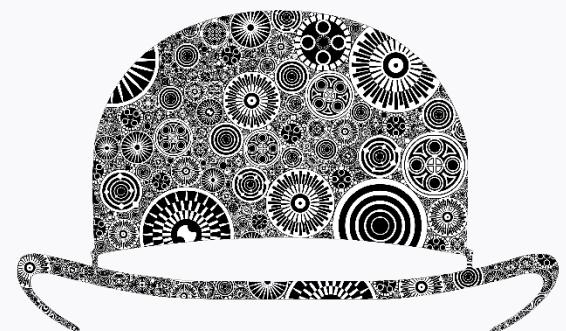


Android Deep DEX Analysis Technique

세종대학교 SSG

김남준



INCOGNITO





In this session..

- How Android translates DEX file format inside APK file
- Deep Analysis of DEX file (class, method recovery)
- Translate DEX bytecode
- How we extract information from malicious DEX file
- Apply to Real World (smishing.kr)

About Speaker



- 김남준 (20)

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UpRoot Researcher

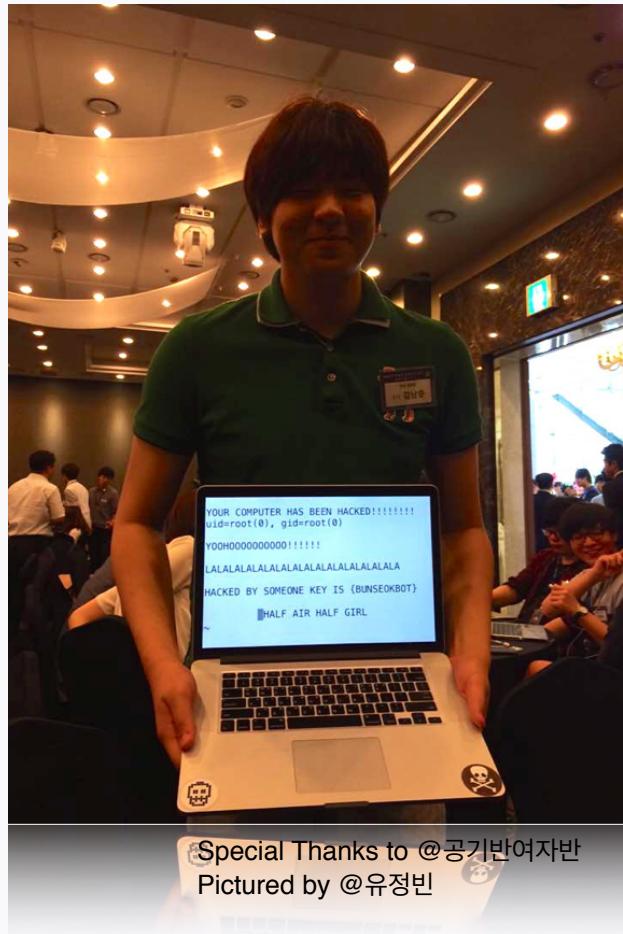
KITRI Best of the Best 3기

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What is DEX file

- Dalvik Executable File Format
- Specially designed for Embedded System
- It can run on DVM inside Android
- Actually, DVM is different between JVM

Standard Android Translation Process



```
public class MainActivity.. {  
    public static void onCreate(s..) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInsta..)  
        ..  
        public string TAG = “S.S.G”;  
        Log.i(TAG, “sejong S.S.G”);  
    }  
}
```

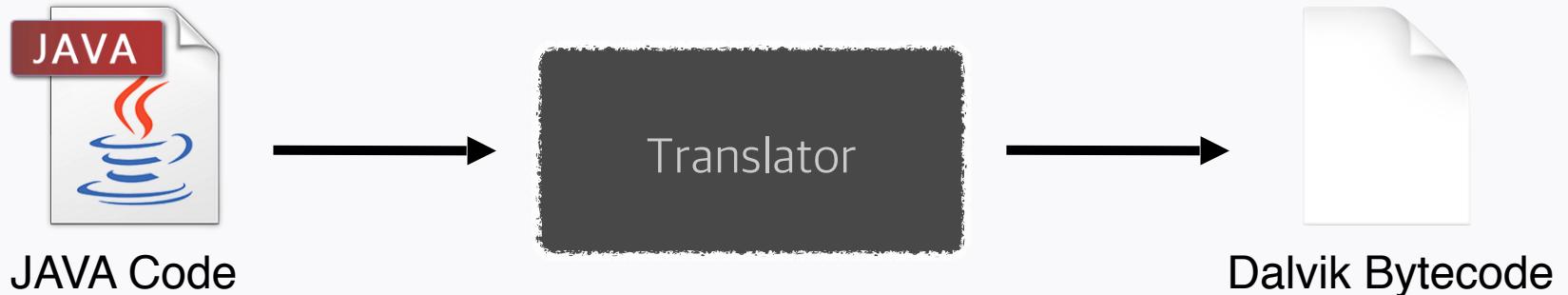
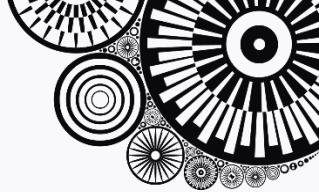
JAVA Code



```
.class public Lbunseokbot/MainActivity  
.source MainActivity.java  
  
.method public static onCreate(..)V  
const-string v0, “S.S.G”  
const-string v1, “sejong S.S.G”  
invoke-static {v0, v1}, L/Android/util/Log ->  
i(Ljava/lang/String;Ljava/lang/String;)I  
return-void
```

