# **PRACTICE DAY -3**

### **Question:1**

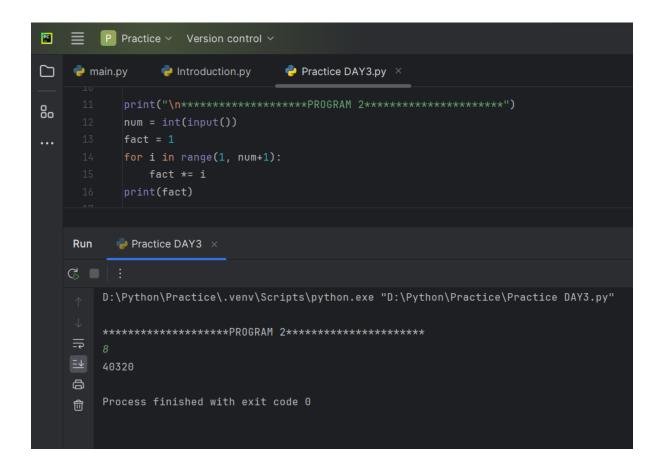
Write a program which will find all such numbers which are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5, between 2000 and 3200 (both included). The numbers obtained should be printed in a commaseparated sequence on a single line.

Write a program which can compute the factorial of a given numbers.

The results should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 8

Then, the output should be: 40320



With a given integral number n, write a program to generate a dictionary that contains (i, i\*i) such that is an integral number between 1 and n (both included). and then the program should print the dictionary.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:8

Then, the output should be:

{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64}

```
PC
       P Practice Version control V
e main.py
              Introduction.py
                            Practice DAY3.py ×
         80
            d[i] = i*i
   for i in range(1, num1+1)
         Practice DAY3 ×
   Run
       D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
       {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64}
       Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma-separated numbers from console and generate a list and a tuple which contains every number.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 34,67,55,33,12,98

Then, the output should be:

```
['34', '67', '55', '33', '12', '98']
('34', '67', '55', '33', '12', '98')
```

```
P Practice Version control V
PC
e main.py
             Introduction.py
                           🥏 Practice DAY3.py 🗵
       80
       L = num3.split(",")
        T = tuple(L)
        Practice DAY3 ×
   Run
      D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
       a tuple: ('34', '67', '55', '33', '12', '98')
      Process finished with exit code 0
```

#### **Question 5:**

Write a program that calculates and prints the value according to the given formula:

Q =Square root of [(2 \* C \* D)/H]

Following are the fixed values of C and H: C is 50. H is 30.

D is the variable whose values should be input to your program in a comma-separated sequence.

# Example

Let us assume the following comma separated input sequence is given to the program: 100,150,180

The output of the program should be: 18,22,24

