# Set default download repo

Practice notebook for DSC 205 Spring 2022

### 1 README

In this notebook, you're learning and practicing how to set the repository for R package uploads and upgrades using a self-written function, and use the function in the .Rprofile init file for R.

### 2 Standard notebook instructions

- [ ] Work through this notebook at your own pace. When you're done, check a task off by typing C-c C-c on the line with the bullet point. Check this task off for practice!
- [ ] You can close bullet points with the <TAB> key on your keyboard to reduce the clutter on the screen. Close this long paragraph now by going to the line with the bullet point \* in it, then check the task off.
- [ ]

Make sure that you can run R in this buffer by executing the code block below (C-c C-c with the cursor ON the block) and then save the file (C-x C-s).

```
print("hello world")
```

- [ ] Sometimes, you want to check what happened in the R session buffer. Make sure that you find that buffer (e.g. C-x C-b for list-buffers).
- [ ]

Practice: go to the buffer \*R\* now, and run the command shown below, then come back here again.

```
search()
```

Did you know what this command would do? Do you recognize the output in the session buffer? If not, type ?search for help, then return here again to continue.

- [ ] In case you have multiple buffers open: remember that C-x 1 closes all but the current buffer, and C-x o cycles through them.
- [ ] If you have any trouble with executing the hello world program, analyze the problem by yourself first. Typical sources of errors are:
  - Can you write to the current directory? (Windows may forbid it)
  - Is this file an Org-file? (Syntax highlighting/modeline check)
  - Did you use the correct key sequence? (Check caps lock e.g.)
  - Do you have the right code block header arguments? (You only need :session :results output for now.
  - Are you working with an old \*R\* session and writing to some far-flung directory? (check with getwd() and reset with setwd()).

# 3 Change package installation repository

• [X] The utility function options allows you to set and see the default download repository.

• [X]

Open the (local) help for options (you need to go to the  $R^*$  session buffer to do this, or open a new buffer with  $R^*$  or google the documentation.

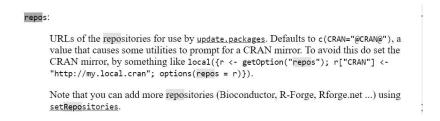


Figure 1: Part of the options help revealing the attribute repos

#### • [X]

Why is googling the help for this function only second best compared to looking up the help using R on your PC?

ANSWER: because the local documentation is aligned with the version of R that you're actually using right now, while Google will serve any documentation using their (unknown) algorithm.

#### • [X]

Check current setting of the download repo with the R function getOption.

```
getOption("repos")

[1] "https://cloud.r-project.org/"
```

#### • [X]

Write a function frepos that changes the installation repository to the URL "https://cloud.r-project.org/". The function should take one argument only - a character vector with the repo URL as its only element.

```
frepos <- function(x) options(repos=x)
r <- c("https://mirrors.nics.utk.edu/cran/")
frepos(r)</pre>
```

- [x] The chosen URL automatically picks the nearest CRAN mirror. Though the output from <u>1</u> is set to silent, you should see the mirror site URL in the echo area at the bottom.
- [X

Re-run the getOption function on the attribute of options that you just changed in frepos to check the download repo.

```
getOption("repos")

[1] "https://mirrors.nics.utk.edu/cran/"
```

• To test the function, you need to install a package. Let's use ggplot2 for that, since we're going to need it soon.

## 4 Install and test a package from the new repo location

• [X]

Split the screen horizontally with C-x 2 to see both this file and the R session in one window (see figure  $\underline{2}$  - to open the figure, use the toggling command C-x C-c C-v).

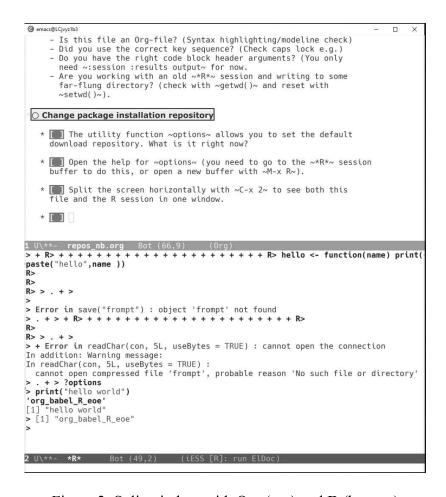


Figure 2: Split window with Org (top) and **R** (bottom)

• [X]

Install and load ggplot2 (if you already have the package, re-install it - this won't hurt unless your work relies on an older version of the package) $\frac{1}{2}$ .

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
library(ggplot2)
```

The result will be a list of currently loaded packages.

#### • [ ]

Test the installation with the command qplot(rnorm(100))

```
qplot(rnorm(100))

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

#### • [ ]

Since the output is graphics, move the output into this Org-file by adding the following arguments to the code block header line of 1, and then re-run the command.

```
:results output graphics file :file plot.png

qplot(rnorm(100))
```

#### • [X]

Note that your file will be saved whereever your current working directory is - find it with getwd() and open your file, or change the working directory with setwd(), change the path in the header argument and re-run the code block 1.

```
getwd()
setwd("c:/Users/birkenkrahe/Documents/GitHub/")
getwd()

[1] "c:/Users/birkenkrahe"
[1] "c:/Users/birkenkrahe/Documents/GitHub"
```

# 5 Save your function and use it in your R init file

• [X]

Save the function frepos to your home directory. Using the absolute path (e.g. "c:\Users\birkenkrahe\frepos") to the file is safer here.

```
save(frepos, file='~/frepos')
```

• [x] Check that the (binary) function file is there.

### 6 Use function in your R init file

• [X] Load the function to your .Rprofile file. Create one if necessary. This file contains R code and is executed by Rscript. Put the code here and test it.

```
load('~/frepos')
frepos(c("https://cloud.r-project.org/"))
```

• To test the .Rprofile setup, start another R session and test the download repo location with getOption as before.

```
getOption("repos")

[1] "https://cloud.r-project.org/"
```

## 7 Summary

- [ ] Display options can be changed with options
- [ ] The function getOption("x") fetches the value of the option x
- [ ] When R starts, it loads a file .Rprofile from the current working directory
- [ ] To display graphics, a device needs to be opened
- [ ] You can look at the devices with dev.list() and open a new device with dev.new().
- [ ] To find out about the function arguments, enter the function name without arguments or enter args (functionName)
- [ ] To find a function in currently installed packages, use ??
- [ ] Whenever you find yourself doing the same thing several times, e.g. run a function with different values, write your own
- [ ] You can check the path where packages are downloaded to with .Library

### **Footnotes:**

<sup>1</sup> If your OS reports that it cannot write to the library location (e.g. because it is in the system partition on Windows), change the location by running .libPaths(new) and/or adding this command to your .Rprofile file.

Author: Marcus Birkenkrahe Created: 2022-03-11 Fri 13:16

Validate