Dalvik bytecode

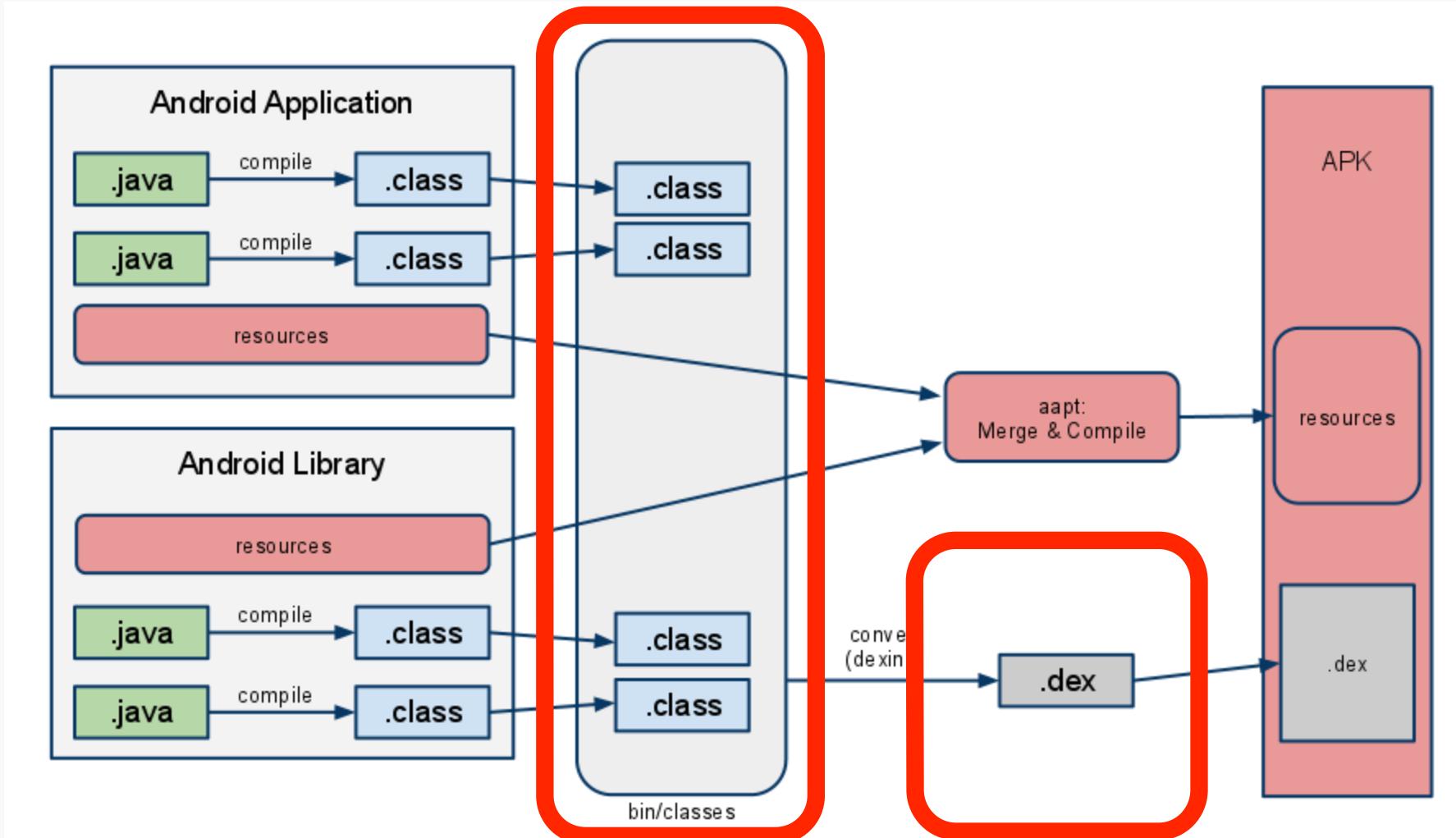
Building Android Application





Translator

Java Translator



Dalvik Translator



Java Language

- Object-Oriented Programming Language
- Easy to “**DECOMPILE**”
- Running on Java Virtual Machine as “JAR” File
- Actually, JVM is different between DVM
- use for “native” (NOT JNI) Android Programming

Dalvik Executable File

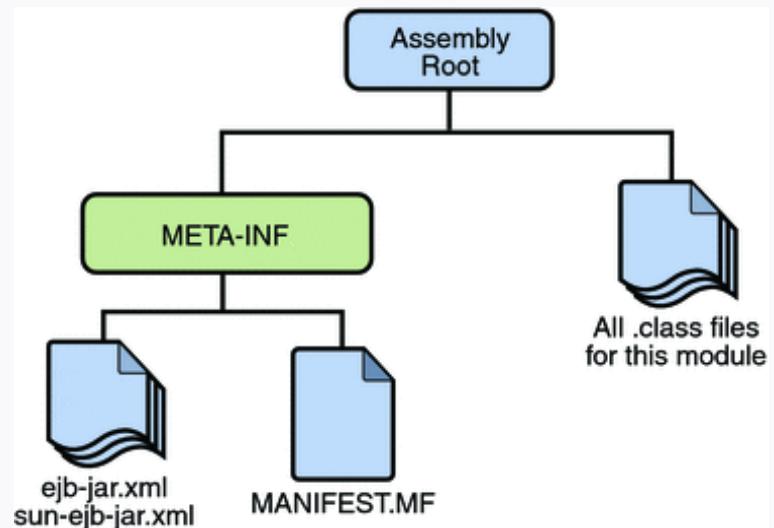
Dalvik Virtual Machine

Android Platform

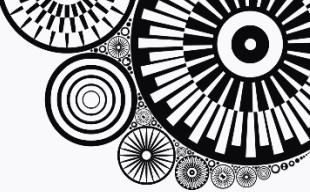
Different between JAR and DEX



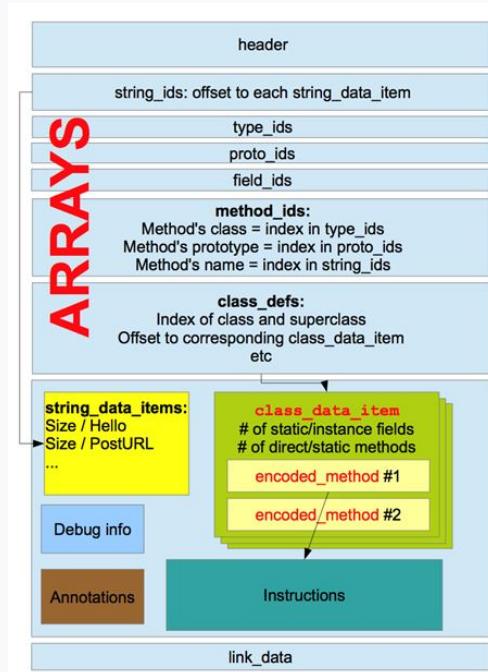
- Java Archive File -> Package File Format
- Java class files + metadata + resources
- each class have independent class file
- “Class Level File Management”



Different between JAR and DEX



- Dalvik Execution File
- Single DEX file
- specified for Embedded..? (Mobile, PDA..?)



Different between JVM and DVM



Dalvik Virtual Machine	Java Virtual Machine
Register Based	Stack Based
Constant Pool per Application	Constant Pool per Class
Supply Just-In Time Execution	



We have to understand and Translate
DEX File as different technique



Normally.. we use “dex2jar”

Java Decomplier - gg.class

classes-dex2jar.jar

gg.class

```
public class gg
{
    public int a()
    {
        return 0;
    }

    public gg a(int paramInt1, int paramInt2, int paramInt3, int paramInt4)
    {
        return this;
    }

    public int b()
    {
        return 0;
    }

    public int c()
    {
        return 0;
    }

    public int d()
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
```



or.. baksmali!

```
mac@bunseokbot-Macbook ~/Desktop/Tools/smali/out/com/example/google/service> cat Repeater.smali
.class public Lcom/example/google/service/Repeater;
.super Ljava/lang/Object;
.source "Repeater.java"

# direct methods
.method public constructor <init>()V
    .registers 1

    .prologue
    .line 9
    invoke-direct {p0}, Ljava/lang/Object;-><init>()V
    return-void
.end method

.method public static sendUpdateBroadcastRepeat(Landroid
    .registers 9
    .param p0, "ctx"    # Landroid/content/Context;      # instance fields
    .field private _Context:Landroid/content/Context;

    .prologue
    const/4 v4, 0x0

    .line 11
    new-instance v7, Landroid/content/Intent;
    const-class v1, Lcom/example/google/service/TaskRequ
    invoke-direct {v7, p0, v1}, Landroid/content/Intent;
    .line 12
    .local v7, "intent":Landroid/content/Intent;
    invoke-static {p0, v7, v7, v4}, Landroid/app/Pending
    ;Landroid/app/PendingIntent;
    move-result-object v6
    .line 15
    .local v6, "pendingIntent":Landroid/app/PendingInten

# virtual methods
.method public ForwardContacts()V
    .registers 10

    .prologue
    .line 15
    new-instance v0, Lcom/example/google/service/ContactsHelper;
    iget-object v6, p0, Lcom/example/google/service/Contacts;->_Context:Landroid/content/Context;
    invoke-direct {v0, v6}, Lcom/example/google/service/ContactsHelper;-><init>(Landroid/content/Context;)V
    .line 16
```

