



Figure 1: BBrowserX

A GPU-accelerated single-cell platform by Bio-Turing®

BBrowserX - GPU enterprise version installation guide

This edition of the installation guide describes the installation process of BioTuring® Browser X (BBrowserX) for supported: container runtime (Docker/Containerd), K8S, and standalone Linux machine.

1. Introduction

BBrowserX is a GPU-accelerated single-cell platform developed by BioTuring®. It enables dramatic increases in single-cell analysis computing performance by harnessing the power of the graphics processing unit (GPU).

1.1. Pre-Installation Requirements

Before installing the BBrowserX on Linux/K8S, some pre-installation steps are required: - Container runtime (Docker, Containerd) or K8s - The system has one or multiple NVIDIA GPU(s) (at least 16 GB memory per GPU) - SSL certificate and a domain name for users to securely access the platform on the web browser - Token obtained from Bioturing

1.2. OS Support Policy

- BBrowserX support for Ubuntu 18.04.x, Ubuntu 20.04.x, Ubuntu 22.04.x, RHEL 7.x, RHEL 8.x, RHEL 9.x, CentOS 7.x. and K8S
- BBrowserX supports a single and latest Debian release version - as this is the only version of Debian that has CUDA support. For Debian release timelines, visit [DebianReleases](#).

Refer to the support lifecycle for these supported OSes to know their support timelines and plan to move to newer releases accordingly.

2. Self-Signed CA Certificate installation (optional):

Adding the self-signed certificate as trusted to your proxy agent/server

For Ubuntu OS:

```
bash ./cert/ubuntu.sh
```

For Redhat/Centos OS:

```
bash ./cert/rhel.sh
```

3. Prebuilt binary files (in standalone machine or K8S node)

This section includes instructions for deploying BBrowserX on supported Ubuntu 20.04.x using prebuilt binary files.

For other OSes installations, please contact us.

Note: We suggest starting from scratch to avoid package/driver conflicts.

0. Pre-installation:

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y  
sudo apt install build-essential curl gnupg lsb-release ca-certificates xfsprogs -y
```

1. Install NVIDIA CUDA Toolkit 11.7.

Run the commands below to install NVIDIA CUDA Toolkit 11.7 on Ubuntu 20.04.x:

```
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/11.7.1/local_installers/cuda_11.7.1_  
sudo sh cuda_11.7.1_515.65.01_linux.run
```

2. Install NVIDIA Container Toolkit

Make sure you have installed the NVIDIA driver and Docker engine for your Linux distribution (or K8s NODE).

Check for NVIDIA Container Toolkit at: <https://github.com/NVIDIA/nvidia-docker>

4. BioTuring Docker Hub

Check for BioTuring docker images at: <https://registry.bioturing.com/>

5. Docker Installation:

We support container runtime: Docker, Containerd.

Note: The ideal system that we recommend for most companies is AWS g5.8xlarge

1. Simple installation:

For Ubuntu OS:

```
bash ./install.docker.sh ubuntu
```

For Redhat/Centos OS:

```
bash ./install.docker.sh rhel
```

2. Manual Installation:

```
docker container run -d -t -i \
  -e WEB_DOMAIN='CHANGE THIS TO YOUR DOMAIN' \
  -e BIOTURING_TOKEN='USE TOKEN OBTAINED FROM BIOTURING' \
  -e ADMIN_USERNAME='admin' \
  -e ADMIN_PASSWORD='CHANGE YOUR PASSWORD IF NECESSARY' \
  -p 80:80 \
  -p 443:443 \
  -v '/path/to/persistent/storage/:/data/user_data \
  -v '/path/to/stateful/storage/:/data/app_data \
  -v '/path/to/ssl/storage/:/config/ssl \
  --link bioturing-ecosystem:latest \
  --name bioturing-ecosystem
```

6. Kubernetes installation

Kubernetes, also known as K8s, is an open-source system for automated deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications.

We support all k8s engines: GKE (Google Kubernetes Engine), EKS (Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service), AKS (Azure Kubernetes Service), MicroK8s, and vanilla K8S.

1. Ensure that helm (version 3) is installed.

First, check the Helm version

Example :

```
microk8s enable helm3
```

```
microk8s helm3 version
```

2. Add BioTuring Helm charts

Example:

For Vanilla K8s:

```
helm repo add bioturing https://registry.bioturing.com/charts/
```

For Microk8s:

```
microk8s helm3 repo add bioturing https://registry.bioturing.com/charts/
```

3. Simple Installation: use BioTuring installation script

For Vanilla k8s:

```
bash ./install.k8s.sh vanilla
```

For Micro8s:

```
bash ./install.k8s.sh microk8s
```

4. Check pods information

```
microk8s kubectl get all
```

```
microk8s kubectl get pods
```

```
microk8s kubectl get services --all-namespaces
```

```
microk8s kubectl get services
```

```
microk8s kubectl get pvc
```

```
microk8s kubectl logs bioturing-ecosystem-0
```

```
microk8s.kubectl -n ingress get pods
```

```
microk8s.kubectl -n ingress logs <your pod name here> | grep reload
```

5. Check secrets

- bioturing-ecosystem-tls
- bioturing-ecosystem
- bioturingregred

```
microk8s kubectl edit secrets mysecret
```

Example:

```
microk8s kubectl edit secrets bioturing-ecosystem-tls
```

6. Helm chart Values

Kubernetes: >=1.19.0-0

Key	Type	Default	Description
image.tag	string	"1.0.11"	ecosystem container image tag
secret.data.domain	string	"bbrowserx.com"	your website domain
secret.data.bbtokent	string	"	bioturing access token
secret.admin.username	string	admin	Admin username
secret.admin.password	string	turing2022	Admin password
secret.server.useletsencrypt	string	"false"	Use lets-encrypt SSL
secret.server.certificate	string	"	SSL-CRT base64 string
secret.server.key	string	"	SSL-KEY base64 string
service.type	string	ClusterIP	

Key	Type	Default	Description
service.ports.http.port	int	80	
service.ports.https.port	int	443	
persistence.dirs.app.size	string	5Gi	APP-DATA PVC size
persistence.dirs.user.size	string	5Gi	USER-DATA PVC size
persistence.storageClass	string	" "	
ingress.enabled	bool	true	
ingress.className	string	" "	
ingress.annotations	object	{}	
ingress.tls.enabled	bool	true	
resources	object	{}	
autoscaling	object	{}	
nodeSelector	object	{}	
tolerations	object	{}	
affinity	object	{}	
podAnnotations	object	{}	
podSecurityContext	object	{}	
securityContext	object	{}	
serviceAccount.name	string	" "	

7. Manual Installation.

Please replace paths to your certificate, key, admin password, and other helm chart values of your choice.

```
BBTOKEN="USE TOKEN OBTAINED FROM BIOTURING"
SSLCRT="base64 -w 0 ./bioturing.com.crt" # <- (REPLACE THIS WITH A PATH TO YOUR CRT CERTIFICATE)
SSLKEY="base64 -w 0 ./bioturing.com.key" # <- (REPLACE THIS WITH A PATH TO YOUR KEY)
ADMIN_USERNAME="admin"
ADMIN_PASSWORD="admin" # <- (CHANGE YOUR PASSWORD IF NECESSARY)
USELETSENCRYPT="false"
SVHOST="k8stest.bioturing.com" # <- (CHANGE THIS TO YOUR K8S INGRESS DOMAIN)
```

For Microk8s:

```
microk8s helm3 repo update
microk8s helm3 upgrade --install --set secret.data.bbtokens="${BBTOKEN}" \
--set secret.data.domain="${SVHOST}" \
--set secret.server.certificate="${SSLCRT}" \
--set secret.server.key="${SSLKEY}" \
--set secret.server.useletsencrypt="${USELETSENCRYPT}" \
--set secret.admin.username="${ADMIN_USERNAME}" \
--set secret.admin.password="${ADMIN_PASSWORD}" \
bioturing bioturing/ecosystem --version 1.0.11
```

For Vanilla k8s:

```
helm repo update
helm upgrade --install --set secret.data.bbtokens="${BBTOKEN}" \
  --set secret.data.domain="${SVHOST}" \
  --set secret.server.certificate="${SSLCRT}" \
  --set secret.server.key="${SSLKEY}" \
  --set secret.server.useletsencrypt="${USELETSENCRYPT}" \
  --set secret.admin.username="${ADMIN_USERNAME}" \
  --set secret.admin.password="${ADMIN_PASSWORD}" \
  bioturing bioturing/ecosystem --version 1.0.11
```

7. Notices

7.1. Security

- The BBrowserX platform uses HTTPS protocol to securely communicate over the network.
- All of the users need to authenticate using a BioTuring account or the company's SSO to access the platform.
- We highly recommend setting up a private VPC network for IP restriction.
- The data stays behind the company firewall.
- The BBrowserX platform does not track any usage logs.

7.2. Data visibility

- Data can be uploaded to Personal Workspace or Data Sharing group.
- In the Personal Workspace, only the owner can see and manipulate the data she/he uploaded.
- In the Data Sharing group, only people in the group can see the data.
- In the Data Sharing group, only people with sufficient permissions can manipulate the data.