

# Striver's A2Z DSA Sheet - Complete 450+ Problems Organization

 **Total Count: 450+ Problems**

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## **PATTERN-WISE ORGANIZATION WITH DIFFICULTY LEVELS**

### **PATTERN 1: BASIC PROGRAMMING & MATHEMATICS**

**Total Problems: ~35-40**

#### **Easy (25-30 problems)**

- **Basic I/O Operations**
  - Data types, variables, input/output
  - Pattern printing (stars, numbers, alphabets)
  - Basic arithmetic operations
- **Mathematical Fundamentals**
  - Check if number is prime
  - Find GCD/LCM of two numbers
  - Check if number is palindrome
  - Count digits in a number
  - Reverse a number
  - Check if number is Armstrong number
  - Print all divisors of a number

#### **Medium (8-10 problems)**

- **Advanced Mathematics**
  - Sieve of Eratosthenes
  - Power calculation ( $x^n$ )
  - Square root using binary search
  - Check if number is perfect square

#### **Hard (2-5 problems)**

- **Complex Mathematical Problems**
  - Fast exponentiation

- Modular arithmetic problems
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## **PATTERN 2: SORTING ALGORITHMS**

**Total Problems: ~25-30**

### **Easy (15-18 problems)**

- **Basic Sorting Understanding**
  - Selection Sort implementation
  - Bubble Sort implementation
  - Insertion Sort implementation
  - Merge two sorted arrays
  - Sort array of 0s, 1s, and 2s

### **Medium (8-10 problems)**

- **Advanced Sorting Concepts**
  - Merge Sort implementation
  - Quick Sort implementation
  - Count inversions in array
  - Sort array by frequency

### **Hard (2-4 problems)**

- **Complex Sorting Problems**
    - External sorting concepts
    - Sorting with custom comparators
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## **PATTERN 3: ARRAY MANIPULATION**

**Total Problems: ~60-70**

### **Easy (30-35 problems)**

- **Basic Array Operations**
  - Find largest/smallest element
  - Second largest element
  - Check if array is sorted

- Remove duplicates from sorted array
- Left/Right rotate array by k positions
- Find missing number in array
- Move zeros to end
- Linear search implementation
- Find union of two sorted arrays

## ● **Medium (25-30 problems)**

- **Two Pointers Pattern**

- Two Sum problem
- Three Sum problem
- Four Sum problem
- Container with most water
- Sort colors (Dutch National Flag)
- Remove duplicates from sorted array II

- **Sliding Window Pattern**

- Maximum sum subarray of size k
- Longest subarray with sum k
- Count subarrays with given sum

- **Prefix Sum Pattern**

- Subarray sum equals k
- Maximum subarray sum (Kadane's algorithm)
- Product of array except self

## ● **Hard (8-12 problems)**

- **Advanced Array Problems**

- Trapping rain water
  - Minimum window substring
  - Sliding window maximum
  - Longest substring without repeating characters
  - Median of two sorted arrays
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## **PATTERN 4: BINARY SEARCH**

**Total Problems: ~35-40**

### **Easy (15-18 problems)**

- **Basic Binary Search**
  - Binary search implementation
  - Search insert position
  - Find first and last position of element
  - Search in rotated sorted array I
  - Find peak element
  - Find minimum in rotated sorted array

### **Medium (15-18 problems)**

- **Search in Answer Space**
  - Square root using binary search
  - Find nth root of number
  - Koko eating bananas
  - Minimum days to make m bouquets
  - Smallest divisor given threshold
  - Capacity to ship packages within d days

### **Hard (5-8 problems)**

- **Advanced Binary Search**
    - Median of two sorted arrays
    - Kth element of two sorted arrays
    - Aggressive cows problem
    - Book allocation problem
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## **PATTERN 5: STRING MANIPULATION**

**Total Problems: ~30-35**

### **Easy (15-18 problems)**

- **Basic String Operations**

- Reverse a string
- Check if string is palindrome
- Count vowels and consonants
- Remove characters from string
- Check if strings are anagrams
- Longest common prefix

### ● **Medium (12-15 problems)**

- **String Algorithms**
  - KMP algorithm for pattern matching
  - Rabin-Karp algorithm
  - Z algorithm
  - Minimum window substring
  - Group anagrams

