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Exploratory Data Analysis

Bank Marketing (Campaign)

08.20.2023

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Agenda

Executive Summary

Problem Statement

Approach

EDA

EDA Summary

Recommendations



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Executive Summary

- In this project, we conducted a data analysis on taxi usage in different cities and demographic groups in the United States to determine the most appropriate taxi investment for XYZ. The findings provide critical recommendations for the firm to consider when making an investment.



Problem Statement

- **ABC Bank aims to launch a new term deposit product. However, their current marketing approach lacks precision, making it difficult to identify customers most likely to be interested. This leads to missed sales opportunities and potentially wasted marketing resources.**



Approach

- By leveraging a targeted marketing approach, we aim to identify high-potential customers for the new term deposit product, optimizing outreach and maximizing sales success.



EDA

- **The analysis revealed that certain customer segments and demographics are more likely to purchase term deposits. Additionally, some marketing channels are more effective in specific regions.**



Summary Statistics of All Features:

Column Name: poutcome
poutcome
nonexistent 35563
failure 4252
success 1373
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: education
education
university.degree 12168
high.school 9515
basic.9y 6045
professional.course 5243
basic.4y 4176
basic.6y 2292
unknown 1731
illiterate 18
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: y
y
no 36548
yes 4640
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: default
default
no 32588
unknown 8597
yes 3
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: housing
housing
yes 21576
no 18622
unknown 990
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: loan
loan
no 33950
yes 6248
unknown 990
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: contact
contact
cellular 26144
telephone 15044
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: month
month
may 13769
jul 7174
aug 6178
jun 5318
nov 4101
apr 2632
oct 718
sep 570
mar 546
dec 182
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: day_of_week
day_of_week
thu 8623
mon 8514
wed 8134
tue 8090
fri 7827
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: job
job
admin. 10422
blue-collar 9254
technician 6743
services 3969
management 2924
retired 1720
entrepreneur 1456
self-employed 1421
housemaid 1060
unemployed 1014
student 875
unknown 330
Name: count, dtype: int64

Column Name: marital
marital
married 24928
single 11568
divorced 4612
unknown 80
Name: count, dtype: int64



Summary Statistics of All Features:

```
Column Name: age
count      41188.000000
mean       40.02406
std        10.42125
min        17.000000
25%        32.000000
50%        38.000000
75%        47.000000
max        98.000000
Name: age, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: cons.price.idx
count      41188.000000
mean       93.575664
std        0.578840
min        92.201000
25%        93.075000
50%        93.749000
75%        93.994000
max        94.767000
Name: cons.price.idx, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: duration
count      41188.000000
mean       258.285010
std        259.279249
min         0.000000
25%        102.000000
50%        180.000000
75%        319.000000
max       4918.000000
Name: duration, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: emp.var.rate
count      41188.000000
mean        0.081886
std         1.570960
min        -3.400000
25%        -1.800000
50%         1.100000
75%         1.400000
max         1.400000
Name: emp.var.rate, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: cons.conf.idx
count      41188.000000
mean       -40.502600
std         4.628198
min        -50.800000
25%        -42.700000
50%        -41.800000
75%        -36.400000
max        -26.900000
Name: cons.conf.idx, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: previous
count      41188.000000
mean        0.172963
std         0.494901
min         0.000000
25%         0.000000
50%         0.000000
75%         0.000000
max         7.000000
Name: previous, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: nr.employed
count      41188.000000
mean      5167.035911
std        72.251528
min      4963.600000
25%      5099.100000
50%      5191.000000
75%      5228.100000
max      5228.100000
Name: nr.employed, dtype: float64
```

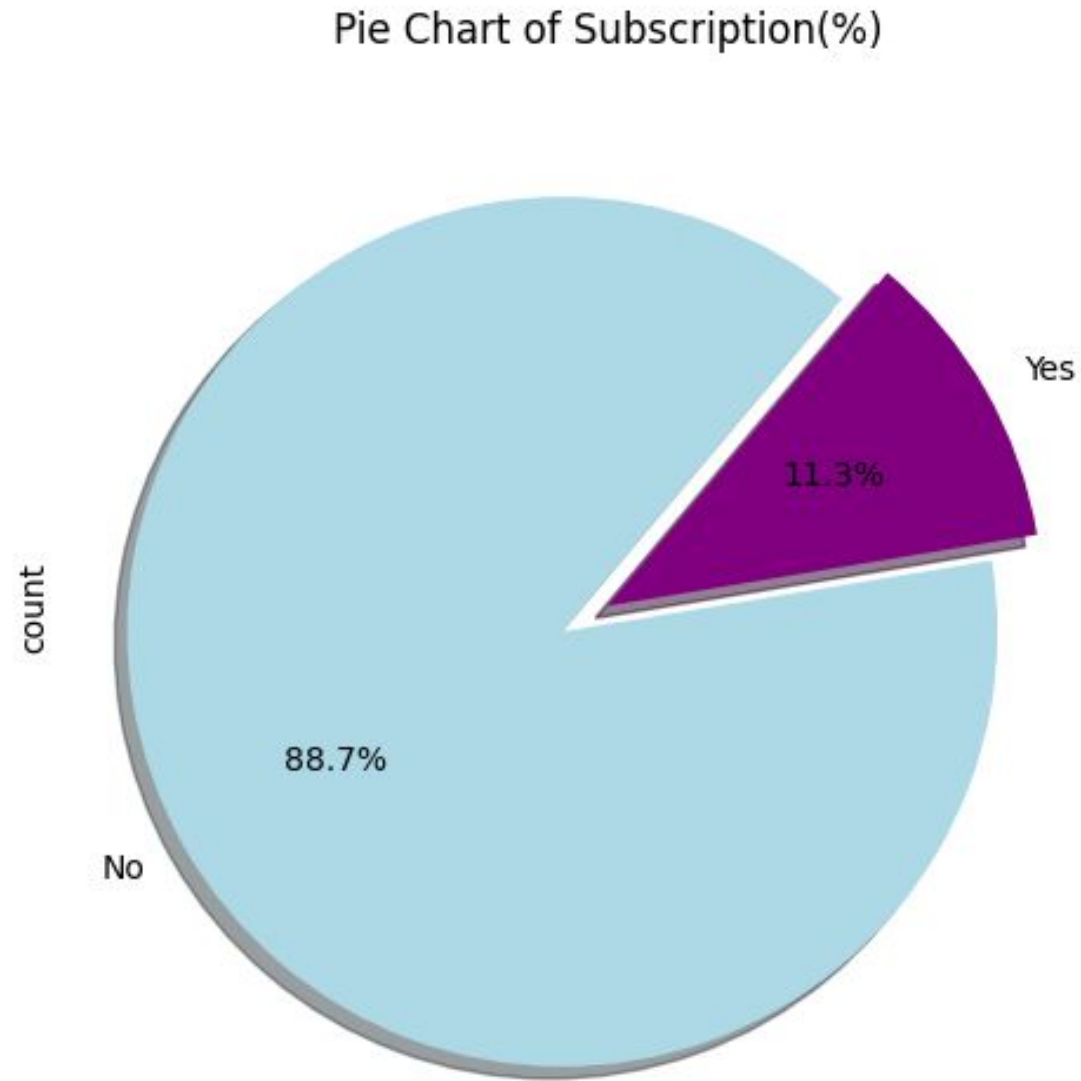
```
Column Name: euribor3m
count      41188.000000
mean        3.621291
std         1.734447
min         0.634000
25%         1.344000
50%         4.857000
75%         4.961000
max         5.045000
Name: euribor3m, dtype: float64
```

```
Column Name: pdays
count      41188.000000
mean       962.475454
std        186.910907
min         0.000000
25%        999.000000
50%        999.000000
75%        999.000000
max        999.000000
Name: pdays, dtype: float64
```

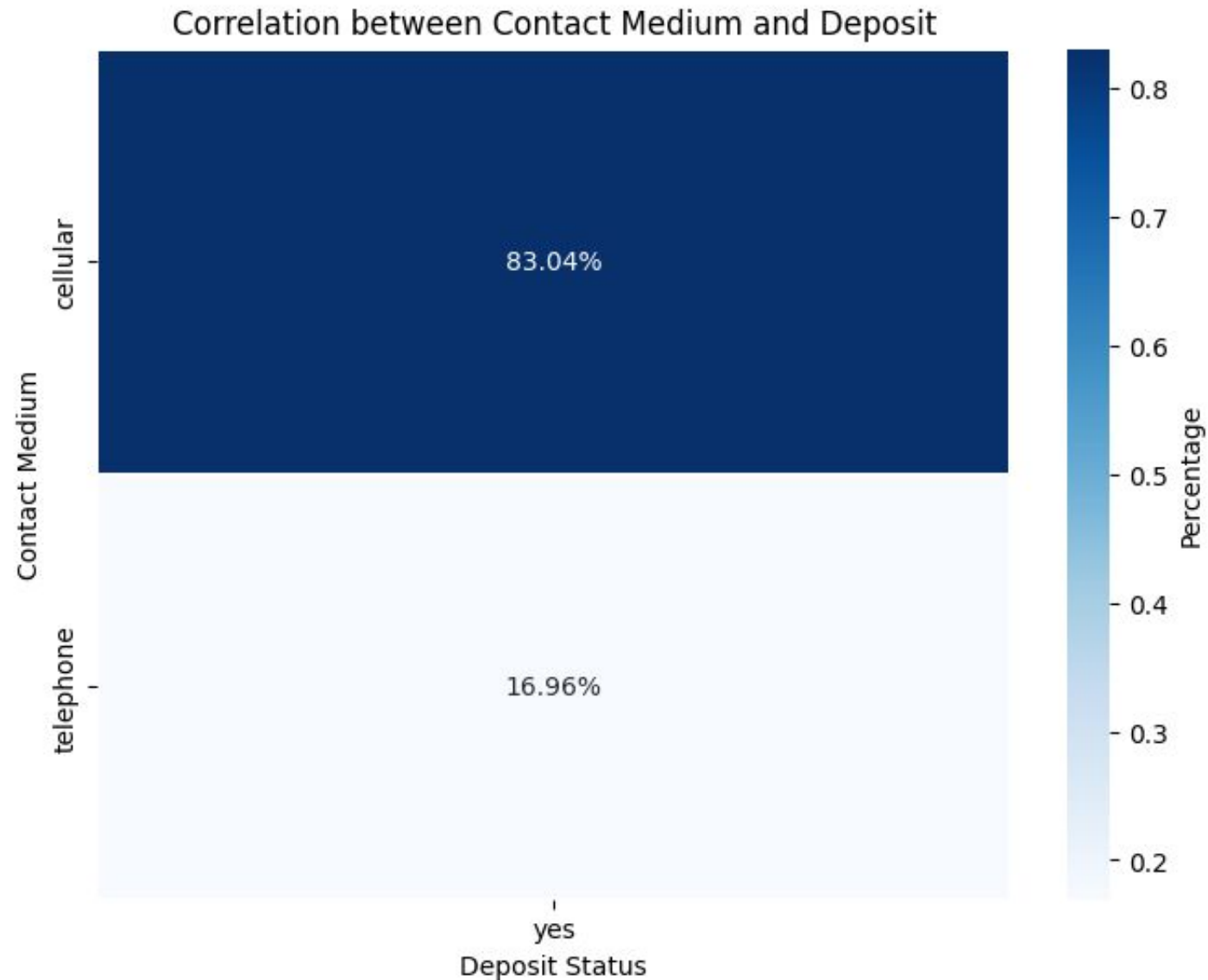
```
Column Name: campaign
count      41188.000000
mean        2.567593
std         2.770014
min         1.000000
25%         1.000000
50%         2.000000
75%         3.000000
max         56.000000
Name: campaign, dtype: float64
```



