

**TOF200F**  
**Time-of-Flight ranging Sensor-2M**

## **1. Description**

TOF200F ranging sensor is a laser ranging module designed and manufactured based on VL53L0X, which provides accurate and repeatable long-distance measurement functions. Thanks to its internal integrated leading SPAD array (single photon avalanche diode) and second-generation FlightSense technology, it can achieve higher ranging distances, more accurate measurement results and higher ambient light immunity.

TOF200F supports serial port mode, serial port simulation Modbus mode, and IIC mode at the same time, which is well adapted to various application scenarios.

It is equipped with a host computer for easy debugging.

TOF200F has a range of up to 2m, and can select high-precision or long-distance test modes according to requirements, making it more flexible. The ranges are as follows:

Item	Attributes	Data period	Period
0	Default	30ms	1.2m
1	High	200ms	1.2m
2	Long	33ms	2m
3	high speed	20ms	1.2m

### **Features**

- The 940nm laser meets the Class 1 operating conditions specified in the third edition of IEC 60825-1:2014
- Sensor size (20×16.8×6.1mm)
- The maximum measurement distance indoors can reach 2 meters, and the accuracy is within 5%
- The measurement range has nothing to do with the reflectivity of the target object
- Can work in high infrared light environment
- High optical crosstalk compensation
- Measurement time is less than 30ms
- Lead-free
- No need for additional optics
- Single power supply
- Standard TTL level serial port I2C
- High optical crosstalk compensation

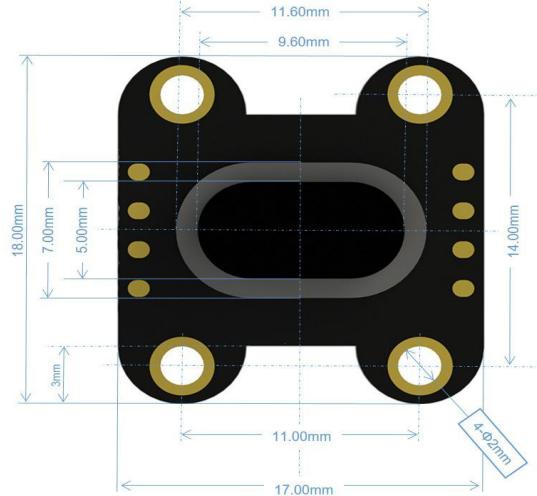
### **Applications**

- High-speed autofocus
- Video continuous auto focus
- User detection of computers and other equipment
- Obstacle detection
- Automatic gesture recognition of white goods (such as faucets, refrigerators, etc.)

## **2. Characteristic description**

### **2.1 Structural**

volume	18mmX17mmX6mm(L*W*H)
Fixing	d=2mm, Spacing 14/11mm
weight	3g



## 2.2 Electrical performance parameters

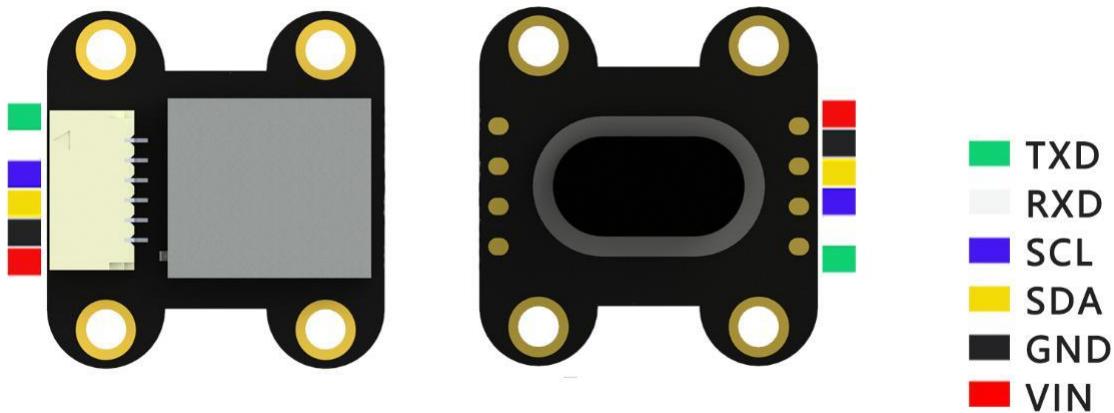
Project	Element	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Measuring range	High precision	/	1200	/	mm
	Long distance	/	2000	/	mm
Operating Voltage	/	3.0	3.3	5	V
Working current	/	/	/	40	mA
Operating temperature	/	-20	/	70	°C
storage temperature	/	-40	/	80	°C

