

9.1.10

Finn t slik at konsistent:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & t & 7 \\ 1 & 8 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \Downarrow \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 8 & -2 \\ 2 & t & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{II} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 8 & -2 \\ 0 & t-16 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 8y &= -2 \\ (t-16)y &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

Dette kan løses så lenge $t-16 \neq 0$
 $\Rightarrow t \neq 16$

9.1.11) Når er det ingen, én eller uendelig mange løsninger?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad x + (t+2)y &= t \\ tx + 3y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & t+2 & t \\ t & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II} - t \cdot \text{I}} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t+2 & t \\ 0 & 3-t(t+2) & 1-t \cdot t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t+2 & t \\ 0 & -t^2-2t+3 & 1-t^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Når er $-t^2-2t+3=0$? $t=1$ og $t=-3$

Har én løsning når $t \neq 1$ og $t \neq -3$

$t=1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Uendelig
mange
løsninger

$t=-3$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ingen
løsning.

①

$$-t^2 - 2t + 3 = 0$$

$$t^2 + 2t - 3 = 0$$

$$a \cdot b = -3$$

$$a + b = -2$$

$$a = 1$$

$$b = -3$$

b)

$$3x + (t+1)y = 3$$

$$tx + 4y = 3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & t+1 & 3 \\ t & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{3} \cdot I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t+1}{3} & 1 \\ t & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t+1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 4 - t(\frac{t+1}{3}) & 3-t \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{II - t \cdot I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t+1}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3}t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t + 4 & 3-t \end{pmatrix}$$

Vil løse $-\frac{1}{3}t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t + 4 = 0 \quad | \cdot -3$

$$t^2 + t - 12 = 0 \quad \boxed{t=3 \quad t=-4}$$

Vi har en løsning når $t \neq 3$ og $t \neq -4$

$$t=3 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{4}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Uendelig mange
løsninger

$$t=-4 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ingen løsning.

$$c) \begin{aligned} (t-2)x + 4y &= -12 \\ 2x + ty &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t-2 & 4 & -12 \\ 2 & t & 6 \end{pmatrix} \rightsquigarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & t & 6 \\ t-2 & 4 & -12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot I \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t}{2} & 3 \\ t-2 & 4 & -12 \end{pmatrix} \quad II - (t-2) \cdot I \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t}{2} & 3 \\ 0 & 4 - (t-2)\frac{t}{2} & -12 - (t-2) \cdot 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{t}{2} & 3 \\ 0 & -\frac{t^2}{2} + t + 4 & -3t - 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{t^2}{2} + t + 4 = 0 \quad | \cdot 2$$

$$t^2 - 2t - 8 = 0 \quad t = -2, t = 4$$

En løsning når $t \neq -2$, $t \neq 4$

$$t = -2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Uendelig mange
løsninger

$$t = 4$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -18 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ingen løsning.

$$\begin{pmatrix} t-2 & 4 & -12 \\ 2 & t & 6 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{t-2} \cdot I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{4}{t-2} & -\frac{12}{t-2} \\ 2 & t & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{II - 2 \cdot I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{4}{t-2} & -\frac{12}{t-2} \\ 0 & t - \frac{8}{t-2} & 6 + \frac{24}{t-2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$t - \frac{8}{t-2} = 0$$

$$t = \frac{8}{t-2} \quad | \cdot t-2$$

$$t^2 - 2t = 8$$

$$t^2 - 2t - 8 = 0$$

Må også sjekke $t=2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & -12 \\ 2 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 4 & -12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - x}{x} = \frac{0}{x} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x-1 = 0 \\ x=1 \end{matrix}$$

Mister $x=0$ -løsninger.

$$x(x-1) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x=0 \\ x-1=0 \end{matrix}$$

