## Notes gfp\_gaussian\_process

## **Structure**

## **Likelihhod Calculation**

- · apply function recursively
- every cell is accessed once and after its parent is calculated

```
void apply_down_tree(MOMAdata &cell,
                    void (*func)(MOMAdata &, Parameter_set &),
                    Parameter_set &params){
    /* applies the function func to the cell cell and the other cells in the genealogy
    * such that the parent cell has already been accessed when the function is applied
    * to the cell.
    * Example (number implies the order in which)
               1
    apply_down_tree_recr( &cell, func, params);
}
double total_likelihood(MOMAdata &cell, Parameter_set& params){
    * total_likelihood of cell tree, to be maximized
    */
    apply_down_tree(cell, sc_likelihood, params);
    double total likelihood=0;
    * Add likelihoods of all cells
    return total_likelihood;
}
// example function to illustrate how this works
void set generation(MOMAdata &cell, Parameter set &params){
    if (cell.parent != nullptr){
        cell.generation = cell.parent->generation + 1;
    } else{
        cell.generation = 0;
    }
}
```

## **Root library**

- · choose algorithm at runtime
- allows definition paramter space at runtime

• maybe tricky to install root

```
ROOT::Math::Minimizer* min = ROOT::Math::Factory::CreateMinimizer(minName, algoName);
ROOT::Math::Functor f(&total_likelihood,2);
min->SetFunction(f);
if (params.mean_lambda.fixed){
    min->SetFixedVariable(0, "mean_lambda", params.mean_lambda.value);
} else {
    min->SetLimitedVariable(0,"mean_lambda",
                                  params.mean_lambda.value,
                                  params.mean_lambda.step,
                                  params.mean_lambda.lower,
                                  params.mean_lambda.upper);
}
min->Minimize();
parameter_bounds.txt
# for free parameter:
# parameter = value, step, lower, upper
mean_lambda = 2, 0.01, -10, 10
# for fixed parameter:
mean_lambda = 4
```