## 2.3 Optical parameters

Items	Element	Minimum	Typical	Max	Unit
Vertical emission laser peak wavelength	/	/	940	/	nm
Vertical emission laser peak current	/	/	40	/	mA

## 2.4 Pin description

Pin	Name	Attributes	Function
1	VIN	/	VIN+ 3 ~ 5V
2	GND	/	GND
3	SDA	Input /Output	IIC clock port
4	SCL	Input	IIC data port
5	RX	Input	Serial input TTL level RXD
6	TX	Output	Serial output TTL level TXD



### ***3. Operating mode***

Mode	Switch	Detailed
Serial port mode (default)		Single-machine serial port data sending and receiving, actually follow the Modbus_RTU protocol, and the supporting host computer can facilitate debugging and setting
Modbus protocol mode	No need to switch	The standard Modbus_RTU can be used to access registers to facilitate interaction with industrial equipment. Separate addresses can be set, and broadcast addresses can be shared. It is very convenient to realize multi-module cooperative work.
IIC	Command switch	The module gives up the IIC bus and can directly use the IIC to access the sensor

#### ***3.1 Serial + modbus mode***

Serial communication protocol description	
Bits per Second :	115200
Data Bits :	8
Parity :	None
Stop bits :	1
Stop bits :	None

### Read command (take slave 0x01 as an example)

Slave addr	Function number	Register High	Register Low addr	Data H	Data L	CRC Check L	CRC Check H
DR	RW	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH
0x01	0x03	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH

### Sensor return

Slave addr	Function number	Number of data bytes	Data byte 1 high bit	Data byte 1 low bit	...	CRC Check L	CRC Check H
DR	RW	D	DATA1H	DATA1L	...	CL	CH
0x01	0x03	D	DATA1H	DATA1L	...	CL	CH

Example: Host 01 03 00 10 00 01 85 CF Read the ranging value of 1 slave

Module reply: 01 03 02 00 15 79 8B Ranging value is 0x0015 (21mm)

### Write command (take slave 0x01 as an example)

Slave addr	Function number	Register High	Register Low addr	Data H	Data L	CRC Check L	CRC Check H
DR	RW	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH
0x01	0x06	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH

### Sensor return

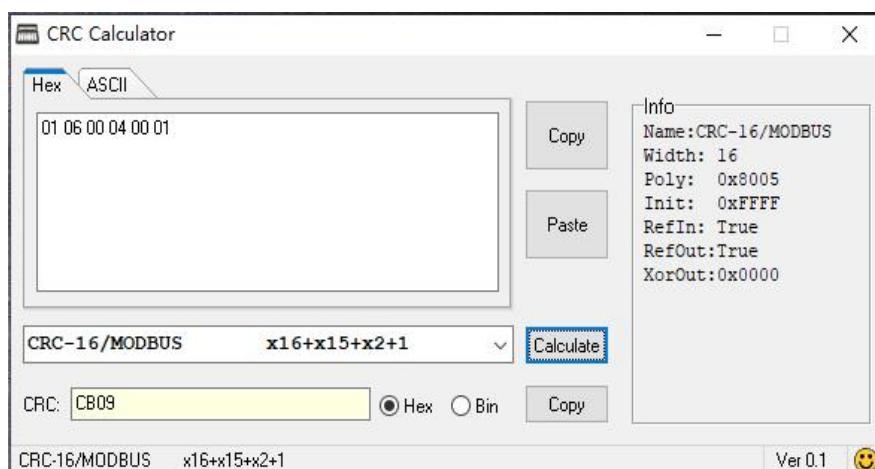
Slave addr	Function number	Number of data bytes	Data byte 1 high bit	Data byte 1 low bit	...	CRC Check L	CRC Check H
DR	RW	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH
0x01	0x06	RegH	RegL	DH	DL	CL	CH

Example: Host sends: 01 06 00 04 00 01 09 CB Set the ranging mode of 1 slave to high precision

Module reply: 01 06 00 04 00 01 09 CB Set successful response

### Special note: CRC check rule is CRC-16/MODBUS

The check code can be generated by the existing CRC check code generator or the matching module, which is convenient to use.