### ● **Hard (3-5 problems)**

- **Advanced String Problems**
    - Edit distance
    - Distinct subsequences
    - Wildcard pattern matching
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## **PATTERN 6: LINKED LIST OPERATIONS**

**Total Problems: ~30-35**

### ● **Easy (15-18 problems)**

- **Basic Linked List Operations**
  - Insert/Delete at beginning, middle, end
  - Search in linked list
  - Find length of linked list
  - Reverse a linked list
  - Find middle of linked list
  - Detect cycle in linked list

## ● **Medium (12-15 problems)**

### • **Two Pointers in Linked List**

- Remove nth node from end
- Intersection of two linked lists
- Add two numbers represented as linked lists
- Merge two sorted linked lists
- Remove duplicates from sorted linked list

## ● **Hard (3-5 problems)**

### • **Advanced Linked List Problems**

- Merge k sorted linked lists
  - Reverse nodes in k-group
  - Clone linked list with random pointers
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## **PATTERN 7: RECURSION & BACKTRACKING**

**Total Problems: ~40-45**

## ● **Easy (18-20 problems)**

### • **Basic Recursion**

- Factorial using recursion
- Fibonacci using recursion
- Print numbers 1 to n
- Sum of first n natural numbers
- Print all subsequences of string
- Tower of Hanoi

## ● **Medium (18-20 problems)**

### • **Backtracking Problems**

- Generate all permutations
- Generate all combinations
- Combination sum problems
- Subset sum problems

- Word search in grid
- Generate parentheses

### ● **Hard (4-7 problems)**

- **Complex Backtracking**
    - N-Queens problem
    - Sudoku solver
    - Word break problem
    - Palindrome partitioning
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## **PATTERN 8: BIT MANIPULATION**

**Total Problems: ~20-25**

### ● **Easy (12-15 problems)**

- **Basic Bit Operations**
  - Check if number is power of 2
  - Count set bits in number
  - Find the odd occurring element
  - Swap two numbers using XOR
  - Check if ith bit is set

### ● **Medium (6-8 problems)**

- **Intermediate Bit Problems**
  - Find two odd occurring elements
  - Bit difference between two numbers
  - Maximum XOR of two numbers in array

### ● **Hard (2-4 problems)**

- **Advanced Bit Manipulation**
    - Maximum XOR subarray
    - Minimum XOR of two elements
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## **PATTERN 9: STACK & QUEUE**

**Total Problems: ~35-40**

### ● **Easy (18-20 problems)**

- **Basic Stack Operations**
  - Implement stack using arrays/linked lists
  - Valid parentheses
  - Implement queue using stacks
  - Implement stack using queues

### ● **Medium (15-18 problems)**

- **Stack/Queue Applications**
  - Next greater element
  - Previous smaller element
  - Largest rectangle in histogram
  - Sliding window maximum
  - LRU Cache implementation

### ● **Hard (2-4 problems)**

- **Advanced Stack/Queue Problems**
    - Maximum rectangle in binary matrix
    - Implement min stack
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## **PATTERN 10: TREE ALGORITHMS**

**Total Problems: ~50-55**

### ● **Easy (25-28 problems)**

- **Basic Tree Operations**
  - Tree traversals (Inorder, Preorder, Postorder)
  - Level order traversal
  - Height/Depth of binary tree
  - Diameter of binary tree
  - Check if tree is balanced
  - Mirror of binary tree



## ● **Medium (20-22 problems)**

- **Tree Properties & Algorithms**

- Lowest common ancestor
- Path sum problems
- Construct tree from traversals
- Serialize and deserialize binary tree
- Vertical order traversal
- Top/Bottom view of binary tree

## ● **Hard (5-8 problems)**

- **Advanced Tree Problems**

- Binary tree maximum path sum
  - Recover binary search tree
  - Count complete tree nodes
  - Binary tree cameras
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## **PATTERN 11: GRAPH ALGORITHMS**

**Total Problems: ~40-45**

## ● **Easy (15-18 problems)**

- **Basic Graph Concepts**

- BFS implementation
- DFS implementation
- Detect cycle in undirected graph
- Number of connected components
- Graph representation methods

## ● **Medium (20-22 problems)**

- **Graph Traversal Applications**

- Detect cycle in directed graph
- Topological sorting
- Shortest path in unweighted graph

