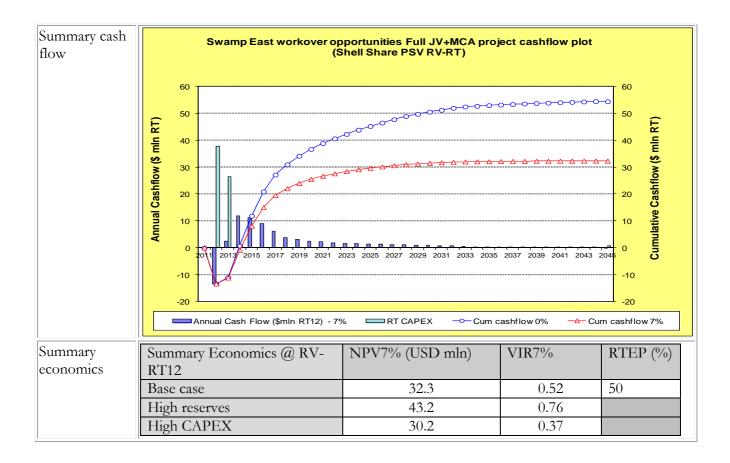
# The Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Limited

# **Group Investment Proposal**

# **Summary Information**

| Business Unit and Function         | Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria   |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Group equity interest              | 100% in SPDC, whereas SPDC is the Joint Venture (JV) operator of an unincorporated JV with a 30% interest.   |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Other<br>Shareholders<br>/Partners | Nigeria National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC: 55%), Total E & P Nigeria Limited (TOTAL: 10%), Nigeria Agip Oil Company (NAOC: 5%) in SPDC-JV   |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Business or<br>Function            | E&P  |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Amount                             | USD 59.5 mln Shell Share, M  | IOD, 50/50 (USD 100 | .2 mln 100% JV)        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Project                            | Swamp East Workover Oppo   | ortunities Project  |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Main commitments                   | Cost   | 100% JV (USD Min)   | Shell Share (US\$ Min) | Shell Share<br>MCA (US\$ mln) |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Location Preparation   | 9.4                 | 2.8                    | 5.5                           |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Oil Development Drilling   | 24.3                | 7.3                    | 16.2                          |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Oil Development<br>Completeion   | 12.9                | 3.9                    | 8.6                           |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Oil Recompletion   | 40.7                | 12.2                   | 23.0                          |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Flowline<br>Construction/Hookup  | 8.9                 | 2.7                    | 5.0                           |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | PMT  | 1.6                 | 0.5                    | 0.5                           |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Total Capex  | 97.8                | 29.3                   | 58.8<br>0.7                   |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | SCD OPEX   | 2.4                 | 0.7                    |                               |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Total Opex Total (CAPEX + OPEX)  | 2.4                 | 0.7<br>30.1            | 0.7<br>59.5                   |  |  |  |  |
| Reserves/                          |  |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Resources                          | This project will mature 2C volume of 8.17 MMboe SS (of which 5.58 MMboe SS was booked in 31.12.2011 ARPR) and volumes have received the required TA endorsement. The additional 2C volume of 2.59 MMboe SS is from two new opportunities identified in Q1 2012. This volume (8.17 MMboe) will be matured to 2P in 2012 with associated IP volume of 6.36 MMboe.   |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Production                         | Nembe Creek Work over project's base case forecast has a startup date of Jan 2013 with an initial incremental oil rate of 1.8 Mbopd SS (6 Mbopd 100%) and peaked in 2014 at oil production rate of 2.6 Mbopd SS (8.7 Mbopd 100%) with associated gas production of 1.6 MMscf/d SS (5.3 MMscf/d 100%) thus increasing the effective utilization of the new NCTL pipeline and contributing to SPDC's gas supply to NLNG. |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Source and form of financing       | This investment will be financed partly through JV and the ongoing 2012 MCA funding for SPDC projects. Total Shell commitments including NNPC carry under the MCA will be financed with SPDC limited own generated funds and existing intra-group facilities. The MCA terms do not include PMT CAPEX and all OPEX related expenditures.  |                     |                        |                               |  |  |  |  |



#### Section 1: The proposal (Management Summary)

This investment proposal seeks approval for US\$58.8 million Shell Share Capex and US\$0.7 mln Opex (Shell share, P50, MOD) to enable SPDC fund the execution of three workover recompletions (Nemc-01, -05 & 26) sidetrack of two Nembe Creek wells (Nemc-61 & -09) and laying of flowlines to the flowstations planned for 2012 and 2014. Nemc-26 is not part of MCA but will be funded under JV. The project is driven by the desire to keep the new Niger Coastal Trunkline (NCTL) full, optimize rig utilization in the Swamp area following drop in the well scope of Soku Oil Rim Development Project (ORD).

