Ramakrishna Mission Vivekananda Educational and Research Institute



PO Belur Math, Howrah, West Bengal 711 202

School of Mathematical Sciences Department of Computer Science

MSc BDA : Batch 2021-23, Semester II, MidSem Exam

DA311: Time Series
Dr. Sudipta Das

Student Name (in block letters):

Student Roll No:

Signature:

Date: 11 April 2022

Max Marks: 80

Time: 2.5hrs

Answers must be properly justified to deserve full credits.

- 1. (8 points) Are the following processes stationary. $(\{Z_t\} \sim WN(0, \sigma^2))$
 - (a) (4 points) $X_t = Z_t \cos(ct) + Z_{t-1} \sin(ct)$
 - (b) (4 points) $X_t = Z_t Z_{t-1}$
- 2. (8 points) Are the following ARMA processes causal as well as invertible. $(\{Z_t\} \sim WN(0, \sigma^2))$
 - (a) (4 points) $X_t + 1.8X_{t-1} + 0.72X_{t-2} = Z_t + 0.2Z_{t-1}$
 - (b) (4 points) $X_t + 1.7X_{t-1} + 0.72X_{t-2} = Z_t$
- 3. (16 points) Consider the model $Y_t = Z_t Y_{t-1}$ where $Z_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$
 - (a) (6 points) Find the conditional variance of Y_t given Y_{t-1} .
 - (b) (10 points) Show that under the assumption of second order stationarity if $\sigma^2 \neq 1$ then the variance of Y_t is either zero or infinite.
- 4. (16 points) For the following MA(1) process

$$X_t = Z_t + \theta Z_{t-1}, t = 0, \pm 1, \dots,$$

the best linear predictor of X_{n+1} based on X_1, \ldots, X_n is $X_{n+1}^{(n)} = \phi_{\mathbf{n}}' \mathbf{X_n}$, where $\phi_{\mathbf{n}}$ satisfies

$$\Gamma_n \phi_{\mathbf{n}} = \gamma_{\mathbf{n}}.$$

Show that for $1 \le j < n$,

$$\phi_{n,n-j} = (-\theta)^{-j} (1 + \theta^2 + \dots + \theta^{2j}) \phi_{nn}.$$

Hence, find ϕ_{nn} , that the value at lag n of the partial ACF of this MA(1) process.

5. (16 points) The sample autocorrelation at lag 1, from a set of 498 observations, is calculated as -0.66 and the maximum of the correlations from lag 2 to lag 20 is .08. Assuming that the sample size is large, test the claim that the sample is from an MA(1) process, at a 5% level of significance.

(Bartlett's formula:
$$w_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} {\{\rho(k+i) + \rho(k-i) - 2\rho(i)\rho(k)\}} {\{\rho(k+j) + \rho(k-j) - 2\rho(j)\rho(k)\}}$$

6. (16 points) Given two observations x_1 and x_2 from the causal AR(1) process satisfying

$$X_t = \phi X_{t-1} + Z_t, \{Z_t\} \sim N(0, \sigma^2),$$

and assuming that $|x_1| \neq |x_2|$, find the maximum likelihood estimates of ϕ and σ^2 .