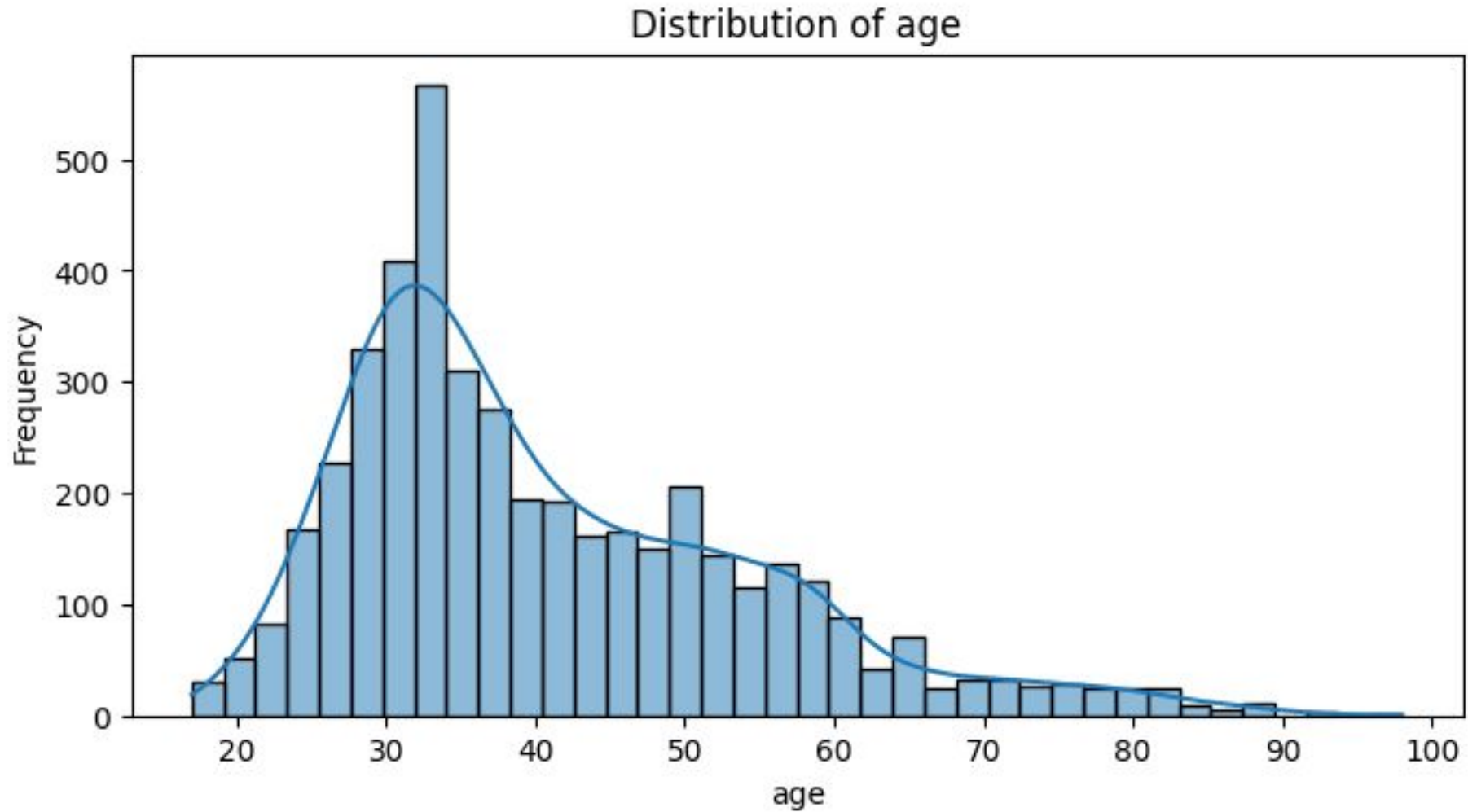
Pie Chart of Subscription rate:



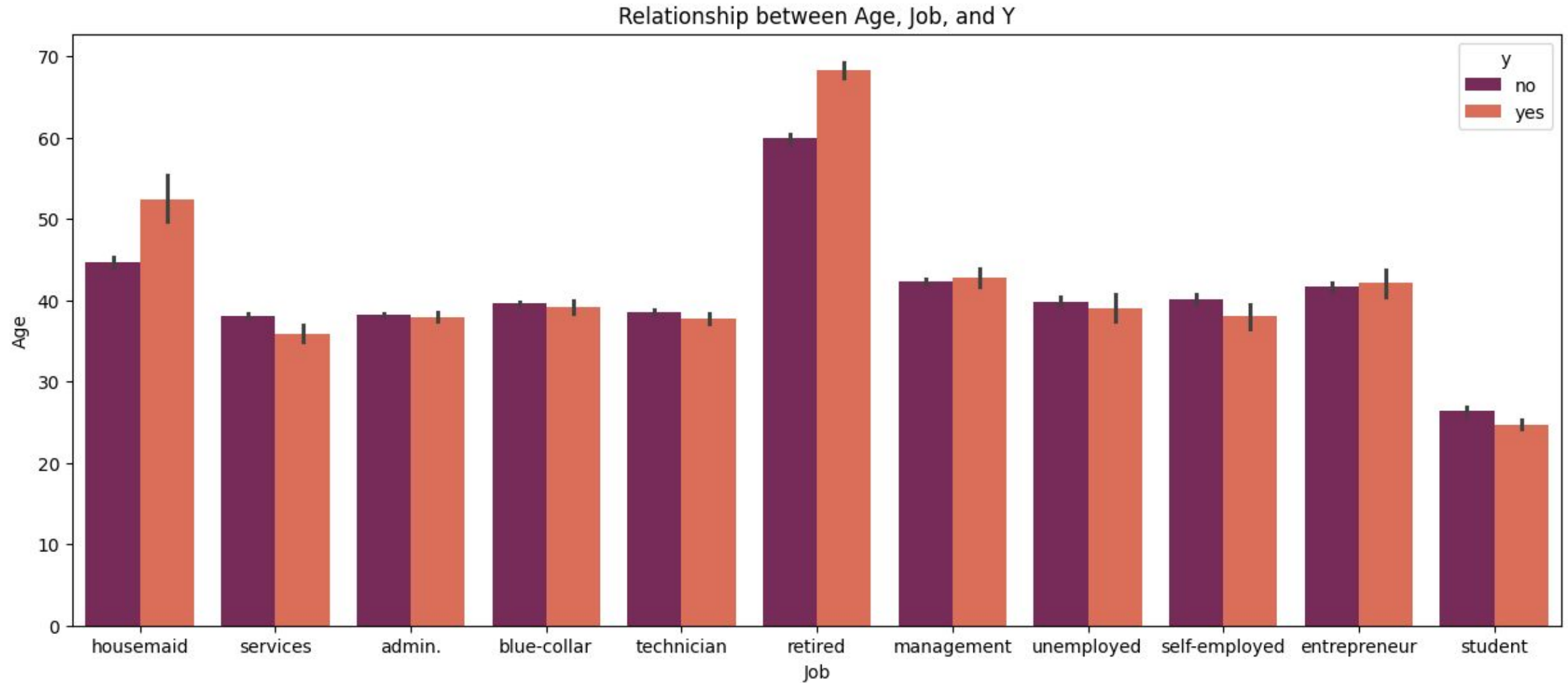
Heatmap of Contact medium of Subscribed Customers:



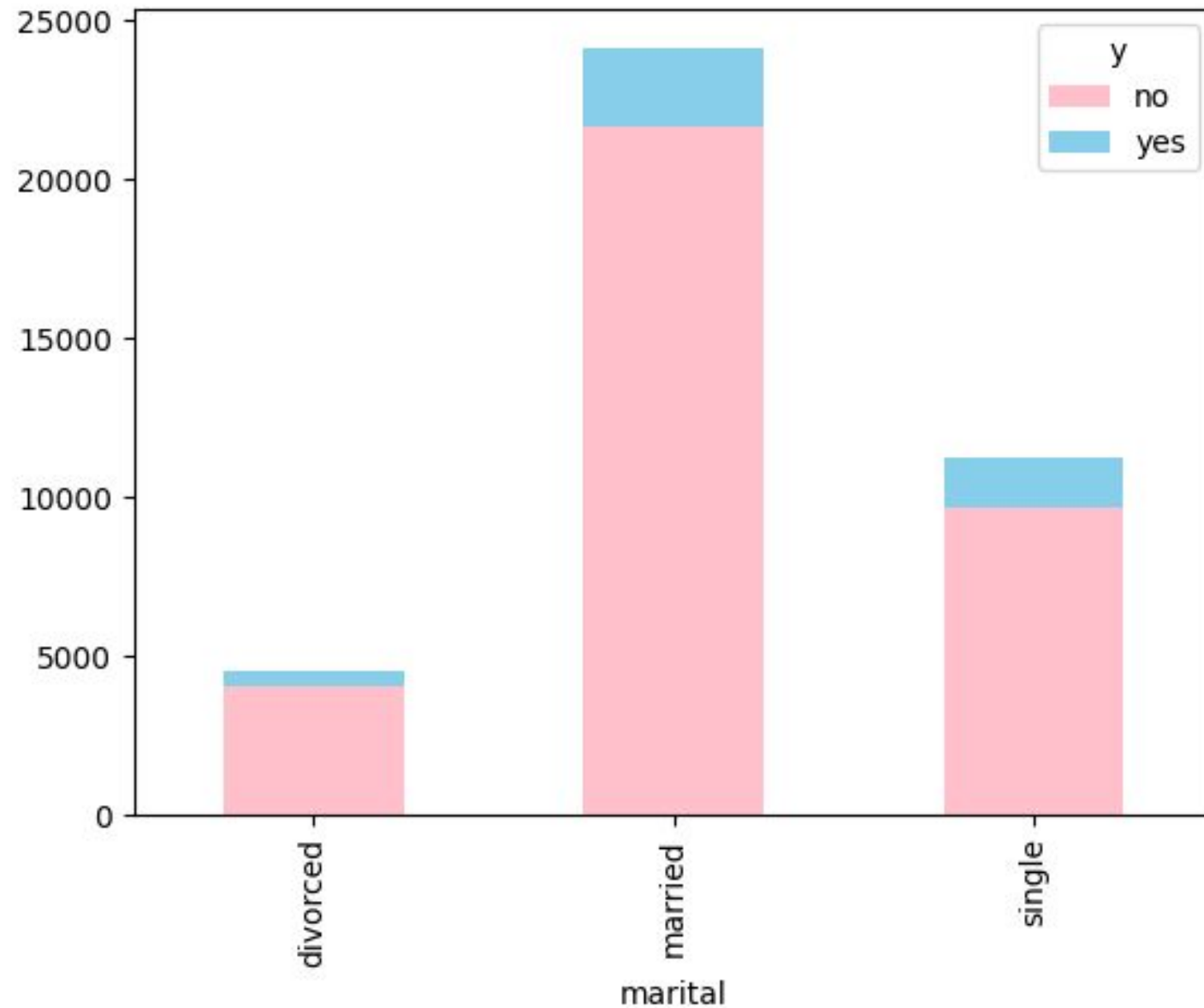
Distribution of Age in Dataset:



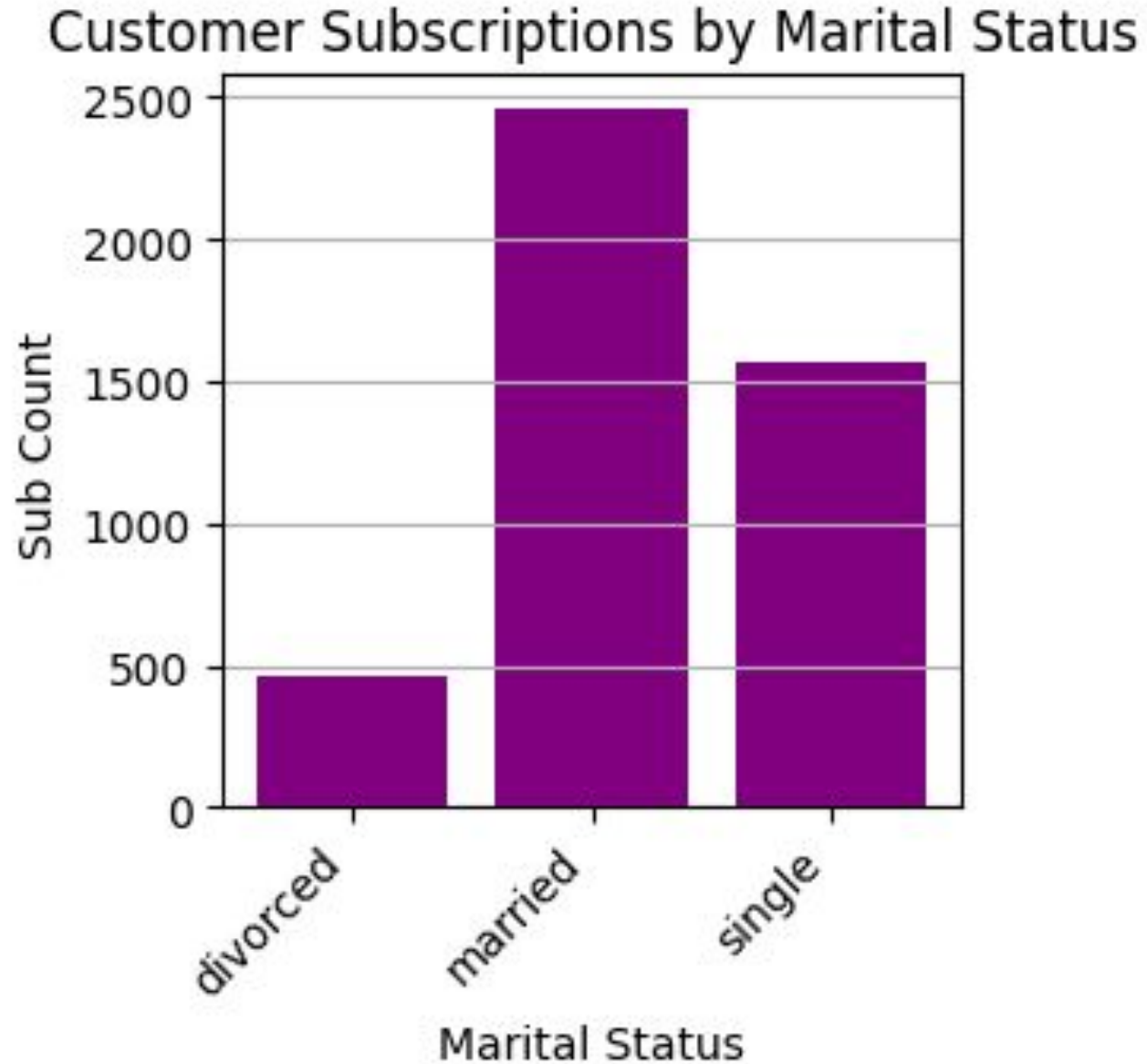
Relationship between Age, Job and Y:



