

Lab code: L3

Problem number and statement: Problem 8

Write a function that reverses a list together with all its sublist elements at any level.

Formal descriptions:

- Mathematical models:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{reverseAll}(l_1 \dots l_n) &: \begin{cases} \text{reverseAux}(l_n), \text{reverseAux}(l_{n-1}), \dots, \text{reverseAux}(l_1) \end{cases} \\ \text{reverseAux}(\text{elem}) &: \begin{cases} \text{reverseAll}(\text{elem}), & \text{if elem is a list} \\ \text{elem}, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

- Meaning of function parameters:

l_1, l_2, \dots, l_n – elements of the input list

elem – either a list or an atom, if list we call the main function on it

Source code:

```
(defun reverseAux (l)
  (cond
    ((listp l) (reverseAll l))
    (t l)))
```

```
(defun reverseAll (l)
  (mapcar 'reverseAux (reverse l)))
```

Running examples:

```
(reverseAll '(1 2 (x y z))) -> (reverseAux '(x y z)) -> (reverseAll '(x y z)) -> (z y x)
                                -> (reverseAux '2) -> 2
                                -> (reverseAux '1) -> 1
```

```
=> ((z y x) 2 1)
```