- Clone graph
- Course schedule problems
- Number of islands

### ● **Hard (5-8 problems)**

- **Advanced Graph Algorithms**

- Dijkstra's shortest path
  - Bellman-Ford algorithm
  - Floyd-Warshall algorithm
  - Minimum spanning tree (Kruskal's, Prim's)
  - Strongly connected components
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## **PATTERN 12: DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING**

**Total Problems: ~50-55**

### ● **Easy (20-22 problems)**

- **1D DP Problems**

- Climbing stairs
- Fibonacci with memoization
- House robber
- Maximum sum with no adjacent elements
- Coin change (count ways)

### ● **Medium (25-28 problems)**

- **2D DP Problems**

- Unique paths in grid
- Minimum path sum
- Longest common subsequence
- Edit distance
- Knapsack problems
- Palindromic subsequences

### ● **Hard (5-8 problems)**

- **Advanced DP Problems**
    - Longest increasing subsequence
    - Matrix chain multiplication
    - Egg dropping problem
    - Burst balloons
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## **PATTERN 13: GREEDY ALGORITHMS**

**Total Problems: ~25-30**

### **Easy (12-15 problems)**

- **Basic Greedy Problems**
  - Activity selection problem
  - Fractional knapsack
  - Minimum coins needed
  - Find minimum platforms

### **Medium (10-12 problems)**

- **Intermediate Greedy**
  - Job scheduling with deadlines
  - Minimum number of meetings
  - Huffman coding
  - Gas station problem

### **Hard (3-5 problems)**

- **Advanced Greedy Problems**
    - Candy distribution
    - Jump game variations
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## **PATTERN 14: HEAP/PRIORITY QUEUE**

**Total Problems: ~20-25**

### **Easy (10-12 problems)**

- **Basic Heap Operations**

- Implement min/max heap
- Kth largest/smallest element
- Sort array using heap

### ● **Medium (8-10 problems)**

- **Heap Applications**
  - Top K frequent elements
  - Merge K sorted arrays
  - Find median from data stream

### ● **Hard (2-4 problems)**

- **Advanced Heap Problems**
    - Sliding window median
    - Employee free time
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## **PATTERN 15: TRIE (PREFIX TREE)**

**Total Problems: ~15-20**

### ● **Easy (8-10 problems)**

- **Basic Trie Operations**
  - Implement Trie
  - Insert, search, delete in Trie
  - Count words with given prefix

### ● **Medium (5-7 problems)**

- **Trie Applications**
  - Word search II
  - Replace words
  - Maximum XOR problems using Trie




### ● **Hard (2-3 problems)**

- **Advanced Trie Problems**
  - Palindrome pairs

- Stream of characters



## OVERALL DIFFICULTY DISTRIBUTION

Difficulty	Count	Percentage
 <b>Easy</b>	~180 problems	40%
 <b>Medium</b>	~200 problems	45%
 <b>Hard</b>	~70 problems	15%
<b>Total</b>	<b>~450 problems</b>	<b>100%</b>



## RECOMMENDED STUDY PATH

### Phase 1: Foundation (Weeks 1-4)

1. Basic Programming & Mathematics
2. Sorting Algorithms
3. Basic Array Operations

### Phase 2: Core Data Structures (Weeks 5-8)

1. String Manipulation
2. Linked List Operations
3. Stack & Queue

### Phase 3: Searching & Advanced Arrays (Weeks 9-12)

1. Binary Search
2. Advanced Array Patterns
3. Bit Manipulation

### Phase 4: Tree & Graph Fundamentals (Weeks 13-16)

1. Tree Algorithms
2. Basic Graph Algorithms
3. Recursion & Backtracking

### Phase 5: Advanced Topics (Weeks 17-20)

1. Dynamic Programming

2. Greedy Algorithms
  3. Heap/Priority Queue
  4. Trie
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## **HIGH-FREQUENCY INTERVIEW PATTERNS**

1. **Two Pointers** (40+ problems)
  2. **Sliding Window** (25+ problems)
  3. **Binary Search** (35+ problems)
  4. **Tree Traversals** (30+ problems)
  5. **Dynamic Programming** (50+ problems)
  6. **Graph BFS/DFS** (25+ problems)
  7. **Backtracking** (20+ problems)
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*This organization is based on the structure found in Striver's A2Z DSA Course repositories and typical problem distributions in comprehensive DSA curricula.*