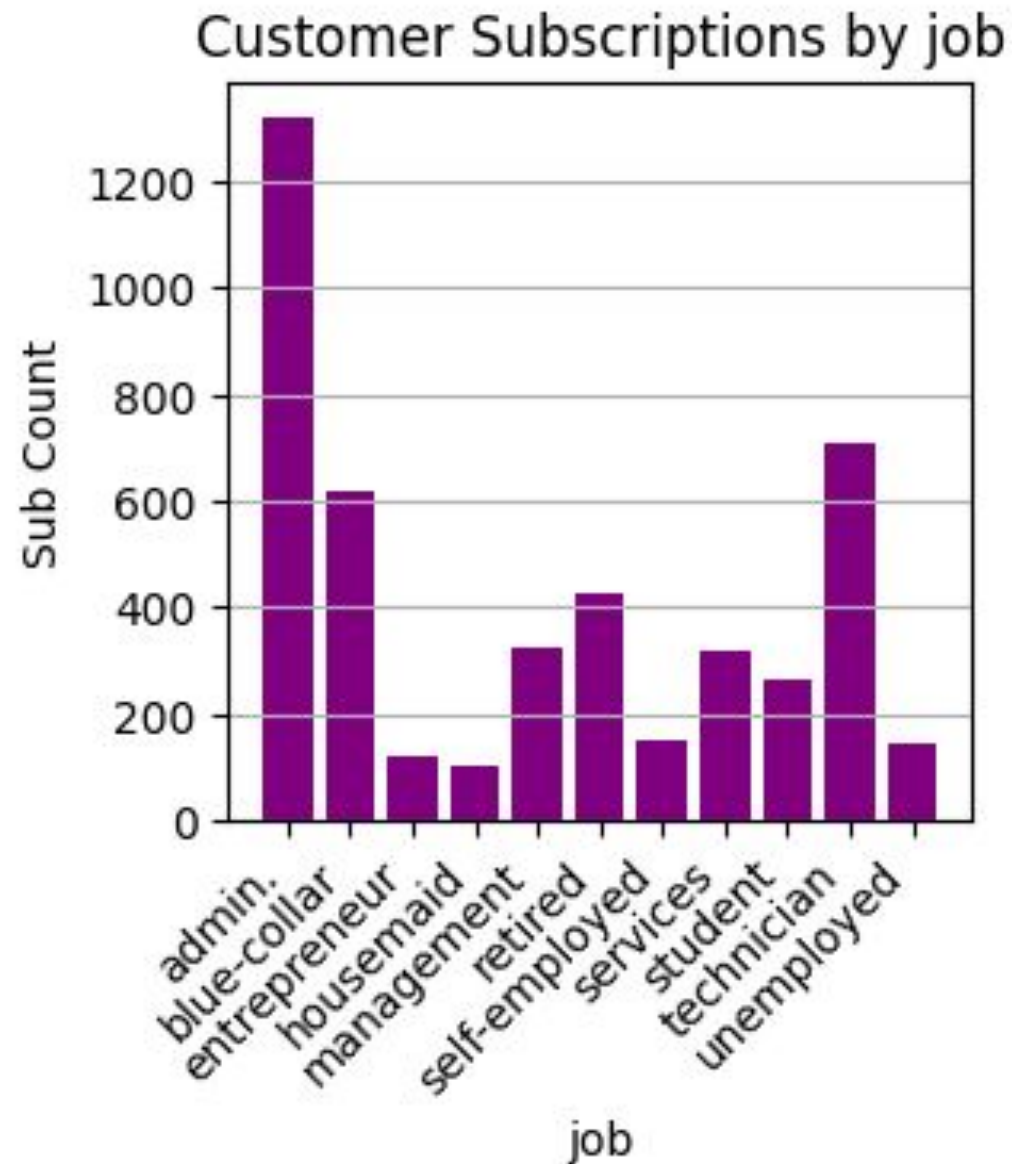
Distribution of marital status with respect to subscription status:



Distribution of marital status of Subscribed Customers:



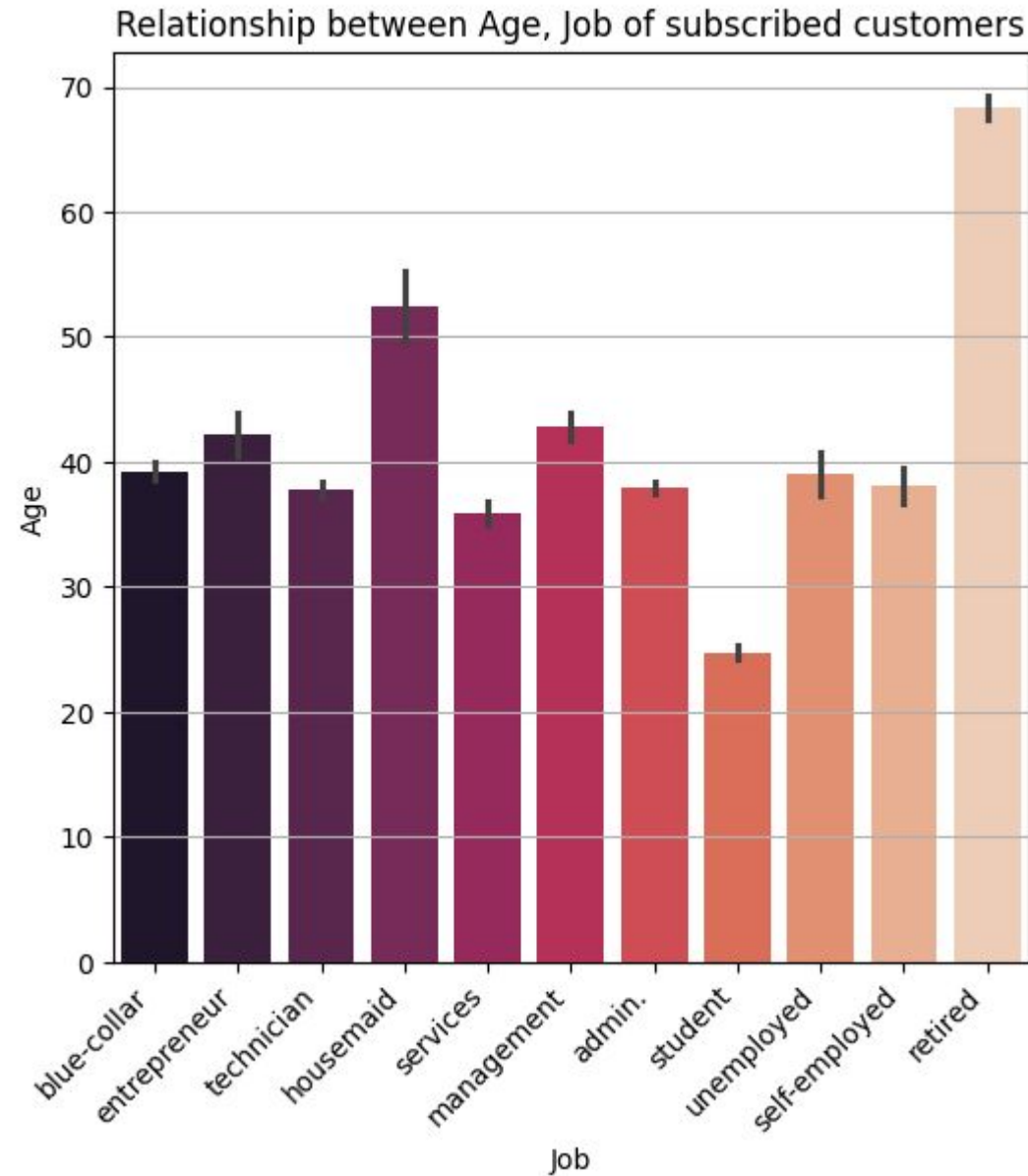
Distribution of Job of Subscribed Customers:



Distribution of day-of_week of Subscribed Customers:



Distribution of Job and Age of customers who subscribed:



Hypothesis Testing for Targeted Marketing.



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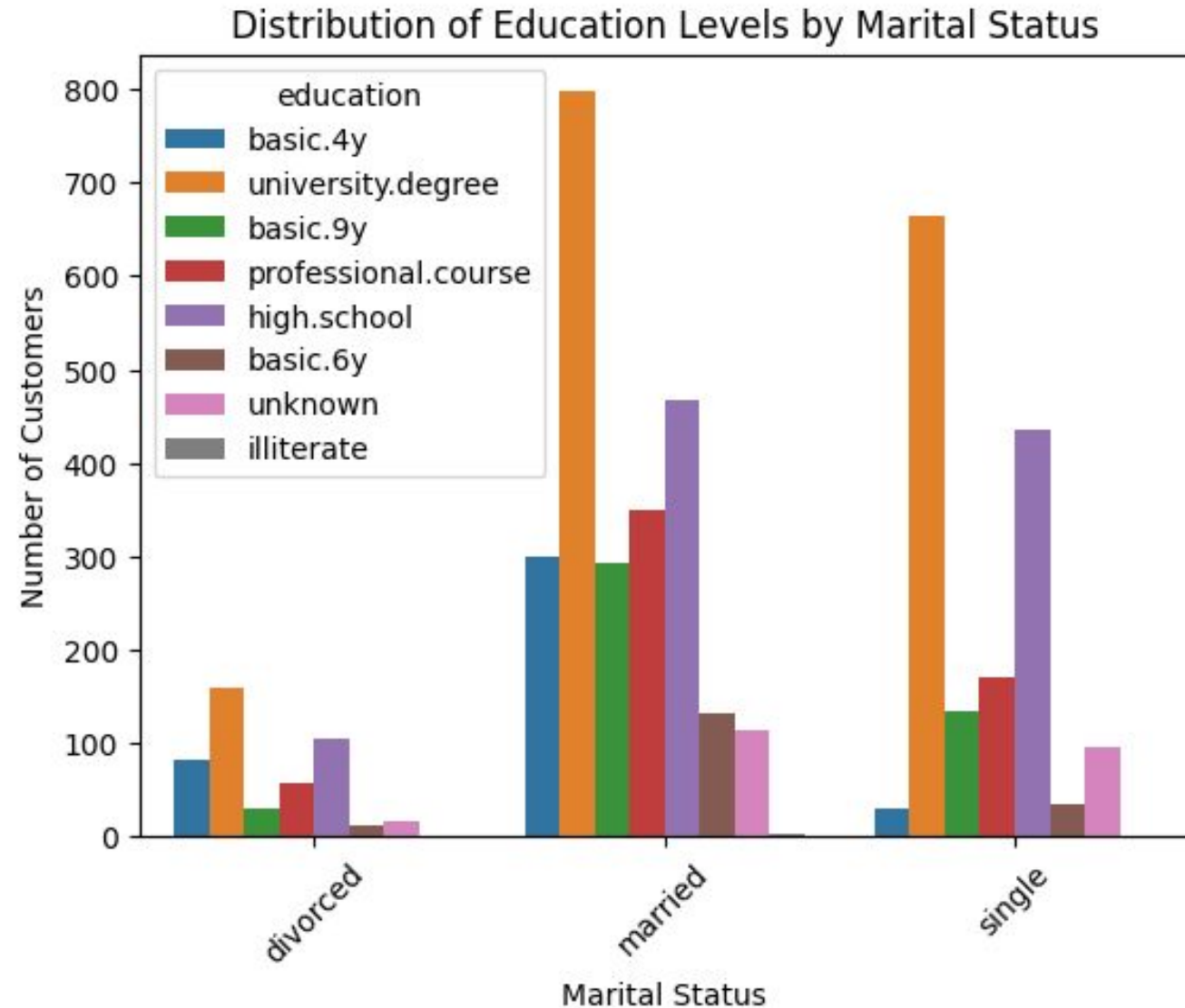
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***Hypothesis # 1 :
Do marital status and education level
influence customers' decisions to purchase term deposits?***