### 3.1.2 Register list

Category	Data addr	Date	Function	W/R
Special register	0x0001	0x1000	Reboot	write
		0x0000	Test communication	
Device address register	0x0002	0xFFFF	0 : Broadcast addr	Read &write
Baud rate register	0x0003	0x0001	1: 38400	Read &write
		0x0002	2: 9600	
		0x0003/other	Others: 115200	
Range register	0x0004	0x0000	0: default, 30ms, 1.2m	Read &write
		0x0001	1: High precision, 200ms, 1.2m	
		0x0002	2: Long distance, 33ms, 2m	
		0x0003	3: High speed, 20ms, 1.2m	
Continuous output control register	0x0005	0x0000	0: no self-output	Read &write
		0xFFFF	XX: XXms	
Load calibration register	0x0006	0x0000	0: do not load	Read &write
		0x0001	1: load	
Offset correction value register	0x0007	0xFFFF	Offset correction value	Read &write
xtalk correction value register	0x0008	0xFFFF	xtalk correction value	Read &write
Disable iic enable register	0x0009	0x0000	0: not prohibited (default)	Read &write
		0x0001	1: Prohibited (MCU releases)	
Measurement	0x0010	0x0001	Distance value: mm	Read
offset calibration	0x0020	0xFFFF	xx: The actual value is xx, 5cm is recommended	write
xtalk calibration register	0x0021	0xFFFF	xx: The actual value is xx	write
Gray	Indicates that the setting needs to be restarted to take effect			
Application examples	Set mode	01 06 00 04 00 01 09 CB		Set the distance measurement mode of unit 1 to high precision
	Read distance value	01 03 00 10 00 01 85 CF		Read the ranging value of No. 1
	Module restart	02 06 00 01 10 00 D5 F9		No. 2 slave module restarts
	Change the slave	01 06 00 02 00 04 29 C9		Slave 1 becomes slave 4
	Set the baud rate	04 06 00 03 00 02 F8 5E		Set the baud rate of No. 4 machine to 9600, need to restart to take effect
	Automatic output	01 06 00 05 01 F4 99 DC		Set the No. 1 machine to automatically output the measured value in 500ms
	IIC mode	01 06 00 09 00 01 98 08		Set machine 1 to IIC mode

### 3.2 IIC mode

When set to IIC mode, the MCU releases the VL53L0 sensor IIC bus. SDA and SCL are directly connected to the sensor (SDA and SCL are pulled up by internal 10K resistors). For specific data reading, please refer to the VL53L0 data manual.

