

programs_4_tf_pd_np

August 7, 2023

```
[1]: import numpy as np
      # import tensorflow as tf
      import pandas as pd
```

```
[15]: a = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
      print(a)
      print(a.shape)
      # [3, 2] => pad axis=0 with 3 values before and 2 values after.
      # [2, 3] => pad axis=1 with 2 values before and 3 values after.
      print(np.pad(a, pad_width=[[3, 2], [2, 3]],))
      print(np.pad(a, pad_width=[[3, 2], [2, 3]],).shape)
```

```
[[1 2]
 [3 4]]
(2, 2)
[[0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 1 2 0 0 0]
 [0 0 3 4 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 0 0 0 0]]
(7, 7)
```

```
[4]: a = tf.constant([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]], tf.int32)
      print(a)
      b = tf.constant([1,2], tf.int32)
      # output tensor's i'th dimension has input.dims(i) * multiples[i] elements, -
      # - and the values of input are kept multiples[i] times along the 'i'th
      ↪ dimension.

      # output tensor's 0'th dimension has 2 * 1 elements, -
      # - and the values of input are kept 1 times along the '0'th dimension.

      # output tensor's 1'th dimension has 3 * 2 elements, -
      # - and the values of input are kept 2 times along the '1'th dimension.
```

```
print(tf.tile(a, b))
```

```
tf.Tensor(  
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]], shape=(2, 3), dtype=int32)  
tf.Tensor(  
[[1 2 3 1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6 4 5 6]], shape=(2, 6), dtype=int32)
```

```
[5]: c = tf.constant([2,1], tf.int32)  
print(tf.tile(a, c))
```

```
tf.Tensor(  
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]  
 [1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]], shape=(4, 3), dtype=int32)
```

```
[6]: d = tf.constant([2,2], tf.int32)  
print(tf.tile(a, d))
```

```
tf.Tensor(  
[[1 2 3 1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6 4 5 6]  
 [1 2 3 1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6 4 5 6]], shape=(4, 6), dtype=int32)
```

```
[9]:
```

```
[9]: 2
```

```
[4]: #####  
  
df = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2, 3],  
                   [4, 5, 6],  
                   [7, 8, 9],  
                   [np.nan, np.nan, np.nan]],  
                  columns=['A', 'B', 'C'])  
df
```

```
[4]:
```

	A	B	C
0	1.0	2.0	3.0
1	4.0	5.0	6.0
2	7.0	8.0	9.0
3	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
[5]: df.aggregate('max', axis=1)
```

```
[5]: 0    3.0
      1    6.0
      2    9.0
      3   NaN
      dtype: float64
```

```
[6]: #####
mydict = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4},
          {'a': 100, 'b': 200, 'c': 300, 'd': 400},
          {'a': 1000, 'b': 2000, 'c': 3000, 'd': 4000 },
          {'a': 10, 'b': 9, 'c': 8, 'd': 7 },
          {'a': 11, 'b': 12, 'c': 13, 'd': 14 }]
df = pd.DataFrame(mydict)
df
```

```
[6]:      a      b      c      d
0      1      2      3      4
1     100     200     300     400
2    1000    2000    3000    4000
3      10      9      8      7
4      11     12     13     14
```

```
[8]: # iloc[start:stop:step]
df.iloc[0::2]
```

```
[8]:      a      b      c      d
0      1      2      3      4
2    1000    2000    3000    4000
4      11     12     13     14
```

```
[ ]: #####
```

```
[3]: # The expression lst[::-1] is used to reverse the elements of a list in Python.
      ↪ Let me explain how it works.
      # The general syntax for indexing is list_name[start_index:stop_index:step],
      # The step value is -1, which means it iterates through the list in reverse
      ↪ order with steps of 1.
lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
reverse_list = lst[::-1]
print(reverse_list)
```

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

```
[1]: # lst[-5:], you are specifying a range starting from the fifth element from the
      ↪ end (inclusive) and continuing until the end of the list.
lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
last_five_elements = lst[-5:]
```