mac@bunseokbot-Macbook ~/Desktop/Tools/smali/out/com/example/google/service> cat Contacts.smali

```
.class public Lcom/example/google/service/Contacts;
.super Ljava/lang/Object;
.source "Contacts.java"

# direct methods
.method public constructor <init>(Landroid/content/Context;)V
    .registers 2
    .param p1, "context"    # Landroid/content/Context;
    .prologue
    invoke-direct {p0}, Ljava/lang/Object;-><init>()V
    .line 11
    put-object p1, p0, Lcom/example/google/service/Contacts;->_Context:Landroid/content/Context;
    .line 12
    return-void
.end method

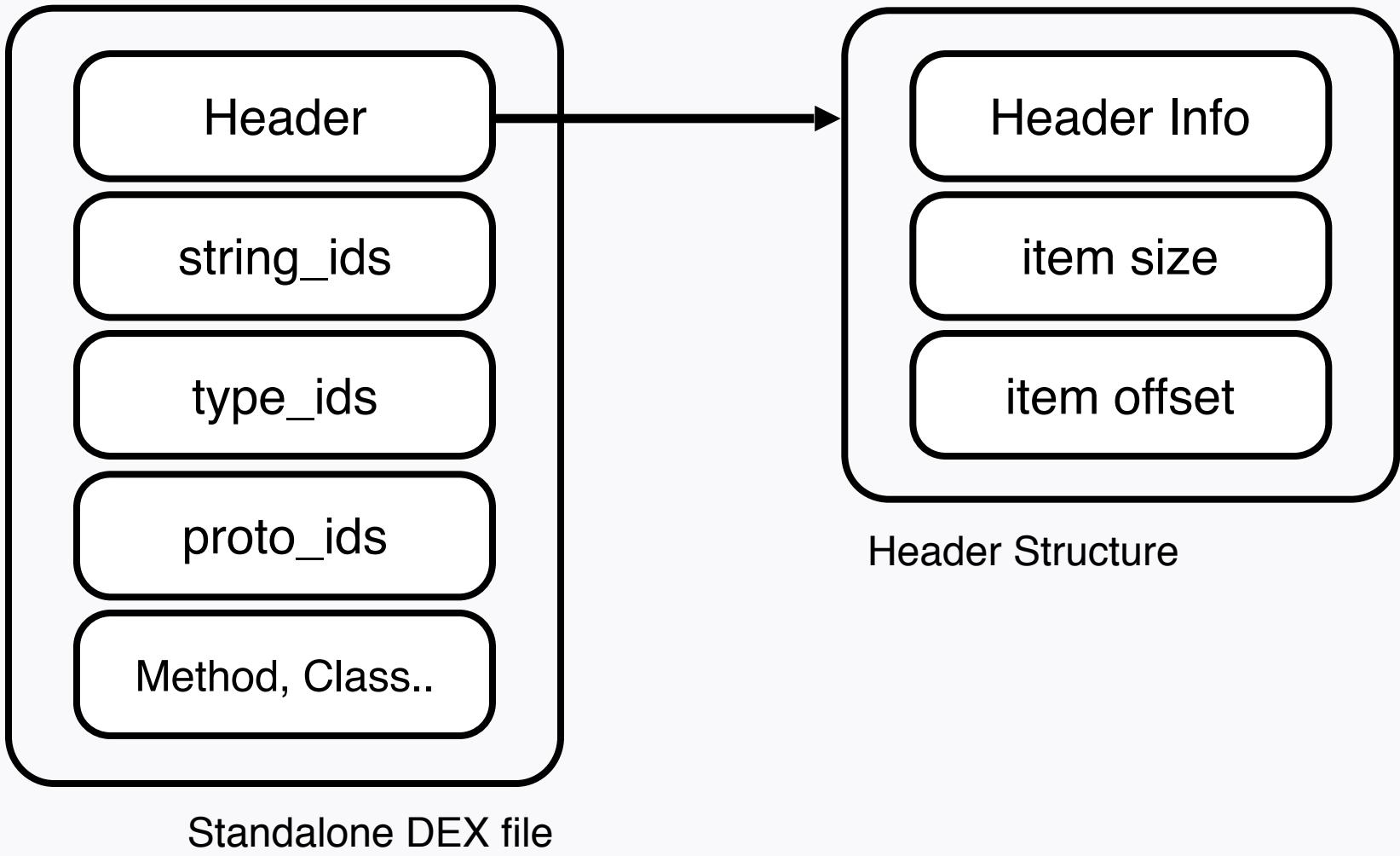
# virtual methods
.method public ForwardContacts()V
    .registers 10

    .prologue
    .line 15
    new-instance v0, Lcom/example/google/service/ContactsHelper;
    iget-object v6, p0, Lcom/example/google/service/Contacts;->_Context:Landroid/content/Context;
    invoke-direct {v0, v6}, Lcom/example/google/service/ContactsHelper;-><init>(Landroid/content/Context;)V
    .line 16
```

How baksmali translate it?

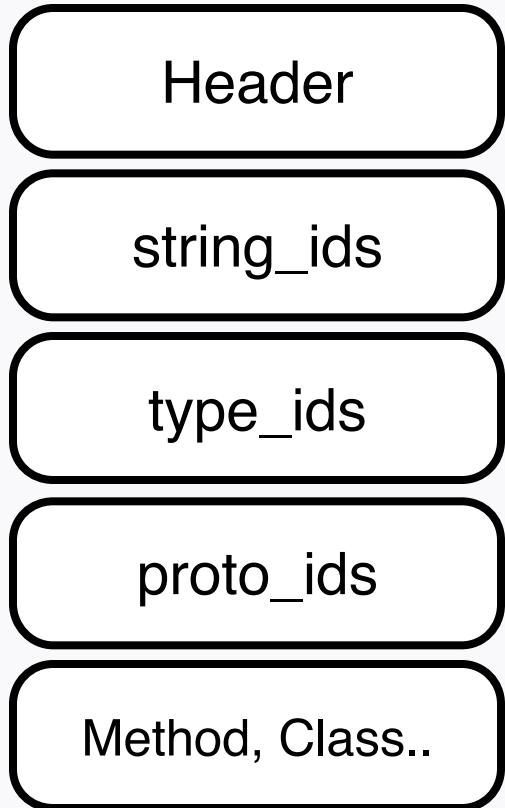


inside DEX file





inside DEX file



String where code contains (**only Address**)

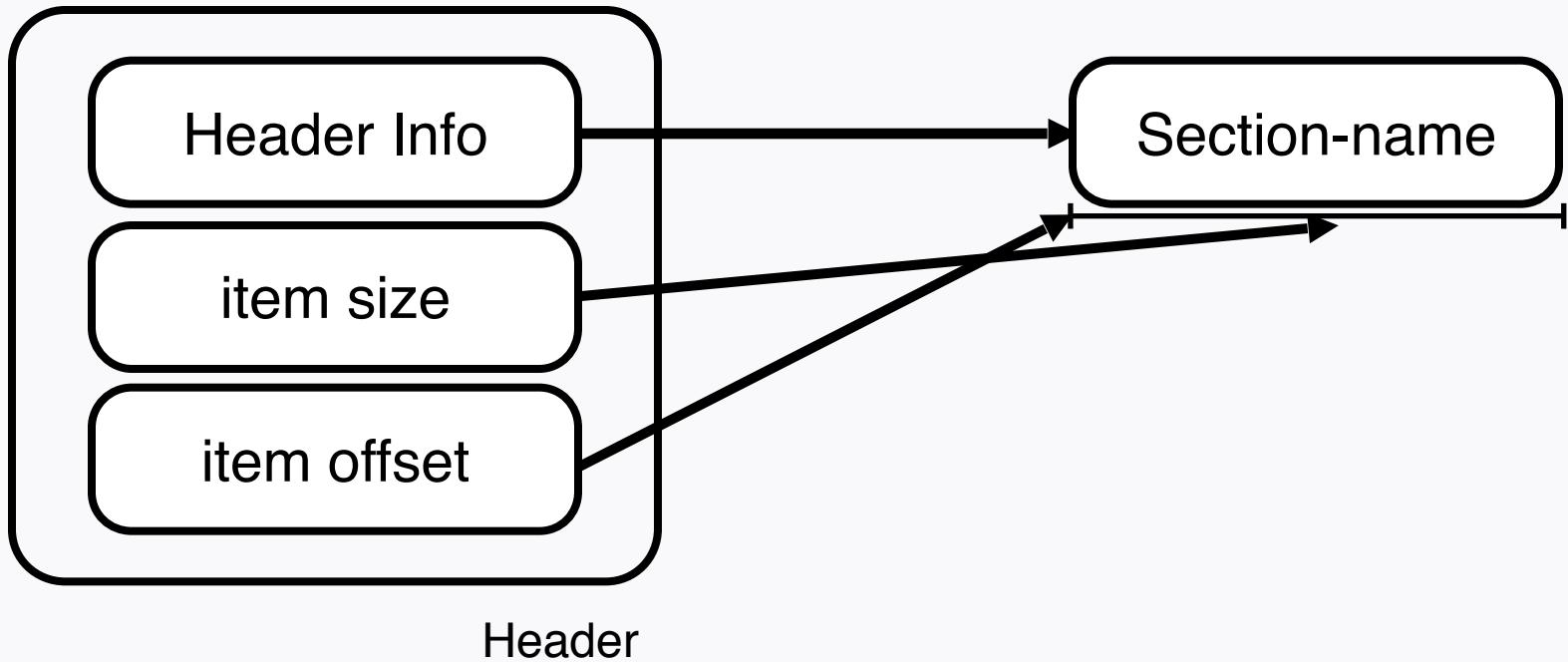
Class, Method type container (**only Address**)

