

Practice: barplots in ggplot2

Introduction to data science (DSC 105) Fall 2022

Table of Contents

- [1. README](#)
- [2. **DONE** IDENTIFY YOURSELF](#)
- [3. **TODO** Problems](#)

1 README

- Practice file for the lecture on plotting
- Create, execute and debug R code blocks as needed
- Emacs + ESS + Org-mode and R must be installed
- You can find the solutions in the PDF repository for the course

2 **DONE** IDENTIFY YOURSELF

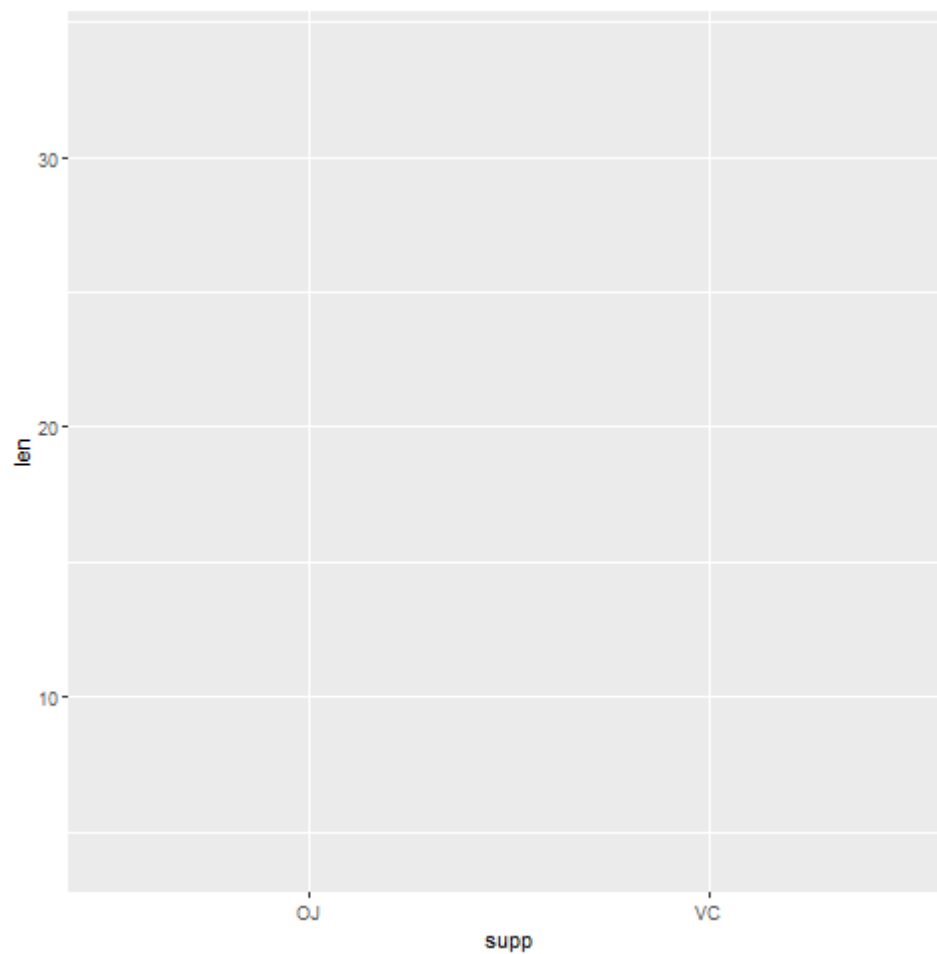
- Update the #+AUTHOR: information in the header
- Add (pledged) after your name
- Put your cursor on the headline of this section, and type S <LEFT> until you see DONE instead of TODO next to the title.
- Perform this last step each time you complete a section.