The project supports SPDC's strategy of maintaining well integrity, increasing production and growing reserves from existing wells. All proposed wells are in field with Associated Gas Gathering (AGG) facilities/solutions.

JV Partner approval for well scope reduction in Soku ORD project led to gaps in the BP-11 Short Term Drilling and Workover Sequence (STDWS). The Cash Flow From Oil (CFFO) project was then initiated to identify quick win opportunities to replace the dropped Soku ORD wells. A basket of workover and sidetrack opportunities were identified and subjected to rigorous cross-functional review and technical endorsement to arrive at Nemc-01, -05, -26, -61 and -09 candidate wells from Nembe Creek Field. These wells do not have scope for remedial activities but provide conduit access to reservoirs creamed out during initial completion but available for re-completion and sidetrack.

These opportunities will add 2C reserves of 8.17MMboe and oil potential of 4.0 Mbopd (SS).

Workover and drilling operations are planned to start in 2012 with LoneStar 203/204 rigs. First oil from the project is expected in 2013.

### Section 2: Value proposition and strategic and financial context

This project aligns with SPDC's strategic objectives and will contribute towards keeping NCTL full. The project represents a quick win opportunity generating material oil in the medium term to arrest production decline in Nembe Creek field and fill gap in the drilling sequence.

- This project will mature 2C volume of 8.17 MMboe SS (of which 5.58 MMboe SS was booked in 31.12.2011 ARPR). The additional 2C volume of 2.59 MMboe SS is from two new opportunities identified in Q1 2012. This volume (8.17 MMboe) will be matured to 2P in 2012 with associated IP volume of 6.36 MMboe.
- Nembe Creek Work over project's base case forecast has a startup date of Jan 2013 with an initial oil rate of 1.8 Mbopd (SS). Incremental oil production from this project peaks at 2.6 Mbopd with associated gas production of 1.6 MMscf/d (SS) by 2014 thus increasing the effective utilization of the new NCTL pipeline and contributing to SPDC's gas supply to NLNG.

#### **Summary Economics**

The economics for this IP was carried out on a forward-looking basis using the project 50/50 level III cost estimate and the production forecast of the five Nembe wells.

The base case was framed as the consolidation of the four wells (Nemc-01, Nemc-05, Nemc-61 and Nemc-09) funded under MCA and one well (Nemc-26) funded under JV.

Sensitivities were carried out on the base case to reflect project performance under different scenarios. These are:

- High CAPEX (P90),
- High & low reserves,
- Project with ring fencing,
- 1-year schedule delay,
- 1.5% cost mark-up due to BVA issues (provision for costs dispute by NAPIMS),

From the results, the project returns positive NPV7% RT12. Economics details are shown in Table 1 below;

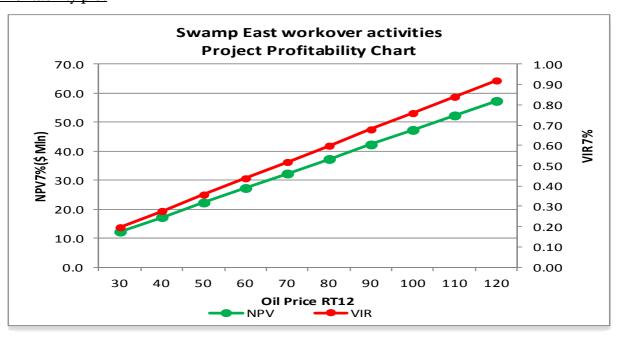
Table 1: Economics Indicators (Shell Share)

