Fusion-Core ISA Definition: Revision 0.1

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1 Change log

Version 0.1 Initial Definition of the Instruction Set Architecture

2 Introduction

2.1 About

The Fusion-Core ISA is dedicated to creating an easily expandible architecture without altering the instruction set. By use of defining an easy interface with a simple core instruction set, this allows for more freedom in implementation. High end processors and microcontrollers would only have slight variations in configuration, as their core would remain identical save for easy to maintain and scalable co-processors.

The architecture is Big endian, with a core instruction set that is RISC, but the co-processors do not need to adhere to the RISC philosophy. This allows for more flexibility in design, and possibly faster core clock speeds as the pipeline would depend on smaller amounts of logic. Only the instructions provided in this document are to be implemented in the main processor. The co-processors defined in this document are recommended, but not required for normal function. Co-processor documentation is to be provided by the creator, and should adhere to the standards of clarity and conciseness such that it can be easily implemented from the documentation alone in a HDL.

64 Bit instructions: At this moment in time, the Fusion-Core ISA is only a 32 bit ISA. Due to the focus on co-processors, older implementations could easily be modified to include 64 bit operations.

2.2 Goals

2.3 Conventions

Document Conventions: Example code will be shown with monospace text. General purpose registers will be denoted with \$R# where # is the number of the register. Special purpose registers will be presented with **bold** text.

Naming Conventions: The name of input signals will have "_in" after the signal name, with "_out" after output signals. This is mainly used in the verilog example implementation. If a naming convention is not globally used, it will be stated in the individual section that it pertains to.

3 Register File Definitions

This section goes over the different registers available in the ISA. Each register file name begins with "REGF", such as the first General Purpose Register File being REGFGP0. Any additional register files require the number after the name of the register file. Register files with additional numbers after them are bank switched to reduce space, hence why the number is required to denote the register file space used.

To alleviate context switching delays, three general purpose register files are bank available by bank switching. Only these register files are required for a minimal system, though more can certainly be implemented if required. Each register file can be accessed by changing the value in the BSELRF register.

3.1 Register File List

Figure 1: General Purpose Registers

Register Register Name \$R0 ZERO \$R1 \$P0 \$R2 \$F0 \$R3 \$GP0 \$R4 RA0 \$R5 ARG00 \$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 \$GR00 \$R12 \$GR01 \$R13 \$GR02 \$R14 \$GR03 \$R15 \$GR04 \$R16 \$GR05 \$R17 \$GR06 \$R18 \$GR07 \$R19 \$GR08 \$R20 \$GR09 \$R21 \$GR10 \$R22 \$TMP00 \$R23 \$TMP01 \$R24 \$TMP02 \$R25 \$TMP03 \$R26 \$TMP04 \$R27 \$TMP05 \$R28 \$TMP07 \$R30 \$H10 \$R31 \$LOW0	R	EGFGP0
\$R1 \$P0 \$R2 \$FP0 \$R3 \$GP0 \$R4 \$RA0 \$R5 \$ARG00 \$R6 \$ARG01 \$R7 \$ARG02 \$R8 \$ARG03 \$R9 \$RVAL00 \$R10 \$RVAL01 \$R11 \$GR01 \$R12 \$GR01 \$R13 \$GR02 \$R14 \$GR03 \$R15 \$GR04 \$R16 \$GR05 \$R17 \$GR06 \$R18 \$GR07 \$R19 \$GR08 \$R20 \$GR09 \$R21 \$GR10 \$R22 \$TMP00 \$R23 \$TMP01 \$R24 \$TMP02 \$R25 \$TMP03 \$R26 \$TMP04 \$R27 \$TMP05 \$R28 \$TMP06 \$R29 \$TMP07 \$R30 \$H10	Register	Register Name
\$R2 FP0 \$R3 GP0 \$R4 RA0 \$R5 ARG00 \$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R24 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R0	ZERO
\$R3 GP0 \$R4 RA0 \$R5 ARG00 \$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R1	SP0
\$R4 RA0 \$R5 ARG00 \$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R2	FP0
\$R5 ARG00 \$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R18 GR07 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R3	GP0
\$R6 ARG01 \$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R4	RA0
\$R7 ARG02 \$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R5	ARG00
\$R8 ARG03 \$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R11 GR01 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R6	ARG01
\$R9 RVAL00 \$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R7	ARG02
\$R10 RVAL01 \$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R8	ARG03
\$R11 GR00 \$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R9	RVAL00
\$R12 GR01 \$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R10	RVAL01
\$R13 GR02 \$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R11	GR00
\$R14 GR03 \$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R12	GR01
\$R15 GR04 \$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R27 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R13	GR02
\$R16 GR05 \$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R14	GR03
\$R17 GR06 \$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R15	GR04
\$R18 GR07 \$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R16	GR05
\$R19 GR08 \$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R17	GR06
\$R20 GR09 \$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R18	GR07
\$R21 GR10 \$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R19	GR08
\$R22 TMP00 \$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R20	GR09
\$R23 TMP01 \$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 H10	\$R21	GR10
\$R24 TMP02 \$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R22	TMP00
\$R25 TMP03 \$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R23	TMP01
\$R26 TMP04 \$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R24	TMP02
\$R27 TMP05 \$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R25	TMP03
\$R28 TMP06 \$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R26	TMP04
\$R29 TMP07 \$R30 HI0	\$R27	TMP05
\$R30 HI0	\$R28	TMP06
	\$R29	TMP07
\$R31 LOW0	\$R30	HI0
	\$R31	LOW0