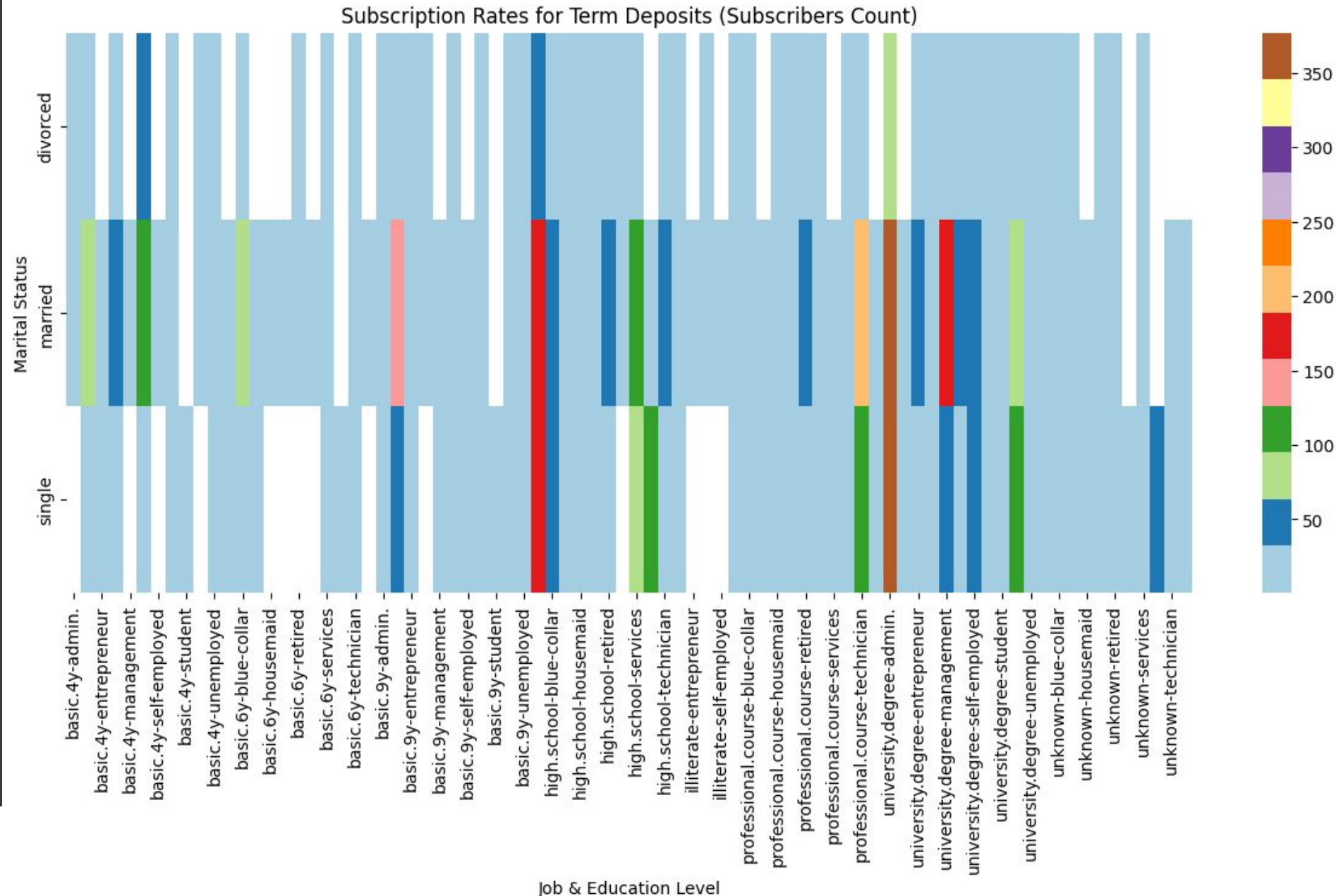
Distribution of Education level and Marital status of customers who subscribed:

Yes, There seem to have some relation between marital status and education level. Single and married people with university level education are more likely to make a purchase, but this need further analysis.



Distribution of Education level and Marital status of customers who subscribed:

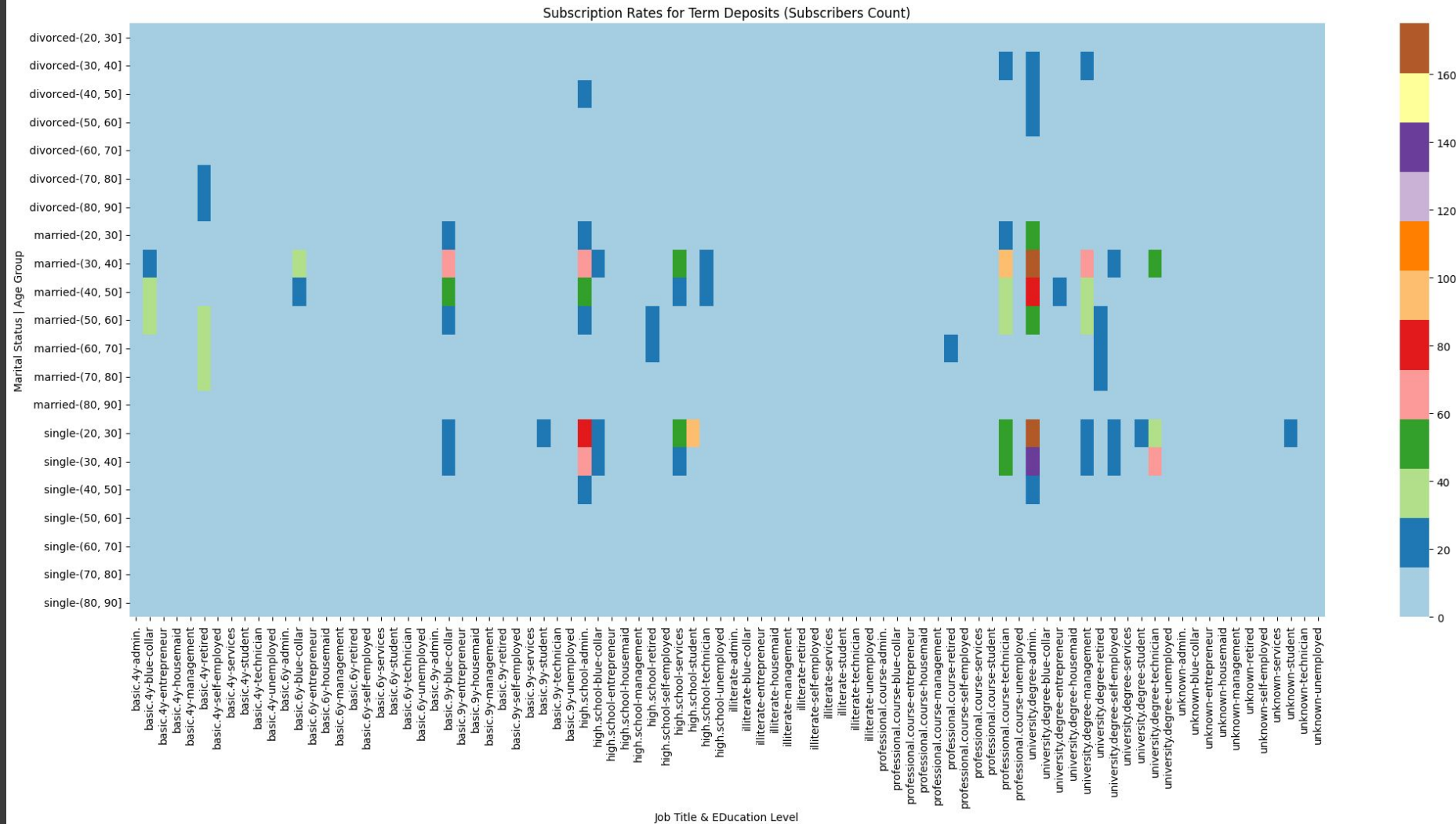
Factors like having a university degree, working in administration, and marital status (single or married) might be associated with a customer's decision to purchase a term deposit. Lets analyze it further



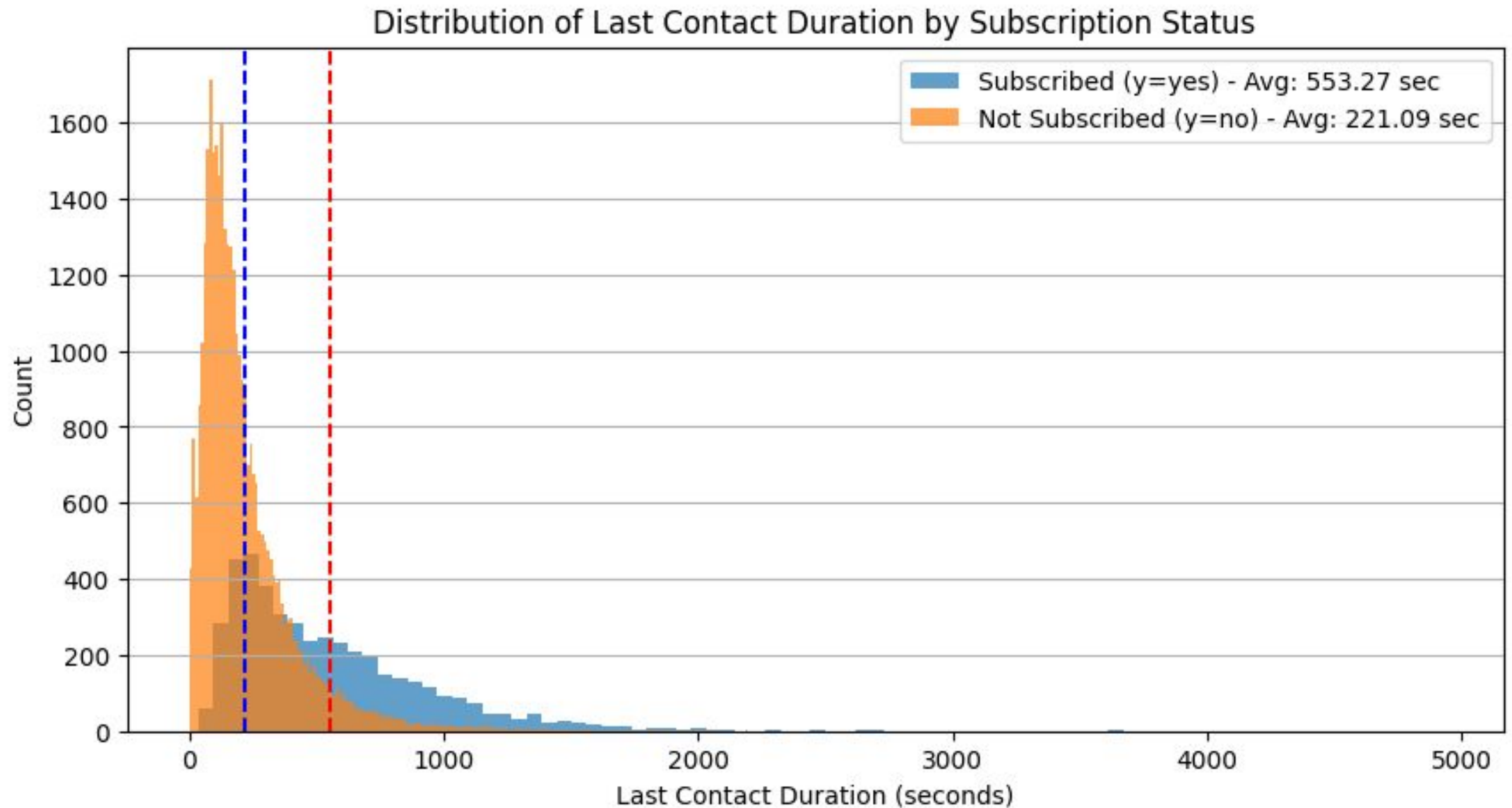
Distribution of Education level and Marital status of customers who subscribed:

The data suggests a trend where customers working in administration, who are single between the ages of 20 and 40 or married between 30 and 50, have higher subscription rates.

Hypothesis # 1 Accepted.



Distribution of call duration feature with respect to subscription status:



Hypothesis # 2 :

Does contact medium and number of contacts during campaign influence customers' buying decision?

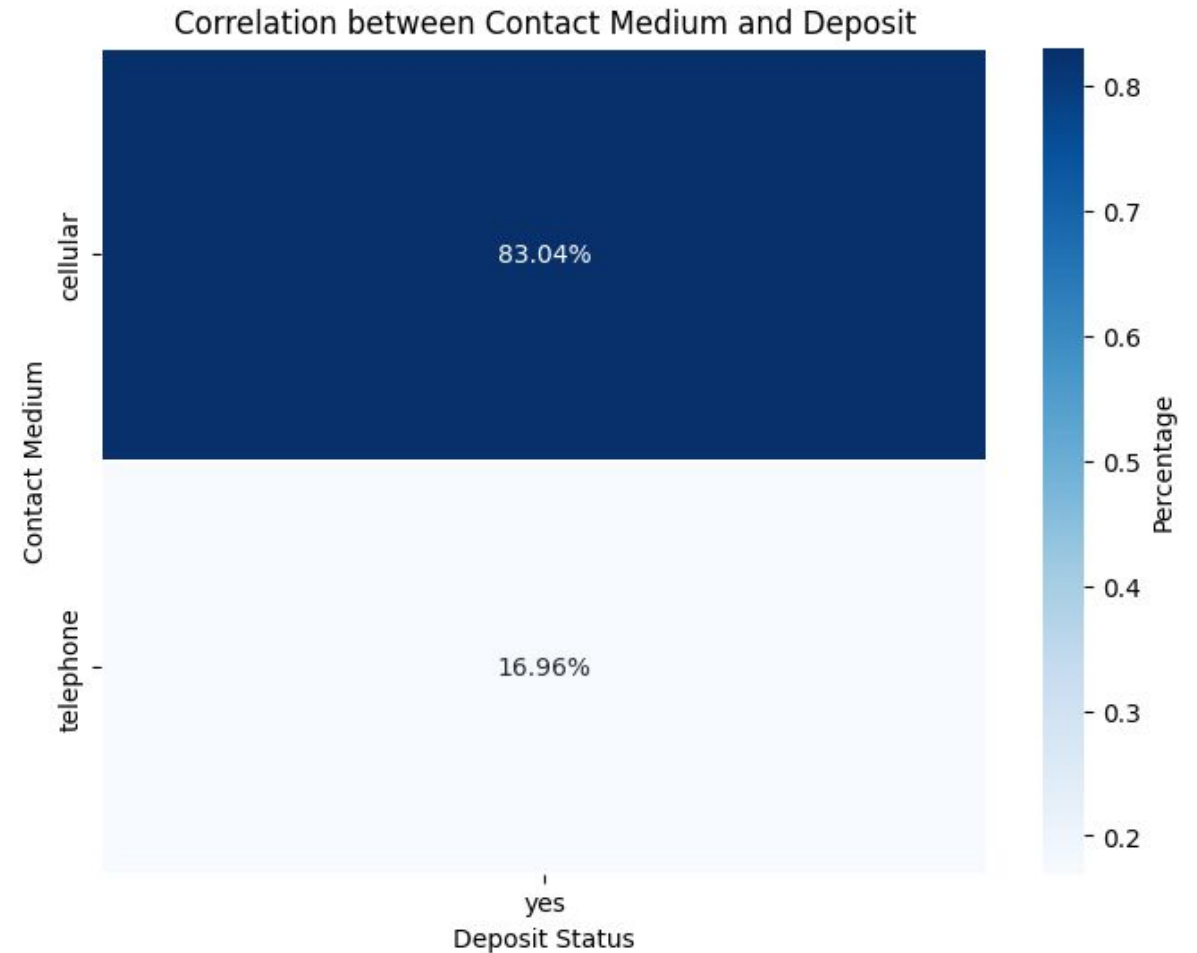


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Distribution of Correlation between Contact Medium and Deposit status of customers who subscribed:

The data suggests a trend where the 'cellular' contact medium appears to be associated with a higher purchase rate compared to the 'telephone' medium.