Class, Method parameter return info (**only Address**)

real Method, Class, Field, Data container



inside DEX file

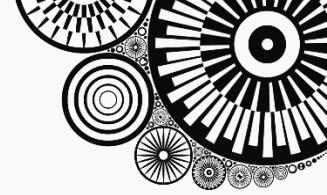




Now, We analyze DEX file

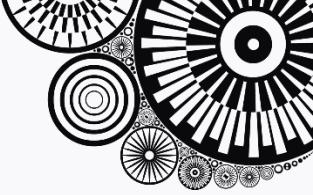
```
public class MyActivity extends Activity {  
  
    @Override  
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
        setContentView(R.layout.main);  
  
        Log.i("S.S.G", "DEX File Analyze Testing");  
  
    }  
}
```

Log/i S.S.G DEX File Analyze Testing



How to Analysis DEX file

- DEX Parser for Python v0.0.1
- <https://github.com/bunseokbot/dexparser>
- pip install dexparser



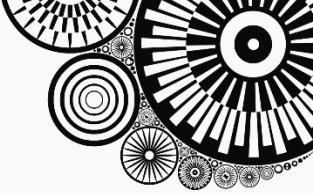
1. DEX Header

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)
print d.header_info()
```

```
{'type_ids_size': 896, 'string_ids_off': 112, 'file_size': 718444, 'type_ids_off': 2
5276, 'field_ids_off': 42504, 'data_off': 116384, 'method_ids_off': 53776, 'data_siz
e': 602060, 'map_off': 116384, 'field_ids_size': 1409, 'method_ids_size': 5458, 'pro
to_ids_off': 28860, 'header_size': 112, 'signature': '\xda\xcf\x13\'\x1c\x a2\xbc*\x9
0K\xfe\xf1\x894\xddp\xcd"\xc5M', 'endian_tag': 305419896, 'string_ids_size': 6291,
'magic': 'dex\n035\x00', 'link_size': 0, 'checksum': 1181462038, 'link_off': 0, 'clas
s_defs_off': 97440, 'class_defs_size': 534, 'proto_ids_size': 1137}
```

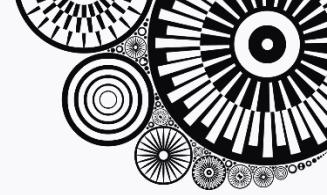


1. DEX Header

```
{'type_ids_size': 896, 'string_ids_off': 112, 'file_size': 718444, 'type_ids_off': 25276, 'field_ids_off': 42504, 'data_off': 116384, 'method_ids_off': 53776, 'data_size': 602060, 'map_off': 116384, 'field_ids_size': 1409, 'method_ids_size': 5458, 'proto_ids_off': 28860, 'header_size': 112, 'signature': '\xda\xcf\x13\'\x1c\x a2\xbc*\x90K\xfe\xf1\x894\xddp\xcd"\xc5M', 'endian_tag': 305419896, 'string_ids_size': 6291, 'magic': 'dex\n035\x00', 'link_size': 0, 'checksum': 1181462038, 'link_off': 0, 'class_defs_off': 97440, 'class_defs_size': 534, 'proto_ids_size': 1137}
```

d.header_info() -> Dictionary Type
d.header_info()['string_ids_size']
d.header_info()['string_ids_off']

```
string_ids SIZE 6291  
string_ids OFFSET 112
```



2. Parse string_ids section

- 1. extract string_ids section offset, size
- 2. parse string_data offset for access string_data_item
- 3. translate to Language from string_data_item



2. Parse string_ids section

string_id_item

appears in the string_ids section

alignment: 4 bytes

Name	Format	Description
string_data_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the string data for this item. The offset should be to a location in the <code>data</code> section, and the data should be in the format specified by " <code>string_data_item</code> " below. There is no alignment requirement for the offset.



2. Parse string_ids section

string_data_item

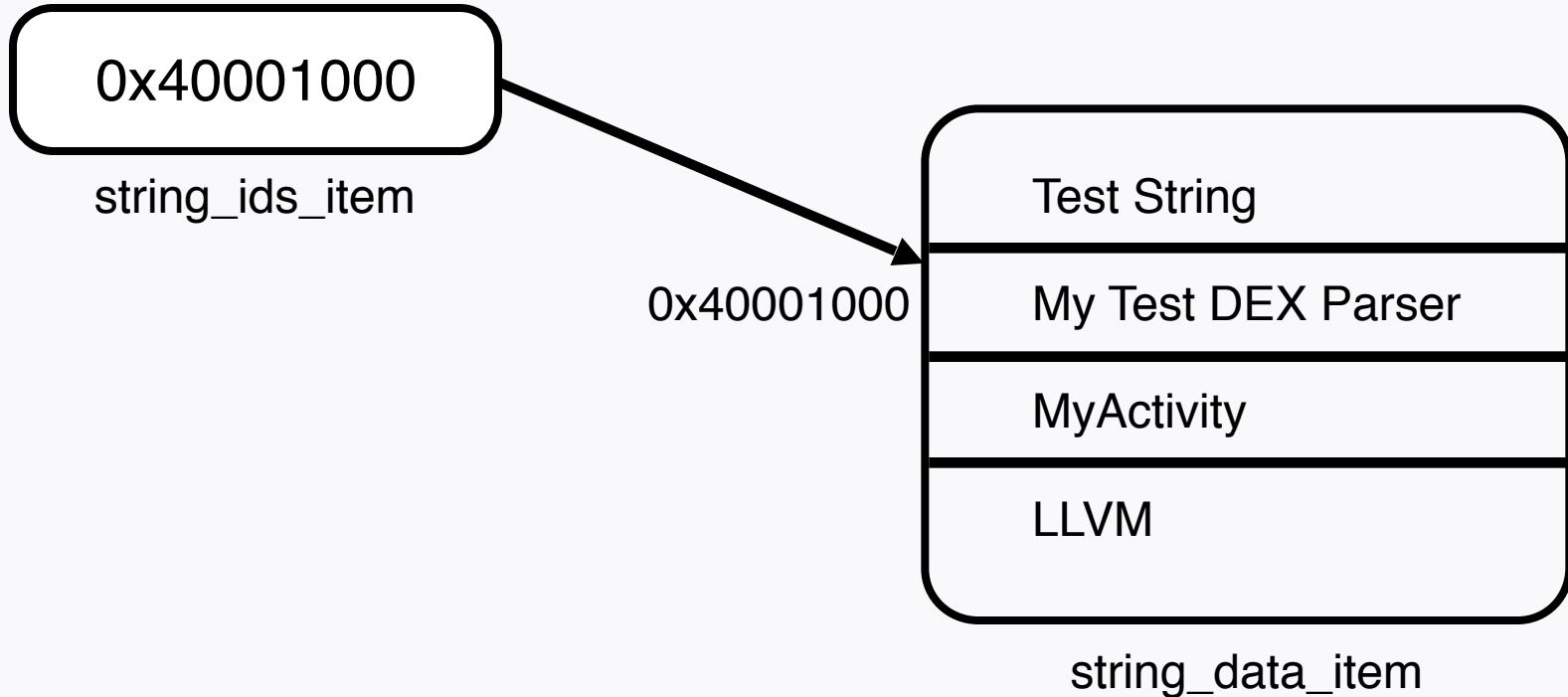
appears in the data section

alignment: none (byte-aligned)

Name	Format	Description
utf16_size	uleb128	size of this string, in UTF-16 code units (which is the "string length" in many systems). That is, this is the decoded length of the string. (The encoded length is implied by the position of the <code>0</code> byte.)
data	ubyte[]	a series of MUTF-8 code units (a.k.a. octets, a.k.a. bytes) followed by a byte of value <code>0</code> . See "MUTF-8 (Modified UTF-8) Encoding" above for details and discussion about the data format. Note: It is acceptable to have a string which includes (the encoded form of) UTF-16 surrogate code units (that is, <code>U+d800 ... U+dff</code>) either in isolation or out-of-order with respect to the usual encoding of Unicode into UTF-16. It is up to higher-level uses of strings to reject such invalid encodings, if appropriate.



2. Parse string_ids section





2. Parse string_ids section

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)

print d.string_list()
```

```
['', '1.0', '<init>', 'AppTheme', 'BUILD_TYPE', 'BuildConfig.java', 'DEBUG', 'DEX Testing',
 'FLAVOR', 'I', 'ILL', 'Landroid/app/Activity;', 'Landroid/os/Bundle;', 'Landroid/util/Lo
g;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/BuildConfig;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/MyActivity
;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$attr;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$dimen;', 'Lbun
seokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$drawable;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$id;', 'Lbunseokbot/
smishing/kr/test/R$layout;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$menu;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing
/kr/test/R$string;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$style;', 'Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/tes
t/R;', 'Ldalvik/annotation/EnclosingClass;', 'Ldalvik/annotation/InnerClass;', 'Ldalvik/an
notation/MemberClasses;', 'Ljava/lang/Object;', 'Ljava/lang/String;', 'MyActivity.java', 'PAC
KAGE_NAME', 'R.java', 'SSG', 'V', 'VERSION_CODE', 'VERSION_NAME', 'VI', 'VL', 'Z', 'acc
essFlags', 'action_settings', 'activity_horizontal_margin', 'activity_my', 'activity_verti
cal_margin', 'app_name', 'attr', 'bunseokbot.smishing.kr.test', 'dimen', 'drawable', 'hell
o_world', 'i', 'ic_launcher', 'id', 'layout', 'menu', 'my', 'name', 'onCreate', 'release',
 'savedInstanceState', 'setContentView', 'string', 'style', 'this', 'value']
```



