

Introduction to Jenkins CLI

• Overview:

- Explain what Jenkins CLI is and why it's useful.
- Describe how Jenkins CLI allows you to interact with your Jenkins instance from the command line.

2. Downloading Jenkins CLI

Command:

curl -o jenkins-cli.jar JENKINS_URL/jnlpJars/jenkins-cli.jar

• Explanation:

- o Detail how to download the jenkins-cli.jar from the Jenkins server.
- o Explain the significance of the URL provided.

3. Setting Up Environment Variables

• Commands:

export JENKINS_URL=http://13.126.85.125:8080/ export JENKINS_USER=aditya

export JENKINS_PASSWORD=aditya

• Explanation:

- Describe how to set up environment variables to simplify CLI commands.
- Highlight the importance of keeping these values secure, especially the JENKINS PASSWORD.

4. Listing Jenkins Jobs

• Command:

java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -auth \$JENKINS_USER:\$JENKINS_PASSWORD list-jobs

• Explanation:

o Explain how this command lists all jobs available on the Jenkins server.

Discuss what output to expect and how it can be used.

5. Building a Jenkins Job

• Command:

java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -auth \$JENKINS_USER:\$JENKINS_PASSWORD build job_name

• Explanation:

- o Provide details on how to trigger a build for a specific job.
- o Explain the parameters that can be passed to the job if needed.

6. Deleting a Jenkins Job

• Command:

java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -auth \$JENKINS_USER:\$JENKINS_PASSWORD delete-job my-new-job

• Explanation:

- o Describe how to delete a job using Jenkins CLI.
- o Discuss the implications and precautions to take before deleting a job.

7. Using Jenkins CLI Without Environment Variables

Commands:

bash

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java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -s http://13.234.238.69:8080 -auth user:pass list-jobs
java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -s http://13.234.238.69:8080 -auth user:pass build job_name
java -jar jenkins-cli.jar -s http://13.234.238.69:8080 -auth user:pass delete-job my-new-job

• Explanation:

- o Show how to run the same commands without setting environment variables.
- Discuss scenarios where this might be preferred or necessary.

8. Advanced CLI Commands

• Additional Options:

- Explore other Jenkins CLI commands such as get-job, create-job, disable-job, and enable-job.
- o Provide examples and explanations for each.

Jenkins pipeline parameters

1. Introduction to Jenkins Pipeline Parameters

Overview:

- o Explain what pipeline parameters are and their purpose in Jenkins.
- Describe how parameters allow you to customize builds and make pipelines more flexible and dynamic.

2. Types of Parameters

Overview of Available Parameters:

 Briefly introduce the different types of parameters that can be used in Jenkins pipelines: String, Boolean, Choice, Password, File, Text, and Credentials.

3. String Parameter

Syntax:

string(name: 'STRING_PARAM', defaultValue: 'default value', description: 'Enter a string value')

Explanation:

- o Describe the string parameter and its use for accepting free-text input.
- Discuss the attributes: name, defaultValue, and description.
- o Provide examples of common use cases where string parameters are beneficial.

4. Boolean Parameter

• Syntax:

booleanParam(name: 'BOOLEAN_PARAM', defaultValue: true, description: 'Enable or disable something')

• Explanation:

- Explain the booleanParam for accepting true/false values.
- Discuss scenarios where boolean parameters are useful, such as enabling or disabling features or steps in a pipeline.

5. Choice Parameter

Syntax:

choice(name: 'CHOICE_PARAM', choices: ['Option 1', 'Option 2', 'Option 3'], description: 'Select an option')

• Explanation:

- Describe the choice parameter, which provides a dropdown menu for selecting one of several options.
- Highlight the importance of defining meaningful choices and how they can control the flow of the pipeline.

6. Password Parameter

• Syntax:

password(name: 'PASSWORD_PARAM', defaultValue: 'password', description: 'Enter your password')

• Explanation:

- o Discuss the password parameter and how it securely handles sensitive information.
- o Explain how passwords are masked in logs to protect confidential data.

7. File Parameter

• Syntax:

file(name: 'FILE_PARAM', description: 'Upload a file')

• Explanation:

- Explain the file parameter, which allows users to upload files that can be used in the pipeline.
- Provide examples of use cases, such as uploading configuration files or scripts that are required during the build.

8. Text Parameter

• Syntax:

text(name: 'TEXT PARAM', defaultValue: 'default text', description: 'Enter multi-line text')

• Explanation:

- o Describe the text parameter, which is designed for multi-line text input.
- Highlight how it can be useful for passing long strings, such as JSON, XML, or large blocks of text.

9. Credentials Parameter

Syntax:

credentials(name: 'CREDENTIALS_PARAM', description: 'Select credentials', credentialType: 'com.cloudbees.plugins.credentials.impl.UsernamePasswordCredentialsImpl')

• Explanation:

- Discuss the credentials parameter, which integrates with Jenkins' credentials management to securely pass sensitive information.
- Explain how different types of credentials (e.g., username/password, SSH keys) can be used and retrieved within the pipeline.

10. Using Parameters in Stages

• Example:

```
pipeline {
  agent any
  parameters {
   // All parameters defined here
  }
  stages {
    stage('Display Parameters') {
     steps {
       script {
         echo "STRING_PARAM: ${params.STRING_PARAM}"
         echo "BOOLEAN_PARAM: ${params.BOOLEAN_PARAM}"
         echo "CHOICE_PARAM: ${params.CHOICE_PARAM}"
         echo "PASSWORD_PARAM: ${params.PASSWORD_PARAM}"
         echo "FILE_PARAM: ${params.FILE_PARAM}"
         echo "TEXT_PARAM: ${params.TEXT_PARAM}"
         echo "CREDENTIALS_PARAM: ${params.CREDENTIALS_PARAM}"
       }
     }
    }
  }
}
```

• Explanation:

- o Show how to define and use parameters within pipeline stages.
- o Explain how to access and manipulate parameter values using the params object.

11. Advanced Parameter Handling

• Parameter Validation:

 Discuss how to add validation logic to ensure parameters are used correctly within the pipeline.

• Dynamic Parameters:

 Explain techniques for generating or altering parameter values dynamically based on previous stages or conditions.

12. Practical Use Cases

Examples:

- Provide real-world examples where different parameter types are used together to create flexible and reusable pipelines.
- Discuss scenarios like deploying to different environments, toggling features, or passing secure credentials for authentication.

13. Security Considerations

• Best Practices:

- Emphasize the importance of securely handling sensitive parameters like passwords and credentials.
- Recommend using Jenkins' built-in security features to manage and protect sensitive data

14. Conclusion

• Summary:

- o Recap the key points about Jenkins pipeline parameters.
- Encourage experimentation with different parameter types to enhance the flexibility of pipelines.