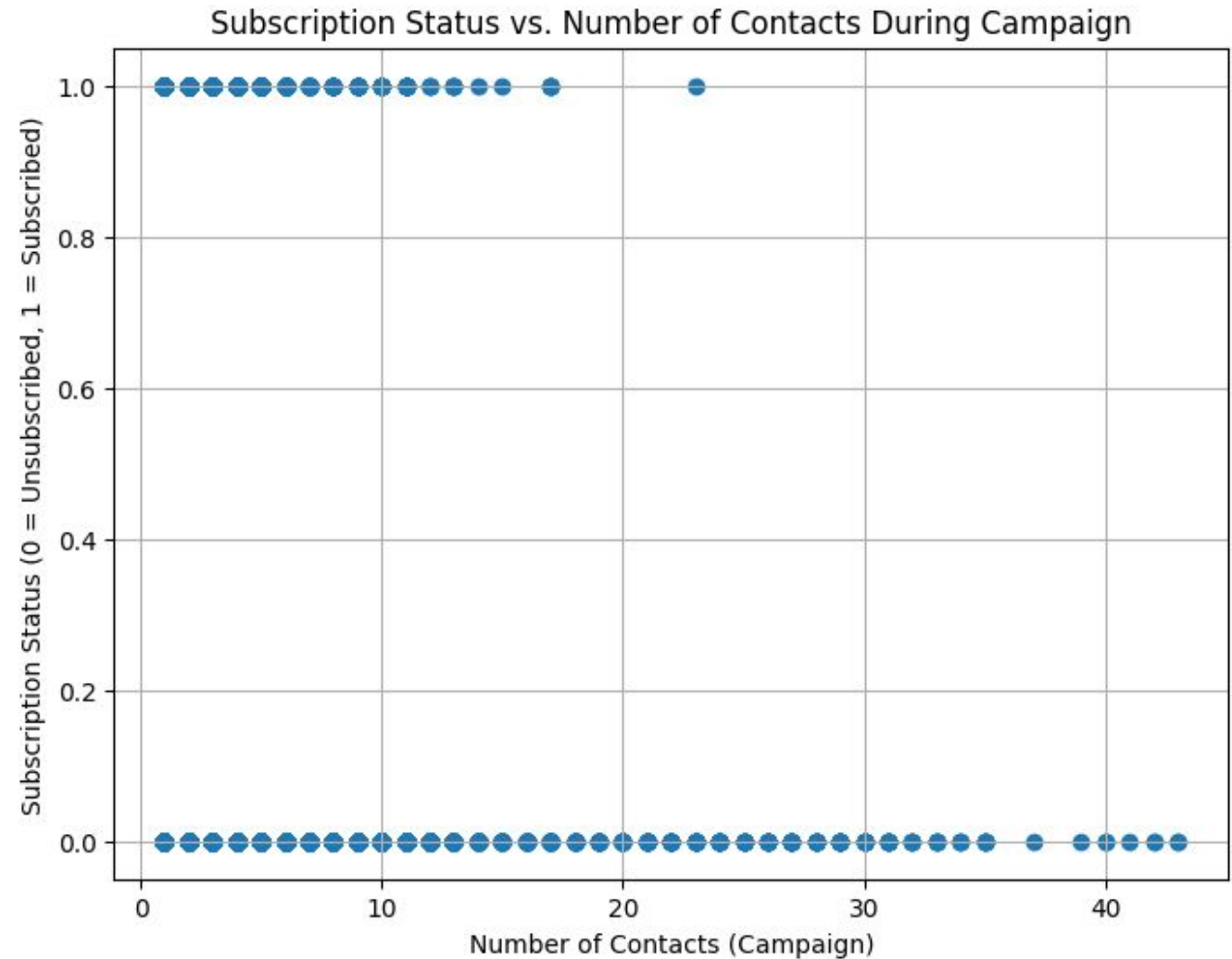


Distribution of Correlation between Contact Medium and Deposit status of customers

While the current data doesn't show a strong correlation, a more comprehensive analysis could provide further insights into the impact of contact frequency.

While contact medium seem to influence but impact of contact frequency needs further analysis.

Hypothesis # 2 Rejected.



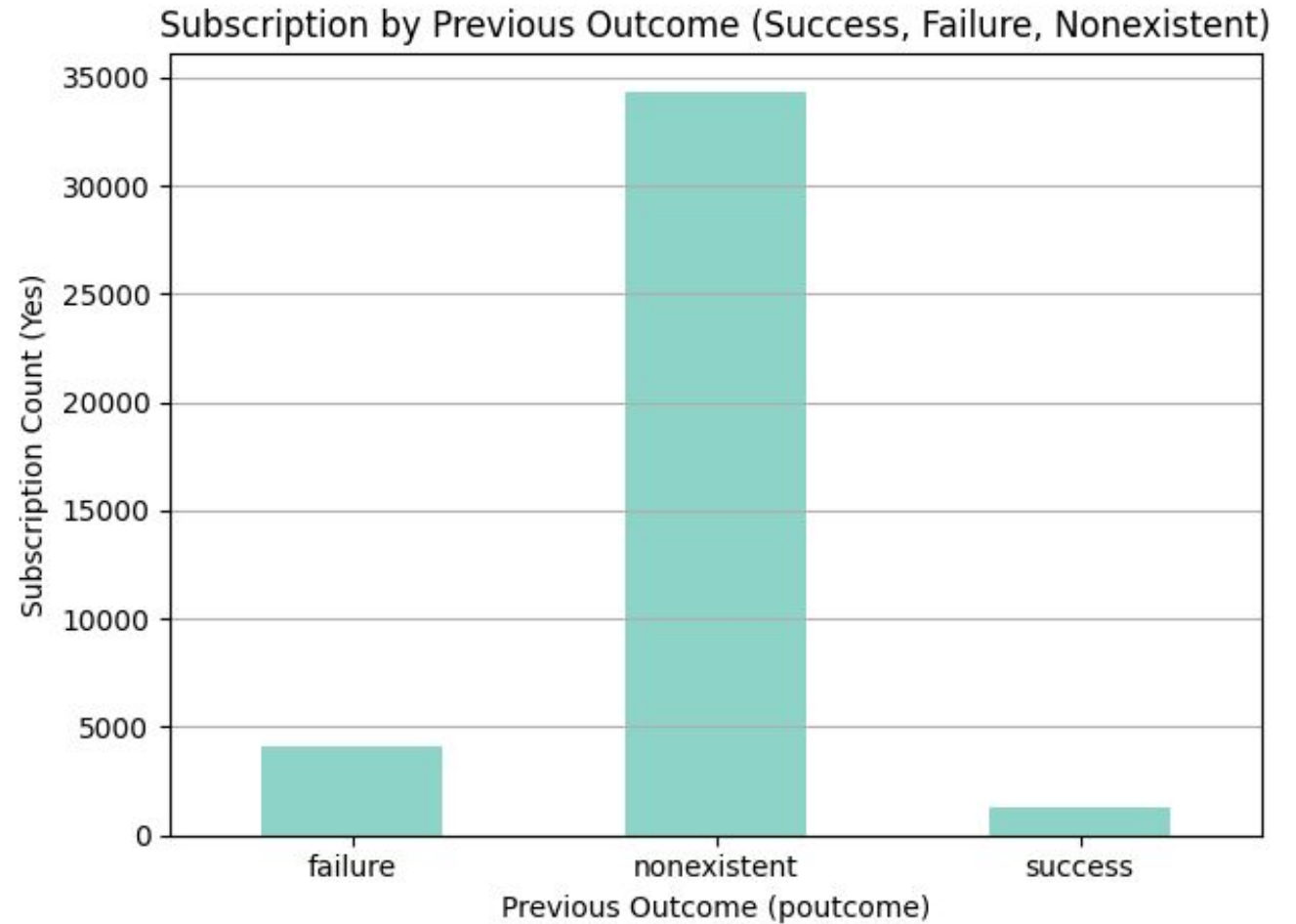
Hypothesis # 3 :

Customers who have been previously contacted (e.g., through phone calls, marketing campaigns) are more likely to subscribe to the service compared to new customers who have not been contacted before?



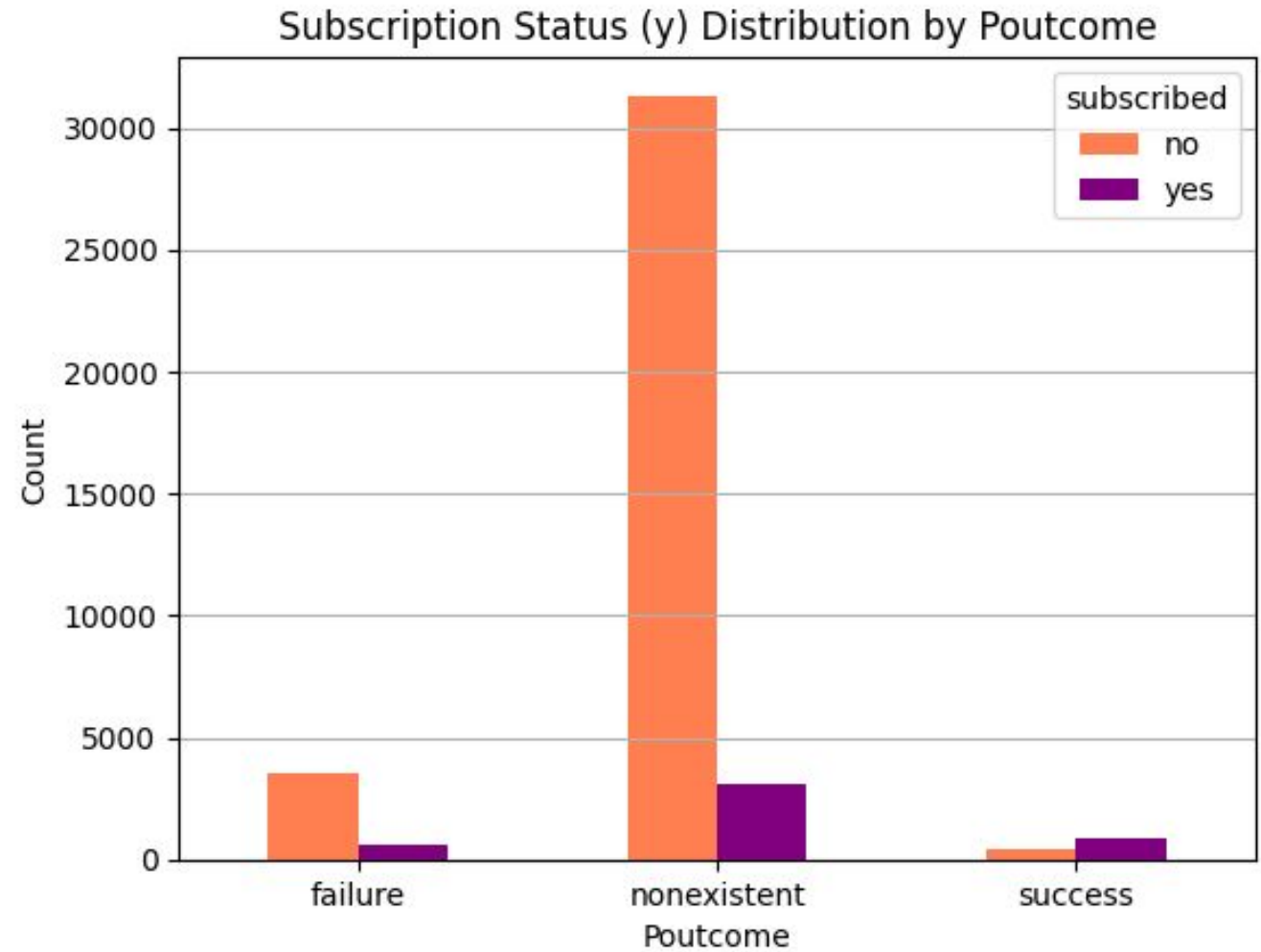
Subscription by Previous Outcome:

Previous outcome does not seem to influence subscription decision. Further investigation needed.



