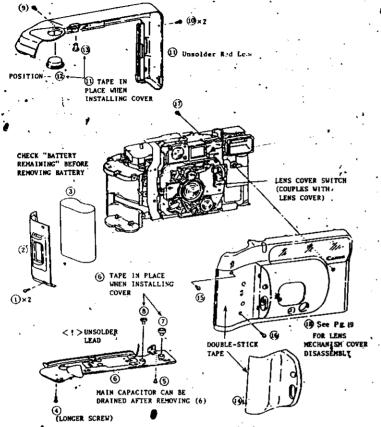
#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	Address
1. Covers Removal & Associated Adjustments	1	· A-5
I.1 Procedures for the Lithium Battery (3)	2	A-6
I.2 Bottom Cover (6)		•
1.3 Automatic Flash Activation Adjustment	3	A-7
I.4 AE Accuracy	. 4	` A-8
I.5 Objective Lens Focus	5	A-9
I.6 Autofocus Adjustment	6	A-10
I.7 Parallax	14	B-4
I.8 Flash Auto Performance	15 .	B-5
II. Front Panel and Back Cover Removal	16	₽-6
III. Flash, Main C.B., and Latch Unit Removal	17	B-7
IV. Winding Unit Removal	19	. B-9
V. Front Cover Pisassembly	. 20	B-10
VI. Front Panel Unit Disassembly and Adjustments	21.	B-11
VI.l Shutter Unit, Lens Unit	22	B-12
VI.2 Rotor Removal, Autofocus Disassembly	24	B-14
VII. Main Circuit Board Disassembly	25	C-1
VIII. Winding Unit Disacsembly	26	C-2
IX, Quartz Date Back Cover Disassembly	27	C-3
Additional Information	28	C-4

Sure Thor Suppose

#### I. Covers Removal & Associated Adjustments



Above disassembly allows the following adjustments to be performed.

L	Adjustment (Page No.)
6	Battery Remaining (2); Flash Activation (3) AE LEVEL (4); IRED POWER (12)
11	PSD OPTICAL ALIGNMENT (7)
18	LENS FOCUS (5); AF MARK (6)

#### I. Covers Removal & Associated Adjustments

1. Procedures concerning the Lithium Battery (3)
Whenever the battery is removed, the "Battery Remaining"
is cleared. This indicator actually counts the number of
shutter releases. Since it is cleared when the battery is
removed, the battery remaining indicator will show the
"full" indication when the battery is reinstalled. This
is why the indicator must be reset to the correct indication whenever the same battery is reinstalled.

Shortings 1 to 7 8 to 19 20 to 31 32 to 43 over 44.	Segment A (7 counts) 3 (12 counts) 2 (12 counts) 1 (12 counts)	
over 44.	0	Short here

- A. First, before removing the battery, note the indication.
- Next, count the number of times the "battery remaining" contact is shorted togground until the indication drops to the next segment.
- C. When the battery is reinstalled at the end of repair, repeatedly short the "battery remaining" contact to until the segment above the uppermost one which was displayed before repair disappears. Now short the contact the number of times which is the differences in the total number of counts for than segment and the number determined in step "b".
- Bottom Cover (6)
- <!> Remove two screws (4) & (5), open the back cover and lift up on the back cover side to remove the cover. Unsolder the shield ground wire from the circuit board. These adjustments are possible with the bottom cover removed.

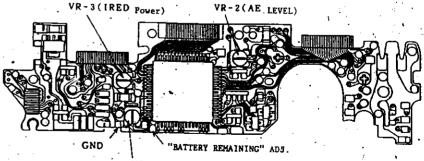


Fig. 2 VR-1 FLASH ACTIVATION ADJ.

- 1. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- 3. Automatic Flash Activation Adjustment

This procedure adjust the point where the flash is automatically activated when it is necessary as the main light source. The adjustment is necessary if either VRI or the main circuit board is changed.

