### **Posix Threads**

#### Introduction

In this exercise you will gain experience in creating and handling threads under Linux using Posix threads. You will also experience some of the problems involved in multiprogramming, particularly the shared data problem.

#### **Prerequisites**

Have access to Kubuntu on the VMware Golden Image and the DevKit8000 target

#### Goal

When you have completed this exercise, you will

- have learned how to create Posix threads
- have experienced the shared data problem for multithreaded programs

This is a rather large exercise, but it serves to exhibit important fundamentals about threading and shared data in particular. Make sure to complete and understand it.

## **Exercise 1 Creating Posix Threads**

Write a program that creates two threads. When created, the threads must be passed an ID which they will print to stdout every second along with the number of times the thread has printed to stdout. When the threads have written to stdout 10 times each, they shall terminate. The main() function must wait for the two threads to terminate before continuing (hint: Look up pthread\_join()).

A possible output from running the program is:

```
$ ./lab
Main: Creating threads
Main: Waiting for threads to finish
Hello #0 from thread 0
Hello #0 from thread 1
Hello #1 from thread 0
Hello #1 from thread 1
...
Hello #9 from thread 1
Thread 0 terminates
Thread 1 terminates
Main: Exiting
```

What happens if main returns immediately after creating the threads? Why?



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V1.1

#### **Exercise 2 Sharing data between threads**

Create a program that creates two threads, *incrementer* and *reader*. The two threads share an unsigned integer variable named shared which is initially 0. *incrementer* increments shared every second while *reader* reads it every second and outputs it to stdout.

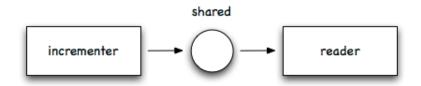


Figure 2.1: incrementer and reader thread utilizing the shared variable shared

Are there any problems in this program? Do you see any? Why (not)?

## Exercise 3 Sharing a Vector class between threads

The supplied class Vector<sup>1</sup> holds 10.000 elements that should at all times have the same value. Vector::setAndTest() sets the value of the elements and then immediately checks that the Vector object is consistent (all elements hold the expected value).

Create a thread function writer that uses Vector::setAndTest() to set and test the value of a shared Vector object. Then create a main() function that creates a user-defined number of writer threads (between 1 and 100), each with their own unique ID. Let each writer set and test the shared Vector object to its ID every second. If a writer detects an inconsistency in the shared Vector object (i.e. setAndTest() returns false), it should write an error message.

Run the program with a number of threads. Do your writers detect any problems? Are there any problems in this program? Do you see them? Why do (not) see them?

# **Exercise 4 Tweaking parameters**

Modify your program from exercise 3 so that the writers loop time is no longer one second but a user-defined number of microseconds. Experiment with the number of writers created and shorter loop time - do you see any problems? Explain when and why they start to occur, and why you did not see them in exercise 3.

# **Exercise 5 Testing on target**

Recompile the solution from exercise 3 and test it on target following the same line of thinking as in exercise 4. Compare your findings with those in that of exercise 4.

Is there any difference in when you see errors on host and targets?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>You will find the class in the file Vector.hpp, in the same place you found this document.