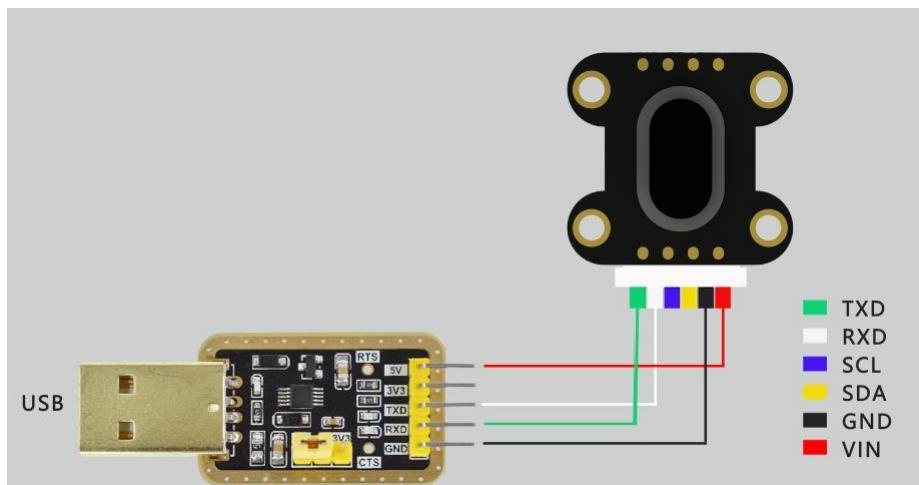
## 4 Commissioning instructions

### 4.1 Serial debugging instructions

#### 4.1.1 Hardware connection

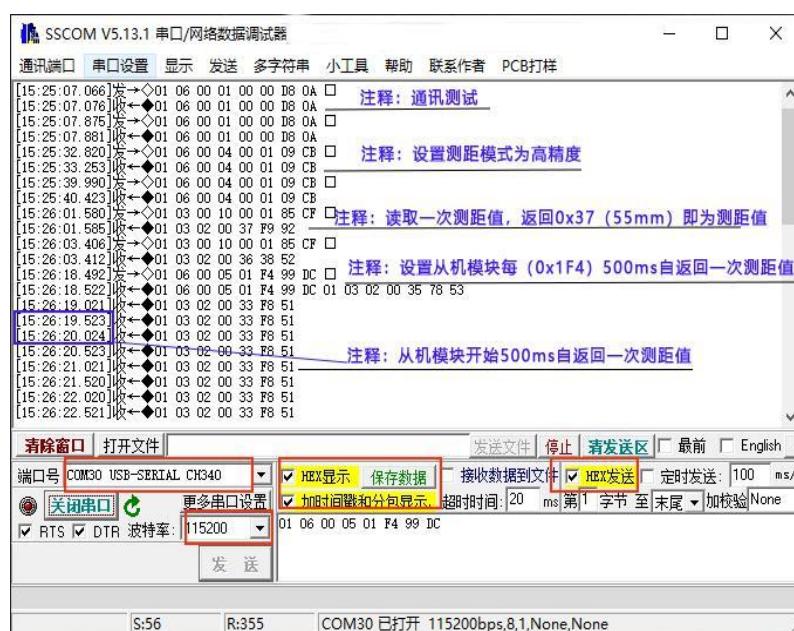
To connect to a computer, a serial port module with USB to TTL level is required.

Note that TX and RX need to cross.



#### 4.1.2 Serial software debugging

After connecting with the USB to TTL module, plug the serial port module into the computer USB port. Make sure to find the corresponding COM port after installing the driver of the serial port module. Open the serial port debugging software, connect for the first time, set the baud rate to the default 115200, you must select "HEX display" and "HEX send", and select "time stamp and sub-package display" as required. Finally, open the serial port and perform communication configuration according to the order of instructions from top to bottom as shown in the figure below to complete a complete debugging process. After setting, the ranging module works in high-precision mode and outputs a ranging value every 500ms.



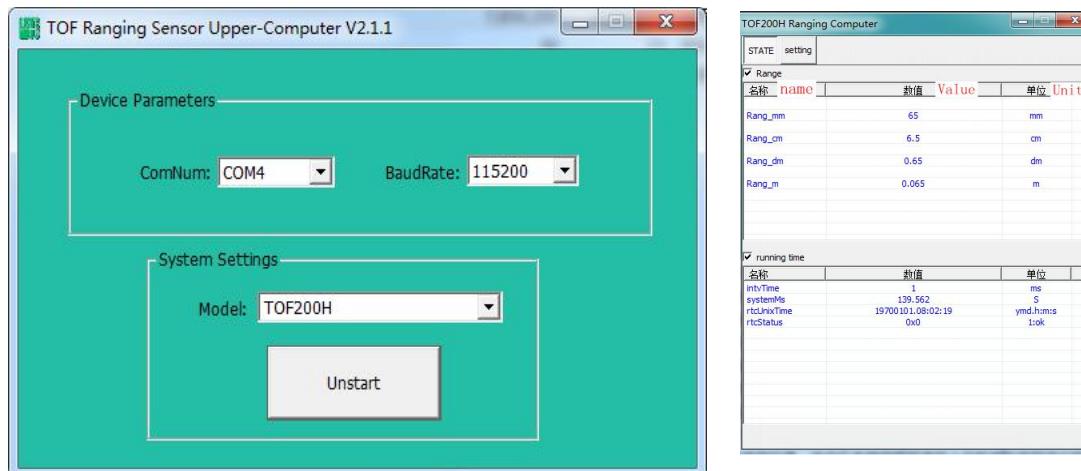
## 4.2 Supporting host computer debugging instructions

### 4.2.1 Hardware connection

To connect to a computer, a serial port module with USB to TTL level is required. Note that TX and RX need to cross. Refer to section 4.1.1 for details.

