

### Program3

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# User-defined activation functions
def sigmoid(x):
    return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
def tanh(x):
    return (np.exp(x) - np.exp(-x)) / (np.exp(x) + np.exp(-x))
def relu(x):
    return np.maximum(0, x)

# Generate input values
x = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)

built_in_sigmoid = 1/(1+np.exp(-x))
built_in_tanh = np.tanh(x)
built_in_relu = np.maximum(0,x)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

# User-defined activation functions
def sigmoid(x):
    """
```

Sigmoid activation function.

```
"""
```

```
return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
```

```
def tanh(x):
```

```
"""
```

Tanh activation function.

```
"""
```

```
return (np.exp(x) - np.exp(-x)) / (np.exp(x) + np.exp(-x))
```

```
def relu(x):
```

```
"""
```

ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit) activation function.

```
"""
```

```
return np.maximum(0, x)
```

```
# Built-in activation functions
```

```
from scipy.special import expit # Sigmoid
```

```
# Define input range
```

```
x = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
```

```
# Plot user-defined functions
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

```
plt.plot(x, sigmoid(x), label='Sigmoid')
plt.plot(x, tanh(x), label='Tanh')
plt.plot(x, relu(x), label='ReLU')

plt.xlabel('Input (x)')
plt.ylabel('Output')
plt.title('User-defined Activation Functions')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

#### **program5**

```
import numpy as np

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD, Adam

# Generate some random data for demonstration
np.random.seed(0)
X = np.random.rand(1000, 10)
y = np.random.randint(0, 2, 1000)

# Create a simple neural network model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(64, input_dim=10, activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
# Compile the model using SGD optimizer
```

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=SGD(lr=0.01),  
metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
# Train the model with SGD optimizer
```

```
model.fit(X, y, epochs=10, batch_size=32)
```

```
# Compile the model using Adam optimizer
```

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(lr=0.001),  
metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
# Train the model with Adam optimizer
```

```
model.fit(X, y, epochs=10, batch_size=32)
```

Program 7

```
import numpy as np
```

```
from keras.models import Model, Sequential
```

```
from keras.layers import Flatten, Dense, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dropout
```

```
from keras.datasets import mnist
```

```
from keras.utils import to_categorical
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
```

```
x_train = x_train.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1).astype('float32')/255
```

```
x_test = x_test.reshape(-1,28,28,1).astype('float32')/255
```

```
y_train = to_categorical(y_train,10)
```

```
y_test = to_categorical(y_test,10)
```

```
model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(32,kernel_size=5,strides=1,padding='same',activation  
='relu',input_shape=(28,28,1)))
```

```
model.add(MaxPooling2D(padding='same'))
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(64,kernel_size=5,strides=1,padding='same',activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(MaxPooling2D(padding='same'))
```

```
model.add(Flatten())
```

```
model.add(Dense(1024,activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
```

```
model.add(Dense(10,activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss =  
'categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=5,batch_size=64,validation_split=0.2)
```

```
def plot_filters(layer,layer_index):
```

```
    filters,biases = layer.get_weights()
```

```
    n_filters = filters.shape[-1]
```

```
    fig,axs = plt.subplots(1,n_filters,figsize=(20,5))
```

```
    for i in range(n_filters):
```

```

f = filters[:, :, 0, i]
axs[i].imshow(f, cmap='gray')
axs[i].axis('off')
plt.suptitle(f'Filters of layer {layer_index}')
plt.show()

```

```

def plot_feature_maps(image, layer, layer_index):
    feature_extractor = Model(inputs=model.inputs, outputs = layer.output)
    feature_maps = feature_extractor.predict(image[np.newaxis,...])
    n_feature_maps = feature_maps.shape[-1]
    fig, axis = plt.subplots(1, n_feature_maps, figsize=(20, 5))
    for i in range(n_feature_maps):
        f = feature_maps[0, :, :, i]
        axis[i].imshow(f, cmap='gray')
        axis[i].axis('off')
    plt.suptitle(f'Feature maps of layer {layer_index}')
    plt.show()

```

```

plot_feature_maps(x_test[0], model.layers[0], 0)

```

## **program8**

```

import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential

```

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import SimpleRNN,Dense
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
```

```
def generate_data(seq_length,num_seqs):
```

```
    x = np.random.rand(num_seqs,seq_length,1)
```

```
    y = np.random.rand(num_seqs,seq_length)
```

```
    return x,y
```

```
sequence_length = 10
```

```
num_sequences = 1000
```

```
x,y = generate_data(sequence_length,num_sequences)
```

```
model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(SimpleRNN(50,activation='relu',input_shape=(sequence_length,1)))
```

```
model.add(Dense(1))
```

```
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(),loss='mse')
```

```
model.fit(x,y,epochs=10,batch_size=32)
```

```
loss = model.evaluate(x,y)
```

```
print(f'Loss:{loss}')
```

```
sample_data = np.random.rand(1,sequence_length)
```

```
prediction = model.predict(sample_data)
```

```
print(f'Prediction : {prediction}')
```

## Program 9

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM,Dense
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam

def generate_data(seq_length,num_seqs):
    x = np.random.rand(num_seqs,seq_length,1)
    y = np.random.rand(num_seqs,seq_length)
    return x,y

sequence_length = 10
num_sequences = 1000
x,y = generate_data(sequence_length,num_sequences)

model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(50,activation='tanh',inaput_shape=(sequence_length,1)))
model.add(Dense(1))

model.compile(optimizer=Adam(),loss='mse')
model.fit(x,y,epochs=10,batch_size=32)

loss = model.evaluate(x,y)
```



```
print(f'Loss:{loss}')
```

```
sample_data = np.random.rand(1,sequence_length)
```

```
prediction = model.predict(sample_data)
```

```
print(f'Prediction : {prediction}')
```