3 **TODO** Problems

1. Create barplot for the ToothGrowth dataset:

- use the function ggplot with the arguments data=ToothGrowth and aes(x=supp,y=len)
- store the plot in an object p
- print p

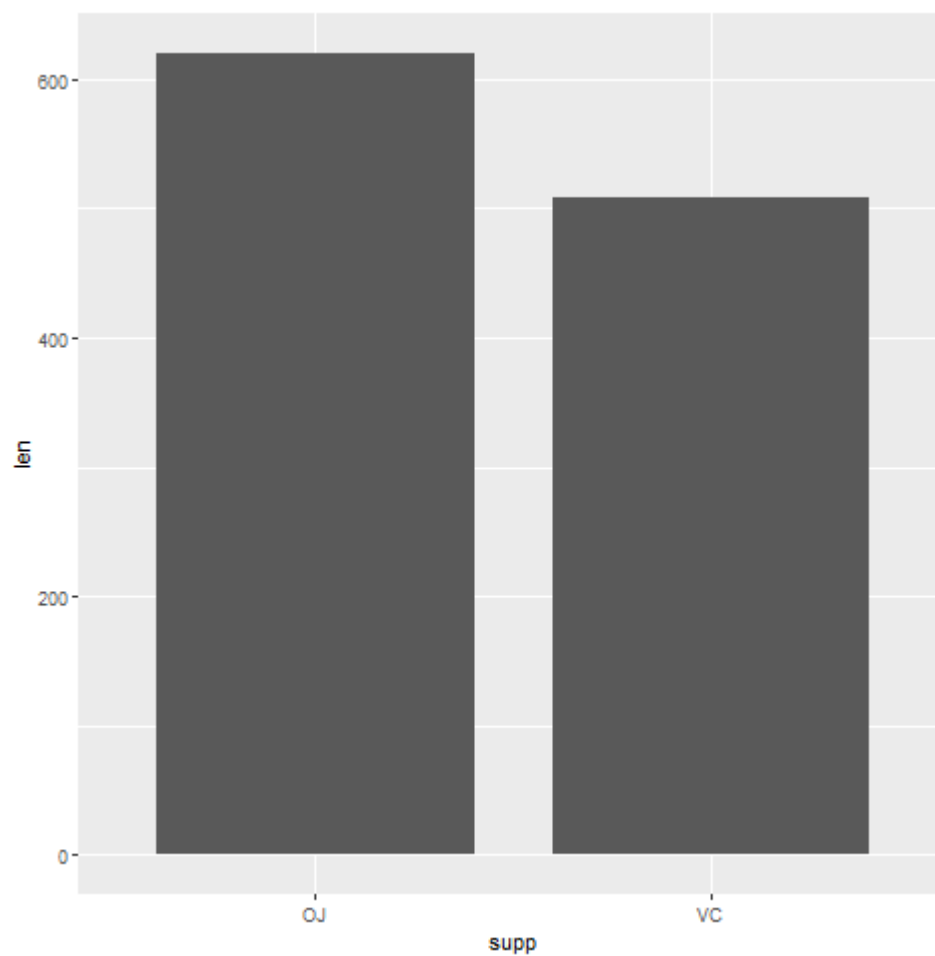
```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(
  data = ToothGrowth,
  aes(x=supp,y=len)) -> p
p
```



2. Add a barplot geometry layer to the plot p:

- add (+) `geom_bar(stat="identity", width=0.8)`
- store the new plot in `p1` and print it
- note that adding with + on a new line gives an error!

