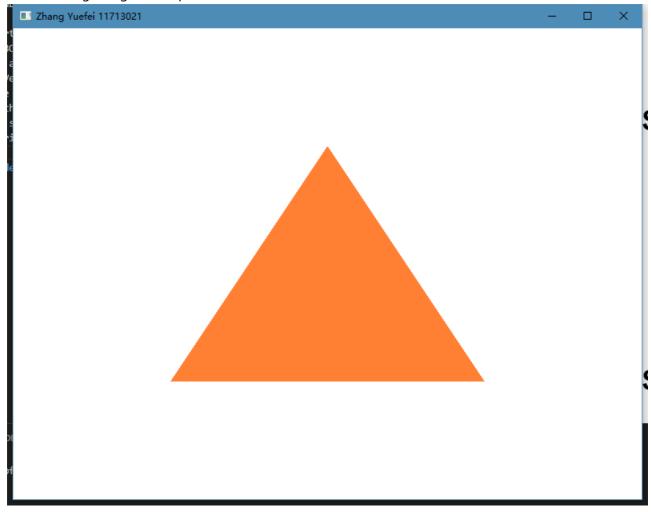
Name: 张跃飞 SID: 11713021

# Assignments

- 1. Finish example(draw a triangle).
- 2. Try to draw 2 triangles next to each other using glDrawArrays by adding more vertices to your data
- 3. Create two shader programs where the second program uses a different fragment shader that outputs some colors; draw both triangles again where one outputs some colors
- 4. Draw a cube with color.

## Steps

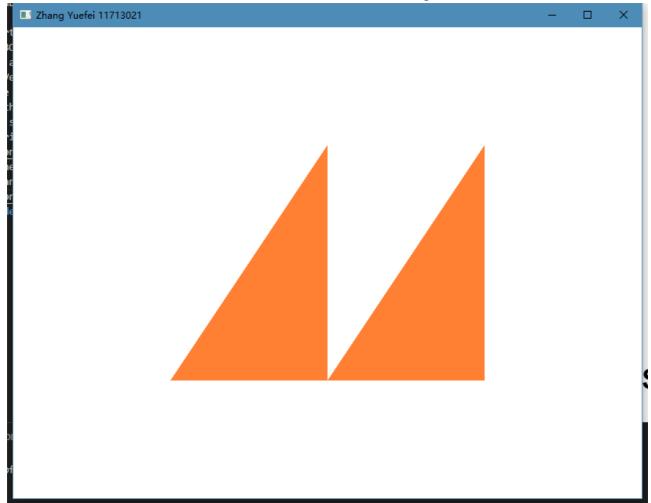
- 1. Input Vertices
- 2. Create VBO and VAO
- 3. Bind VBO and VAO
- 4. Analyze Vertex Attributes
- 5. Write the vertex shader and the fragment shader
- 6. Compile the shaders
- 7. Create a shader program object and link shaders to it
- 8. Draw a triangle in game loop



9. Change coordinates of the first three points to draw a smaller rectangular triangle.

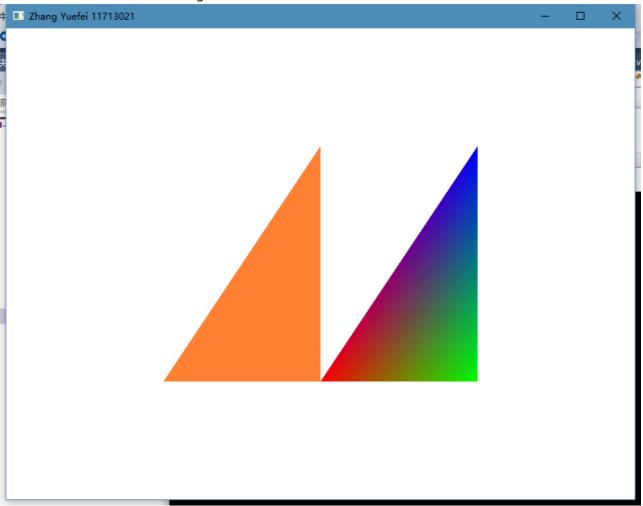
## 10. Add another three point to <a href="mailto:vertices">vertices</a>[]

11. Use glDrawArrays(GL\_TRIANGLES, 3, 3); to draw another triangle



12. Write some color fragment shader

13. Create another some color triangle class



### 14. Try MVP to change the viewing angle

Generating MVP

```
// Projection matrix : 45° Field of View, 4:3 ratio, display range : 0.1
unit <-> 100 units
glm::mat4 Projection = glm::perspective(glm::radians(45.0f), (float) width /
(float)height, 0.1f, 100.0f);
// Or, for an ortho camera :
//glm::mat4 Projection = glm::ortho(-10.0f,10.0f,-10.0f,10.0f,0.0f,100.0f);
// In world coordinates
// Camera matrix
glm::mat4 View = glm::lookAt(
    glm::vec3(4,3,3), // Camera is at (4,3,3), in World Space
    glm::vec3(0,0,0), // and looks at the origin
    glm::vec3(0,1,0) // Head is up (set to 0,-1,0 to look upside-down)
    );
// Model matrix : an identity matrix (model will be at the origin)
glm::mat4 Model = glm::mat4(1.0f);
// Our ModelViewProjection : multiplication of our 3 matrices
glm::mat4 mvp = Projection * View * Model; // Remember, matrix
multiplication is the other way around
```

