Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

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Multithreading?

- http://java.sun.com/products/jfc/tsc/articles/threads/threads1.html
 " If you can get away with it, avoid using threads. Threads can be difficult to use, and they make programs harder to debug. In general, they just aren't necessary for strictly GUI work, such as updating component properties."
- Other interesting quotes: http://www.cs.kent.ac.uk/projects/ofa/co538/anonga/a0-2005.html

Message passing

- · Deadlocks?
- Coordination of sending and receiving?

How about object orientation?

```
class Foo:
    def __init__(self, next_fun):
        self.val = 42
        self.next_fun = next_fun
               def fun(self, v):
    print "self.val = ", self.val, \
    "adding", v
    self.val = v
    print " - val nou", self.val
    self.neat_fun()
    print " - val still", self.val
    print " - done"
```

• Buffering?

· Simple?

How about object orientation?

```
class Foo:
    def __init__(self, next_fun):
        self.val = 42
        self.next_fun = next_fun
               def fun(self, v):

print "self.val =", self.val, \
"adding", v
self.val += v
print " - val now", self.val
self.next_fun()
print " - val still", self.val
print " - done"
```

```
Execution 1:
Self.val = 42 adding 1
- val now 43
This is a function
- val still 43
- done
Self.val = 43 adding 1
- val now 44
This is a function
- val still 44
- done
```

How about object orientation?

```
Execution 1:

Self.val = 42 adding 1

val now 43

This is a function

val still 43

done

Self.val = 43 adding 1

val now 44

This is a function

val still 44

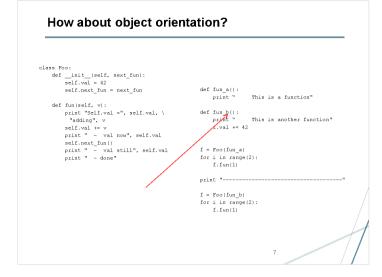
done
class Foo:
    def __init__(self, next_fun):
        self.val = 42
        self.next_fun = next_fun
              def fun(self, v):

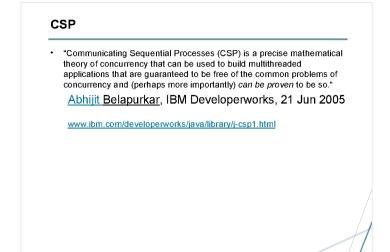
print "Self.val =", self.val, \
"adding", v

print " - val now", self.val
self.nex_fun()

print " - val still", self.val

print " - val oo",
           How is this possible?
```

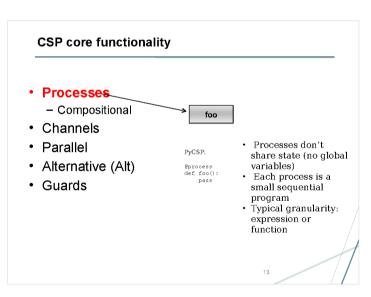


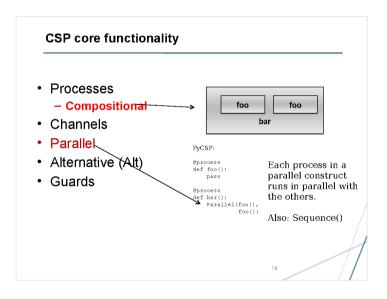


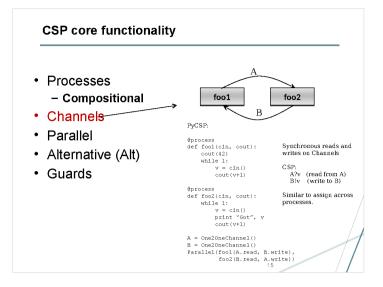
CSP

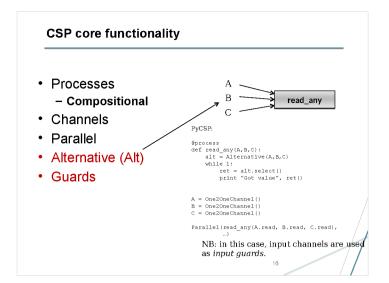
- Tony Hoare, 1978, CSP paper
- Observations
 - The action of assignment is familiar and well understood Any change of internal state of a machine executing a program can be modeled as an assignment
 Operations of input and output, affecting external
 - environment, are not nearly so well understood
- "This paper suggests that input and output are basic primitives of programming and that parallel composition of communicating sequential processes is a fundamental program structuring method. When combined with a development of Dijkstra's guarded command, these concepts are suprisingly versatile."