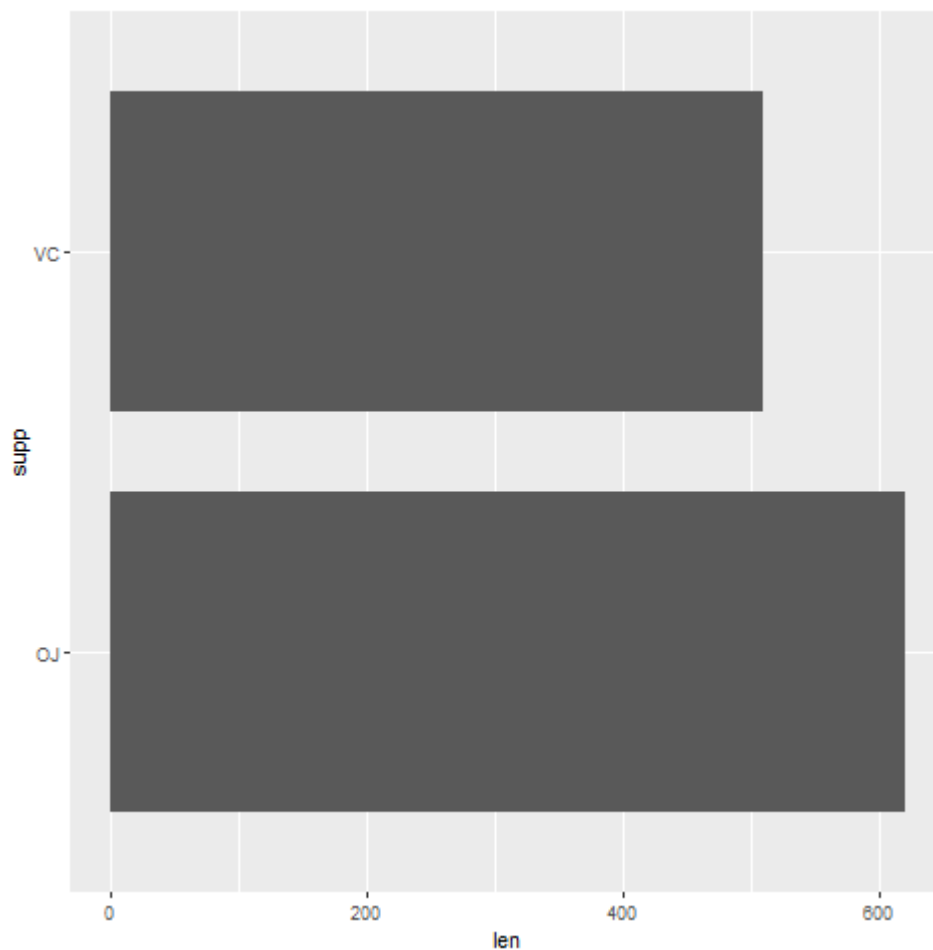
```
p + geom_bar(  
  stat="identity",  
  width=0.8) -> p1  
p1
```



3. Turn the plot on its side:

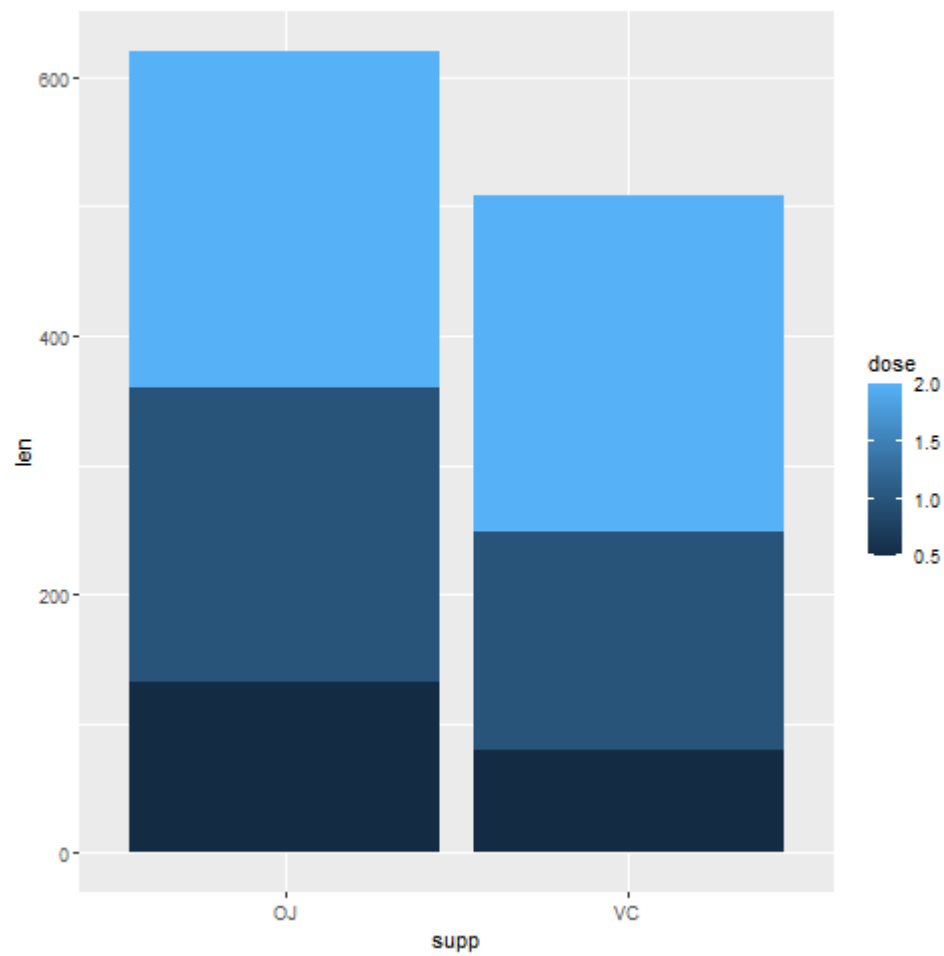
- Add `coord_flip()` to `p1`
- Store it in `p2` and print it

```
p1 + coord_flip() -> p2  
p2
```