```
print(last_five_elements)
```

```
[6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
```

```
[4]: # [:5], the stop_index is 5, indicating that the sublist should include
      ↪ elements up to, but not including, the element at index 5.
lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
first_five_elements = lst[:5]
print(first_five_elements)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
[5]: # [:-5], the stop_index is -5,
lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
first_five_elements = lst[:-5]
print(first_five_elements)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
[5]: # OR =====
a = {"hello":1, 2:4, "hello":6}
# a => {'hello': 6, 2: 4}

b = {"hello":1, 2:4, "hello_1":6}
print(list(b))
```

```
['hello', 2, 'hello_1']
```

```
[ ]: #####
```

```
[6]: x=np.random.randint(0, 50, size=(2,3,4,2))
tf_1 = tf.convert_to_tensor(x, dtype=tf.float32)
tf_1[:,1:,:,:].shape
```

```
[6]: TensorShape([2, 2, 4, 2])
```

```
[ ]: #####
```

```
[20]: z => array(['', 'archivist', 'archivist', 'block'], dtype='<U9')
z = z.view(np.uint32)
z =>
array([ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 97, 114, 99, 104,
       105, 118, 105, 115, 116, 97, 114, 99, 104, 105, 118, 105, 115,
       116, 98, 108, 111, 99, 107, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=uint32)

# array([ 97, 114, 99, 104, 105, 118, 105, 115, 116, 97, 114, 99, 104,
```

```
# 105, 118, 105, 115, 116], dtype=uint32)
```

```
array(['', 'archivist', 'archivist', 'block'], dtype='<U9')
```

```
[20]: array([ 0,  0,  0,  0,  0,  0,  0,  0,  0, 97, 114, 99, 104,
           105, 118, 105, 115, 116, 97, 114, 99, 104, 105, 118, 105, 115,
           116, 98, 108, 111, 99, 107,  0,  0,  0,  0], dtype=uint32)
```

```
[21]: #####
```

```
aa = np.arange(32) #np.random.rand(32,32,32)
print(aa)
aa.shape
```

```
[ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31]
```

```
[21]: (32,)
```

```
[23]: a31 = aa[-19:31]
print(a31)
print(a31.shape)
aa[-19:32].shape
```

```
[13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30]
(18,)
```

```
[23]: (19,)
```

```
[26]: print(aa[-19:13])
print(aa[-19:14])
```

```
[]
[13]
```

```
[30]: a31 = aa[19:-7]
print(a31)
print(a31.shape)
```

```
[19 20 21 22 23 24]
(6,)
```

```
[31]: import random
```

```
[32]: ch_arr = list(range(3))
random.sample(ch_arr, len(ch_arr))
```

```
[32]: [1, 0, 2]
```

```
[48]: #####
ab = np.array([[range(5), range(5,10)], [range(10,15), range(15,20)]])
print(ab.shape)
ab
```

(2, 2, 5)

```
[48]: array([[[ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4],
             [ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9]],

            [[10, 11, 12, 13, 14],
             [15, 16, 17, 18, 19]]])
```

```
[60]: print(ab[:,[1,0]].shape)
ab[:,[1,0]] # interchange indices for dimension 1.
```

(2, 2, 5)

```
[60]: array([[[ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9],
             [ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4]],

            [[15, 16, 17, 18, 19],
             [10, 11, 12, 13, 14]]])
```

```
[58]: print(ab[:,[1,0],[4,0]].shape)
ab[:,[1,0],[4,0]]
# pick 4th index in dimension 2 along the index 1 of dimension 1.
# pick 0th index in dimension 2 along the index 0 of dimension 1.
```

(2, 2)

```
[58]: array([[ 9,  0],
             [19, 10]])
```

```
[56]: print(ab[:,[1,0],[4]].shape)
ab[:,[1,0],[4]]
# pick 4th index in dimension 2 along the index 1 of dimension 1.
# pick 4th index in dimension 2 along the index 0 of dimension 1.
```

(2, 2)

```
[56]: array([[ 9,  4],
             [19, 14]])
```

```
[64]: print(ab[:,[1,0,1]].shape)
ab[:,[1,0,1]]
```

(2, 3, 5)

```
[64]: array([[[ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9],
               [ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4],
               [ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9]],

              [[15, 16, 17, 18, 19],
               [10, 11, 12, 13, 14],
               [15, 16, 17, 18, 19]]])
```

```
[63]: print(ab[:,[1,0,1],[1,0,1]].shape)
      ab[:,[1,0,1],[1,0,1]] # interchange indices for dimension 1.
```

