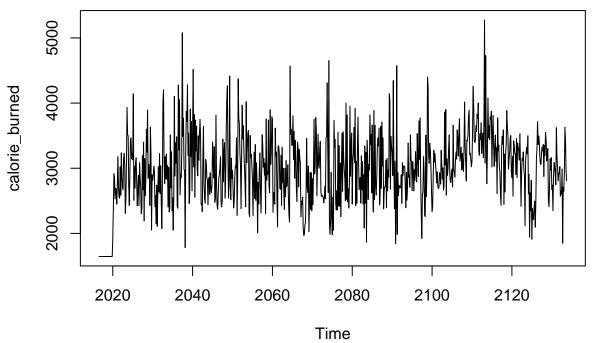
# Time Series project

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3/26/2018

```
if(!require("readxl")){
  install.packages("readxl")
  library("readxl")
}
## Loading required package: readxl
setwd("~/Dropbox/MSP/2nd semester/time series/Fitbit project/FitBit Data")
filenames = list.files(pattern="*.xls")
df = lapply(filenames, function(x) read_xls(x, sheet=2))
fitbit = do.call(rbind, df)
if(!require("forecast")){
  install.packages("forecast")
  library("forecast")
}
## Loading required package: forecast
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 3.4.2
if(!require("ggplot2")){
  install.packages("ggplot2")
  library("ggplot2")
## Loading required package: ggplot2
if(!require("vars")){
  install.packages("vars")
  library("vars")
## Loading required package: vars
## Loading required package: MASS
## Loading required package: strucchange
## Loading required package: zoo
## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 3.4.3
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
## Loading required package: sandwich
## Loading required package: urca
## Loading required package: lmtest
```

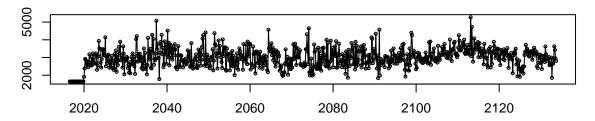
```
library(tseries)
for(i in 2:ncol(fitbit)){
  fitbit[i] = lapply(fitbit[i], function(x) gsub("[,]", "", x))
  fitbit[i] = lapply(fitbit[i], function(x) as.numeric(x))
}

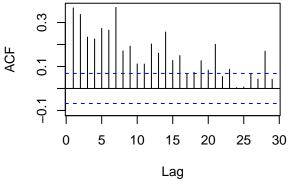
calorie_burned = ts(fitbit$`Calories Burned`, start=c(2015,12,1), frequency=7)
plot.ts(calorie_burned)
```

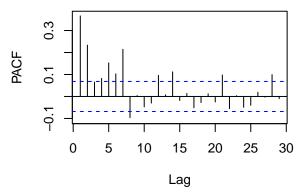


tsdisplay(calorie\_burned)

### calorie\_burned

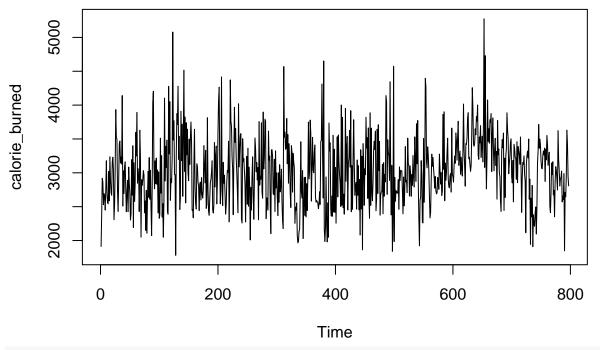






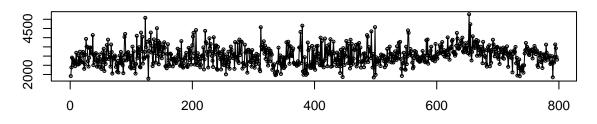
```
# steps more than 20000
step.2000 = fitbit[which(fitbit$Steps>20000),]
# steps = 0
step.0 = fitbit[which(fitbit$Steps==0),]
#start to wear fitbit on 12.25

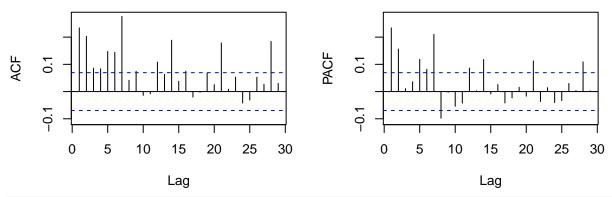
# delete data before then
fitbit.new = fitbit[which(fitbit$Steps!=0),]
calorie_burned = ts(fitbit.new$`Calories Burned`)
plot.ts(calorie_burned)
```



tsdisplay(calorie\_burned)

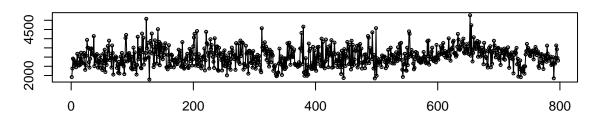
## calorie\_burned

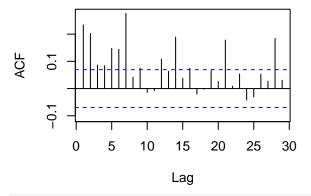


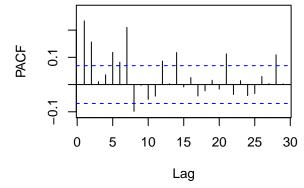


X = calorie\_burned
tsdisplay(X)

X

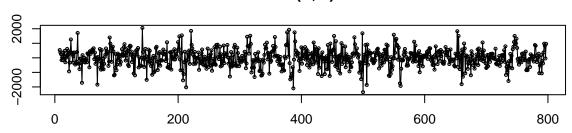


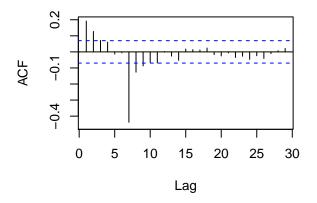


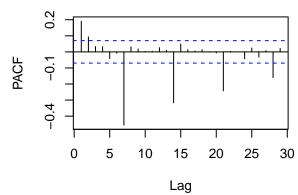


tsdisplay(diff(X, 7)) # better



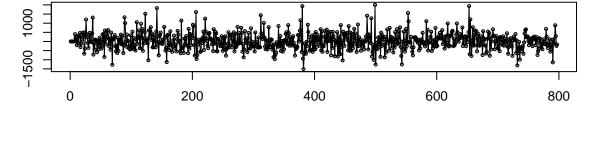


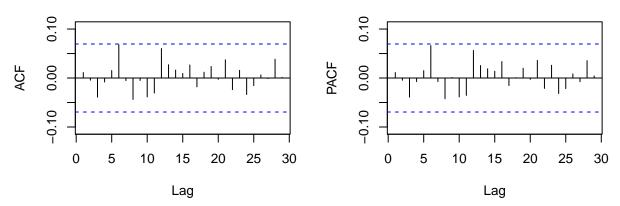




```
adf.test(diff(X,7), alternative="stationary", k=0)
## Warning in adf.test(diff(X, 7), alternative = "stationary", k = 0): p-value
## smaller than printed p-value
##
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: diff(X, 7)
## Dickey-Fuller = -23.051, Lag order = 0, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
sarima202112 = Arima(X, order = c(2, 0, 2), seasonal=list(order=c(1,1,2), period=7))
sarima202111 = Arima(X, order = c(2, 0, 2), seasonal=list(order=c(1,1,1), period=7))
sarima202113 = Arima(X, order = c(2, 0, 2), seasonal=list(order=c(1,1,3), period=7))
AIC(sarima202111, sarima202112, sarima202113) #sarima202112
##
                df
                        AIC
## sarima202111 7 11967.51
## sarima202112 8 11966.14
## sarima202113 9 11971.59
BIC(sarima202111, sarima202112, sarima202113) #sarima202111
##
                        BIC
                df
## sarima202111 7 12000.22
## sarima202112 8 12003.52
## sarima202113 9 12013.64
# choose sarima101111
tsdisplay(sarima202111$residuals)
```

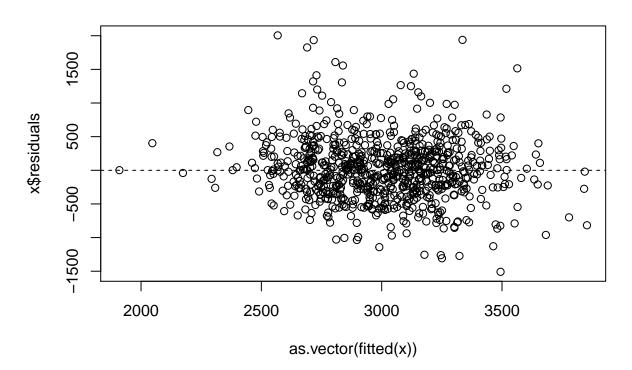
### sarima202111\$residuals



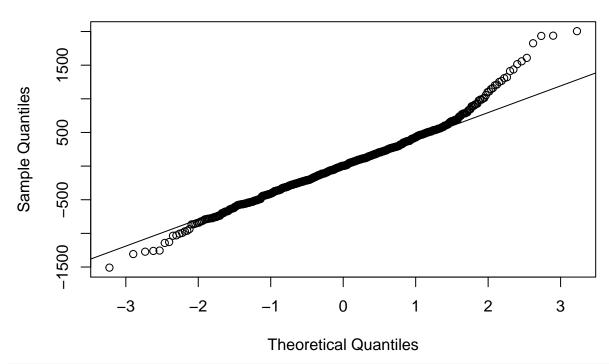


```
diag = function(x){
    # test for constant variance
    plot(as.vector(fitted(x)), x$residuals, main="Residual Plot")
    abline(h=0, lty=2)
    # assessing normality
    qqnorm(x$residuals)
    qqline(x$residuals)
}
diag(sarima202111)
```