### 4.2.2 PC debugging (take TOF200H as an example)

After connecting with the USB to TTL module, plug the serial port module into the computer USB port. Make sure to find the corresponding COM port after installing the driver of the serial port module. Open the host computer software of the TOF ranging sensor, connect for the first time, set the baud rate to the default 115200, select the corresponding model system in "System Configuration", and click "Start". You can see the real-time display of the measured distance column in the "status display", and the measured value is constantly refreshed as the actual distance changes.

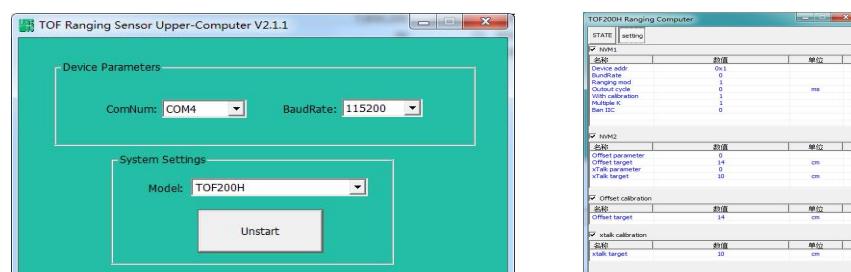


Select the parameter configuration column, you can see that there are 4 groups of parameters for users to set or observe, which is convenient for debugging. Storage parameter 1 is a commonly used setting function. The user can set the device address, baud rate, distance mode, output cycle, etc., and the parameters are saved immediately after setting and are effective when power off. Setting method: directly input the value of the required option in the value of the corresponding function line, and press Enter.

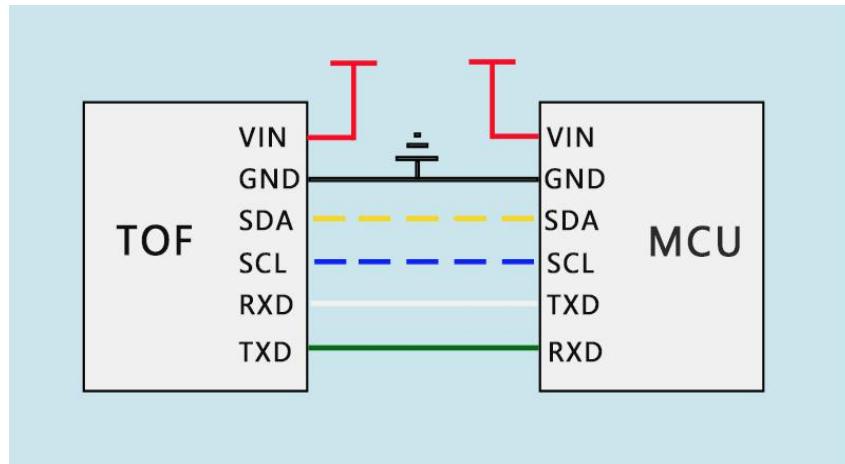
The device address is written directly; please refer to the instruction set for the parameters represented by the specific options of the baud rate/output cycle, for example, the baud rate 0 represents the default 115200; the output cycle is also written directly in ms (note that the output cycle is changed here) It is the serial port automatic output cycle, and the upper computer reads the data cycle is fixed). The correction K can specify the multiple of the output distance and the actual distance, which is suitable for special purposes. In the "Load Calibration" and "Disable iic" function lines, the value 1 means enable and 0 means disable.

Storage parameter 2 is generally used for observation. For specific values, refer to the chip specification.