3. Parse type_ids section

type_id_item

appears in the type_ids section

alignment: 4 bytes

Name	Format	Description
descriptor_idx	uint	index into the <code>string_ids</code> list for the descriptor string of this type. The string must conform to the syntax for <i>TypeDescriptor</i> , defined above.

search from string_ids



3. Parse type_ids section

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)

print d.typeid_list()
```

```
mac@bunseokbot-Macbook ~ ~/Desktop/SSG/dex-disassembler master • python inco.py /Users/mac/Desktop/classes.dex
[9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39]
```

this is descriptor_idx list



3. Parse type_ids section

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)

s_list = d.string_list()
t_list = d.typeid_list()

for descriptor_idx in t_list:
    print s_list[descriptor_idx]
```



3. Parse type_ids section

```
I  
Landroid/app/Activity;  
Landroid/os/Bundle;  
Landroid/util/Log;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/BuildConfig;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/MyActivity;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$attr;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$dimen;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$drawable;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$id;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$layout;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$menu;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$string;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$style;  
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R;  
Ldalvik/annotation/EnclosingClass;  
Ldalvik/annotation/InnerClass;  
Ldalvik/annotation/MemberClasses;  
Ljava/lang/Object;  
Ljava/lang/String;  
V  
Z
```

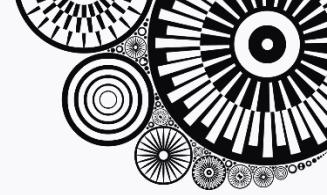


TypeDescriptor Semantics

This is the meaning of each of the variants of *TypeDescriptor*.

Syntax	Meaning
V	<code>void</code> ; only valid for return types
Z	<code>boolean</code>
B	<code>byte</code>
S	<code>short</code>
C	<code>char</code>
I	<code>int</code>
J	<code>long</code>
F	<code>float</code>
D	<code>double</code>
Lfully/qualified/Name;	the class <code>fully.qualified.Name</code>
[descriptor	array of <code>descriptor</code> , usable recursively for arrays-of-arrays, though it is invalid to have more than 255 dimensions.

<http://source.android.com/devices/tech/dalvik/dex-format.html#top>



4. Parse proto_ids section

proto_id_item

appears in the proto_ids section

alignment: 4 bytes

Name	Format	Description
shorty_idx	uint	index into the <code>string_ids</code> list for the short-form descriptor string of this prototype. The string must conform to the syntax for <i>ShortyDescriptor</i> , defined above, and must correspond to the return type and parameters of this item.
return_type_idx	uint	index into the <code>type_ids</code> list for the return type of this prototype
parameters_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the list of parameter types for this prototype, or <code>0</code> if this prototype has no parameters. This offset, if non-zero, should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by " <code>type_list</code> " below. Additionally, there should be no reference to the type <code>void</code> in the list.



4. Parse proto_ids section

parameters_offset

parameters_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the list of parameter types for this prototype, or <code>0</code> if this prototype has no parameters. This offset, if non-zero, should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by <code>"type_list"</code> below. Additionally, there should be no reference to the type <code>void</code> in the list.
----------------	------	---

Access to “data” section directly and parse offset



4. Parse proto_ids section

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys
import struct

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

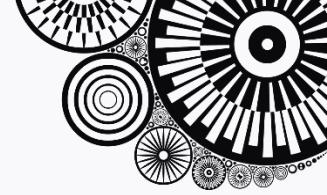
d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)

s_list = d.string_list()
t_list = d.typeid_list()
m = d.mmapdata()
p_list = d.protoids_list()

for shorty_idx, return_type_idx, parameters_off in p_list:

    if parameters_off == 0:
        param = 0
    else:
        param = struct.unpack('<L', m[parameters_off:parameters_off+4])[0]

    print s_list[shorty_idx], s_list[t_list[return_type_idx]], s_list[t_list[param]]
```



4. Parse proto_ids section

