CS131 A4 Sudoku Solver

Bix von Goeler This project implements a Sudoku solver by turning the puzzle into a constraint satisfaction problem (CSP). The project includes a GUI for visualizing the solving process.

000	•••			Sudoku				
	7						4	3
	4				9	6	1	
8			6	3	4	9		
	9	4		5	2			
3	5	8	4	6			2	
			8			5	3	
	8			7			9	1
9		2	1					5
		7		4		8		2

Requirements

- Tested using Python 3.11
- Install: pygame for GUI and visualization
- Install: numpy for numerical operations and sudoku grid representation
- Or run: pip install -r requirements.txt inside project directory

Running The Project

- 1. Run the project using python main.py and optionally the following args:
 - -s SPEED: Millisecond Delay Between Solve Steps (default 15)
 - -p PUZZLE: Puzzle to solve: [easy | evil | rand] (default evil)
 - \bullet -h| --help: Show and explain these options again
- 2. The GUI will open, displaying the grid and the current puzzle.
- 3. Use the following keys to control the simulation:
 - spacebar: Start the solver
- 4. When finished exit the program by closing the window or with ^C in the terminal.

Structure and Assumptions

This implementation uses several constraint satisfaction principles:

Domain Initialization:

Each empty cell starts with a domain of possible values (1-9) that don't conflict with existing numbers.

Variable Selection Heuristics:

Minimum Remaining Values (MRV): Selects cells with the fewest possible values first. Degree Heuristic: When there's a tie, selects the cell that constrains the most other cells.

Forward Checking:

After each assignment, we update the domains of related cells and check for cells with empty domains. Backtracking: If an assignment leads to a dead end, it undoes the assignment and tries the next value.

Random Dataset:

The rand puzzle option chooses a random puzzle from a large dataset of puzzles. The easy and evil options complete the puzzles required by assignment spec.

Real-time Visualization:

The solver works step-by-step, integrated into the game loop. The current cell being considered is highlighted in yellow. Filled-in values are shown in blue to distinguish from the original puzzle.