调整参数优化模型

```
sudo bash dev-wapiti.sh
or bash dev-wapitiv2.sh
```

结果打印:

```
[sudo] password for zhoukaiyin:

processed 60958 tokens with 3669 phrases; found: 2665 phrases; correct: 2321.

accuracy: 94.77%; precision: 87.09%; recall: 63.26%; FB1: 73.29

AdverseReaction: precision: 88.05%; recall: 68.30%; FB1: 76.93 2469

Animal: precision: 73.33%; recall: 50.00%; FB1: 59.46 15

DrugClass: precision: 0.00%; recall: 0.00%; FB1: 0.00 1

Factor: precision: 82.69%; recall: 33.33%; FB1: 47.51 52

Negation: precision: 57.14%; recall: 28.57%; FB1: 38.10 7

Severity: precision: 73.55%; recall: 29.87%; FB1: 42.48 121
```

模型被存储在 eval/bio 中。

4.2 预测测试数据

sudo bash test_wapiti.sh

出现 Finished!说明序列标注完成。<mark>序列标注结果</mark>存储在 eval/bio/Tok321dis-train-test-outtrain.tab 中。