The last two calibration parameter settings apply to the calibration function. For offset calibration, it is recommended to use a white target object with 88% reflectivity in dark conditions and calibrate at an actual distance of 10cm. That is, the object is placed at the actual distance of 10cm, enter 10cm in the offset calibration function line, press Enter to start the calibration, and wait for the parameter display to return to normal to complete the calibration. The actual module has been calibrated once with a 10cm offset before leaving the factory and can be used directly. The xtalk calibration is mainly to correct the crosstalk factor generated by the cover window in front of the probe. This module has been equipped with a dedicated glass cover sheet and has been calibrated at the factory. When users need to use without cover sheet or use other cover windows, this function can be used for crosstalk calibration. The specific method is to recommend the use of a gray target with 17% reflectivity. The crosstalk distance value needs to refer to the chip specification and the actual use environment. After selection, refer to the upper computer



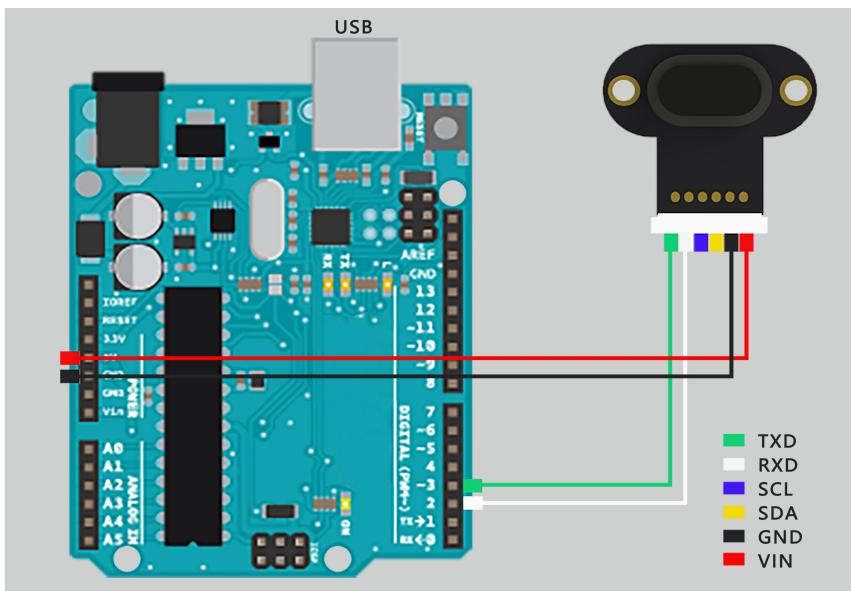
## 4.3 MCU connection



### 4.3.1 arduino

Connect UNO and TOF200F ranging module according to the wiring diagram, open the matching Uno test program, and upload it to the UNO development board. The test results are shown below.