Subscription Status Distribution by Poutcome:

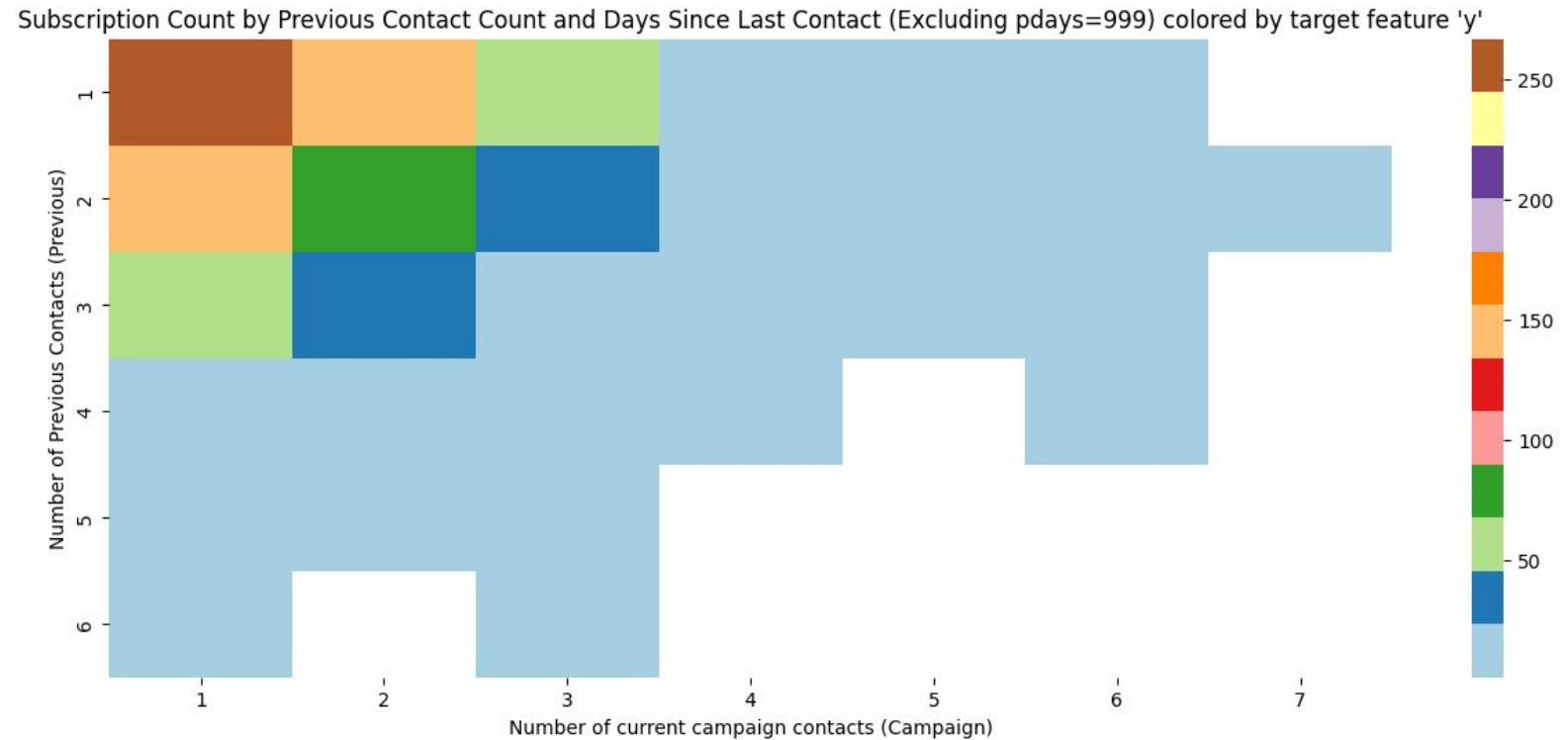
pdays also does not seem to influence subscription decision. Further investigation needed



Subscription Count by Previous Contact Count and Days Since Last Contact:

As the heatmap depicts, previous contacts does seem to influence buyers' decision.

Hypothesis # 3 Approved!



Hypothesis # 4 :
Do weekdays within certain months lead to higher subscription rates?



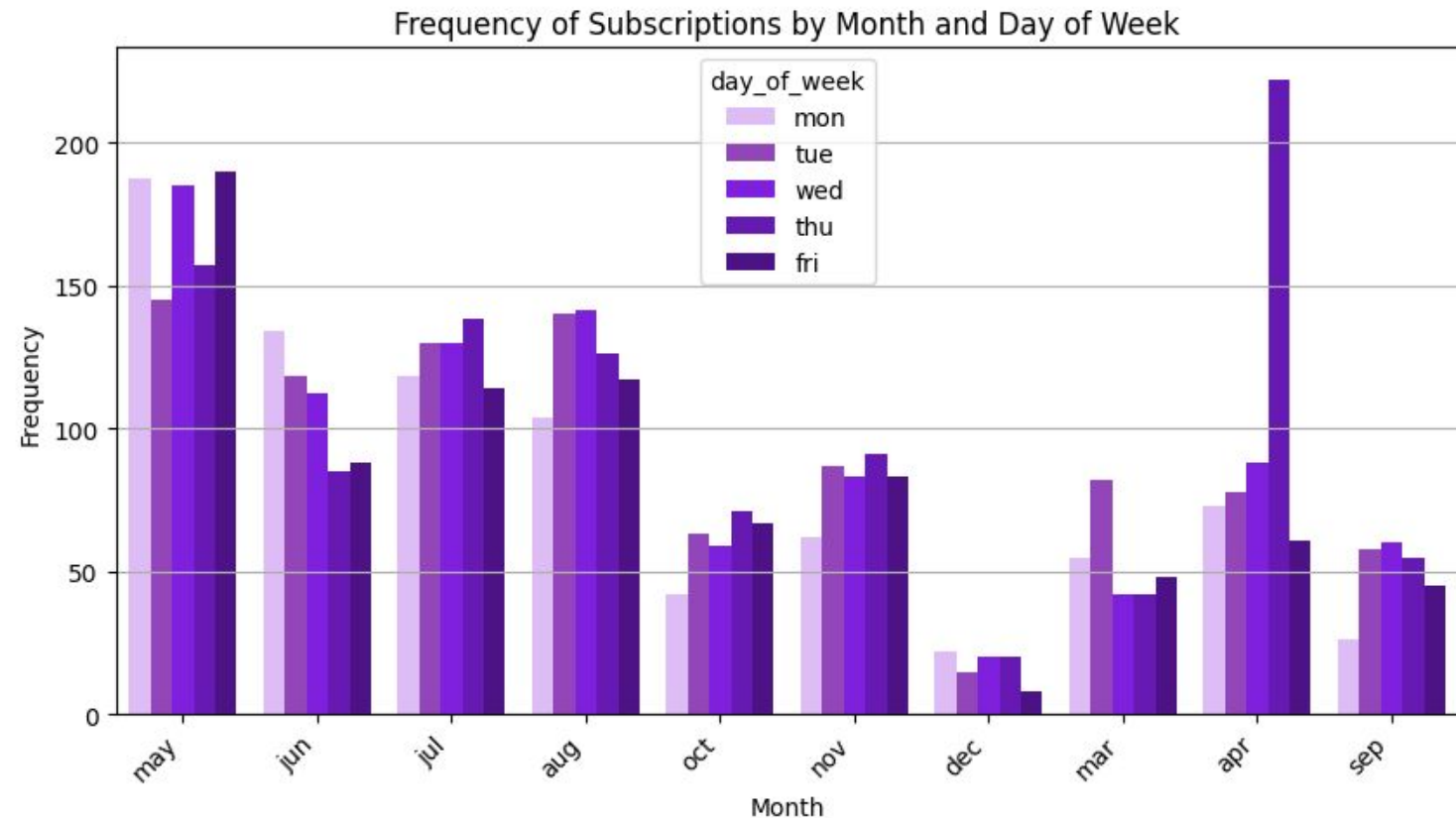
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Frequency of Subscriptions by Month and Day of Week:

There is a potential association between weekdays in May and Thursdays in April with higher subscription rates compared to other weekdays in different months.

Hypothesis # 4 Approved



Hypothesis # 5 :
Does longer call duration ultimately influence buyers' buying decisions?



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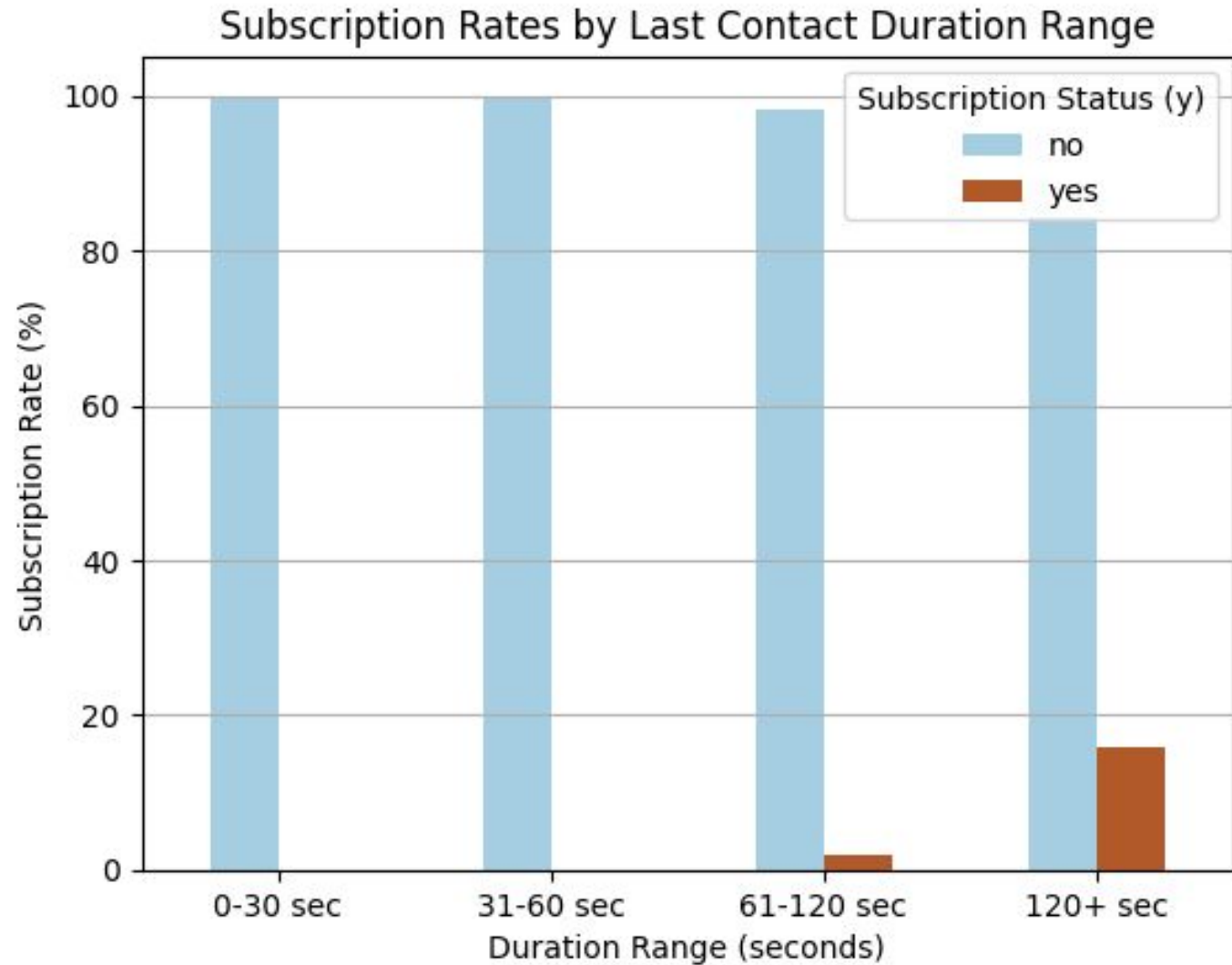
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Subscription Status Distribution by Poutcome:

Duration is an important feature as it directly influence target variable 'y'. i.e If call duration is 0, then 'y' is also 0(No).

The graph shows that longer duration can ultimately influence buyers' decision. But further investigation is needed.

Hypothesis # 5 Accepted



Hypothesis # 6 :
Customers with default status , personal and housing loans are less likely to subscribe.



