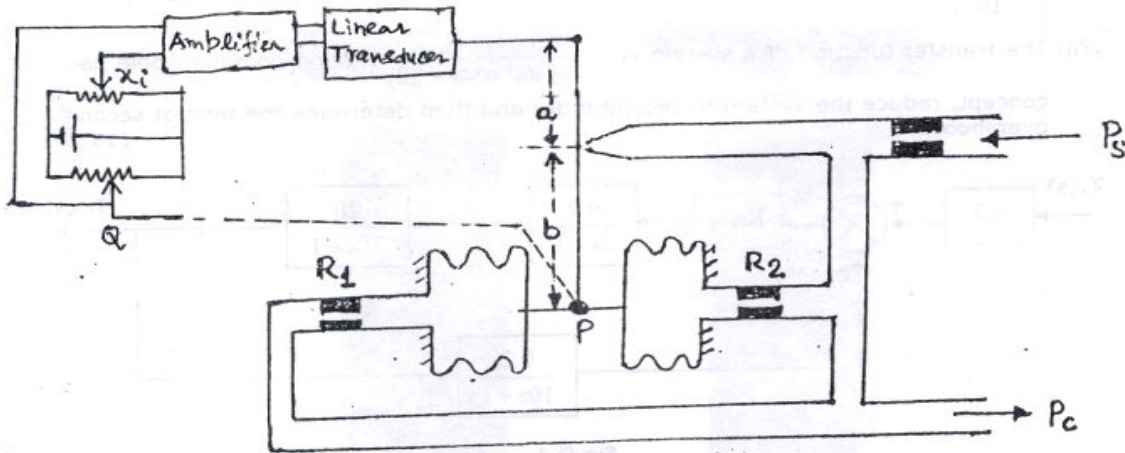


Q1. An electro pneumatic control system is shown in figure below. Capacities of bellows are  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  respectively and pressure  $P_c$  is related to flapper displacement by a constant  $K_f$ . Area and stiffness coefficient of each bellow is  $A_b$  and  $K_b$  respectively. The sensitivity of potentiometer pair is  $K_1$  V/m, amplifier gain is  $K_2$  V/V and linear transducer gain is  $K_3$  m/V. The points P and Q are connected (i.e. Points P and Q have same displacement). For this system

- Draw the block diagram
- Determine the transfer function  $\frac{P_c(s)}{X_i(s)}$  and
- Determine the steady state value of output for 3 units of sudden input. [10+6+4]



- Q2. The block diagram of a control system is shown in Fig. Q.2. For this system:
- Clearly show the region in  $K$ - $\alpha$  Plane that can be used without instability arising.
  - Determine the values of  $K$  and  $\alpha$  so that the system has damping ratio of 0.707 and settling time of 2 sec for 2% tolerance band. Also sketch the real axis locus of the roots.
  - Draw the neat sketches of root contours for  $K=11.25$  and 18.25. clearly show the steps involved. [7+12+6]

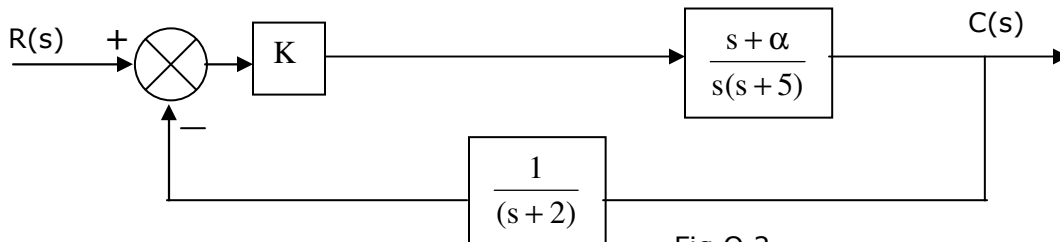


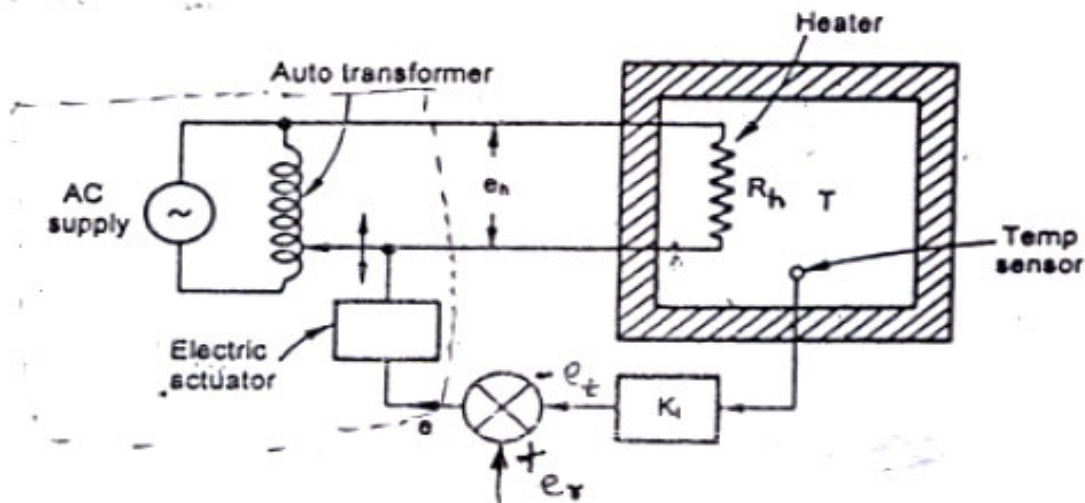
Fig Q.2

Q.3 Sketch the Nyquist plot for a system whose open loop transfer function is  $\frac{K(s-3)}{s(s+2)(s+5)}$ , choosing the appropriate Nyquist contour. Determine the range of K for which the closed loop system is stable. [25]

Q.4 A temperature control system is shown in Fig Q.4. The various parameters of this system are as follows:

Autotransformer setting is set by an electric actuator, gain of this complete assembly is  $K_a$  V/V; Thermal resistance of tank is  $R$  °C/W; Thermal capacitance of the mass in tank is  $C$  J/°C; Temperature sensor constant is  $K_t$  V/°C.  $J$  is Joule's coefficient. For this system

- Draw the labeled signal flow graph
- Obtain the incremental transfer function,  $\Delta T(s)/\Delta e_r(s)$
- Derive the expression for sensitivity of the system for changes in  $K_a$  in open loop & closed loop mode and reduce this for DC conditions.
- If the inlet temperature is also varied, draw the modified signal flow graph and determine the incremental transfer function,  $\Delta T(s)/\Delta T_i(s)$ . [6+3+6+5]



Q.5 The open loop transfer function of a unity negative feedback systems is given by  $\frac{K}{s(1+2s)(0.1s+1)}$ .

Design the Phase lead compensator using Bode's magnitude (asymptotic) and phase plots to meet the following specifications:

- Steady state error for unit ramp input  $\leq 20\%$
- Phase margin is  $40^\circ$ , take factor of margin as  $10^\circ$ .

Also draw the Bode plots for overall system including compensator. (Semi-log graph sheet is provided for the same). [30]