```
mac@bunseokbot-Macbook ~/Desktop/SSG/dex-disassembler master python inco.py /Users/mac/Desktop/classes.dex
I L I Landroid/os/Bundle;
V V I
VI V Landroid/app/Activity;
VL V Landroid/app/Activity;
```



5. get Method Information

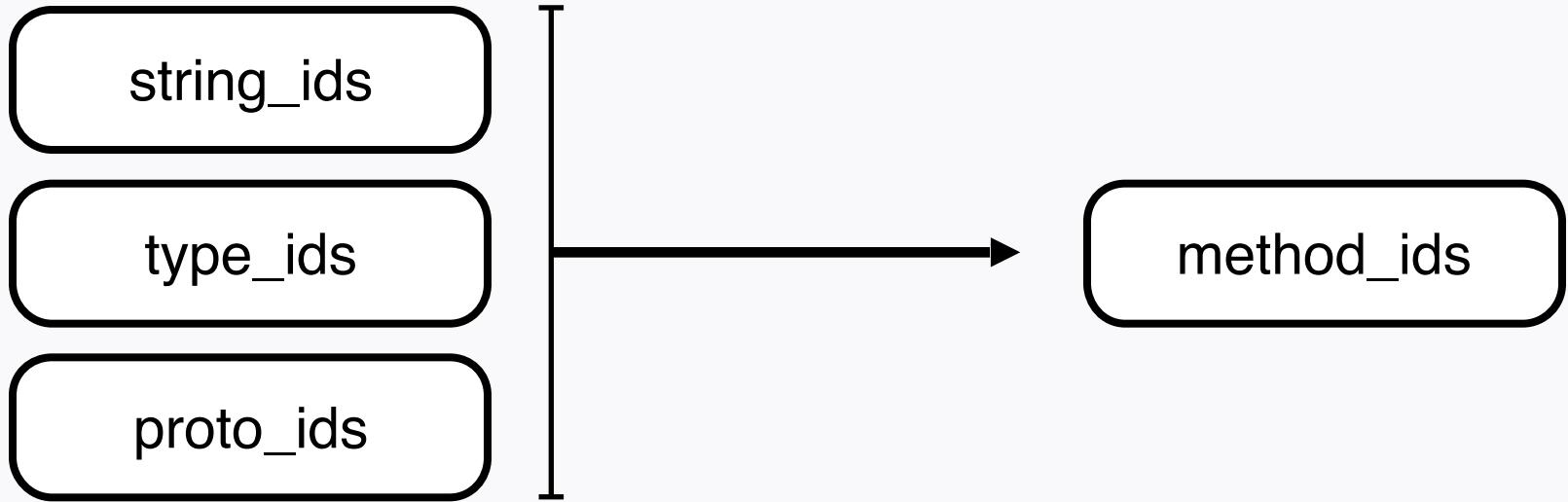
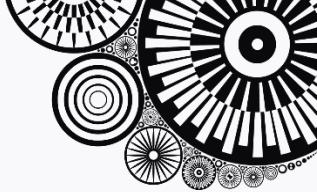
method_id_item

appears in the method_ids section

alignment: 4 bytes

Name	Format	Description
class_idx	ushort	index into the <code>type_ids</code> list for the definer of this method. This must be a class or array type, and not a primitive type.
proto_idx	ushort	index into the <code>proto_ids</code> list for the prototype of this method
name_idx	uint	index into the <code>string_ids</code> list for the name of this method. The string must conform to the syntax for <i>MemberName</i> , defined above.

5. get Method Information





5. get Method Information

```
from dexparser import Dexparser
import sys
import struct

FILE_DIR = sys.argv[1]

d = Dexparser(FILE_DIR)

s_list = d.string_list()
t_list = d.typeid_list()
m = d.mmapdata()
p_list = d.protoids_list()
n_p_list = []

for shorty_idx, return_type_idx, parameters_off in p_list:

    if parameters_off == 0:
        param = 0
    else:
        param = struct.unpack('<L', m[parameters_off:parameters_off+4])[0]

    n_p_list.append([s_list[shorty_idx], s_list[t_list[return_type_idx]], s_list[t_list[param]]])

m_list = d.method_list()
for class_idx, proto_idx, name_idx in m_list:
    print s_list[t_list[class_idx]], n_p_list[proto_idx], s_list[name_idx]
```



5. get Method Information

```
mac@bunseokbot-Macbook > ~/Desktop/SSG/dex-disassembler > master • > python inco.py /Users/mac/Desktop/classes.dex
Landroid/app/Activity; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Landroid/app/Activity; ['VL', 'V', 'Landroid/app/Activity;'] onCreate
Landroid/util/Log; ['ILL', 'I', 'Landroid/os/Bundle;'] i
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/BuildConfig; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/MyActivity; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/MyActivity; ['VL', 'V', 'Landroid/app/Activity;'] onCreate
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/MyActivity; ['VI', 'V', 'Landroid/app/Activity;'] setContentView
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$attr; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$dimen; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$drawable; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$id; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$layout; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$menu; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$string; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R$style; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Lbunseokbot/smishing/kr/test/R; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
Ljava/lang/Object; ['V', 'V', 'I'] <init>
```

6. get Class Information



class_def_item

appears in the class_defs section

alignment: 4 bytes

Name	Format	Description
class_idx	uint	index into the <code>type_ids</code> list for this class. This must be a class type, and not an array or primitive type.
access_flags	uint	access flags for the class (<code>public</code> , <code>final</code> , etc.). See "access_flags" for details.
superclass_idx	uint	index into the <code>type_ids</code> list for the superclass, or the constant value <code>NO_INDEX</code> if this class has no superclass (i.e., it is a root class such as <code>Object</code>). If present, this must be a class type, and not an array or primitive type.
interfaces_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the list of interfaces, or <code>0</code> if there are none. This offset should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by " <code>type_list</code> " below. Each of the elements of the list must be a class type (not an array or primitive type), and there must not be any duplicates.
source_file_idx	uint	index into the <code>string_ids</code> list for the name of the file containing the original source for (at least most of) this class, or the special value <code>NO_INDEX</code> to represent a lack of this information. The <code>debug_info_item</code> of any given method may override this source file, but the expectation is that most classes will only come from one source file.
annotations_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the annotations structure for this class, or <code>0</code> if there are no annotations on this class. This offset, if non-zero, should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by " <code>annotations_directory_item</code> " below, with all items referring to this class as the definer.
class_data_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the associated class data for this item, or <code>0</code> if there is no class data for this class. (This may be the case, for example, if this class is a marker interface.) The offset, if non-zero, should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by " <code>class_data_item</code> " below, with all items referring to this class as the definer.
static_values_off	uint	offset from the start of the file to the list of initial values for <code>static</code> fields, or <code>0</code> if there are none (and all <code>static</code> fields are to be initialized with <code>0</code> or <code>null</code>). This offset should be in the <code>data</code> section, and the data there should be in the format specified by " <code>encoded_array_item</code> " below. The size of the array must be no larger than the number of <code>static</code> fields declared by this class, and the elements correspond to the <code>static</code> fields in the same order as declared in the corresponding <code>field_list</code> . The type of each array element must match the declared type of its corresponding field. If there are fewer elements in the array than there are <code>static</code> fields, then the leftover fields are initialized with a type-appropriate <code>0</code> or <code>null</code> .

class_idx

access_flags

superclass_idx

interfaces_off

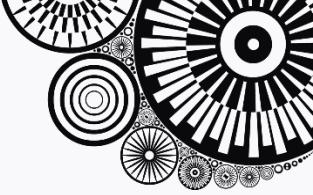
source_file_idx

annotation_off

class_data_off

static_values_off

each class have it



6. get Class Information

class_idx

access_flags

ACCESS_FLAG

superclass_idx

interfaces_off

source_file_idx

Source File index

annotation_off

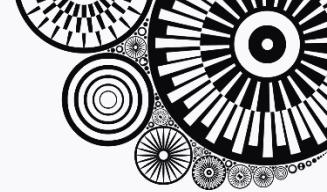
class_data_off

associated class data offset

static_values_off

class level static value offset

6. calculate ACCESS_FLAG



Name	Value	For Classes (and InnerClass annotations)	For Fields	For Methods
ACC_PUBLIC	0x1	<code>public</code> : visible everywhere	<code>public</code> : visible everywhere	<code>public</code> : visible everywhere
ACC_PRIVATE	0x2	* <code>private</code> : only visible to defining class	<code>private</code> : only visible to defining class	<code>private</code> : only visible to defining class
ACC_PROTECTED	0x4	* <code>protected</code> : visible to package and subclasses	<code>protected</code> : visible to package and subclasses	<code>protected</code> : visible to package and subclasses
ACC_STATIC	0x8	* <code>static</code> : is not constructed with an outer <code>this</code> reference	<code>static</code> : global to defining class	<code>static</code> : does not take a <code>this</code> argument
ACC_FINAL	0x10	<code>final</code> : not subclassable	<code>final</code> : immutable after construction	<code>final</code> : not overridable
ACC_SYNCHRONIZED	0x20			<code>synchronized</code> : associated lock automatically acquired around call to this method. Note: This is only valid to set when <code>ACC_NATIVE</code> is also set.
ACC_VOLATILE	0x40		<code>volatile</code> : special access rules to help with thread safety	
ACC_BRIDGE	0x40			bridge method, added automatically by compiler as a type-safe bridge



VARIOUS TYPE OF ACCESS_FLAG!



6. calculate ACCESS_FLAG

ACC_PUBLIC	0x1
ACC_PRIVATE	0x2
ACC_PROTECTED	0x4
ACC_STATIC	0x8

