cc-practice-pointers

Table of Contents

1. README

- Practice workbook for functions in C

2. TODO Identify yourself

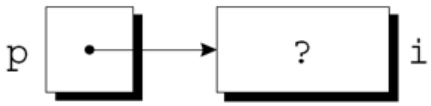
- replace the placeholder `[yourName]` in the header of this file by your name and save the file (`C-x C-s`).

3. TODO Indirection operator *

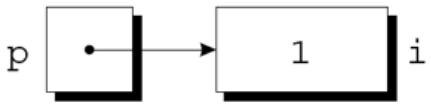
Put the code from this diagram into the code block below and run it to confirm the claims.

- Make sure you declare your variables!
- Comment your code to indicate you know what you're doing

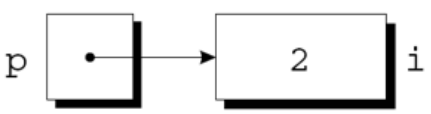
```
p = &i;
```




```
i = 1;
```




```
printf("%d\n", i);     /* prints 1 */
printf("%d\n", *p);    /* prints 1 */
*p = 2;
```




```
printf("%d\n", i);     /* prints 2 */
printf("%d\n", *p);    /* prints 2 */
```

Figure 1: indirection operator (Source: King)

Solution

```c
int i, *p;  // declare variable i, pointer variable p

p = &i; // initialize pointer with address of i

i = 1; // initialize integer variable with value

printf("%d\n", i); // prints value of i = 1

printf("%d\n", *p); // prints dereferenced pointer = 1

*p = 2; // initialize dereferenced pointer with value 2

printf("%d\n", i); // prints new value of i = 2

printf("%d\n", *p); // prints dereferenced pointer = 2
```

```
1
1
2
2
```

4. TODO Initializing pointers

- The initialization of the pointer `iPtr` in the following code block went wrong:
  - Fix the initialization so that the pointer is assigned an address, not a value
  - Print the pointer variable `ptr`, the address and value of `x`

```
double x = 3.14159;
double *ptr;

// initialize pointer
ptr = x;      // ptr is assigned the address of x
ptr = 2.71828; // value of x is indirectly changed to e

// print pointer, address and value of i
...
```

Solution

```
double x = 3.14159;
double *ptr;

// initialize pointer
ptr = &x;      // ptr is assigned the address of x
*ptr = 2.71828; // value of x is indirectly changed to e
```

```
// print pointer, address and value of i
printf("%p %p %g\n", ptr, &x, x);
```

```
0xbeaf8170 0xbeaf8170 2.71828
```

5. TODO Fix the program

- The following function supposedly computes the sum and average of the numbers in the array `a`, which has length `n`. The variables `avg` and `sum` *point* to variables that the function should modify.

  Unfortunately, the function contains several errors:

  - find and correct them so that the code compiles

```
void avg_sum (double a[], int n, double *avg, double *sum) {
  int i;
  sum = 0.0;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    sum += a[i];
  }
  avg = sum / n;
} // end of function
```

Solution

```
void avg_sum (double a[], int n, double *avg, double *sum) {
  int i;
  *sum = 0.0;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    *sum += a[i];
  }
  *avg = *sum / n;
} // end of function
```

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