## MTH 101: Calculus I

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Problem Set for Tutorial 2 on January 11, 2025

## Problems (Implications)

- Write the converse of the following implication: "If it is a holiday, then I will not go to the class".
- 2. Write the following statement as a conjunction of two implications: "|x| < a if and only if  $x \in (-a, a)$ ".
- 3. Write the negation of the following implication: "For an integer n, if  $n^2$  is divisible by 10, then n is divisible by 10".
- 4. Write the contrapositive of the following implication: "For an integer x, if  $x^2 6x + 5$  is even, then x is odd".

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## Problems (Proofs in Mathematics)

- 5. Write the contrapositive of the following statement: S: "For an integer n, if  $n^3 1$  is even, then n is odd". Prove S using its contrapositive.
- 6. Write the negation of the following statement:
  S: "There is no rational number x such that x² = 2".
  Prove S by contradiction.
- 7. Give a direct proof that the following statements are equivalent for two given sets A and B.
  - (i)  $A \subseteq B$ .
  - (ii)  $A \cap B = A$ .
  - (iii)  $A \cup B = B$ .

Prove  $(i) \Rightarrow (ii)$ ,  $(ii) \Rightarrow (iii)$  and  $(iii) \Rightarrow (i)$ .

8. Give a counterexample to disprove the following statement: "For real numbers x and y, |x| > |y| if x > y".

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## Problems (Sets)

Prove the following statements:

- 9. Prove that (0,1) and  $\mathbb{R}$  have the same cardinality.
- 10. If X, Y are countably infinite sets, then the set  $X \cup Y$  is also a countably infinite set.
- 11. The set of rational numbers,  $\mathbb{Q}$ , is countably infinite.
- 12. The power set of  $\mathbb{N}$ , denoted as  $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ , is uncountable. Moreover,  $|\mathbb{N}| < |\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})|$ .
- 13. If X is an uncountable set, then  $|\mathbb{N}| < |X|$ .

Use the Pigeonhole Principle to prove the following statements.

- 14. Among any 13 people, at least two share a birth month.
- 15. Suppose  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$  are integers. Then some "consecutive sum"  $a_k + a_{k+1} + a_{k+2} + \cdots + a_{k+m}$  is divisible by n.