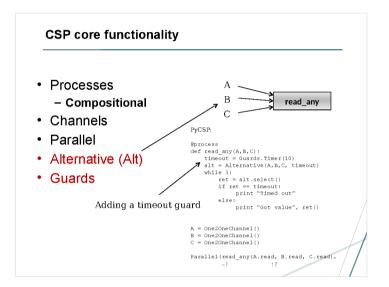
CSP core functionality Processes Compositional Channels Parallel Alternative (Alt) Guards

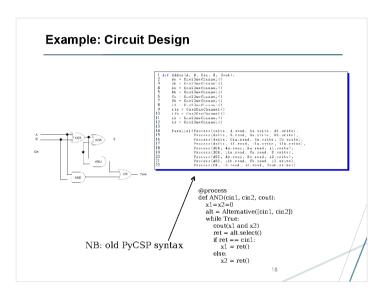


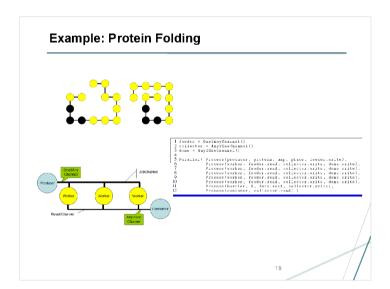












Some Implementations

- Occam (and Occam-pi)
 - Originally used with the Transputer
 - Now with runtime environments and compilers for modern processors, embedded systems, mobile phones and robots
- JCSP
 - CSP through class library
- · C++CSP
- · CSP for .NET
- · Common Lisp
- PyCSP

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PyCSP

- Still in development
 - Tromsø, København
- Python implementation
 - Currently of CSP.Core
 - · Processes implemented using Python threads
 - Channels
 - Par
 - Alt
 - Guards
- https://code.google.com/p/pycsp/

Other CSP-based languages?

- Actors and actor-based systems and languages (ex: Erlang, Scala(?))
- Go (a CSP-based language): http://golang.org/

CSP in Go

- http://golang.org/doc/effective_go.html
- Check the concurrency section
 http://golangtutorials.blogspot.no/2011/06/channels-in-go-range-and-select.html

CSP in Go

CSP process => goroutine

```
go list.Sort() // run list.Sort concurrently; don't wait for it.
// Example 2:
func Announce(message string, delay time.Duration) {
    go func() {
        time.Sleep(delay)
        fmt.Println(message)
    }() // Note the parentheses - must call the function.
}
```

CSP in Go

CSP channels => chan

```
c := make(chan int) // Allocate a channel.
// Start the sort in a goroutine; when it completes,
// signal on the channel.
go func() {
        func() {
list.Sort()
c <- 1 // Send a signal; value does not matter.</pre>
c <- 1 // Send a signal; value does not matter.
}()
doSomethingForAWhile()
<-c // Wait for sort to finish; discard sent value.</pre>
```

CSP in Go

 $\underline{http://golangtutorials.blogspot.no/2011/06/channels-in-go-range-and-select.html}$

Channels as guards + a default (always true) guard.

```
func receiveCakeAndPack(strbry_cs chan string, choco_cs chan string) {
} The \_{\rm ok} values indicate whether the channel is closed (false).
```

CSP Resources

- Tony Hoares CSP book (available as a pdf) <u>http://www.usingcsp.com/</u>
- Some CSP links and resources http://vl.fmnet.info/csp/
- WoTUG community http://www.wotug.org/
- JCSP homepage http://www.cs.kent.ac.uk/projects/ofa/jcsp/
- JCSP article at IBM developerworks http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/java/library/i-csp1.html
- Wikipedia http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Communicating_sequential_processes