Robot Mobility

OU Robotics Club September 25, 2014

Tonight's Goals

- Learn about different types of drive systems
- Learn about motor control with PWM and Hbridges
- Implement automated control of a 2-wheeled robot
- Implement control of a 2-wheeled robot over serial

Drive Systems

Drive Systems: Car Steering

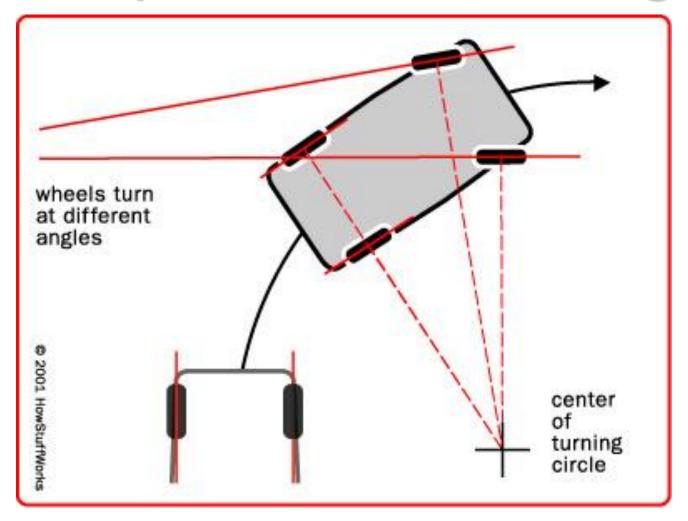


Image credit: HowStufWorks.com

Car Steering Pros and Cons

Pros:

Cons:

- Only needs one motor
- Good at going straight

- Bad at turning
- Mechanically complicated

Today's Word of the Day:

Holonomic

Drive Systems: Omniwheels

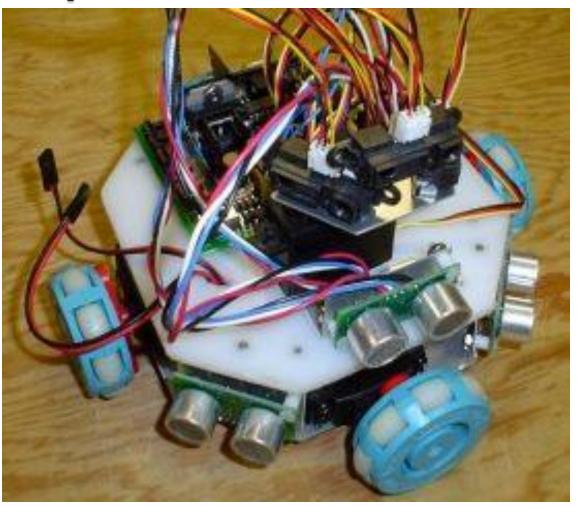


Image credit: SocietyOfRobots.com

Omni-wheel Pros and Cons

Pros:

- Can translate in any direction without turning
- Can turn without translating

Cons:

- Takes at least 3 motors
- Control slightly complicated
- Performs poorly on uneven surfaces

Drive Systems: Mecanum Wheels



Image credit: Wikipedia

Mecanum Wheels Pros and Cons

Pros:

- Can translate in any direction without turning
- Can turn without translating

Cons:

- Takes at least 4 motors
- Control quite complicated
- Performs poorly on uneven surfaces (but better than omniwheels)

