

School of Information Technologies Faculty of Engineering & IT

ASSIGNMENT/PROJECT COVERSHEET - INDIVIDUAL ASSESSMENT		
Unit of Study:	INFO1905	
Assignment name:	Assignment 1	
Tutorial time:	Friday 8am	
Tutor name:	Simon Koch	
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INFO1905 Assignment

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Overview

The number of Data Structures used are quite a few and are slightly complicated. The Assignment class contains one HashMap<String, MyTreeMap> and one TreeMap<Integer, TreeSet<String>>.

The HashMap contains my MyTreeMap object, which further contains a TreeMap, TreeSet and HashMap. This combined structure handles all the Date operations using TreeMap functions, while the inner HashMap and the TreeSet handle best grade and duplicates.

On the other hand, the TreeMap<Integer, TreeSet<String>> structure is used solely for the purpose of listTopStudents().

Upon my analysis, all the functions perform better than or according to the bare minimum requirements of the assignment specifications. I have discussed this more in detail in the following sections.

Data Structures

- 1. TreeMap<Integer, TreeSet<String>> bestGrades this dynamically updates the best grades of every student after every insertion and removal.
- 2. HashMap<String , MyTreeMap> bigMap contains my class called MyTreeMap, which further contains the following objects and Data Structures.
 - (a) TreeMap<Date, MyEntry> map contains MyEntry, which is my implementation of the Submission interface and is sorted by Date. This TreeMap is useful for getting Submissions based on Date.
 - (b) TreeSet<Integer> grades contains the sorted grades for the student, and is useful for returning the best grade of every students.
 - (c) HashMap<Integer, Integer> gradeCount keeps track of the count of every grade to account for duplicates in the TreeSet<Integer> grades.

Complexity Analysis

- public Integer getBestGrade(String unikey) calls HashMap.containsKey(...) and HashMap.get(...).getBestGrade(), which further calls TreeSet.first(), which in total gives worst case of $O(1) + O(1) + O(\log n) = O(\log n)$
- public Submission getSubmissionFinal(String unikey) calls HashMap.containsKey(...) and HashMap.get(...).getMostRecentSubmission() which then calls TreeMap.size() and TreeMap.lastEntry().getValue() which gives a worst case of $O(1) + O(1) + O(1) + O(\log n) = O(\log n)$
- public Submission getSubmissionBefore(String unikey, Date deadline) calls HashMap.containsKey(...) and HashMap.get(...).getSubmissionPriorToTime(deadline) which again calls TreeMap.floorEntry()) and Map.Entry.getValue() giving a worst case of $O(1) + O(1) + O(\log n) + O(1) = O(\log n)$

- public Submission add(String unikey, Date timestamp, Integer grade) calls HashMap.containsKey(...) once and HashMap.get(...) once and MyTreeMap.getBestGrade(), and then MyTreeMap.addSubmission(...), which then calls HashMap.containsKey(...) and HashMap.put(..., HashMap.get(...)) and then TreeSet.add(...) and TreeMap.put(...) and finally TreeMap.containsKey(...) once and TreeMap.put(...).TreeSet.add(...) once giving a worst case of $O(1) + O(1) + O(\log n) + O(1) + O(1) + O(1) + O(\log n) + O(\log n)$
- public void remove(Submission submission) calls HashMap.size() once, HashMap.get(...) once, MyTreeMap.getBestGrade() once and then MyTreeMap.removeSubmission(...) once, which then calls TreeMap.containsKey(...) once HashMap.put(...) and HashMap.get(...) once, MyTreeMap.getBestGrade() once and HashMap.get(...) once, TreeSet.remove(...) once, TreeMap.remove(...) once and then finally calls TreeMap.get(...).TreeSet.remove(...) once to give a worst case of O(1) + O(1) + O(logn) + O(logn) + O(1) + O(logn) + O(logn) + O(logn) + O(logn) + O(logn) + O(logn)
- public List<String> listTopStudents() calls TreeMap.lastEntry() and TreeMap.lestEntry().getValue() which is then converted to an ArrayList<String> giving a worst case of O(logn) + O(logn) + O(logn) = O(logn)
- public List <String> listRegressions() iterates through every student in HashMap <String, MyTreeMap> bigMap, and finds their best grades using MyTreeMap.getBestGrade() and then get their most recent grades using MyTreeMap.getMostRecentSubmission(), and then comparing and adding to the ArrayList using ArrayList<Integer>.add(...). This gives a worst case complexity of
 - O(n) * (O(logn) + O(logn) + O(1)) = O(nlogn)