

Date 20.11.2008

Total Time: 50 min

Max Marks: 40

NOTE: Questions 1 to 8 of are 1 mark each and Questions 9 to 24 are of 2 marks each.

Name:

ID No:

Sec. No.

- Q.1 "Pointing finger towards an object" is an example of a Closed loop control system.
- Q.2 System described by equation $\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + a_1t \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + a_2y(t) = u(t)$, where y is input and u is output is a Linear Time Variant system (Non linear/linear and Time variant/invariant).
- Q.3 The Hydraulic system become sluggish at low temperatures (electrical/hydraulic).
- Q.4 The Hydraulic system essentially requires the return lines (hydraulic/pneumatic).
- Q.5 For a second order under damped system, the radial distance between a pole and the origin gives Natural frequency of oscillation.
- Q.6 Open loop transfer function of unity feedback control system is given by $G(S) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)}$.
If the gain is increased to infinity, the damping ratio will tend to become zero.
- Q.7 As compared to derivative error controller, the Integral error controller is used to meet the high accuracy requirements.
- Q.8 The corner frequencies of $G(s) = \frac{(s+1)}{s(1+0.5s)}$ are 1 4 2 rad/sec.
- Q.9 The addition of only a zero in the closed loop transfer function results in lesser rise time and lesser damping.
- Q.10 For a unity negative feedback system, forward path gain is $\frac{30K}{s(s+5)}$. The magnitude of sensitivity S_K^T of the system, in case of open loop and closed loop to changes in K , ($K = 0.2$) at $\omega = 0.5$ rad/s is 1 and 0.4 respectively.
- Q.11 A 4-stack stepper motor has 45 numbers of teeth, assuming that stack rotor teeth aligns with its stator, the angular displacement between stacks of stator teeth is 2°.
- Q.12 The output of a system with transfer function $\frac{5}{(s+2)}$ for an input e^{-t} in time domain is 5 (e^{-t} - e^{-2t}).
- Q.13 The open loop poles of a unity negative feedback control system are at 0 and -1, when there is an increase of 22.5% in its natural frequency, the steady state error to unit ramp input is decreased effectively by 33.36%.
≈ 33%.

- Q.14 The two phase servo motor develops a torque in accordance with the equation $T_m = K_1 V_c - K_2 \omega_m$ and its torque-speed characteristic is shown in Fig Q.14. The values of K_1 and K_2 are 0.1 Nm/V and 0.06 Nm/rad/sec respectively

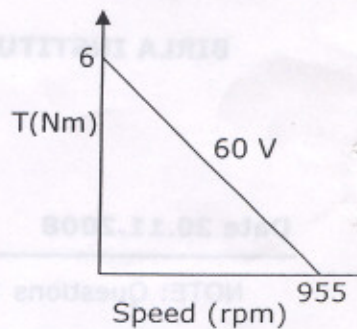


Fig. Q. 14

- Q.15 The open loop transfer function of system 1 and system 2 are $K/(s+6)^4$ and $K/(s+6)^5$ respectively. System 2 is stable for more range of K.

- Q.16 The signal flow graph of a system is shown in figure Q.16, transfer function $C(s)/R(s)$ of the system is $\frac{1}{1+H_1+H_2+H_1H_2} = \frac{1}{(1+H_1)(1+H_2)}$

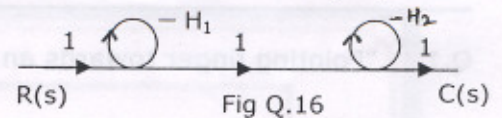


Fig Q.16

- Q.17 The open loop transfer function of a unity negative feedback system is K/s^2 . Root locus of the system will lie on Imaginary Axis.
- Q.18 Open loop transfer function of a system is $K/(s+4)$. Time constant of the system in case of open loop and closed loop is 0.25 sec. and $\frac{1}{6} \approx 0.167$ sec. respectively for $K=2$.
- Q.19 Control winding and reference windings of ac servomotor are displaced by 90° in phase and by 90° in space.
- Q.20 The open loop transfer function of a system is $\frac{(s-3)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$. The gain margin and phase margin of the system is 0 db and 0 degree respectively.

- Q.21 Polar plot of $G(j\omega)$ is shown in Fig Q.21. The Transfer

function $G(s)$ is $\frac{k}{s^2(s+1)}$ or $\frac{1k}{s^2-1}$

- Q.22 The polar plot of $1/[s^2(s+1)(1+2s)]$ will lie in 1st & 2nd quadrant(s) and crosses imaginary axis at 0.629. [Name the quadrant(s)] ≈ 0.63

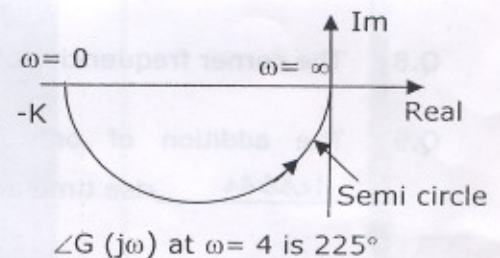


Fig Q.21

- Q.23 The transfer function of a system is $\frac{K}{(s+3)}$. The error in Bode's asymptotic plot at $\omega = 6 \text{ rad/s}$ is -1 db and $\omega = 3 \text{ rad/s}$ is -3 db.

- Q.24 Asymptotic Bode plot of a system is shown in Fig Q.24. The transfer function for which it is drawn, is _____.

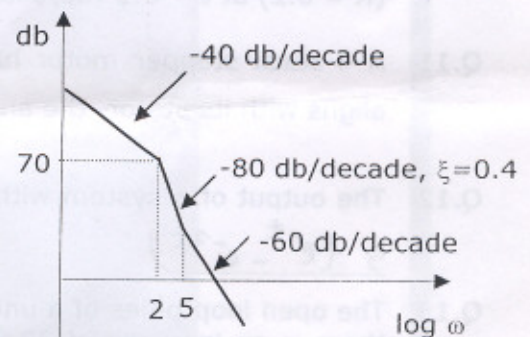


Fig Q.24

$0.8K(s+5)$ ① 4 $K=12589$ ①
 $s^2(s^2+1.68s+4)$ or 12649
1007102 10119 (s+5)
 $s^2(s^2+1.68s+4)$