Drive Systems: 2-Wheel Differential

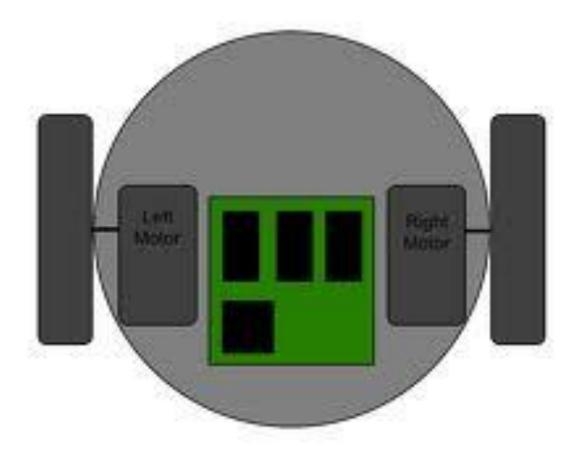


Image credit: Robotix.in

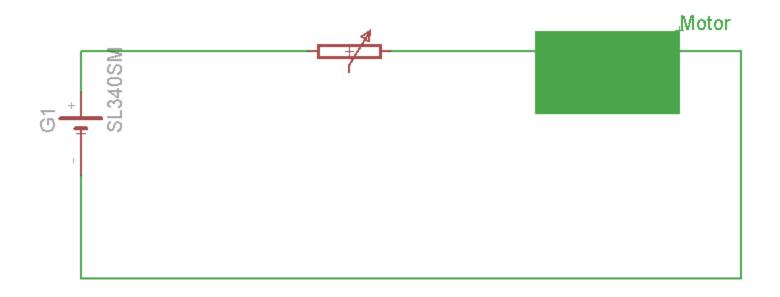
2-Wheel Differential Pros and Cons

Pros: Cons:

- Can execute zeropoint turn
- Control is very simple
- Mechanically very simple

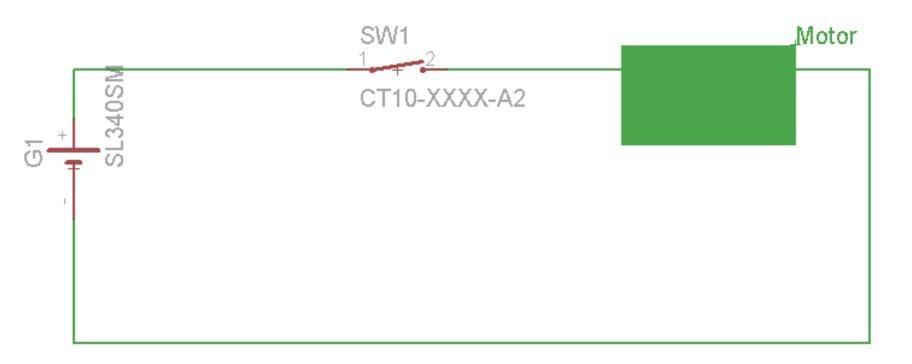
Motor Speed Control

A basic approach



What's wrong with this?