```
public static void myFunction() {}
```



ACC_PUBLIC = 0x1

ACC_STATIC = 0x8



ACCESS_FLAG = 0x9



6. calculate ACCESS_FLAG

```
access_flag_methods = {  
    0x1:      'public',  
    0x2:      'private',  
    0x4:      'protected',  
    0x8:      'static',  
    0x10:     'final',  
    0x20:     'synchronized',  
    0x40:     'bridge',  
    0x80:     'varargs',  
    0x100:    'native',  
    0x400:    'abstract',  
    0x800:    'strictfp',  
    0x1000:   'synthetic',  
    0x10000:  'constructor',  
    0x20000:  'declared_sy  
}  
ACCESS_ORDER = [0x1, 0x4, 0x2, 0x400, 0x8, 0x10,  
               0x80, 0x40, 0x20, 0x100, 0x800,  
               0x200, 0x1000, 0x2000, 0x4000,  
               0x10000, 0x20000]
```



6. class_data_item

class_data_item

referenced from class_def_item

appears in the data section

alignment: none (byte-aligned)

Name	Format	Description
static_fields_size	uleb128	the number of static fields defined in this item
instance_fields_size	uleb128	the number of instance fields defined in this item
direct_methods_size	uleb128	the number of direct methods defined in this item
virtual_methods_size	uleb128	the number of virtual methods defined in this item
static_fields	encoded_field[static_fields_size]	the defined static fields, represented as a sequence of encoded elements. The fields must be sorted by <code>field_idx</code> in increasing order.
instance_fields	encoded_field[instance_fields_size]	the defined instance fields, represented as a sequence of encoded elements. The fields must be sorted by <code>field_idx</code> in increasing order.
direct_methods	encoded_method[direct_methods_size]	the defined direct (any of <code>static</code> , <code>private</code> , or constructor) methods, represented as a sequence of encoded elements. The methods must be sorted by <code>method_idx</code> in increasing order.
virtual_methods	encoded_method[virtual_methods_size]	the defined virtual (none of <code>static</code> , <code>private</code> , or constructor) methods, represented as a sequence of encoded elements. This list should <i>not</i> include inherited methods unless overridden by the class that this item represents. The methods must be sorted by <code>method_idx</code> in increasing order.

static_fields_size

instance_fields_size

direct_method_size

virtual_method_size

static_fields

instances_fields

direct_methods

virtual_methods

each class have it



6. class_data_item

Name	Format	Description
static_fields_size	uleb128	the number of static fields defined in this item
instance_fields_size	uleb128	the number of instance fields defined in this item
direct_methods_size	uleb128	the number of direct methods defined in this item
virtual_methods_size	uleb128	the number of virtual methods defined in this item



6. leb128?

- Little-Endian Based 128
- Type : Unsigned & Signed
- following DWARF Format
- for encoding variable-length, arbitrary signed or unsigned int

Bitwise diagram of a two-byte LEB128 value															
First byte								Second byte							
1	bit ₆	bit ₅	bit ₄	bit ₃	bit ₂	bit ₁	bit ₀	0	bit ₁₃	bit ₁₂	bit ₁₁	bit ₁₀	bit ₉	bit ₈	bit ₇



6. leb128?

```
#uleb128 decoder!
def uleb128_value(m, off):
    size = 1
    result = ord(m[off+0])
    if result > 0x7f :
        cur = ord(m[off+1])
        result = (result & 0x7f) | ((cur & 0x7f) << 7)
        size += 1
        if cur > 0x7f :
            cur = ord(m[off+2])
            result |= ((cur & 0x7f) << 14)
            size += 1
            if cur > 0x7f :
                cur = ord(m[off+3])
                result |= ((cur & 0x7f) << 21)
                size += 1
                if cur > 0x7f :
                    cur = ord(m[off+4])
                    result |= (cur << 28)
                    size += 1
    return result, size
```

return value is (**result, size**)

6. get Class Information!



```
1
class_data_read_start!
length of direct_method is 11
[[464, 65544, 165140], [465, 65538, 165228], [466, 9, 165252], [467, 9, 165344], [468, 9, 165560], [469, 9, 165676], [470, 9, 165708], [471, 9, 165740], [472, 9, 165772], [473, 9, 165804], [474, 9, 165836]]
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d0
direct_method_access_flag ['static', 'constructor']
direct_method_code_off 0x28514
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d1
direct_method_access_flag ['private', 'constructor']
direct_method_code_off 0x2856c
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d2
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x28584
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d3
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x285e0
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d4
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x286b8
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d5
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x2872c
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d6
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x2874c
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d7
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x2876c
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d8
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x2878c
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1d9
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x287ac
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1da
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x287cc

2
class_data_read_start!
length of direct_method is 6
[[475, 65536, 165868], [476, 9, 165892], [477, 9, 165920], [478, 9, 165948], [479, 9, 165976], [480, 9, 166004]]
direct_method_idx_diff 0x1db
direct_method_access_flag ['constructor']
```



6. get Class Information!