```
PC
        P Practice Version control V
                                 🥏 Practice DAY3.py 🗵
nain.py × 💡 Introduction.py
           print("\n**************PROGRAM 5*****************")
80
           D = D.split(",")
          for d in D:
               print(int(math.sqrt((2*C*d)/H)), end=",")
          Practice DAY3 ×
    Run
        D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
        ************************************
       100,150,180
    18,22,24,
    ☐ Process finished with exit code 0
    ⑪
```

Write a program which takes 2 digits, X, Y as input and generates a 2-dimensional array. The element value in the i-th row and j-th column of the array should be i\*j.

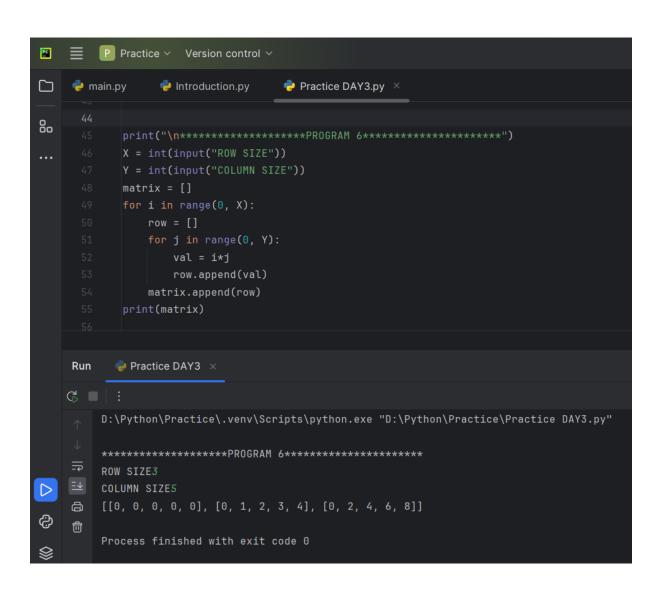
Note: i=0, 1., X-1; j=0,1,j-Y-1.

### Example

Suppose the following inputs are given to the program: 3,5

Then, the output of the program should be:

[[0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]]



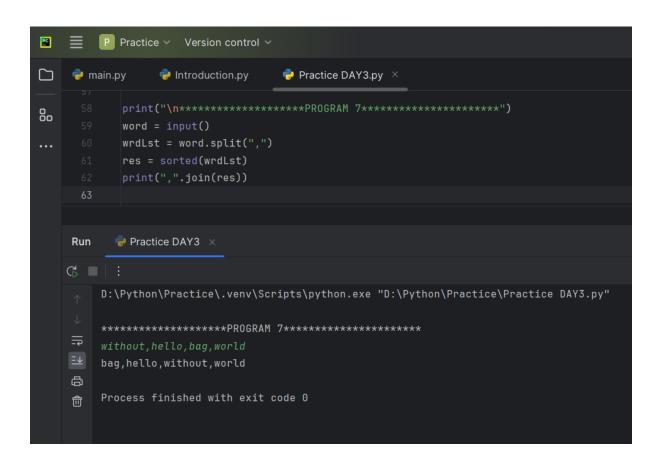
Write a program that accepts a comma separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a comma-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

without, hello, bag, world

Then, the output should be:

bag, hello, without, world

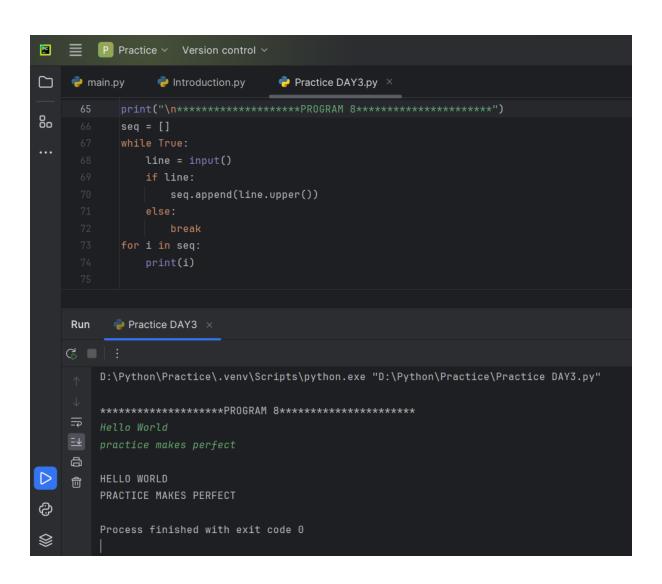


Write a program that accepts sequence of lines as input and prints the lines after making all characters in the sentence capitalized.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: Hello world Practice makes perfect

Then, the output should be: HELLO WORLD

PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT



Write a program that accepts a sequence of whitespace separated words as input and prints the words after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

hello world and practice make perfect and hello world again

Then, the output should be:

again, and hello makes perfect practice world

Hints:In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

We use set container to remove duplicated data automatically and then use sorted () to sort the data.

