

# TDT 4171 ASSIGNMENT 1

1.1

$B$  = amount of bananas eaten

$b$	$P(B=b)$
0	0,03
1	0,18
2	0,24
3	0,28
4	0,10
$\geq 5$	0,17

$$\begin{aligned} A) P(B \geq 2) &= 0,28 + 0,10 + 0,17 \\ &= \underline{\underline{0,55}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B) P(B \leq 4) &= 1,0 - P(B \geq 5) \\ &= 1,0 - 0,17 = \underline{\underline{0,83}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C) P(B \geq 4) &= 0,10 + 0,17 \\ &= \underline{\underline{0,27}} \end{aligned}$$

1.2

 $R$  = amount of rotten apples

$$P(R=0)=0,6, \quad P(R=1)=0,3 \quad P(R=2)=0,1$$

 $S$  = Selected apples are not rotten

$$A) \quad P(R=0|S) = \frac{P(S|R=0) \cdot P(R=0)}{P(S)} \quad (*)$$

$$P(S) = 0,6 \cdot 1,0 + 0,3 \cdot \frac{19}{20} \cdot \frac{18}{19} + 0,1 \cdot \frac{18}{20} \cdot \frac{17}{19}$$

$$= 0,95$$

1 rotten apple, 19 good

$$\Rightarrow P(S|R=1) = \frac{19}{20} \cdot \frac{18}{19} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{first draw} \\ \text{second draw} \end{array}$$

$$(*) \quad \frac{P(S|R=0) \cdot P(R=0)}{P(S)} = \frac{1,0 \cdot 0,6}{0,95} = \underline{\underline{0,63}}$$

$$B) \quad P(R=1|S) = \frac{P(S|R=1) \cdot P(R=1)}{P(S)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{19}{20} \cdot \frac{18}{19} \cdot 0,3}{0,95} = \underline{\underline{0,28}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) P(R=2|S) &= \frac{P(S|R=2) \cdot P(R=2)}{P(S)} \\
 &= \frac{\frac{18}{20} \cdot \frac{17}{19} \cdot 0,1}{0,95} = \underline{\underline{0,085}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1.3 \quad P(\text{Cold} | \text{man over } 50) = 0,07$$

$$P(\text{False positive}) = 0,05$$

$$P(\text{False negative}) = 0,10$$

$$A) P(\text{cold} | \text{negative}) = \frac{P(\text{negative} | \text{cold}) \cdot P(\text{cold})}{P(\text{negative})}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,10 \cdot 0,07}{0,93 \cdot 0,95 + 0,07 \cdot 0,10} = \underline{\underline{0,0077}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 P(\text{negative} | \overline{\text{cold}}) & ; & P(\text{negative} | \text{cold}) \\
 \cdot P(\overline{\text{cold}}) & ; & \cdot P(\text{cold})
 \end{array}$$

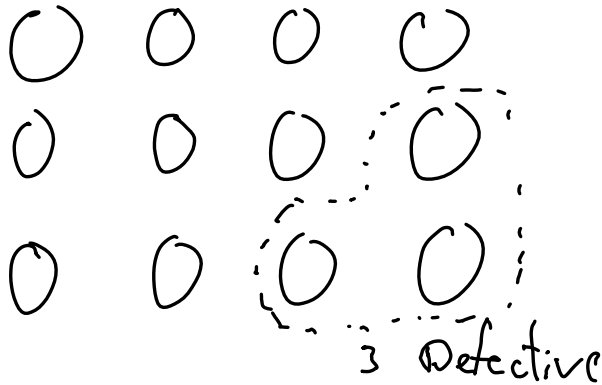
1,4

12 computer sets, 3 defective

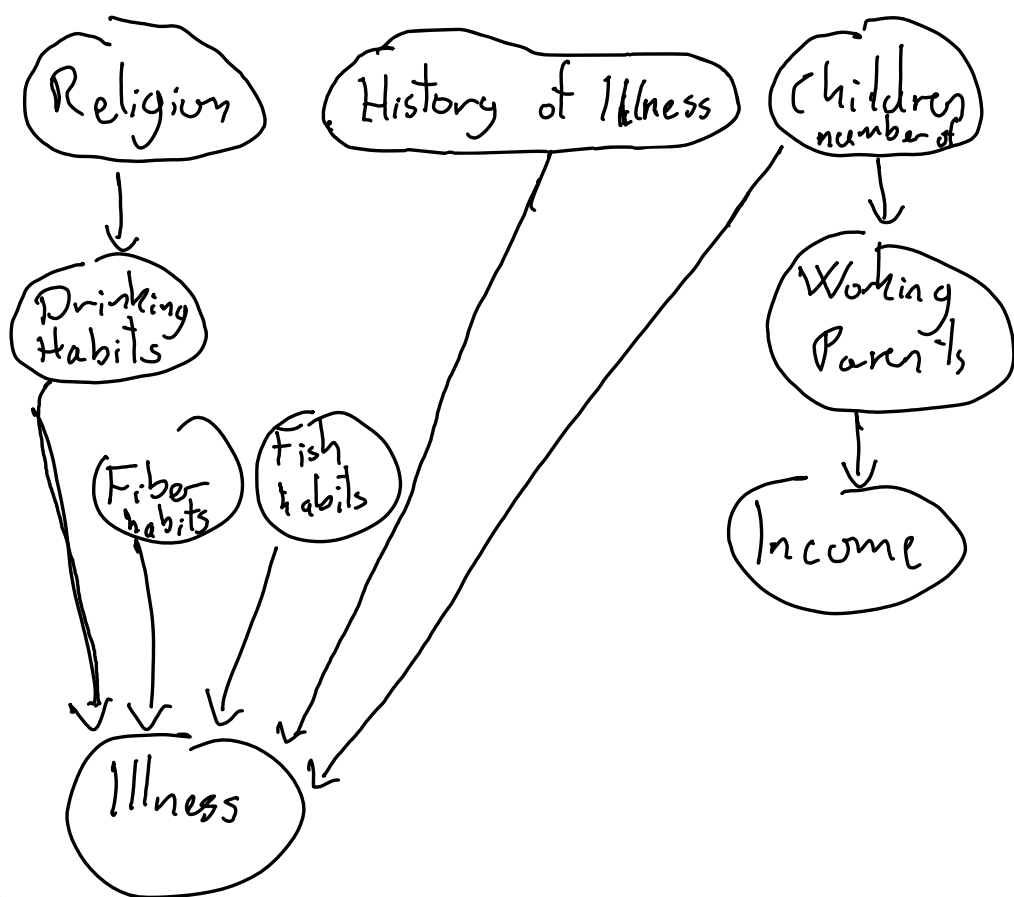
$$\binom{9}{2} \cdot \binom{3}{3} + \binom{9}{3} \cdot \binom{3}{2} = \underline{\underline{288}}$$

Combinations  
with 3 defective,  
2 functioning

9 functioning



2



Current Illness and household income are cond. indep. of each other given number of children. This may be a bit too simplified.