Wiring diagram

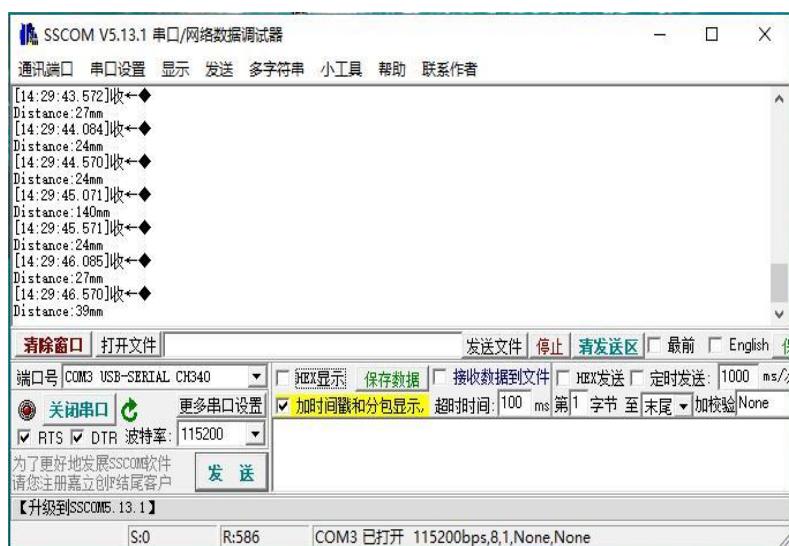
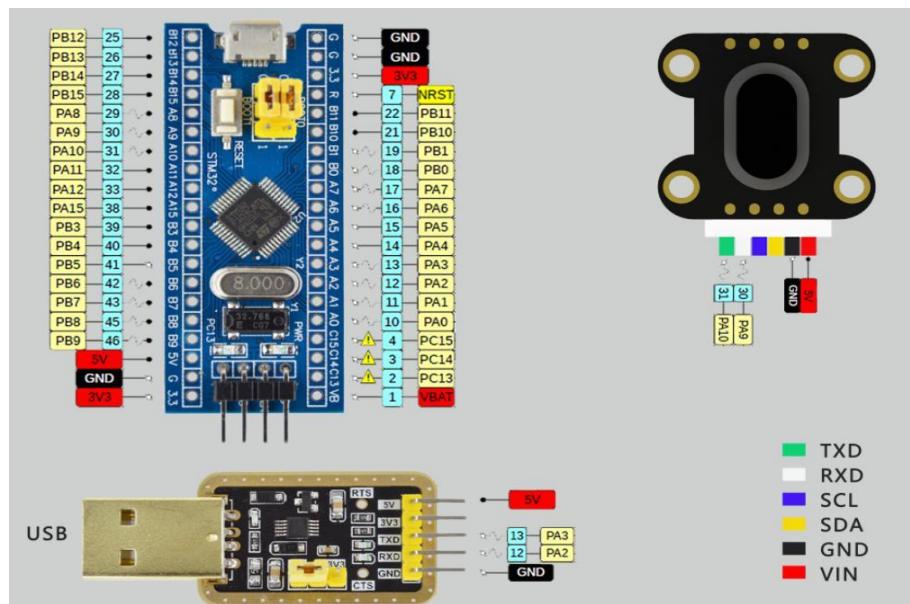


The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface. The left pane displays the code for the 'TOFxxH\_TEST\_UNO' sketch:200  
201 //led测试  
202 void led\_flash\_main(void)  
203 {  
204 static uint32 ledCount = 0;  
205 if(tim\_check\_timeout(ledCount, tim\_g...The right pane shows the serial monitor window titled 'COM3' with the following output:

Distance:5mm  
Distance:33mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:39mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:39mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:39mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:36mm  
Distance:39mm  
Distance:36mm

#### 4.3.2 stm32 demo

Connect STM32 and TOF200H ranging module according to the wiring diagram, open the supporting STM32 test program, and upload it to the STM32 development board. The test