A better approach



A great approach

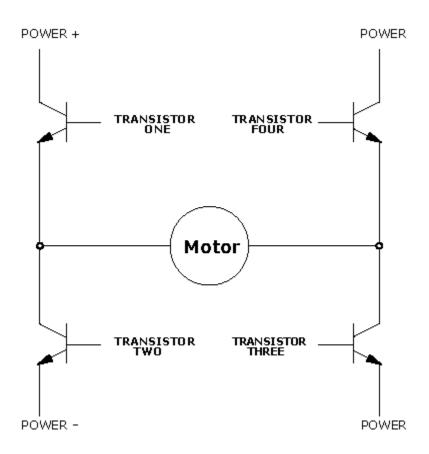


Image Credit: clear.rice.edu

A great approach

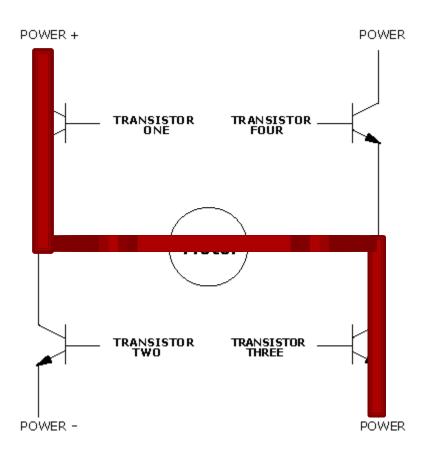


Image Credit: clear.rice.edu

A great approach

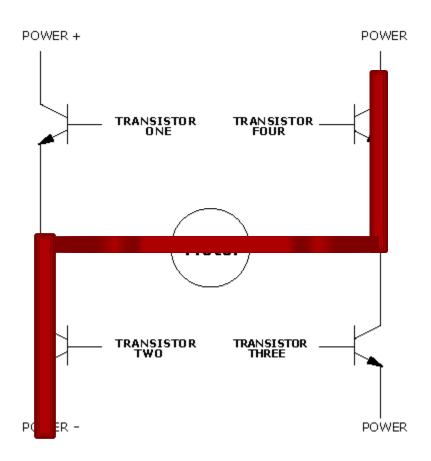


Image Credit: clear.rice.edu

PWM: Pulse Width Modulation

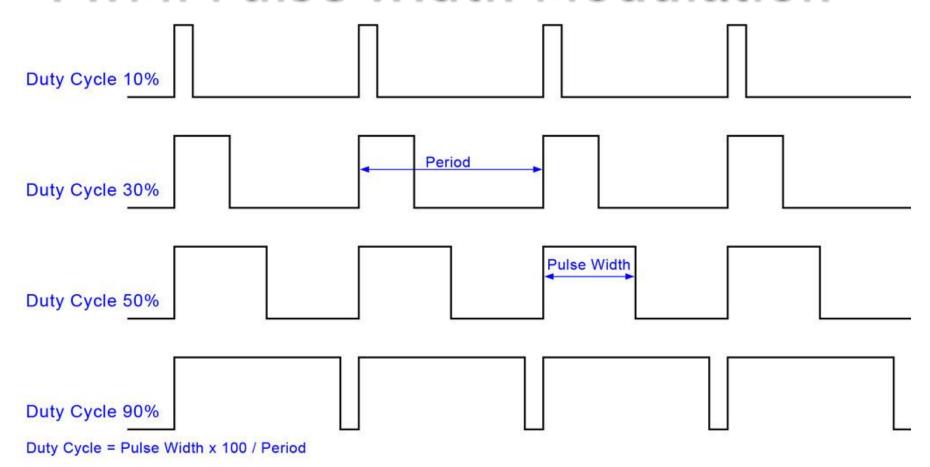


Image credit: protostack.com

Making Today's Robot

Wiring the H-Bridge

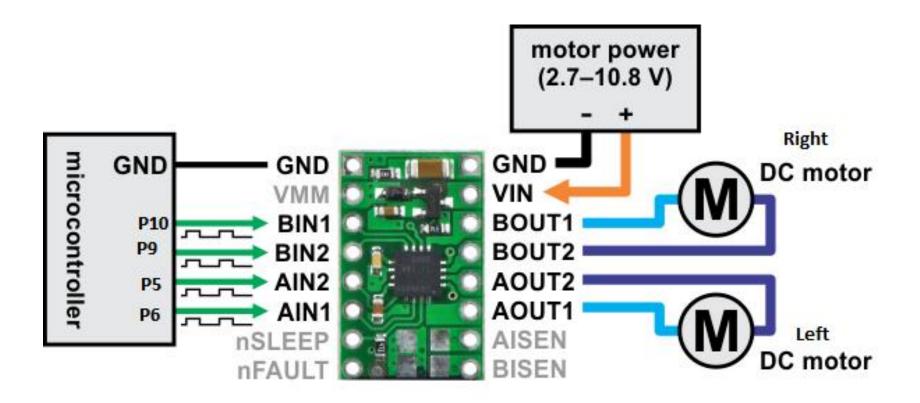


Image credit: Pololu.com, then modified

The Code

- Get the setupMotors and setMotors functions from http://pastebin.com/NE3P9NGV and include those methods in your file.
- Write your own "setup" and "loop" functions
- Be sure to call the setupMotors() function once during the setup function. Call setMotors(leftSpeed, rightSpeed) as often as you like.

The Task

Program the robot to drive in a pattern (e.g. a square) by issuing movement and delay commands

My solution

```
void setup() {
  setupMotors();
void loop() {
  setMotors (255, 255);
  delay(2000);//times may vary
  setMotors(255, -255);
  delay(1500);//times may vary
```

The Challenge

Program the robot to take serial data so that you can remote control it with the keyboard.

Include Forward, backward, left, right, speed up, and slow down.

```
void setup() {
   setupMotors();
   Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
   while(!Serial.available());
   char c = Serial.read();
   switch(c) {
      //handle the characters
   }
}
```

My solution

See my solution at http://pastebin.com/ZTkRPTDu