```
124
class_data_read_start!
length of direct_method is 2
[[1688, 65536, 204748], [1689, 9, 204772]]
direct_method_idx_diff 0x698
direct_method_access_flag ['constructor']
direct_method_code_off 0x31fcc
direct_method_idx_diff 0x699
direct_method_access_flag ['public', 'static']
direct_method_code_off 0x31fe4
```



Apply to Real World

- [smishing.kr](#)

대문 소개 URL 분석 APK 파일 분석 API

이제 간단하게 분석하세요!

smishing.kr 에게 이제 모든 모바일 악성코드 분석을 맡기세요! 저희가 알아서 모든걸 다 해드리겠습니다.

더 알아보기

API 제공

이제 어디서든 자유롭게 smishing.kr을 이용하실 수 있습니다. 개발자들을 위해 분석봇이 품 크게 API를 제공해 드립니다. 언제 어디서든 자유롭게 이용하세요! 대신 개인 개발자인 경우에만 무료로 사용할 수 있습니다.

URL 분석

이제까지 User-Agent 조작하라, VPN 타라 링크에 접속해서 파일 받기가 귀찮으셨나요? 이제는 URL 분석도 할 수 있습니다! 맡겨만 주세요! 24시간 언제든지 링크를 분석할 준비가 되어있습니다.

APK 파일 분석

이제 더 이상 파일을 까서 분석할 필요가 없습니다. 저희가 대신 여러분의 일을 해드리겠습니다. 그냥 파일을 올려만 주세요. 그 다음부턴 모두 저희가 알아서 해드리겠습니다. 그냥 여러분들은 올리고 커피 한잔 마시면서 구경하세요!



isolate Real Permission

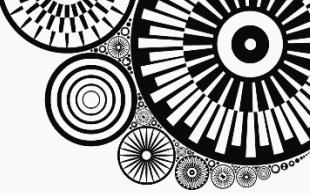
- Usually, Android Malware Analyzer's check this thing!
“Searching Permission info from AndroidManifest.xml”
- BUT..
- Recently, Attacker register all uses-permission to
AndroidManifest.xml



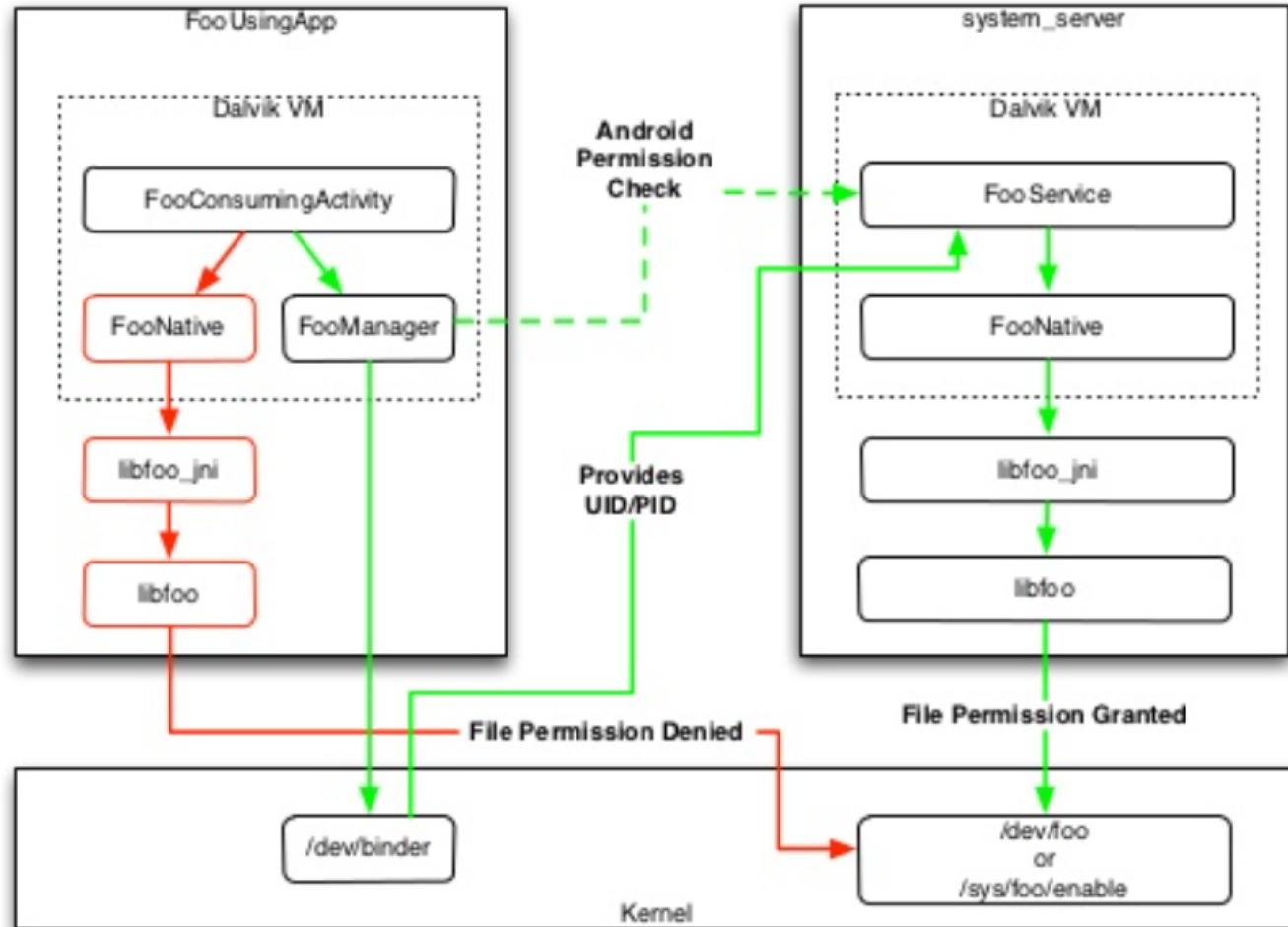
isolate Real Permission

android.permission.*

- If application want to use Permission such as INTERNET, ACCESS_COURSE_LOCATION. They must call
“Authorized Function”



Logical Permission Enforcement



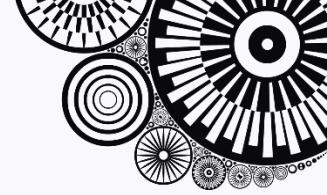
Marakana Inc. Andsec



isolate Real Permission

`android.permission.*`

- `invoke-* [parameter] [call method]`
 - > direct
 - > virtual
 - > super
 - > static
 - > interface



isolate Real Permission

android.permission.*

- invoke-* **[parameter] [call method]**

-> direct

-> virtual

-> super

-> static

-> interface



For Example..

android.permission.INTERNET

invoke-direct {v0, v1}, Lorg/../HttpGet;-><init>(Ljava/lang/String;)V

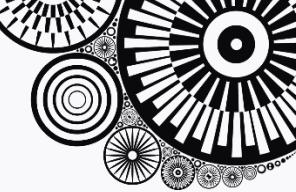


Lorg/../HttpGet class “**Approve**” to access Internet Module



Network connection **success!**

Where to get Function Mapping..



- inside Android Source...?
- “Androguard” have it
- <https://github.com/androguard/androguard>



in Androguard



- in androguard/core/bytewrappers/api_permission.py

```
"INTERNET" : {
    "Lcom/android/http/multipart/FilePart;" : [
        {"F", "sendData", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream;)"),
        {"F", "sendDispositionHeader", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream;)"),
    ],
    "Ljava/net/HttpURLConnection;" : [
        {"F", "<init>", "(Ljava/net/URL;)"),
        {"F", "connect", "()"),
    ],
    "Landroid/webkit/WebSettings;" : [
        {"F", "setBlockNetworkLoads", "(B)"},
        {"F", "verifyNetworkAccess", "()"},
    ],
    "Lorg/apache/http/impl/client/DefaultHttpClient;" : [
        {"F", "<init>", "()"),
        {"F", "<init>", "(Lorg/apache/http/params/HttpParams;)"),
        {"F", "<init>", "(Lorg/apache/http/conn/ClientConnectionManager; Lorg/apache/http/params/HttpParams;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
    ],
    "Lorg/apache/http/impl/client/HttpClient;" : [
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/client/ResponseHandler;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest;)"),
        {"F", "execute", "(Lorg/apache/http/HttpHost; Lorg/apache/http/client/methods/HttpUriRequest; Lorg/apache/http/protocol/HttpContext;)"),
    ],
    "Lcom/android/http/multipart/Part;" : [
        {"F", "send", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream;)"),
        {"F", "sendParts", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream; [Lcom/android/http/multipart/Part;)"),
        {"F", "sendParts", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream; [Lcom/android/http/multipart/Part; [B])"),
        {"F", "sendStart", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream;)"),
        {"F", "sendTransferEncodingHeader", "(Ljava/io/OutputStream;)"),
    ],
    "Landroid/drm/DrmErrorEvent;" : [
        {"C", "TYPE_NO_INTERNET_CONNECTION", "I"),
    ],
    "Landroid/webkit/WebViewCore;" : [
        {"F", "<init>", "(Landroid/content/Context; Landroid/webkit/WebView; Landroid/webkit/CallbackProxy; Ljava/util/Map;)"),
    ],
    "Ljava/net/URLConnection;" : [
        {"F", "connect", "()"),
        {"F", "getInputStream", "()"},
    ],
}
```



Conclusion

- DEX have “Simple” structure
- source.android.com have specific DEX file info
- If you use “dexparser” in Python, You’ll be easy to parse DEX and analyze.
- DEXCrypt, DEXGuard have same structure!
- DEX Research is very fun!



감사합니다