| PV Reference Date: 1/7/2012        | NPV (S/S \$ mln)                 |      | VIR  | RTEP | RTEP UTC (RT \$/boe) |     | Payout-Time (RT) | Maximum Exposure (RT-AT) |  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|----------------------|-----|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Cash flow forward from: 1/1/2012   | 0%                               | 7%   | 7%   | %    | 0%                   | 7%  | (уууу)           | \$mln (yyyy)             |  |
| Base Case                          |                                  |      |      |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| SV (\$50/bbl & NLNG price RT12)    | 39.1                             | 22.3 | 0.36 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| RV (\$70/bbl & NLNG price RT12)    | 54.4                             | 32.3 | 0.52 | 50   | 5.0                  | 6.9 | 2014             | 13.4 (2012)              |  |
| HV (\$90/bbl & NLNG price RT12)    | 69.6                             | 42.3 | 0.68 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Sensitivities (using RV-RT12)      |                                  |      |      |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| High CAPEX (P90)                   |                                  | 30.2 | 0.37 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| High Reserves                      |                                  | 43.2 | 0.76 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Low Reserves                       |                                  | 28.2 | 0.45 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Project with ring fencing          |                                  | 30.5 | 0.49 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| 1-Yr Production Schedule Delay     |                                  | 18.5 | 0.30 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| 1.5% cost markup due to BVA issues |                                  | 30.8 | 0.48 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Base Case @ RV-RT12 (Well level)   | Base Case @ RV-RT12 (Well level) |      |      |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Nemc-05                            |                                  | 9.0  | 0.70 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Nemc-26                            |                                  | 0.9  | 0.21 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Nemc-09                            |                                  | 6.4  | 0.44 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Nemc-61                            |                                  | 9.7  | 0.70 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |
| Nemc-01                            |                                  | 6.2  | 0.56 |      |                      |     |                  |                          |  |

Table 2: Key Project Parameter Data (Shell Share) -

| Parameter                     | Unit     | BP11<br>Provision | Low    | Mid    | High | Comments   |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--------|--------|------|--|
| Capex (MOD)                   | US\$ mln | 56.2              | NA     | 58.7   | 76.4 | Costs of studies have been adjusted to level III with scope changes compared to BP11.                            |
| Opex (MOD)_Project            | US\$ mln | NA                | NA     | 0.7    | 1.0  | SCD OPEX.  |
| Production Volume             | mln boe  | 5.5               | 6.3    | 7.3    | 8.9  | 13% of the volume produced is gas.<br>A fifth well has been added against 4<br>wells originally planned in BP11. |
| Start Up Date                 | mm/yy    | NA                | Nov-13 | Jan-13 | NA   |  |
| Production in first 12 months | mln boe  |                   |        | 0.7    |      | 10% of the total volume produced within the first 12 months.   |

## Profitability plot



### **Economics Assumptions:**

#### Base case

- Oil PSVs of \$50/bbl @SV-RT12, \$70/bbl @RV-RT12 and \$90/bbl @HV-RT12 with appropriate offset applied.
- 2012 NLNG T1-6 price was used for gas sales to NLNG.
- Oil taxed under PPT (PPT tax rate of 85%).
- Gas taxed under CITA with Associated Gas Framework Agreement (AGFA) incentive.
- ABCM OPEX was provided by the project team.
- SCD OPEX was provided by the project team.
- GHV of 1150Btu/scf.
- NDDC levy of 3% of total expenditure.
- Education tax of 2% of assessable profit.
- Flare Penalty of \$3.5/Mscf (disputed sum) was applied and is not tax deductible.
- 10% of total project RT CAPEX assumed as abandonment cost.

#### **MCA Specific Assumptions**

- All project costs on the MCA would be recovered through cost oil.
- Profit oil ceiling of 8% IRR on carried costs
- Cost overrun does not attract any profit oil but recovered through cost oil only.
- Oil PSVs of \$50/bbl @SV-RT12, \$70/bbl @RV-RT12 and \$90/bbl @HV-RT12 with applicable offset applied for Bonny.
- OPEX and PMT not carried under current MCA arrangement.

## Section 3: Risks, opportunities and alternatives

Risks and Mitigation

The key risks and mitigation factors for the project are discussed in Table 3.

The main project risks include operational exigencies in carrying out workover operations on wells completed 10 - 30 years ago. There is no certainty on the state of completion in hole and therefore there is potential for schedule overrun, which could lead to project value erosion. However, mitigation and contingency plans have been put in place after comprehensive risk assessment carried out as part of the opportunity maturation and well proposal preparation.

