

**AWS Region and AZs** 

What is EC2?

**EC2 - Instance Types** 

EC2 - Instance Lifecycle

**Elastic IP Address** 

**Amazon Machine Images** 

<u>Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)</u>

EC2 - Pricing







#### Region:

- AWS has the concept of a Region, which is a physical location around the world where we cluster data centers.
- A AWS Region is represented by a code like us-east-1 for North Virginia Location.

#### **Availibility Zones:**

- Each Region has multiple, isolated locations known as Availability Zones.
- An Availability Zone is represented by a Region code followed by a letter identifier, us-east-1a, us-east-1b

To know more on Region and AZs



## What is EC2



- Provides resizable compute capacity in Cloud.
- Designed to make web-scale cloud computing easier.
- A true virtual computing environment.
- Launch instances with a variety of operatings systems.
- Run as many or few systems as you desire.
- AWS EC2 Service is Region Specific.





## **Elastic Compute Cloud**



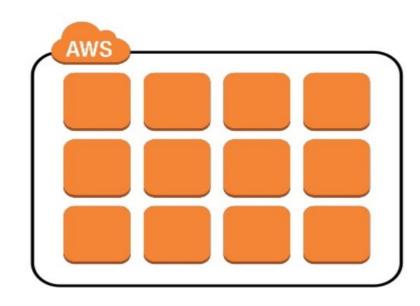
- ✓ Application Server
- ✓ Web Server
- ✓ Database Server
- ✓ Game Server
- ✓ Mail Server
- ✓ Media Server
- ✓ Catalog Server
- ✓ File Server
- ✓ Computing Server
- ✓ Proxy Server





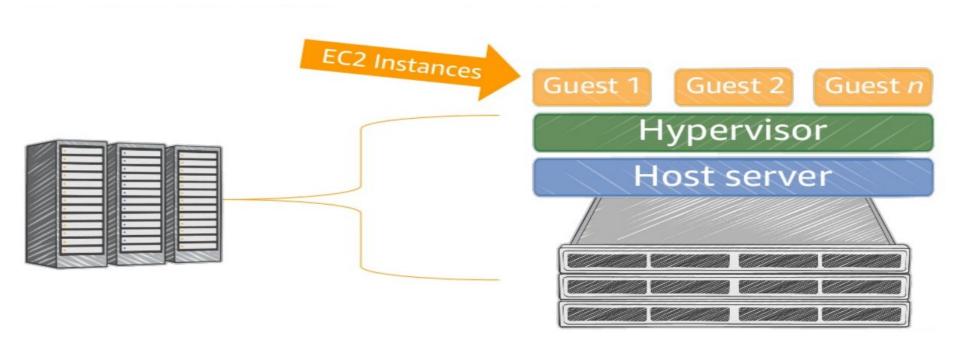
## **Amazon EC2 Instances**

- Pay-as-you-go
- Broad selection of HW/SW
- Global hosting
- Much more (aws.amazon.com/ec2)





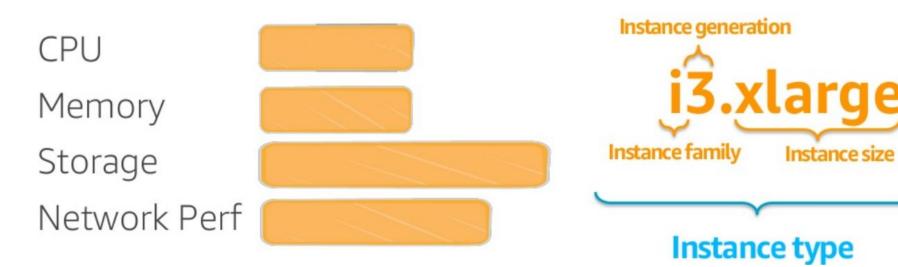








## **AWS EC2: Instance Characteristics**







## **EC2 - Instance Types**

Families	Description	Example Use Cases	
t2, m4, m3	<b>General Purpose</b> Balanced Performance	Websites, web applications, Dev, code repos, micro services, business apps	
c3, c4, cc2	Compute Optimized High CPU Performance	Front-end fleets, web-servers, batch processing, distributed analytics, science and engineering apps, ad serving, MMO gaming, video-encoding	
g2, p2	<b>GPU Optimized</b> High-end GPU	Amazon AppStream 2.0, video encoding, machine learning, high perf databases, science	
r3, r4, x1, cr1	Memory Optimized Large RAM footprint	In-memory databases, data mining	
d2, i2, i3, hi1, hs1	Storage Optimized High I/O, High density	NAS, data warehousing, NoSQL	



## **General Purpose Instance Workloads**







Enterprise apps



Gaming servers



Caching fleets



Analytics applications



Dev/test environments





# EC2 Instance types are optimized for different use cases, workloads, and come in multiple sizes. This allows you to

optimally scale resources to your workload requirements.

- AWS utilizes Intel® Xeon® processors for EC2 Instances providing customers with high performance and value.
- \*Consider the following when choosing your instances: core count, memory size, storage size & type, network performance, I/O requirements, and CPU technologies.
- Hurry Up & Go Idle A larger compute instance can save you time and money, therefore paying more per hour for a shorter amount of time can be less expensive.





## **Amazon Machine Images**

- AMIs (Amazon Machine Images) are immutable images that are used to launch preconfigured EC2 instances.
- They come in both public and private flavors.
- Access to public AMIs is either freely available (shared/community AMIs) or bought and sold in the AWS Marketplace.
- Many operating system vendors publish ready-to-use base AMIs.
- Modern deployments will usually be with 64-bit EBS-backed HVM.
- You can create your own custom AMI by snapshotting the state of an EC2 instance that you have modified.





## **Amazon Machine Images**

## Amazon maintained

Set of Linux and Windows images Kept up-to-date by Amazon in each region

## Community maintained

Images published by other AWS users Managed and maintained by Marketplace partners

## Your machine images

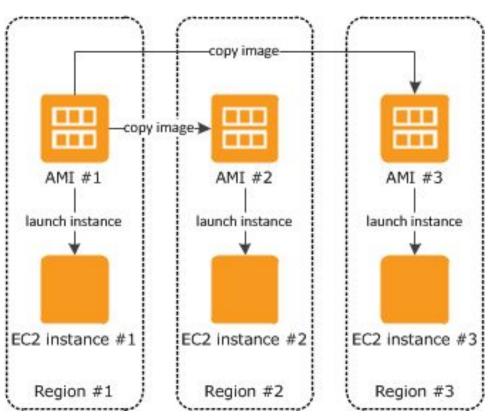
AMIs you have created from EC2 instances

Can be kept private or shared with other accounts





## Launching an Instance and AMI Copy

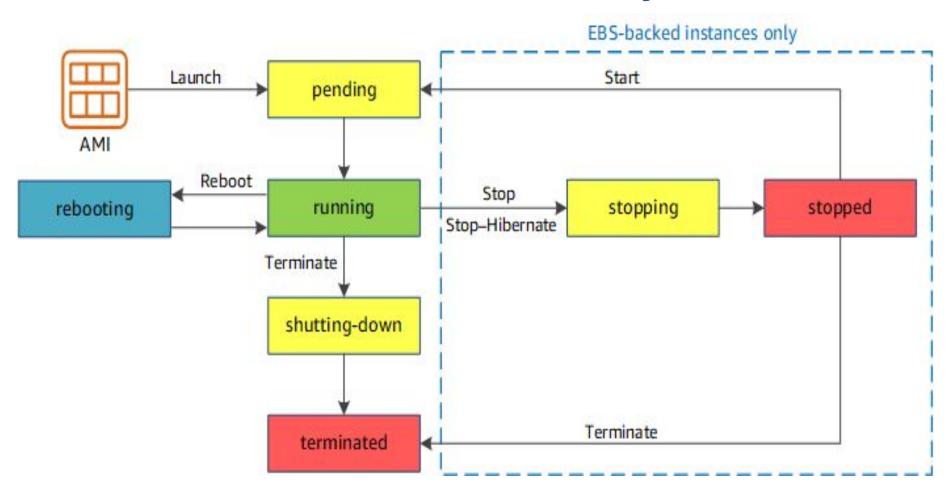


- When you launch an instance, you must select an AMI that's in the same Region.
- If the AMI is in another Region, you can copy the AMI to the Region you're using.
- AMI ID will be different in every Region.





## **EC2 - Instance Lifecycle**





## **Elastic IP Address**



- A Normal Public IP attached to a EC2 instance is changed if an EC2 instance is stopped and started.
- **Elastic IPs** are **static IP** addresses you can rent from AWS to assign to EC2 instances.
- By default, all AWS accounts are limited to five (5) Elastic IP addresses per Region, because public (IPv4) internet addresses are a scarce public resource. Its possible to increase via Service Limit Increase Request.
- If an Elastic IP is not attached to an active resource there is a **minimal hourly fee.**
- Elastic IPs have **no extra charge** as long as it is attached **to a running EC2 instance.**
- They have a (small) cost when not in use, which is a mechanism to prevent people from squatting on excessive numbers of IP addresses.

Click here to view <u>EIP Pricing</u>.



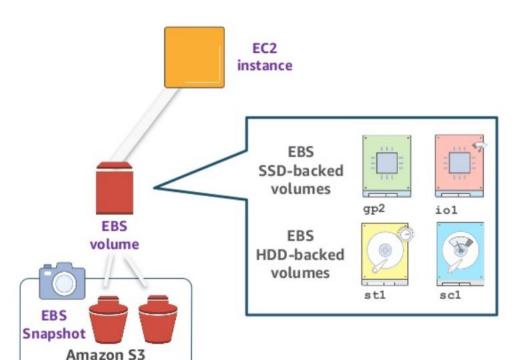
## **Elastic Block Store**



- **EBS (Elastic Block Store)** provides block level storage. That is, it offers storage volumes that can be attached as filesystems, like traditional network drives.
- EBS volumes can only be attached to one EC2 instance at a time.
- Elastic Volumes capability allows you to increase storage, tune performance up and down, and change volume types without any disruption to your workloads.
- Snapshots can be used to quickly restore new volumes across a region's Availability Zones, enabling rapid scale.
- EBS Snapshots allow you to easily take backups of your volumes for geographic protection of your data.
- **Data Lifecycle Manager (DLM)** is an easy-to-use tool for automating snapshot management without any additional overhead or cost.



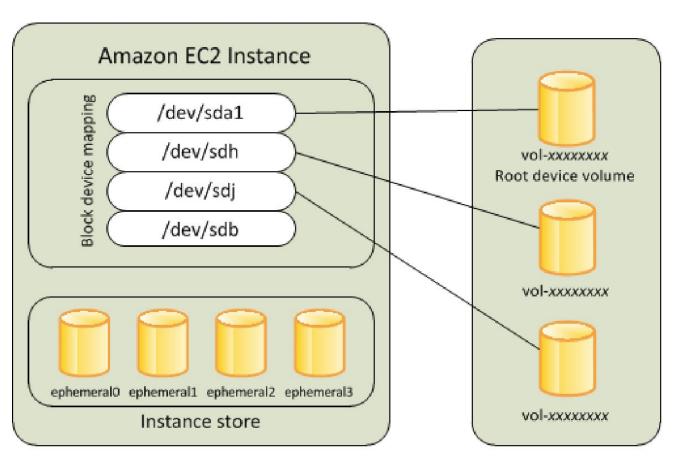
## **Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)**



- Block storage as a service
- Create, attach volumes through an API
- Service accessed over the network
- Select storage and compute based on your workload
- Volumes persist independent of EC2
- Detach and attach between instances
- Choice of magnetic and SSD-based volume types
- Supports Snapshots: Point-in-time backup of modified volume blocks







**Host Computer** 

Amazon EBS Volumes





#### Characteristics

- Persistent and customizable block storage for EC2 instances
- HDD and SSD types
- Use Snapshots for backups
- Easy and transparent encryption

#### Availability

Durable and automatically replicated

#### Drive Types

- Storage that best fits your needs
- Magnetic or SSD
- Performance and price requirements





#### Snapshots

- Point-in-time snapshots
- Recreate a new volume at any time

#### Encryption

- Encrypted EBS volumes
- No additional cost

#### Elasticity

- Increase capacity
- Change to different types





#### Features

- Persistent and customizable block storage for EC2 instances
- ✓ HDD and SSD types
- Replicated in the same Availability Zones
- Easy and transparent encryption
- Elastic volumes
- Back up using snapshots

Click here to view **EBS Pricing**.





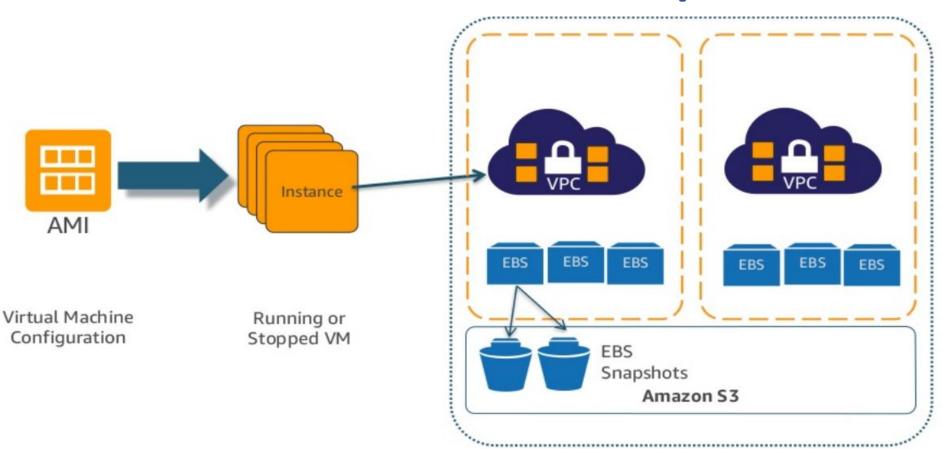
## **EBS Snapshots**

- An EBS snapshot is a point-in-time copy of your Amazon EBS volume, which is lazily copied to Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3).
- Snapshots are stored in S3 but are not visible under S3 Service View.
- You cannot directly attach a snapshot to an EC2 instance.
- To make Snapshot available in another Region:
  - Copy Snapshot to another region, create Volume and attach to EC2 instance.





## **EC2** Resources Recap







## **EC2 Purchasing Options**

#### On-Demand

Pay for compute capacity by the second with no long-term commitments

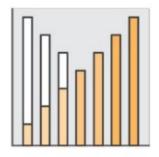
Spiky workloads, to define needs



#### Reserved

Make a 1- or 3-year commitment and receive a **significant discount** off of On-Demand prices

Committed, steady-state usage



#### Spot

Spare EC2 capacity at a savings of up to 90% off of On-Demand prices

Fault-tolerant, dev/test, time-flexible, stateless workloads





Per Second Billing for EC2 Linux instances & EBS volumes







## EC2 - Pricing

#### On demand:

- Pay for compute capacity by per hour or per second depending on which instances you run.
- No longer-term commitments or upfront payments are needed.
- You can increase or decrease your compute capacity depending on the demands of your application and only pay the specified per hourly rates for the instance you use.

#### **Spot instance**

 Amazon EC2 Spot instances allow you to request spare Amazon EC2 computing capacity for up to 90% off the On-Demand price

#### **Reserved Instance**

 Reserved Instances provide you with a significant discount (up to 75%) compared to On-Demand instance pricing

#### **Dedicated host**

- A Dedicated Host is also a physical server that's dedicated for your use.
- With a Dedicated Host, you have visibility and control over how instances are placed on the server

To view more on **EC2 Pricing**.





## **EC2 Spot Pricing**



Spare EC2 Capacity that AWS can reclaim with 2-minutes notice



Savings up to 90% off of the On-Demand price

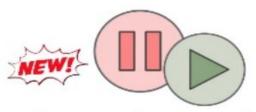




Eliminate the bid!



No need to learn new APIs



Pause and resume with Stop/Start and Hibernate





# ANY Questions?