4. Using ggplot, make a stacked barplot of ToothGrowth which shows the dosage dose for each supp category, and add theme_minimal: save in p3 and print plot

```
ggplot(  
  data = ToothGrowth,  
  aes(x=supp,  
      y=len,  
      fill=dose)) +  
  geom_bar(stat="identity") +  
  theme_grey() -> p3  
p3
```

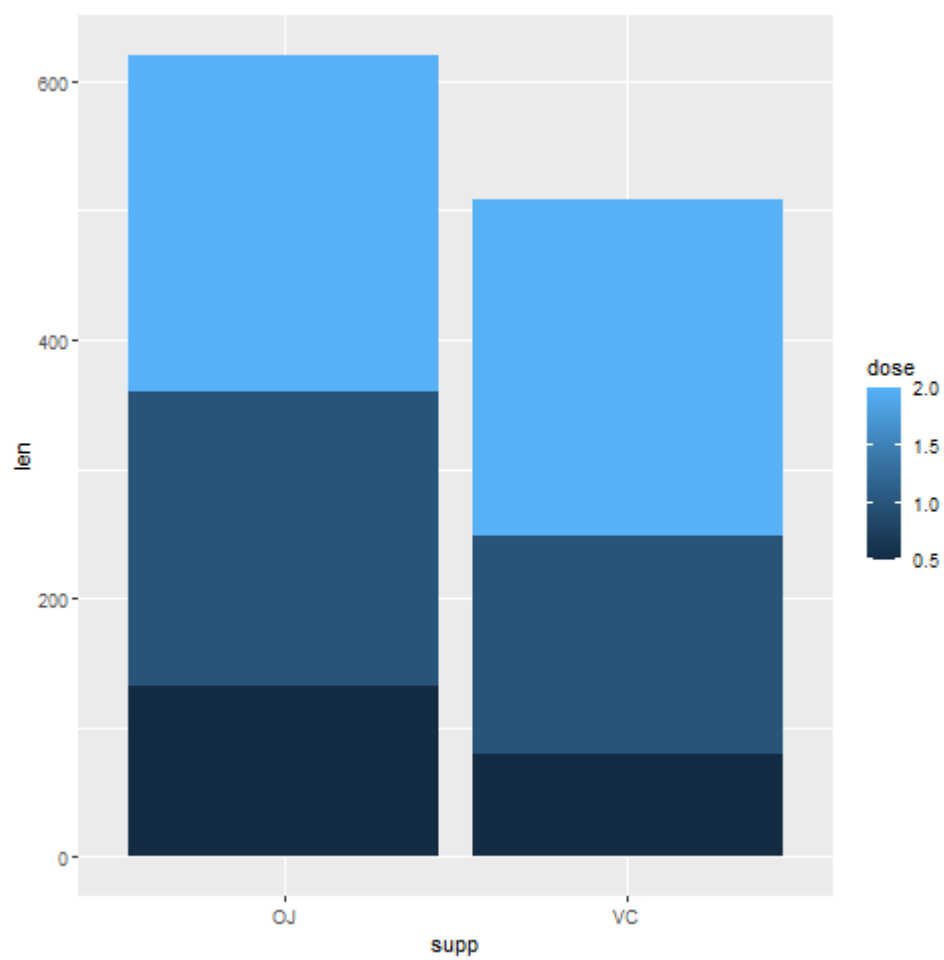


```
ls()  
p3
```

```
[1] "p"  "p1" "p2" "p3"
```

ggplot2 plots cannot be put in arrays using base R par.

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))  
p;p1;p2;p3;
```



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