

HW 6-2

Solⁿ: Given,

$$|\pm\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle \pm |1\rangle)$$

$$|\beta_{00}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$|\beta_{01}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|01\rangle + |10\rangle)$$

$$|\beta_{10}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle - |11\rangle)$$

$$|\beta_{11}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|01\rangle - |10\rangle)$$

and

$$|\eta_{00}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|++\rangle + |--\rangle)$$

$$|\eta_{01}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|+-\rangle + |-+\rangle)$$

$$|\eta_{10}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|++\rangle - |--\rangle)$$

$$|\eta_{11}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|+-\rangle - |-+\rangle)$$

We can see $|\eta_{00}\rangle$ and $|\eta_{10}\rangle$ are linear combinations of $|\beta_{00}\rangle$ and $|\beta_{11}\rangle$, while $|\eta_{01}\rangle$ and $|\eta_{11}\rangle$ are linear combinations of $|\beta_{01}\rangle$ and $|\beta_{10}\rangle$.

So, expressing each η_{ij} in terms of β_{ij} ,

$$\begin{aligned} |\eta_{00}\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|++\rangle + |--\rangle) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|11\rangle + |00\rangle) \\ &= 2|\beta_{00}\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\eta_{01}\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|+-\rangle + |-+\rangle) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|01\rangle + |10\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |01\rangle) \\ &= 2|\beta_{01}\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$|\eta_{10}\rangle = 2|\beta_{10}\rangle$$

$$|\eta_{11}\rangle = 2|\beta_{11}\rangle$$

Solved