```
(2, 3)
```

```
[63]: array([[ 6,  0,  6],
              [16, 10, 16]])
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[169]: #####
      ab = np.random.randint(0, 179, (3,2,3,2,3))
      ab = torch.from_numpy(ab)
      print(ab.shape)
      ab
```

```
torch.Size([3, 2, 3, 2, 3])
```

```
[169]: tensor([[[[177,  63, 164],
                  [ 22,  61,  71]],

                 [[ 67, 112,  76],
                  [139,  36, 125]],

                 [[101, 126,  36],
                  [160, 147, 154]]],

               [[[127, 124, 123],
                  [144,  22, 117]],

                 [[ 35, 133, 163],
                  [178, 168,  92]],

                 [[ 76, 138, 160],
                  [ 57,  91,  69]]]])
```

```

[[[ 38, 173, 95],
  [ 11, 83, 113]],

 [[ 50, 15, 13],
  [170, 94, 39]],

 [[ 19, 51, 126],
  [165, 104, 54]]],

 [[ 64, 142, 13],
  [110, 33, 96]],

 [[134, 13, 0],
  [178, 10, 99]],

 [[ 49, 107, 64],
  [120, 155, 67]]]],

 [[[[ 68, 49, 20],
  [115, 12, 32]],

 [[ 30, 20, 96],
  [143, 39, 117]],

 [[ 36, 127, 9],
  [ 4, 63, 92]]],

 [[165, 22, 88],
  [ 34, 169, 45]],

 [[158, 38, 62],
  [100, 167, 113]],

 [[150, 116, 78],
  [ 15, 35, 141]]]]])

```

```

[170]: # ab.shape => (3, 2, 3, 2, 3)
# ab[0].shape => (2, 3, 2, 3)
ab[0]

```

```

[170]: tensor([[[[177, 63, 164],
  [ 22, 61, 71]],

```



```

[[ 67, 112,  76],
 [139,  36, 125]],

[[101, 126,  36],
 [160, 147, 154]]],

[[[127, 124, 123],
  [144,  22, 117]],

 [[ 35, 133, 163],
  [178, 168,  92]],

 [[ 76, 138, 160],
  [ 57,  91,  69]]]])

```

```

[171]: # ab[0,:].shape => (2, 3, 2, 3)
       ab[0,:]

```

```

[171]: tensor([[[[177,  63, 164],
  [ 22,  61,  71]],

 [[ 67, 112,  76],
  [139,  36, 125]],

 [[101, 126,  36],
  [160, 147, 154]]],

 [[[127, 124, 123],
  [144,  22, 117]],

 [[ 35, 133, 163],
  [178, 168,  92]],

 [[ 76, 138, 160],
  [ 57,  91,  69]]]])

```

```

[172]: # ab.shape => (3, 2, 3, 2, 3)
       # ab[0,:,0].shape => (2, 2, 3)
       ab[0,:,0]

```

```

[172]: tensor([[[[177,  63, 164],
  [ 22,  61,  71]],

 [[127, 124, 123],
  [144,  22, 117]]]])

```

[]:

```
[173]: ch = [[1,0,2],[2,0,1]]
for i,c in enumerate(ch):
    # this doesnot work if ab is numpy array.
    ab[i] = ab[i,:,c] # interchange indices for dimension 2.
    break
print(ab.shape)
ab[0]
```

torch.Size([3, 2, 3, 2, 3])

```
[173]: tensor([[[[ 67, 112,  76],
               [139,  36, 125]],

               [[177,  63, 164],
               [ 22,  61,  71]],

               [[101, 126,  36],
               [160, 147, 154]]],

            [[[ 35, 133, 163],
               [178, 168,  92]],

            [[127, 124, 123],
               [144,  22, 117]],

            [[ 76, 138, 160],
               [ 57,  91,  69]]]])
```

```
[181]: #####
a = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12])
z = np.
    ↪ array([False,False,False,False,True,False,False,True,False,False,False])
print(z.shape)
print(np.where(z))
print(np.where(z)[0])
a[np.where(z)]
```

(12,)
(array([4, 7]),)
[4 7]

```
[181]: array([5, 8])
```

[]:

[]: