Setting Up and Running a Node.js App with Docker

Objective:

This guide will walk you through the process of containerizing an existing Node.js application using Docker and simplifying the management of the container using Docker Compose.

Step 1: Create the Dockerfile

1. Create a Dockerfile in the root directory of your existing Node.js application. Link

Explanation:

- FROM node:latest: This uses the official Node.js image as the base image.
- WORKDIR /app: Sets the working directory inside the container.
- **COPY** . .: Copies all the project files into the container.
- RUN npm install: Installs the dependencies.
- **EXPOSE 3000**: Exposes port 3000 to the outside world.
- CMD ["npm", "start"]: The default command to run the application.

Step 2: Set Up Docker Compose

Using Docker Compose will simplify managing the application container. Here's how to set it up.

1. Create a docker-compose.yml file in the root directory of your project. link

Explanation:

- **build:** .: This tells Docker Compose to build the image using the Dockerfile in the current directory.
- ports: Maps the container's port 3000 to your local machine's port 3000.

Step 3: Build and Run the Containers Using Docker Compose

1. Build and Start the Containers: Use the following command to build the image and start the container with Docker Compose:

Docker compose -f docker-compose.yaml up -d

Explanation:

- **-f docker-compose.yaml**: Specifies the file (docker-compose.yaml) to use for configuring the services.
- up: Instructs Docker Compose to start the services.
- -d: Runs the containers in detached mode (in the background), allowing you to continue using the terminal.

Step 4 : Once the container is up, your Node.js app will be available at:

http://localhost:3000/



Summary

This guide outlines how to containerize an existing Node.js application with Docker and Docker Compose. Here's a guick overview of the steps:

- 1. **Dockerfile**: A Dockerfile is created to specify how the image will be built and which commands to run.
- 2. **Docker Compose**: By using Docker Compose, you simplify container management with a docker-compose.yml file.
- 3. **Running in Detached Mode**: You can run your containers in detached mode using Docker Compose for background operation.

With this setup, your Node.js application is successfully containerized and managed using Docker Compose.