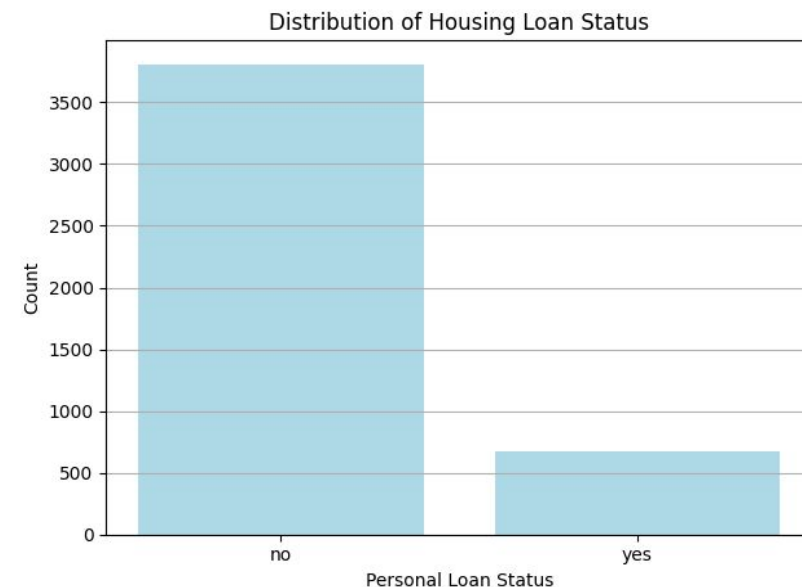
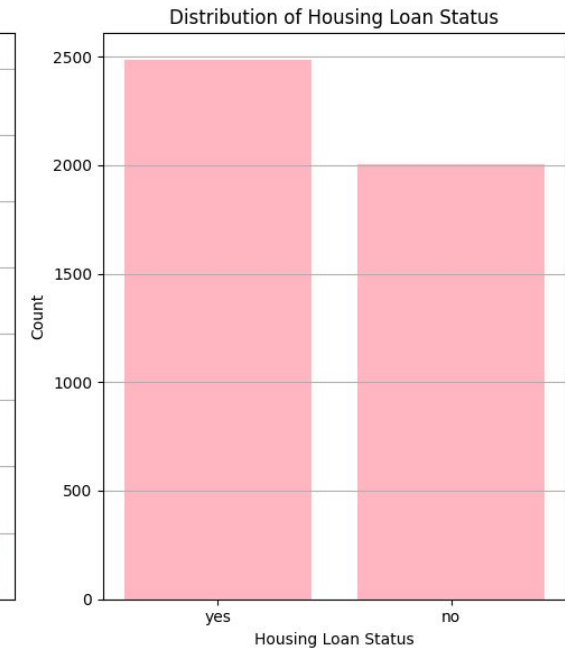
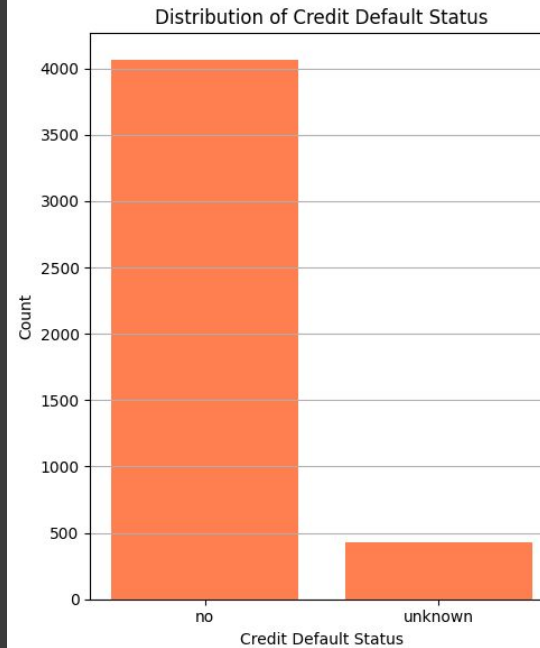
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Distribution of Credit Default Status, Distribution of Housing Loan Status, Distribution of Housing Loan Status

Although buyers with personal loan or default status were less likely to buy term deposit. but that's not the case for housing loan. Subscribed customers dataset have a high number of buyers who have housing loan. So, they can be a potential candidates for target marketing.

Hypothesis # 6 Rejected.



Hypothesis # 7 :
Consumers' economical factors affect their buying' decisions.

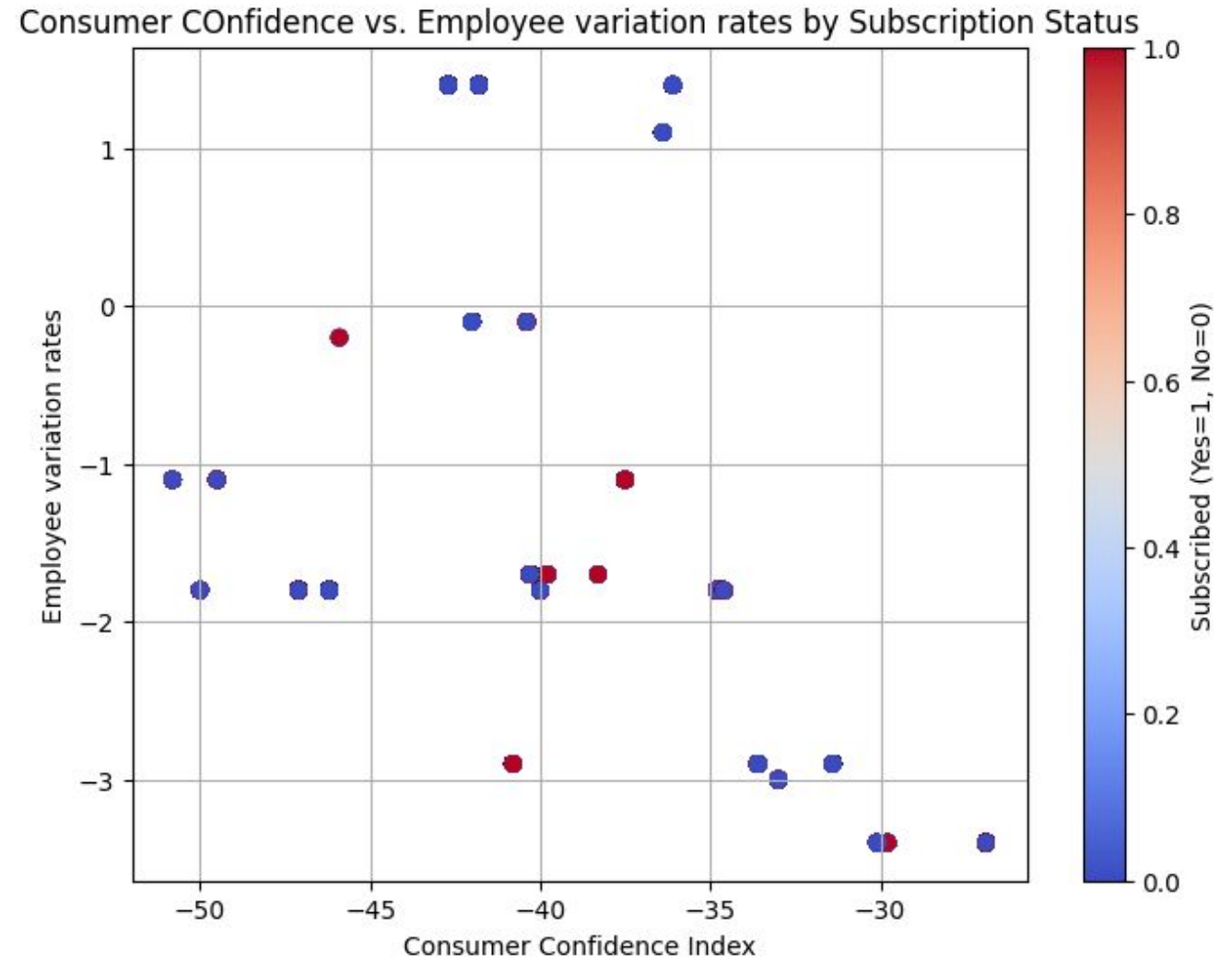


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Consumer COnfidence vs. Employee variation rates by Subscription Status

This graph depicts that customers with low emp.var.rate and high cons.conf.idx are more likely to purchase.



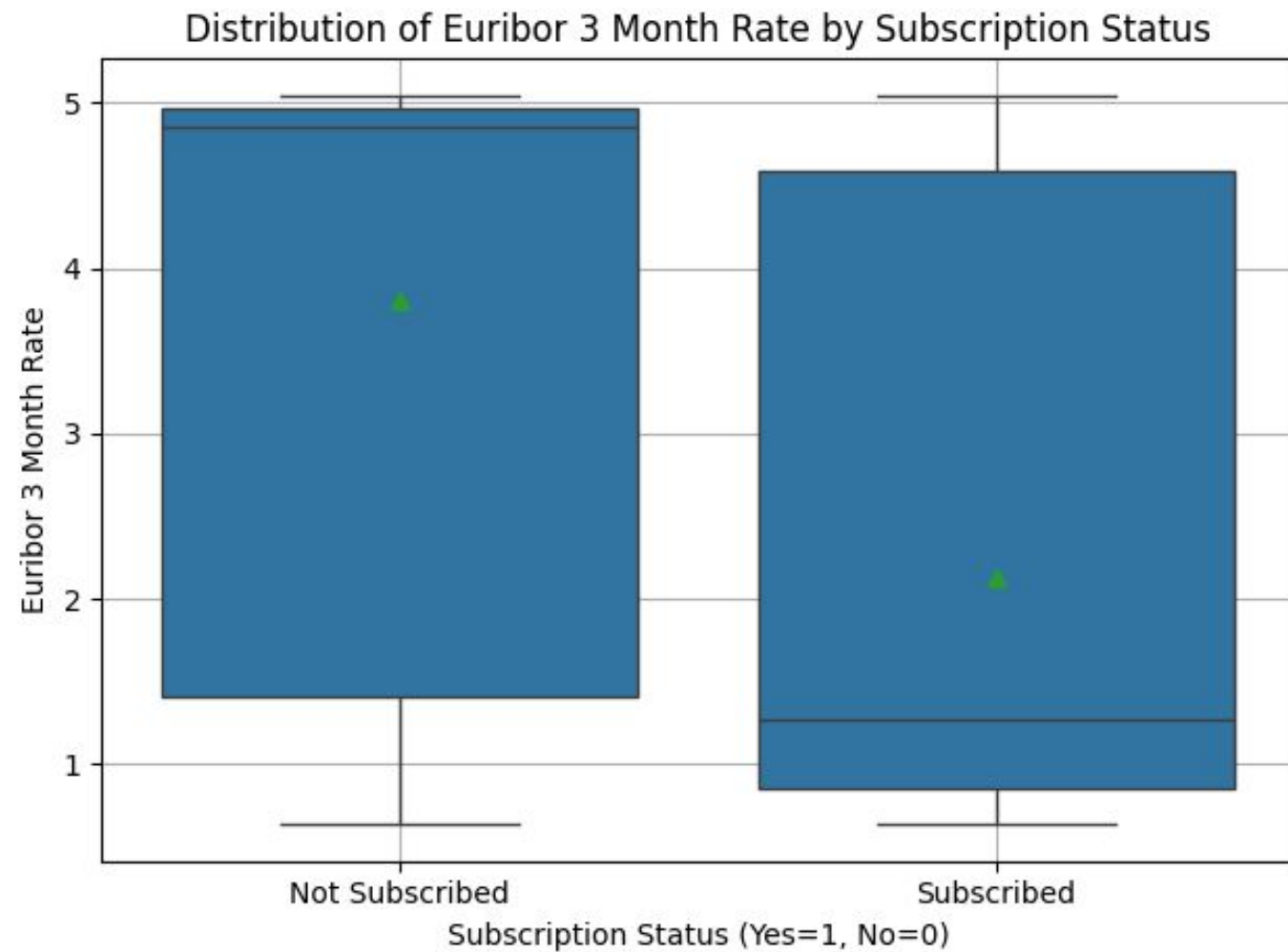
Consumer Price vs. Employee variation rates by Subscription Status

Graphs depict that CCI, CPI and EVR have very weak association. Further investigation needed.