#### Give MVP to GLSL

```
// Get a handle for our "MVP" uniform
// Only during the initialisation
GLuint MatrixID = glGetUniformLocation(programID, "MVP");//programID should
be the shader program

// Send our transformation to the currently bound shader, in the "MVP"
uniform
// This is done in the main loop since each model will have a different MVP
matrix (At least for the M part)
glUniformMatrix4fv(MatrixID, 1, GL_FALSE, &mvp[0][0]);
```

### Change the vertexShader.vert

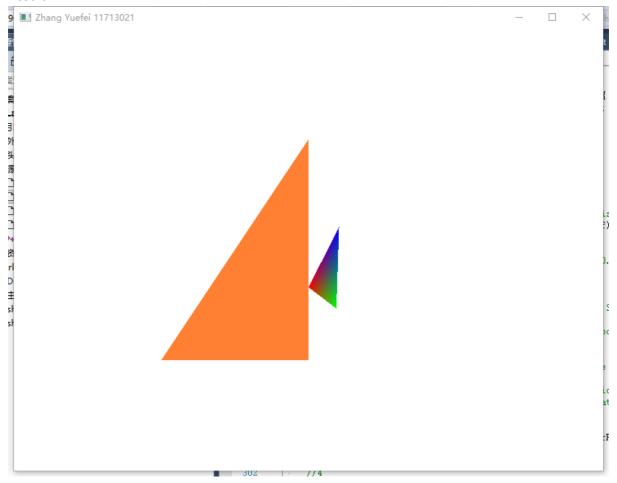
```
// Input vertex data, different for all executions of this shader.
layout(location = 0) in vec3 vertexPosition_modelspace;

// Values that stay constant for the whole mesh.
uniform mat4 MVP;

void main(){

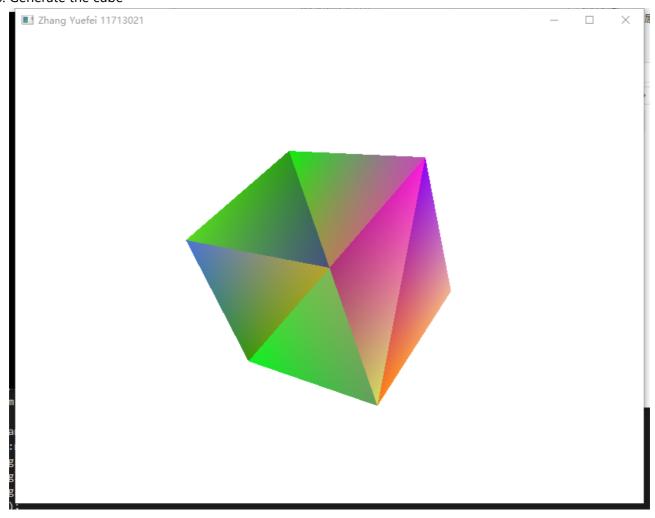
// Output position of the vertex, in clip space : MVP * position
gl_Position = MVP * vec4(vertexPosition_modelspace,1);
}
```

### Result



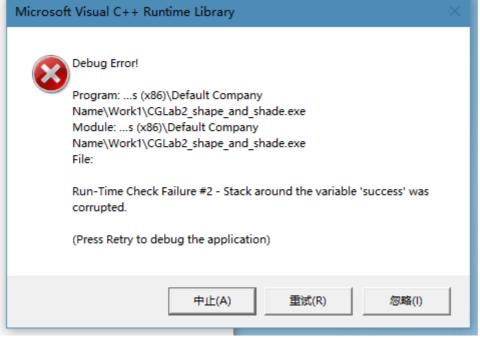
15. Input vertices and colors of the cube

#### 16. Generate the cube



# **Problems**

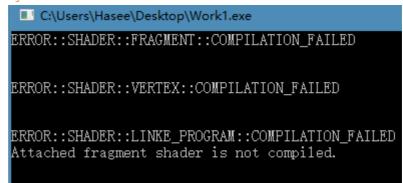
1. Run-Time Check Failure #2 - Stack around the variable 'success' was corrupted.



Solution:

```
int success;
  char infoLog[22];
  glGetShaderiv(vertexShader, GL_COMPILE_STATUS, &success);
  if (!success) {
     glGetShaderInfoLog(vertexShader, 512, NULL, infoLog);
     std::cout << "ERROR::SHADER::VERTEX::COMPILATION_FAILED\n" <<
infoLog << std::endl;
  }</pre>
```

The char arrar char infolog[22] is out of bound for the following error infolog, so it should be changed to char infolog[50].



2. When run the executable file,

Solution:

Put the shader files in the same directory.

3. Why my program not need depth test?? **Solution**: NULL