There is also the risk that NNPC would be unable to fund its own share of the equity costs. However, the JV partners and NNPC are being engaged and Partners may need to carry NNPC's share of the project financing via an Alternative Funding (AF) arrangement.

Table 3: Risks and Mitigation

| S/N | Risk   | Description  | Impact   | Mitigation  |
|-----|--|--|--|---|
| 1   | Schedule overrun   | Delivery schedule could escalate if it takes an unusually long time to accomplish specific tasks during the workover operation. Pulling of old completion often present such challenges.  Corrosion and erosion may lead | Erosion of the time-<br>dependent economic<br>indicators like NPV, VIR<br>and RTEP                                     | Rigorous operational planning<br>to take into account worst case<br>scenarios of fishing operations<br>and plan for the relevant fishing<br>tools. Timely decision to<br>execute the contigency plan.   |
| 2   | Rig Equipment Failure  | The rigs are currently undergoing major repairs of key equipment. Incomplete and improper repair could still result in equipment failure leading to downtime and delay in delivery of the wells.                         | Erosion of the time-<br>dependent economic<br>indicators like NPV, VIR<br>and RTEP                                     | Ensure specialist certification of repairs and procure key spares for rig equipment.  |
| 3   | Present Fluid Contact  | Accurate fluid delineation in a<br>workover scenario and in an<br>active field (or reservoir) could be<br>challenging and may lead to<br>wrongly placed perforations   | Reduction in net oil, well<br>performance and therefore<br>erosion of project value                                    | Rigorous petrophysical evaluation has been incorporated into the Proposal. The Petrophysists will take charge of the perforation to ensure full integration of all relevant data for optimal production interval selection.   |
| 4   | Failure to get Partners<br>approval and Funding  | Project is not in BP11 base<br>budget but in the incremental<br>budget. There is risk that NNPC<br>will be unable to provide their<br>own share of the equity cost.  | UR and the oil promise will<br>not be realised and therefore<br>erosion of project value                               | Alternative funding arrangement is being put in place to provide for inability of NNPC to fund their own part of the equity cost.   |
| 5   | Community and Enabling<br>Environment (Security,<br>Sabotage, Political and<br>Environment): | Hostage taking, existence of militant groups and threat of insurgence are realities in the Niger Delta especially in the swamp which could threaten project execution.   | Non Productive Time (NPT) leading to proglonged completion of planned activities and increase in overall project cost. | General Memorandum of Understanding (GMoU) has been signed with the community and 2.5% of the total project cost will be used for Community projects. With improvements in the Niger Delta security following Amnesty programme, it is envisaged that there will be a reduction in Community related NPT. Specific threats will be managed through the Security & Surveillance Centre (SIS) and communicated in good time to those that need to "Know" and "act". |

### **Opportunities**

This campaign is hinged on getting oil through workover and sidetrack of existing wells thereby reducing the unit technical cost associated with the development of the reserves and foot-prints on the environment.

#### **Alternatives**

The candidate wells have undergone all quality checks and assurances to ensure that all subsurface and well engineering risks are identified and mitigated. Do-Nothing scenario is considered not acceptable considering the opportunity and the value to the business.

## Section 4: Carbon Management

Nembe Creek field has a functional Associated Gas Gathering (AGG) system. The produced gas from the wells will be processed and exported through Soku Gas Plant. Carbon emission will be minimal as is currently the practice in the field.

### Section 5: Corporate Structure and Governance

This proposal is within the SPDC corporate structure and governance framework.

## Section 6: Functional Support and Consistency with Group and Business Standards

This proposal and the execution of the project are consistent with the Group Business standards. Functional support for this proposal has been provided by Technical, Finance, Legal, Treasury, Social Performance and Tax functions etc.

### Section 7: Project Management, Monitoring and Review

The execution of the project is managed through the Swamp East Field Development & Execution Team, Wells and Engineering Hub Teams in line with the SPDC organizational model. The Sustainable Development and Community Relations directorate is instrumental in creating the community relations that allow the team to operate. There will be regular progress report of the well delivery activities to Asset Development Manager, the Development General Manager and to the JV Partners. All significant reviews and follow up actions had been done in the Development and Engineering Teams. Following successful completion, the wells will be handed back to the Swamp East Production Operations Team.