#### 4.3.3 Raspberry Pi demo

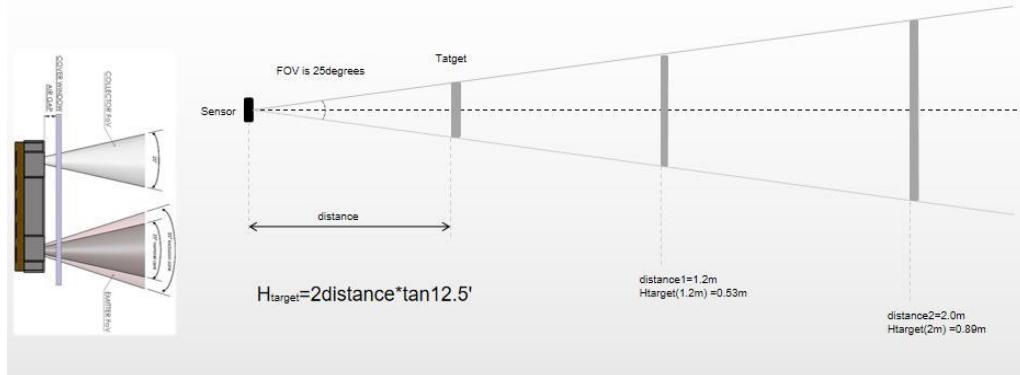
For the wiring method, please refer to the serial port debugging section, connect the serial port module with TOFXXXF , insert it into the USB port of the Raspberry Pi, and execute the TOFXXX\_TEST.py file on the console. The effect is as follows:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ /Desktop
文件(E) 编辑(E) 标签(I) 帮助(H)
pi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop$ ls
chromium-browser.desktop lxterminal.desktop TOFXXX_TEST.py
hello_world PCF8574.py
libreoffice-writer.desktop sense_emu_gui.desktop
pi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop$ sudo python TOFXXX_TEST.py
sudo: python.: 找不到命令
pi@raspberrypi:~/Desktop$ sudo python TOFXXX_TEST.py
open success
0403020006f446
6
0403020009b442
9
0403020009b442
9
0403020009b442
9
040302008db421
141
04030200873426
135
0403020009b442
9
```

## 5.Detailed

### 5.1 Measurement condition

In all measurement tables in the document, it is considered that the full Field Of View (FOV) is covered. This system FOV is 25degrees. The height of the target must meet this condition.



### 5.2 Ranging

Ranging conditions :

- Targets reflectance used: Grey (17 %), White (88 %)
- Offset correction done at 10 cm from sensor
- Indoor: no infrared
- Outdoor: eq. 5 kLux equivalent sunlight (10 kcps/SPAD)

Parameter	Precision	Minimu	Typical	Max	unit
<b>Minimum distance (indoor</b>	$\pm 5\%$		5		mm
<b>Maximum range distance</b>	$\pm 4\%$	1200	1800	2000	mm
<b>Maximum range distance</b>	$\pm 7\%$	700	800	/	mm
<b>Maximum range distance</b>	$\pm 7\%$	600			mm
<b>Maximum range distance</b>	$\pm 12\%$	400			mm
<b>Ranging speed (fastest)</b>				33	msec

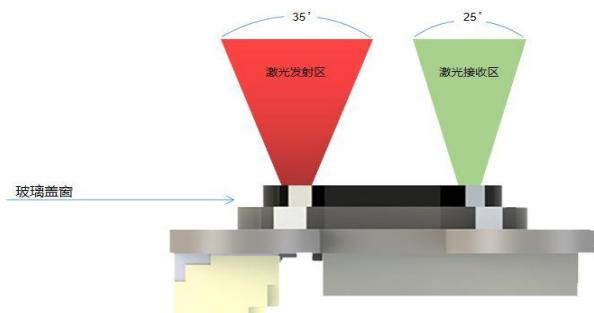
## **6.Comes with a cover**

It is important to keep the cover window surface finish smooth.

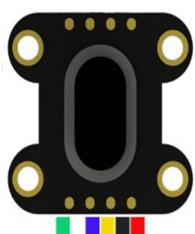
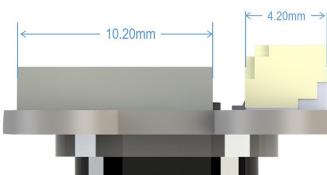
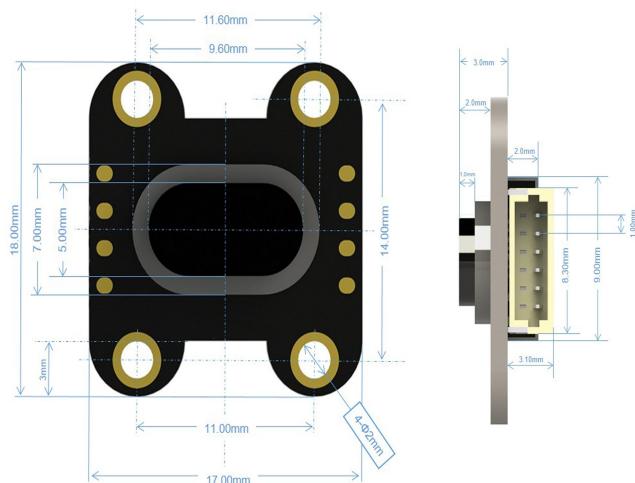
Typically the TOF200F ranging module will be used in conjunction with a window covering.

The cover window serves two main purposes:

1. Provides physical protection of the module, including dust ingress prevention.
2. To provide optical filtering for the module.



## **7 .Outline Dimensions**



**TOF200F**

- TXD
- RXD
- SCL
- SDA
- GND
- VIN