9.1.12

a) $5x - 2y + tz = 4$

$6x + 5y + z = 1$

$5x + 4y + z = 2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 & t & 4 \\ 6 & 5 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II}-\text{I}} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 & t & 4 \\ 1 & 7 & 1-t & -3 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{I} \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 & 1-t & -3 \\ 5 & -2 & t & 4 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{II}-5\cdot\text{I} \\ \sim \\ \text{III}-5\cdot\text{I} \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 & 1-t & -3 \\ 0 & -37 & 6t-5 & 19 \\ 0 & -31 & 5t-4 & 17 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{37}\cdot\text{II} \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 & 1-t & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5-6t}{37} & -\frac{19}{37} \\ 0 & -31 & 5t-4 & 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{III}+31\cdot\text{I} \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 & 1-t & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5-6t}{37} & -\frac{19}{37} \\ 0 & 0 & 5t-4+31\frac{5-6t}{37} & 17-31\frac{19}{37} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5t - 4 + 31 \cdot \frac{5-6t}{37} = 0 \quad | \cdot 37$$

$$5 \cdot 37t - 4 \cdot 37 + 31 \cdot 5 - 31 \cdot 6t = 0$$

$$(5 \cdot 37 - 6 \cdot 31)t + 31 \cdot 5 - 4 \cdot 37 = 0$$

$$-t + 7 = 0$$

$$7 = t$$

$t=7$: én løsning.

$t=7$

$0 = 1,08$

Ingen løsning.

(3)

b)

$$3x + 3ty + 30z = 45$$

$$x + ty + 5z = 0$$

$$-4x + 8y = 8$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3t & 30 & 45 \\ 1 & t & 5 & 0 \\ -4 & 8 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{I \leftrightarrow II}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 3t & 30 & 45 \\ -4 & 8 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} II - 3 \cdot I \\ III + 4 \cdot I \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 15 & 45 \\ 0 & 8+4t & 20 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} III \leftrightarrow II \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 8+4t & 20 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 15 & 45 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot III \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & t & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 8+4t & 20 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$8+4t=0 \quad t=-2$$

Når $t \neq -2$, én løsning.

$$t=-2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} II \leftrightarrow III \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} III - 20 \cdot II \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 8-60 \end{pmatrix}$$

$S=60$: Uendelig mange
 $S \neq 60$: Ingen løsning

1.2.13 LA-løse;

Finn løsning til systemet som har matrise

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$I+III \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 9 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$I+3 \cdot II \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 - 3x_5 &= 5 \\ x_2 - 4x_5 &= 1 \\ x_4 + 9x_5 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= 5 + 3x_5 \\ x_2 &= 1 + 4x_5 \\ x_3 &= x_3 \\ x_4 &= 4 - 9x_5 \\ x_5 &= x_5 \end{aligned}$$

$$(5, 1, 0, 4, 0) + x_3(0, 0, 1, 0, 0) + x_5(3, 4, 0, -9, 1)$$

9.1.6 c)

$$x - y - 2z + w = 0$$

$$-2x + 2y + 4z + w = 6$$

$$x - 3z + w = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{II} + 2\text{I} \\ \sim \\ \text{III} - \text{I} \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{III} \\ \sim \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{III} \\ \sim \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I} - \text{III} \\ \sim \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \text{I} + \text{II} \\ \sim \end{array}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(-1, 1, 0, 2) + z(3, 1, 1, 0)$$

↗

$$x = -1 + 3z$$

$$y = 1 + z$$

$$w = 2$$

$$z = z \nearrow$$

$$x - 3z = -1$$

$$y - z = 1$$

$$w = 2$$

↗

1.1.19 : L.A.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & h & 4 \\ 3 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II-3 \cdot I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & h & 4 \\ 0 & 6-3h & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Når } 6-3h=0 \Rightarrow h=2$$

$h \neq 2$, nøyaktig én løsning

$h=2$, ingen løsning.

1.1.20

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & h & -3 \\ -2 & 4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II+2 \cdot I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & h & -3 \\ 0 & 4+2h & -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4+2h=0 \Rightarrow h=-2$$

$h \neq -2$, én løsning

$h=-2$, ingen løsning.

1.1.21

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ -4 & h & 8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{II+4 \cdot I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & h+12 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$h = -12 \Rightarrow$ Uendelig mange løsn.

$h \neq -12 \Rightarrow$ Nøyaktig én løsning.

1.1.22

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & h \\ -6 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[\sim]{\frac{1}{2} \cdot I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{h}{2} \\ -6 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow[\sim]{II + 6 \cdot I} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{h}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 5 + 3h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5 + 3h = 0 \Rightarrow h = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$h = -\frac{5}{3} \Rightarrow \text{Uendelig mange løsninger}$$

$$h \neq -\frac{5}{3} \Rightarrow \text{Ingen løsning.}$$