Brian Jahnke Lab2

Customers

	cid character(4)	name text	city text	discount numeric(5,2)	
1	c001	Tiptop	Duluth	10.00	
2	c002	Basics	Dallas	12.00	
3	c003	Allied	Dallas	8.00	
4	c004	ACME	Duluth	8.00	
5	c005	Weyland-Yutani	Acheron	0.00	
6	c006	ACME	Kyoto	0.00	

Agents

Data Output		Explain Me		ssages	History	
	aid charac	ter(3)	name text		percent real	
1	a01		Smith	New York	6	
2	a02		Jones	Newark	6	
3	a03		Brown	Tokyo	7	
4	a04		Gray	New York	6	
5	a05		Otasi	Duluth	5	
6	a06		Smith	Dallas	5	
7	7 a08		Bond London		7	

Products

Data Output Explain		plain	Messages		History	
	pid character		ame ext	city text		priceusd numeric(10,2)
1	p01		omb	Dallas	111400	0.50
2	p02	bı	rush	Newark	203000	0.50
3	p03	ra	zor	Duluth	150600	1.00
4	p04		n	Duluth	125300	1.00
5	p05		encil	Dallas	221400	1.00
6	p06		older	Dallas	123100	2.00
7	p07		ise	Newark	100500	1.00
8	80g	c]	ip	Newark	200600	1.25

Orders

	ordno integer	mon character(3)	cid character(4)	aid character(3)	pid character(3)	qty integer	dollars numeric(12,2)
1	1011	jan	c001	a01	p01	1000	450.00
2	1013	jan	c002	a03	p03	1000	880.00
3	1015	jan	c003	a03	p05	1200	1104.00
4	1016	jan	c006	a01	p01	1000	500.00
5	1017	feb	c001	a06	p03	600	540.00
6	1018	feb	c001	a03	p04	600	540.00
7	1019	feb	c001	a02	p02	400	180.00
8	1020	feb	c006	a03	p07	600	600.00
9	1021	feb	c004	a06	p01	1000	460.00
10	1022	mar	c001	a05	p06	400	720.00
11	1023	mar	c001	a04	p05	500	450.00
12	1024	mar	c006	a06	p01	800	400.00
13	1025	apr	c001	a05	p07	800	720.00
14	1026	may	c002	a05	p03	800	740.00

2.) A primary key is column that uniquely identifies each record, there can only be one per record, is also a candidate key. A candidate key can be a primary key but there can also be multiple candidate keys per record. A Super key can be any field or set of fields that identifies every row in a table uniquely.

- 3.) The topic for the database I'm using is a game character which will be called "game character". Fields will include "cid", "Sex", "Class", "LVL", "NAME", "GUILD". cid's type will be "INT PRIMARY KEY" and "Not-nullable", Sex's type will be "CHAR(6)" and "Not-nullable", Class will be type "CHAR(10)" and "Non-nullable", LVL will be type "INT" and "Not-nullable", Name will be type "CHAR(18)" and "Not-nullable", and Guild will be type "CHAR(25)" and "nullable".
- 4.) First normal form states that rows and columns that intersect are atomic. Access rows by content only rules states that users may not know "where" an element is in a database, they can only search "what" it holds. The all rows must be unique rule states that there can be no duplicate rows in tables, this is important because it makes it easier to search for data.