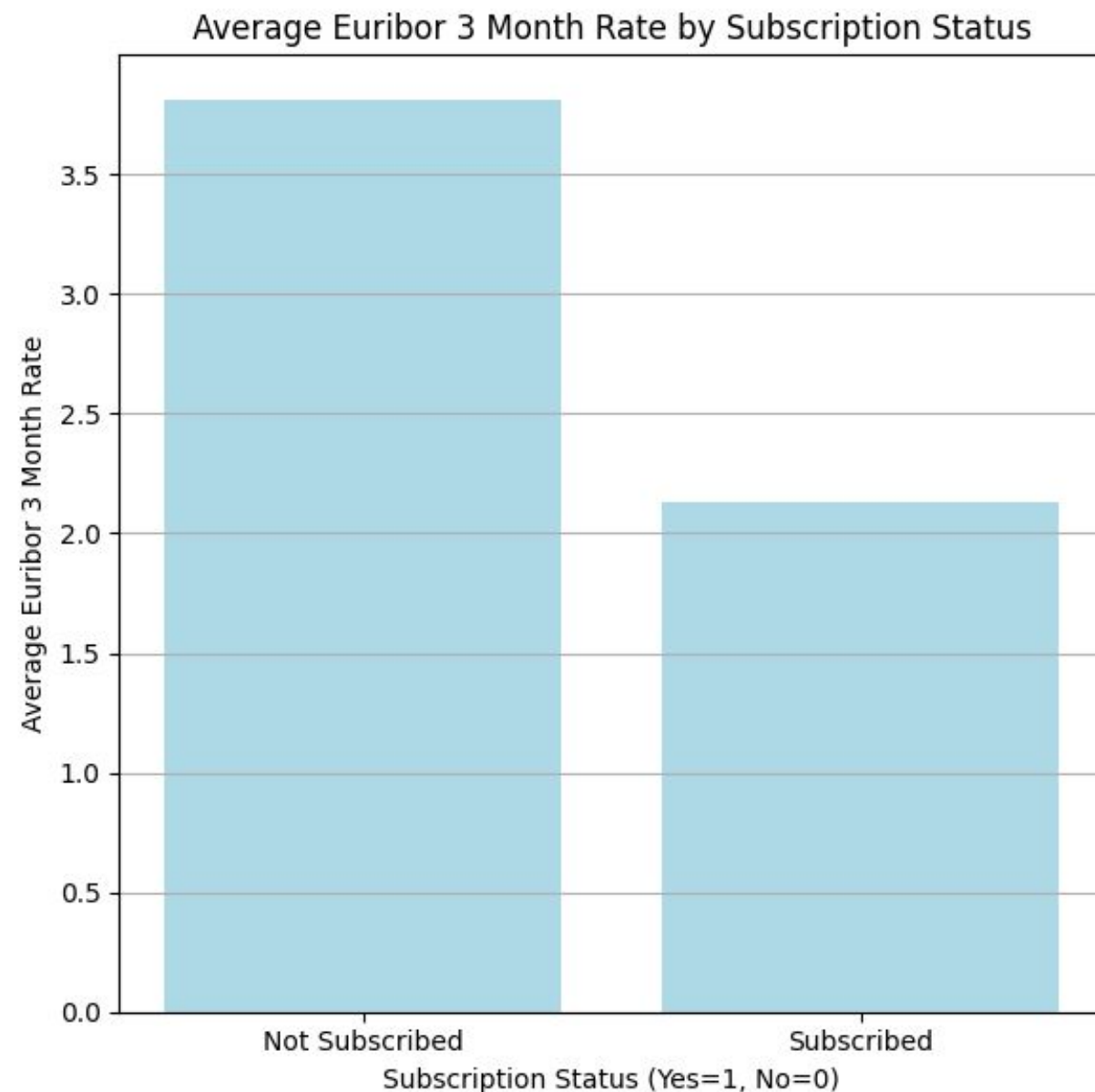
Distribution of Euribor 3 Month Rate by Subscription Status

Customers who subscribed have relatively lower euriborm than those who didn't.



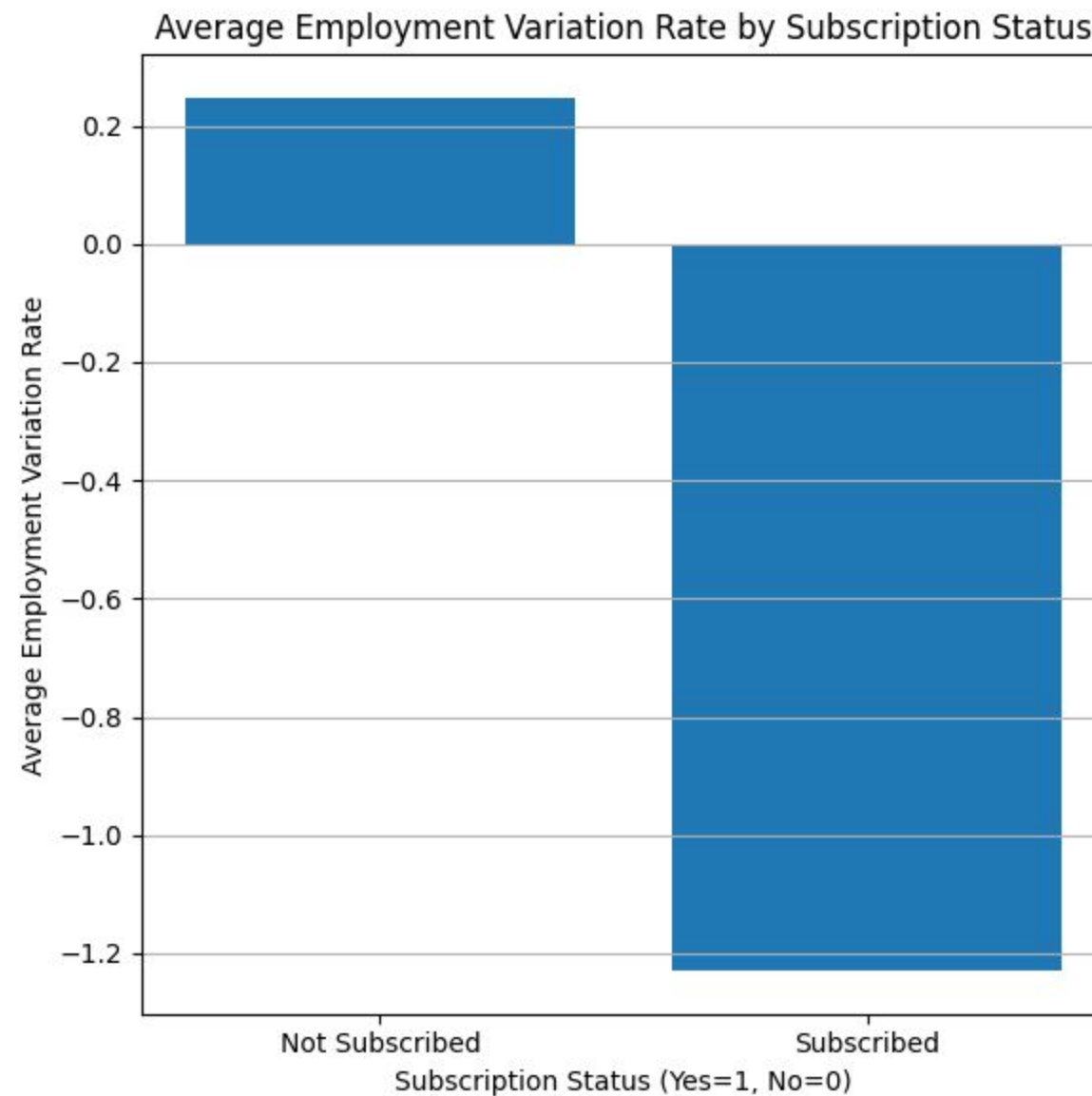
Average Euribor 3 Month Rate by Subscription Status

Customers who fall within the Euribor 3 month rate range of 0.0 to 2.3 might have a higher concentration of subscriptions compared to customers with Euribor 3 month rates outside this range.



Average Employment Variation Rate by Subscription Status

The graphs suggests that customers with lower Emp variation rate are likely to subscribe.

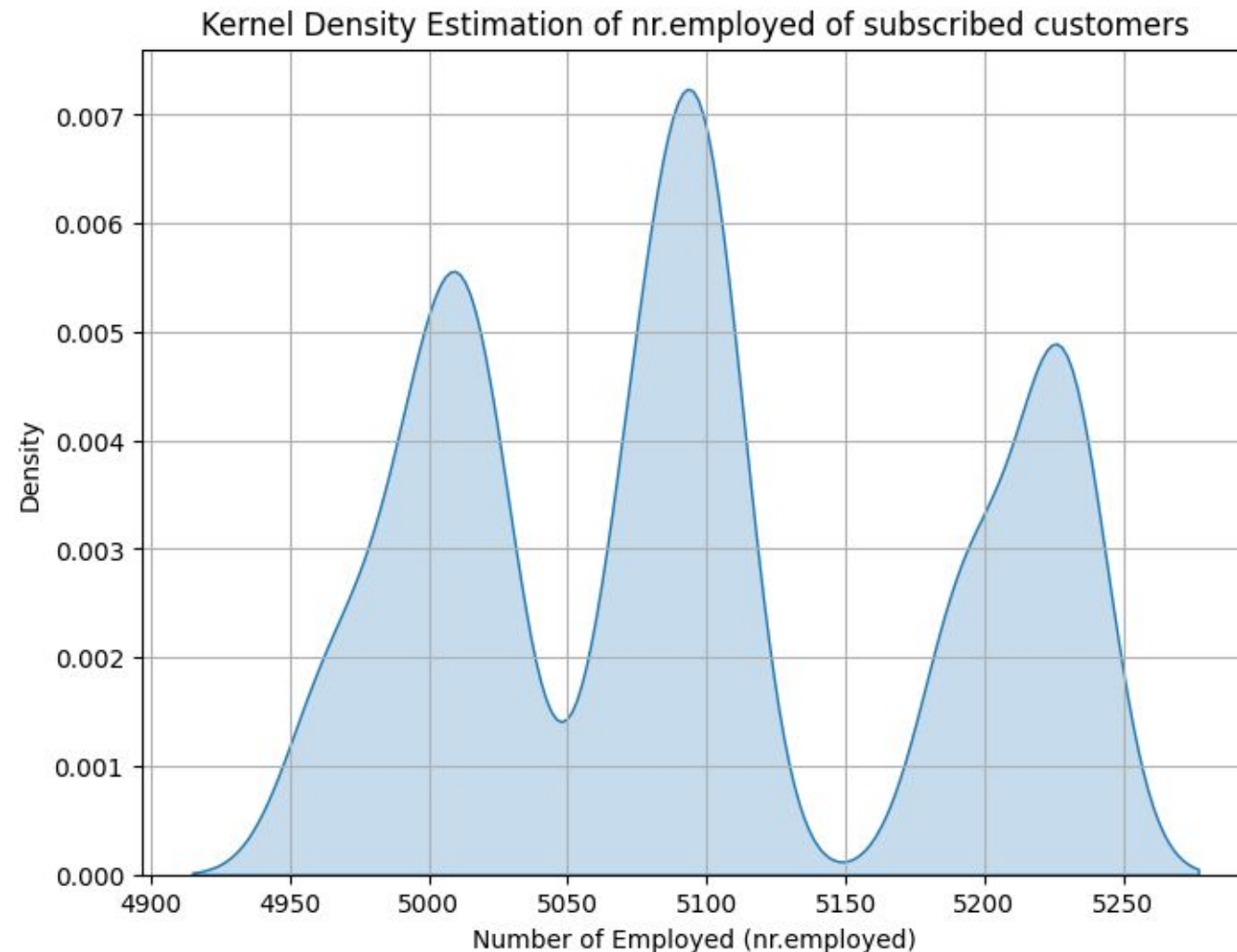


Kernel Density Estimation of nr.employed of subscribed customers

The multimodal distribution of nr.employed indicates the presence of multiple employer categories. This might require using statistical methods suited for non-normal distributions for accurate analysis

Customers' financial conditions does seem to impact their decision.

Hypothesis # 7 Approved.



EDA Summary

- Our exploration of the data has shed light on various factors influencing customer decisions regarding term deposit subscriptions. While specific demographics (retired, mid-aged housemaids), contact methods (cellular), loan status (existing housing loans), seasonal patterns (May weekdays, April Thursdays), and social and economic factors (CPI, CCI, employment variation rates) emerged as key considerations, it's crucial to acknowledge the need for further investigation in all these aspects for a truly comprehensive marketing strategy.



Key Findings :

- An interesting trend emerged from our analysis: a higher proportion of customers who subscribed to term deposits were married, worked in administrative positions, and held university degrees.
- Our analysis suggests a link between customer engagement during the initial calls of the current campaign and their likelihood of subscribing to a term deposit. Customers who demonstrated interest or responded positively during these first interactions seemed more receptive to the product.
- Our exploration of the data revealed interesting patterns in customer demographics and their likelihood to subscribe to term deposits. Customers who were retired or in the older age bracket, followed by those in mid-age and working as housemaids, showed a higher propensity to subscribe compared to other demographics.
- Our analysis revealed an interesting trend regarding the preferred contact method for term deposit subscriptions. Customers reached via cellular phone calls had a higher subscription rate compared to those contacted through traditional telephone calls.
- An interesting insight emerged from our data analysis: customers with existing housing loans were more likely to subscribe to term deposits compared to those without housing loans.



Recommendations :

- Tailoring marketing campaigns to target this specific demographic (married, admin, university degree) as they seem to be more receptive to term deposit products.
- Prioritize outreach to customers who actively engaged during the initial calls (e.g., asking questions, and expressing interest), the bank can focus its resources on those most likely to convert.
- Tailoring messaging and communication strategies to resonate with the needs and interests of retirees, older adults, and middle-aged housemaids can potentially increase the effectiveness of the marketing efforts.
- ABC Bank might consider prioritizing cellular communication methods within its marketing campaigns.
- ABC Bank could consider incorporating a targeted marketing strategy for customers with existing housing loans
- Prioritizing weekday outreach during May and Thursdays in April could potentially lead to higher conversion rates.



Conclusion

- **By continuously investigating these areas and integrating the findings into your marketing strategy, ABC Bank can develop a future-proof approach that resonates with customers and achieves optimal results. A data-driven and adaptable approach that prioritizes responsible lending practices and ethical communication will ultimately lead to a successful marketing campaign.**



Thank You



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