# CSE 015: Discrete Mathematics Fall 2021 Homework #4 Solution

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## 1. Question 1:

- (a)  $A \cup B$ , is the set of UCM students registered in CSE015 or who live in Merced County
- (b)  $A \cap C$ , is the set of UCM students who are registered in CSE015 and are freshman.
- (c)  $C \setminus B$ , is the set of UCM students who are freshmen but do not live in Merced County.
- (d)  $\overline{A}$ , is the set of all UCM students who are not registered in CSE015
- (e)  $A \cap B \cap C$ , is the set of all UCM students who are registered in CSE015, live in Merced county, and are freshmen.

### 2. Question 2:

(a) 
$$C \times A = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} (\text{True, 1}) & (\text{True, 2}) & (\text{True 3}) & (\text{True, 4}), \\ (\text{False, 1}) & (\text{False, 2}) & (\text{False, 3}) & (\text{False, 4}) \end{array} \right\}$$
(b)  $B \times B = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} (a,a) & (a,b,) & (a,c) \\ (b,a) & (b,b) & (b,c) \\ (c,a) & (c,b) & (c,c) \end{array} \right\}$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(c)} \ \ B \times A = \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (a,1) \quad (a,2) \quad (a,3) \quad (a,4) \\ (b,1) \quad (b,2) \quad (b,3) \quad (b,4) \\ (c,1) \quad (c,2) \quad (c,3) \quad (c,4) \end{array} \right\} \\ B \times A \times C = \\ \left( a,1,\text{True} \right) \quad (a,2,\text{True}) \quad (A,3,\text{True}) \quad (a,4,\text{True}) \\ \left( b,1,\text{True} \right) \quad (b,2,\text{True}) \quad (b,3,\text{True}) \quad (b,4,\text{True}) \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (c,1,\text{True}) \quad (c,2,\text{True}) \quad (c,3,\text{True}) \quad (c,4,\text{True}) \\ (a,1,\text{False}) \quad (a,2,\text{False}) \quad (a,3,\text{False}) \quad (a,4,\text{False}) \\ (b,1,\text{False}) \quad (b,2,\text{False}) \quad (b,3,\text{False}) \quad (b,4,\text{False}) \\ (c,1,\text{False}) \quad (c,2,\text{False}) \quad (c,3,\text{False}) \quad (c,4,\text{False}) \end{array} \right\}$$

### 3. Question 3:

Let 
$$\cup = \text{or}$$
,  $\cap = \text{and}$ ,  $X = \text{and}$   
 $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$ 

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Let (a,b) \in A \times (B \cup C)

= a \in A \text{ and } b \in (B \cup C)

= a \in A \text{ and } b \in B \text{ or } b \in C

= \{a \in A \text{ and } b \in \} \text{ or } \{a \in A \text{ and } b \in C\}

= (a,b) \in (A \times B) \text{ or } (a,b) \in (A \times C)

= (a,b) \in (A \times B) \cup (a,b) \in (A \times C)

= (a,b) \in (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)

(A \times B) \cup (A \times C) = A \times (B \cup C)
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# 4. Question 4:

(a)  $R_1$  is symmetric and transitve.

Symmetric:

$$(a,b) \in R_1 \text{ and } (b,a) \in R_1$$
  
 $(a,c) \in R_1 \text{ and } (c,a) \in R_1$ 

Transitive:

$$(a,b),(b,a),(a,a) \in R_1$$
  
 $(a,c),(c,a),(a,a) \in R_1$ 

(b)  $R_2$  is anti symmetric and transitive

Antisymmetric:

$$(a,b) \in R_2$$
 but  $(b,a) \notin R_2$   
 $(a,c) \in R_2$  but  $(c,a) \notin R_2$   
 $(b,c) \in R_2$  but  $(c,b) \notin R_2$ 

Transitive:

$$(a,b),(b,c),(a,c) \in R_2$$

- (c)  $R_3$  is none of the former because  $R_3$  is an invalid set as (a,b) appears twice.
- (d)  $R_4$  is symmetric, anti symmetric, and transitive.

Symmetric:

(a,a)

(b,b)

(c,c)

Anti Symmetric:

By definition: 
$$\forall a \ \forall b \ ((a,b) \in R \land (b,a) \in R \rightarrow (a=b))$$

Transitive:  $(a,b) \in R$  and  $(b,c) \in R$  then  $(a,c) \in R$  for all  $a,b,c,\in A$ 

# 5. Question 5:

(a) is surjective, onto, not one to one

$$\begin{array}{l} f(m,n) = 2m \text{ -n} \\ f(1,2) = 2(1) \text{ - } 2 = 0 \\ f(\text{-1,-2}) = 2(\text{-1}) + 2 = 0 \end{array}$$

- (b) not surjective f(m,n) = (m+n)(m-n)  $(m+n) \geqslant (m-n)$
- (c) surjective  $\begin{array}{c} \text{let } {\bf y} \in Z \\ \text{if } {\bf y} = {\bf f}({\bf y},\!{\bf 0}), \, {\bf y},\!{\bf 0} \in Z \\ \text{if } {\bf y} = {\bf f}(0,\!{\bf y}), \, 0,\!{\bf y} \in Z \\ \text{if } {\bf y} = 0, \, {\bf f}(0,\!{\bf 0}), \, 0,\!{\bf 0} \in Z \\ \end{array}$
- (d) not surjective, because there's no n variable in  $m^2$  -4.