```
PC
          P Practice Version control V
main.py
                                        Practice DAY3.py ×
                    Introduction.py
80
            words = input("ENTER THE WORDS: ")
            noDuplicates = sorted(set(words.split()))
             print(" ".join(noDuplicates))
            Practice DAY3 ×
          \hbox{\tt D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe} \ \hbox{\tt "D:\Python\Practice\Practice} \ \hbox{\tt DAY3.py"}
          ************************************
          ENTER THE WORDS: hello world and practice makes perfect and hello world again
          again and hello makes perfect practice world
          Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma separated 4 digit binary numbers as its input and then check whether they are divisible by 5 or not. The numbers that are divisible by 5 are to be printed in a comma separated sequence.

## Example:

0100,0011,1010,1001

Then the output should be:

1010

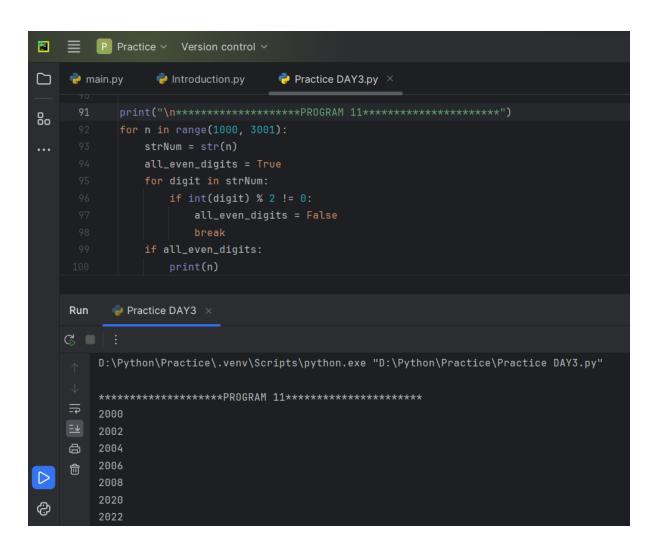
Notes: Assume the data is input by console.

```
PC
        P Practice Version control V
main.py
                                   Practice DAY3.py ×
                 Introduction.py
           print("\n**************PROGRAM 10*****************")
80
           bseq = input("Enter 4-digit binary numbers: ")
           binNums = bseq.split(",")
           div = []
          for b in binNums:
              decNum = int(b, 2)
               if decNum % 5 == 0:
                  div.append(b)
          print(','.join(div))
          Practice DAY3 ×
    Run
        D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
         Enter 4-digit binary numbers: 0100,0011,1010,1001
    8
        Process finished with exit code 0
\triangleright
```

Write a program, which will find all such numbers between 1000 and 3000 (both included) such that each digit of the number is an even number.

The numbers obtained should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.

Hints: In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.



Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

hello world! 123

Then, the output should be: LETTERS 10

#### DIGITS 3

Hints: In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.

```
PC
        P Practice Version control V
e main.py
                Introduction.py
                                🥏 Practice DAY3.py 🗵
          print("\n***************PROGRAM 12***************************
80
         letters = 0
          if char.isalpha():
                 letters += 1
              elif char.isdigit():
    digits += 1
print("Number of letters:", letters)
         print("Number of digits:", digits)
          Practice DAY3 ×
    Run
        D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
        Enter a sentence: hello world! 123
    Number of letters: 10
    Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of upper-case letters and lower-case letters.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

Hello world!

Then, the output should be:

**UPPER CASE 1** 

**LOWER CASE 9** 

```
PC
        P Practice Version control V
🗬 main.py
                 Introduction.py
                                  Practice DAY3.py ×
80
          sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
          upper = 0
          for i in sentence:
              if i.isupper():
                  upper += 1
              elif i.islower():
         print("UPPER CASE", upper)
    Run
          Practice DAY3 ×
        D:\Python\Practice\.venv\Scripts\python.exe "D:\Python\Practice\Practice DAY3.py"
        Enter a sentence: Hello world!
    <u>=</u> UPPER CASE 1
       LOWER CASE 9
        Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a program that computes the value of a+aa+aaa+aaaa with a given digit as the value of a.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 9

Then, the output should be:11106

