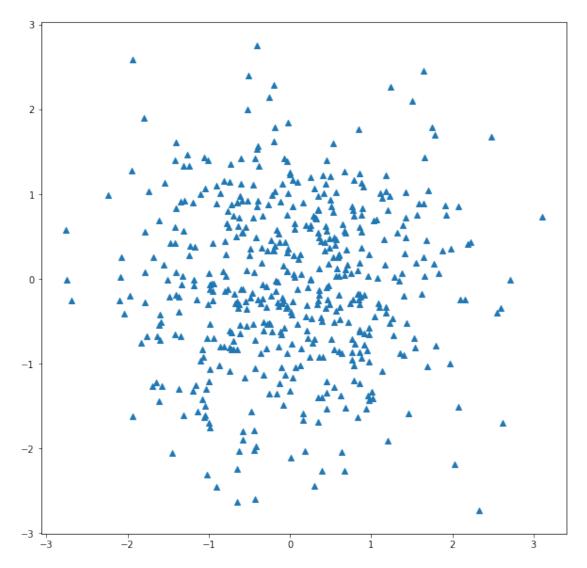
## 3-Earth\_Movers\_Distance

## February 15, 2018

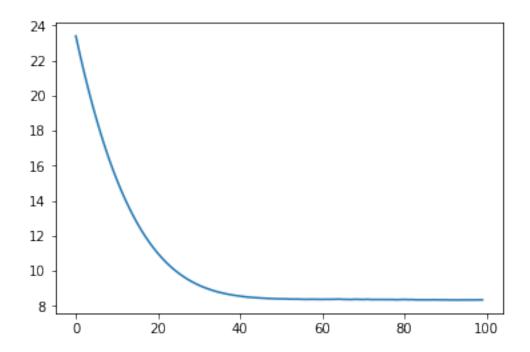
```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
        import tf_emddistance
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from ipywidgets import FloatProgress
        from IPython.display import display
/home/marcus/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/h5py/__init__.py:34: FutureWarning: Convers
  from ._conv import register_converters as _register_converters
In [2]: # Generate 100 circles with radii in the range [0, 10)
        num_samples = 500
        radii = np.arange(0, 10, 0.1)
        num_clouds = len(radii)
        S = np.zeros((num_clouds, num_samples, 3)) # Cricles -> [100, 500, 3]
        for i, r in enumerate(radii):
            # Sample the circumference
            for j in range(num_samples):
                S[i, j, 0] = np.cos(2*np.pi * j / num_samples) * r
                S[i, j, 1] = np.sin(2*np.pi * j / num_samples) * r
                S[i, j, 2] = 0
        S_feed = S
In [3]: tf.reset_default_graph()
        # Variable X -> [500, 3]
        # Point cloud with which to minimize the EMD distance to
        X = tf.get_variable("X", initializer=tf.random_normal((num_samples, 3), stddev=1.0))
        # Stack X into 100 replicas -> [100, 500, 3]
        X_stacked = tf.stack([X for _ in range(num_clouds)])
        # Placeholder for input point clouds -> [100, 500, 3]
        S = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [num_clouds, num_samples, 3])
        # Calculate EMD distance
        dist, idx1, idx2 = tf_emddistance.emd_distance(X_stacked, S)
```

```
# The loss will be the average of all the distances of the points
loss = tf.reduce_mean(dist)
```

emd



A Jupyter Widget



In [7]: visualize(sess.run(X))