REGFEXCP									
Register	Register Name								
\$R0	ZERO								
\$R1	SP1								
\$R2	FP1								
\$R3	GP1								
\$R4	RA1								
\$R5	ARG0								
\$R6	ARG1								
\$R7	ARG2								
\$R8	ARG3								
\$R9	ARG4								
\$R10	ARG5								
\$R11	RVAL0								
\$R12	RVAL1								
\$R13	RVAL2								
\$R14	RVAL3								
\$R15	RVAL4								
\$R16	GPR0								
\$R17	GPR1								
\$R18	GPR2								
\$R19	GPR3								
\$R20	GPR4								
\$R21	GPR5								
\$R22	GPR6								
\$R23	GPR7								
\$R24	TMPR0								
\$R25	TMPR1								
\$R26	TMPR2								
\$R27	TMPR3								
\$R28	TMPR4								
\$R29	TMPR5								
\$R30	REGHI1								
\$R31	REGLOW1								

	REGFSYSCL0										
	Register	Register Name									
	\$R0	ZERO									
	\$R1	SP1									
	\$R2	FP1									
	\$R3	GP1									
	\$R4	RA1									
	\$R5	SYSARG00									
	\$R6	SYSARG01									
	\$R7	SYSARG02									
	\$R8	SYSARG03									
	\$R9	SYSARG04									
	\$R10	SYSARG05									
	\$R11	SYSRVAL00									
	\$R12	SYSRVAL01									
	\$R13	SYSRVAL02									
.5	\$R14	SYSRVAL03									
	\$R15	SYSRVAL04									
	\$R16	SYSGPR00									
	\$R17	SYSGPR01									
	\$R18	SYSGPR02									
	\$R19	SYSGPR03									
	\$R20	SYSGPR04									
	\$R21	SYSGPR05									
	\$R22	SYSGPR06									
	\$R23	SYSGPR07									
	\$R24	SYSTMPR00									
	\$R25	SYSTMPR01									
	\$R26	SYSTMPR02									
	\$R27	SYSTMPR03									
	\$R28	SYSTMPR04									
	\$R29	SYSTMPR05									
	\$R30	SYSREGHI0									
	\$R31	SYSREGLOW0									

3.2 General Purpose Registers

32 general purpose registers that are 32 bits wide are available, as shown in Figure 1, in the previous section.

NOTE: In writing programs, register arguments and return values can be used to reduce the number of registers used between processes.

Figure 2: Special Registers

Control Registers										
Register Name	Description	Address (Hex)								
CPUREV	CPU Revision	0x00000000								
CPO0	Co-Processor 0 Information	0x00000004								
CPO1	Co-Processor 1 Information	0x00000008								
CPO2	Co-Processor 2 Information	0х0000000с								
CPO3	Co-Processor 3 Information	0x00000010								
STATUS	Status Register	0x00000014								
8										

Register Name	Description	Address (Hex)
SMSTAT	Supervisor mode status register	0×000000000
PRCPR0	Process Pointer register 0	0x00000004

While it is not defined by the architecture, larger general purpose registers can be used instead of 32 bit wide registers. If larger registers are needed, consider using a co-processor to for instructions that require larger operands. This provides code compatibility between different implementations.

3.3 Special Registers

The special registers are sorted between the Control Registers and the Supervisor Registers. The control registers provide simple configuration values and some read-only registers to give the programmer information about the implementation. The supervisor registers provide control for

3.3.1 Control Registers

CPUREV Read only register that lets the programmer know what revision the CPU is.

CPUREV: CPU Revision

Bank Switching Bank switching is controlled by the BSELRF register

3.3.2 Supervisor Registers

3.4 Adding Registers

4 Instruction Definitions

4.1 Instruction Types

This section will talk about the different instructions available in the core processor, their encodings, function, and hazards they cause or registers they affect in the processor. The Co-Processor instructions are purlely generic and allow the implementation of each Co-Processor to determine how their respective instructions will be decoded. Only the Operation Codes will be defined for each Co-Processor slot to allow for more customization.

How these OPCodes are allocated is to be determined and does not have a strict definition at this time. There exists four different ideas for definitions: a single OPCode for all co-processor instructions; A single bit in the OPCode field to indicate a Co-Processor instruction;

4.1.1 Integer

The interger instructions are the heart of this processor's arithmetic abilities and is vital to ensure fast execution. A semi-strict adherence to RISC philosophy in this architecture is required to exploit any benefits to this ISA in a real implementation.