#### Section 8: Budget provision

This project is included in the 2011/12 JV Programme. The project will be financed partly through JV and the ongoing 2012 MCA funding for SPDC projects. Total Shell commitments including NNPC carry under the MCA will be financed with SPDC limited own generated funds and existing intra-group facilities.

#### Section 9: Group financial reporting impact (to be updated)

There are no unusual accounting issues related to this GIP. Expenditure related to the project will be accounted for in line with Group Policy. The financial impact of this proposal on Shell Group:

| US\$ mln                  | 2012   | 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016  | Post 2016 |
|---------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Total Commitment          | 37.14  | 22.34 |       |       |       |           |
| SCD OPEX                  | 0.43   | 0.30  |       |       |       |           |
| Pre-FID                   |        |       |       |       |       |           |
| Cash Flow                 |        |       |       |       |       |           |
| Capital expenditure       | 36.71  | 22.04 |       |       |       |           |
| Cash Flow from Operations | 20.46  | 25.19 | 14.91 | 11.34 | 9.64  | 41.69     |
| Cash Surplus/(Deficit)    | -16.24 | 3.15  | 14.91 | 11.34 | 9.64  | 41.69     |
| Profit and Loss           |        |       |       |       |       |           |
| NIBIAT +/-                | 1.29   | 10.12 | 7.92  | 7.50  | 5.59  | 34.35     |
| Balance Sheet             |        | •     |       |       |       |           |
| Average Capital Employed  | 8.77   | 21.02 | 21.01 | 15.60 | 11.65 | 2.95      |

#### Section 10: Disclosure

Material disclosures, if any, will be done in line with the Group and SPDC disclosure policies and guidelines.

### Section 11: Financing

Shell's share of the capital expenditure will be funded by SPDC's own resources. If this does not prove sufficient in the future, any further financing requirements will be included in the annual SPDC GFP.

[If, as identified under the Risks section, the partners need to carry NNPC's share of the project financing via an Alternative Arrangement (AF), a separate GFP will be submitted for approval

## Section 12: Taxation

There are no unusual Taxation features.

## Section 13: Key Parameters

The following are the main aspects of this proposal:

Approval is requested for the total headline size of US\$59.5 mln Shell Share 50/50 MOD to execute two sidetrack/drilling & Completions and three workover recompletions wells in Nembe Creek field. This is made up of Shell Equity contribution of US\$30.1 mln and MCA contribution of US\$29.4 mln.

| Section 13: Signatures This Proposal is submitted to UIG REVP for approval. |                              |
|---|------------------------------|
| Supported by:   | For Business approval:       |
|   |                              |
| Bos, Bernard  | Ian Craig                    |
| (FUI/F – VP Finance Africa)   | (UIG-EVP Sub-Saharan Africa) |
| Date/   | Date/                        |
| Initiator: Simon Roya   |                              |

(UIG/T/DSSE)

Date .../..../....

## Appendix 1: Project scope

In line with the IDM, HCM forecast sheet is not mandatory for project with headline size < \$100 mln, however a table detailing contributions (Resource and potential) for the respective well is hereby included as Appendix 1

| Well    | Re-entry<br>Category                             | Objective  | Contingent<br>Resource Volume<br>(MMboe SS) | Potential<br>(Mbopd) SS |
|---------|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| NEMC-01 | Workover and<br>Re-completion<br>into a New Zone | Abandon existing<br>E2.0X, F1.0X and<br>F4.0E intervals. Re-<br>complete on D3.0X<br>and D5.0X             | 1.95  | 1.02                    |
| NEMC-26 | Workover and<br>Re-completion<br>into a New Zone | Abandon existing<br>E2.0J and E3.0J<br>intervals. Re-complete<br>on E1.0J                                  | 0.38  | 0.23                    |
| NEMC-05 | Workover and<br>Re-completion<br>into a New Zone | Re-complete on D3.0E and D6.0E   | 2.2   | 0.75                    |
| NEMC-09 | Workover and<br>Sidetrack into a<br>New Zone     | Abandon existing<br>E2.0X, E3.0X and<br>F4.0X intervals.<br>Sidetrack (horizontal)<br>into E1.0E reservoir | 1.83  | 0.75                    |
| NEMC-61 | Workover and<br>Sidetrack into a<br>New Zone     | Abandon existing D2.0J and D2.9J intervals. Sidetrack (deviated) into E3.0J and E4.0J reservoirs           | 1.81  | 1.2                     |