# **Consecutive Subsequences**



Jigar got a sequence of  $\mathbf{n}$  positive integers as his birthday present! He likes consecutive subsequences whose sum is divisible by  $\mathbf{k}$ . He asks you to write a program to count them for him.

# **Input Format**

The first line contains **T**, the number of testcases.

**T** testcases follow. Each testcase consists of 2 lines.

The first line contains  $\mathbf{n}$  and  $\mathbf{k}$  separated by a single space.

And the second line contains **n** space separated integers.

# **Output Format**

For each test case, output the number of consecutive subsequenences whose sum is divisible by  $\mathbf{k}$  in a newline.

#### **Constraints**

```
1 \le T \le 20
```

 $1 \le n \le 10^6$ 

 $1 \le k \le 100$ 

 $1 \le a[i] \le 10^4$ 

## **Sample Input**

```
2
53
12341
62
121212
```

# **Sample Output**

```
4
9
```

## **Explanation**

For

```
12341
```

there exists, 4 subsequences whose sum is divisible by 3, they are

```
3
12
123
234
```

For

```
121212
```

there exists, 9 subsequences whose sum is divisible by 2, they are

```
2
2
```