The integer instruction coding is shown in the diagram below.

Register/Integer instruction

opcode		$_{\mathrm{rd}}$	rs	sa	rsb	shf	ît .	aluop	
31	26	$25 \ 21$	20	16	15 11	10	10 4		0

4.1.2 Immediate

Register/Integer instruction

opcode		$^{\mathrm{rd}}$		rsa		rsb		sh	ıft	aluop	
31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	4	3	0

4.1.3 Load/Store

Register/Integer instruction

opcode		r	d	rs	sa	rs	b	sh	ıft	aluop	
31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	4	3	0

Register/Integer instruction

opc	opcode		f	rs	a	rs	b	sł	ıft	al	luop
31	26	25	21	20	16	15	11	10	4	3	0

4.1.4 Branch/Jump

Register/Integer instruction

opcode		$_{\mathrm{rd}}$	rsa	rsb	shft	aluop	
31	26	25 21	20 16	15 11	10 4	3 0	

4.1.5 Co-Processor

Register/Integer instruction

		,			1.0	,
opc	ode	rd	rsa	rsb	shit	aluop
31	26	25 21	20 16	15 11	10 4	3 0

- 4.2 List of Instructions
- 4.2.1 Integer
- 4.2.2 Immediate
- 4.2.3 Load/Store
- 4.2.4 Branch/Jump
- 4.2.5 Co-Processor

5 Exceptions and Interrupts

- 5.1 Exceptions
- 5.2 Interrupts
- 5.2.1 User Level
- 5.2.2 Supervisor Level

6 Co-Processors

Co-processors are the main point of the Fusion-Core archetecture. As the ISA only defines the main core, the implementator is free to use whichever co-processors that would be necessary for an application. Hardware acceleration for vector instructions, encryption, floating point, communication, etc. There is no limitation for what kind of co-processor that could be used, only the number that could fit within the defined usable instructions.

It is important to note that the co-processors do not need to be of a RISC construction, due to this reliance on co-processors without specifying how they should be implemented. The main core is indeed RISC, as only the simplest instructions are defined that something as small as a microcontroller could use without issue.

The idea behind the separation of processor is to create different pipelines for each core. In doing so, the main core could be clocked faster that of a pipeline requiring integer multiplication, or some other time consuming operation. As well, the individual cores could be clocked at their respective fastest frequencies, thus resulting in the fastest possible performance of each part. To deal with writing to memory with varying clock speeds for each core, a FIFO buffer is used to send each write to main memory. This FIFO is to create the illusion of write atomicity. The FIFO should have connections to allow for a seeming atomic read though, the programmer should note that reads require care; if there is a dependancy on a slow core's written value. This programming paradigm is similar to that of parallel threads, where certain values may not be available until an unknown time. The ISA does not define any particular ways to handle this and it is either left up to the implementation, or programmer depending.

As shown in the instruction section, there are predefined regions for the co-processor slots. This is defined to allow for the compiler/assembler to work across implementations. At this time, only a fixed number of co-processors can be used on an implementation at a time, though future expansions to the ISA may change this.

6.1 Co-Processor Interface

The interface is designed to be extremely simple, as to make co-processors easy to implement. The inputs is just the output from the instruction fetch passthrough on the decode unit. As shown in the instruction list, there is a section of 6 bits for the co-processor's opcode. Please also note that this section of the instruction is different than the opcode, 0x3f (may change to 0x20 to allow for more opcodes for the co-processors), which indicates that the instruction is for the co-processor. To save connections, the normal opcode section is removed, leaving 26 bit physical instructions. Using more bits per instruction is not supported at this time, though it is possible to take the instruction fetch output directly.

- 6.1.1 Co-Processor Conventions
- 6.1.2 Register Connections
- 6.1.3 Decode unit Connections
- 6.2 Interface Connection Definitions
- 6.3 Adding custom Co-Processor
- 6.4 List of Co-Processors
- 6.4.1 Floating Point
- 6.4.2 System Unit
- 6.4.3 Memory Management Unit
- 6.4.4 Multiprocessor Communication Unit

7 Recommended Co-Processors

- 7.1 Floating Point Unit
- 7.1.1 Registers
- 7.1.2 Instructions
- 7.2 System Unit
- 7.2.1 Registers
- 7.2.2 Instructions
- 7.3 Memory Management Unit
- 7.3.1 Registers
- 7.3.2 Instructions
- 7.4 Multiprocessor Communication Unit
- 7.4.1 Registers
- 7.4.2 Instructions

8 Memory Map

NOTE This section may not remain and be left up to the implementation. Do not use without consulting the documentation of the implementation.

9 Programming Conventions

- 9.1 Register Usage
- 9.2 Memory Locations for Vector Table
- 9.2.1 Interrupt Vector Table
- 9.2.2 Exception Vector Table

Address (32 bit)	Definition
0x0000	Reset address
0x0000	

Figure 3: Exception Vector Table