## **Residual Plot**

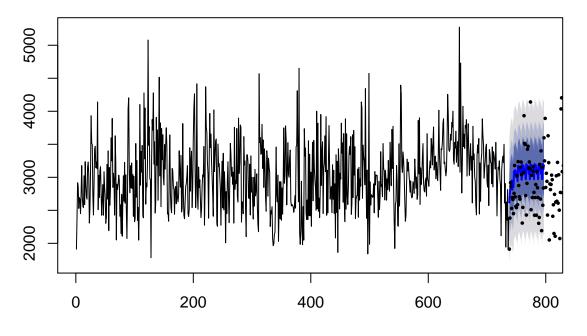


### Normal Q-Q Plot



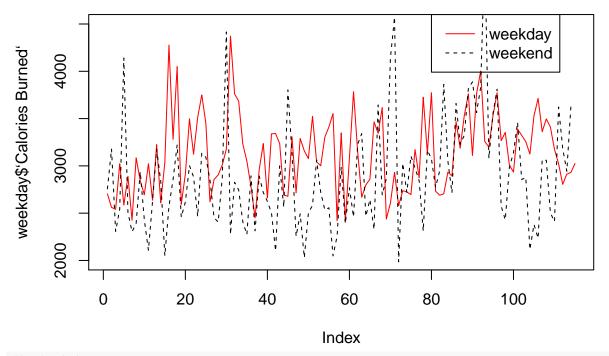
```
#Box.test(sarima202111$residuals, 1, type="Ljung-Box", fitdf=14)
sarima_2 = Arima(X[1:(length(X)-60)], order = c(2, 0, 2), seasonal=list(order=c(1,1,1), period=7))
last60 = forecast(sarima_2, 60, level = c(60, 80, 95))
plot(last60)
points(ts(X, start=length(calorie_burned)-60+1), end=length(calorie_burned), pch=16, cex=.5)
## Warning in plot.xy(xy.coords(x, y), type = type, ...): "end" is not a
## graphical parameter
```

## Forecasts from ARIMA(2,0,2)(1,1,1)[7]



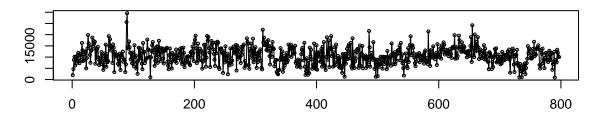
```
# set up time
fitbit.new$Date = as.Date(fitbit.new$Date)
fitbit.new$day of week = weekdays(fitbit.new$Date)
fitbit.new$week = strftime(fitbit.new$Date, format = "%V")
fitbit.new$month = months(fitbit.new$Date)
fitbit.new$year = as.numeric(substr(fitbit.new$Date,1,4))
fitbit.new$quarters = paste(fitbit.new$year,quarters(fitbit.new$Date),sep = "-")
weekday = fitbit.new[which(fitbit.new$day_of_week==c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Frida
## Warning in fitbit.new$day_of_week == c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", :
## longer object length is not a multiple of shorter object length
weekend = fitbit.new[which(fitbit.new$day of week==c("Saturday", "Sunday")),]
## Warning in fitbit.new$day_of_week == c("Saturday", "Sunday"): longer object
## length is not a multiple of shorter object length
plot(weekday$`Calories Burned`, type = "l", col = "red", lty = 1,
     ylim = c(2000,4500), main = "Day of week calories plot")
lines(weekend$`Calories Burned`, col = "black", lty = 2)
legend(80,4600, legend = c("weekday", "weekend"), col =c("red", "black"), lty =1:2)
```

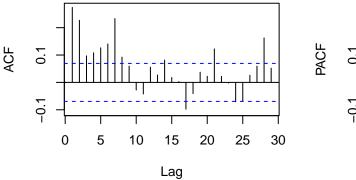
### Day of week calories plot

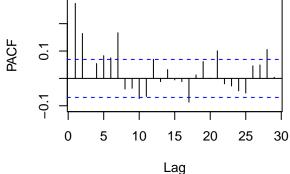


#test stationary
step = ts(fitbit.new\$Steps)
tsdisplay(step)

### step







#### adf.test(step)

```
## Warning in adf.test(step): p-value smaller than printed p-value
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: step
## Dickey-Fuller = -7.1728, Lag order = 9, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

#### summary(step)

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 917 7900 10459 10610 13365 29552
```

### summary(lm(fitbit.new\$`Calories Burned`~fitbit.new\$Steps))

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = fitbit.new$`Calories Burned` ~ fitbit.new$Steps)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -921.85 -169.27
                    -32.47 143.78 1746.10
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    1.846e+03 2.774e+01
                                            66.56
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## fitbit.new$Steps 1.110e-01 2.452e-03
                                            45.25
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 271.5 on 795 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7203, Adjusted R-squared: 0.72
## F-statistic: 2048 on 1 and 795 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
ggplot(fitbit.new, aes(x=Steps, y=`Calories Burned`)) + geom_point() + geom_smooth()</pre>
```

## `geom\_smooth()` using method = 'loess'