A.. Standard \*

Indication: Flash mark lights in viewfinder

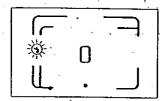


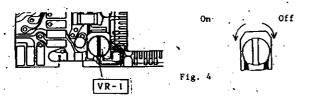
Fig. 3

2) Activation Point (ISO 100, K: 17.68)

EV	Brightness	Limits
8.5	64.00 nit	±03EV .

- B. Adjustment (using EF-500)
  - 1) Set the EF-500 to EV9 and K:12.5. This is 64.00 nit.
  - 2) Set the camera in front of the screen.
  - Set the K to 14.03. The flash mark should not light. Set the K to 11.14. The flash mark should light.

  - 5) Adjust VR1 until conditions 3 and 4 are met.



\*) Large variations will affect AE accuracy.

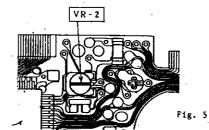
- Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- AE Accuracy
- Standard:

K: 17.68; ISO 100; STILL

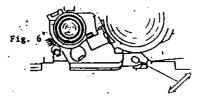
EV	Brightness	Limit
9• `	90.52	
.2	724.2	0EV + 1 EV
15	5793	

B. Adjustment

1) Adjust the level with VR2. Turning clockwise increases exposure and counterclockwise decreases it .. (This causes little change at high brightnesses.)



2) If proper high brightness exposure cannot be achieved, remove the lens mechanism cover and adjust the auxi-. lary diaphragm.



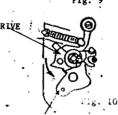


If film preceive button is pressed with the AE Note: tester's photoreceptor the camera will go into the rewind mode each time the shutter is released.

- Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- Objective Lens Focus
- Establish correct contrast focus point by checking several good units.

Tools: 200 or 300mm T Type Collimator .Focal Plane Mirror -1T, 0.17mm Shim -1S

- <1> Limits: ± 0.05mm
- B. Adjustment
  - 1) Install the focal plane mirror and shim, and close the back cover. (Fig. 8)
  - 2) Install the shutter button and release the shutter once. (This is to put the lens at the reset position.) Extend the lens one tooth with the lens drive lever. This is the "infinity" point of this lens. (Fig. 9).
  - 3) Open the shutter with the rotor's shutter drive pin, in the direction of the arrow. (Fig. 10)
  - Adjust with the focus adjustment-screw. (Fig. 11)
- <!> 5) The cam ring has two infinity positions on the cam ring. Release the shutter once more and repeat the process to check that both infinity positions are correct. If not, change the cam ring.





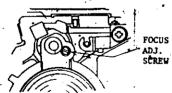
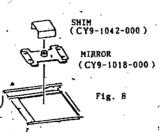
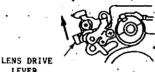


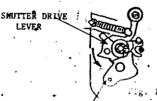
Fig. 11

CAM RING





LEVER.

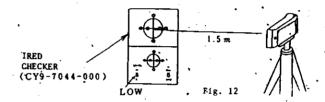


LEVER

- I. 'Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- 6. Autofocus Adjustment

Autofocus adjustments consists of the AF ZONE MARK POSITION adjustment (6A), the PSD OPTICAL ALIGNMENT (6B), and the IRED POWER adjustment (6C).

- A. AF ZONE MARK POSITION ADJ. This adjustment is to align the IR beam with the AF mark in the viewfinder. Perform this adjustment if the IRED, AF mark, or viewfinder frame has been changed.
  - 1) Set the camera 1.5 meters from the IR checker. Turn the IR checker on and set it to "low".



- Align the AF mark with the sensing area on the IR checker and press the shutter button to the first stroke while watching the IR checker indicators. Check that both green LEDs light.
- If one of the red LEDs lights, move the camera in the opposite direction until both green ones light. Fix the camera in that position.
- If the finder mark must be repositioned, position it as shown in figure 13.

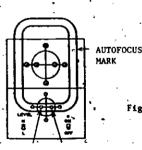
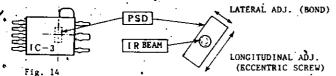


Fig. 13

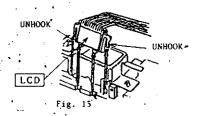
GREEN LED's LIGHT

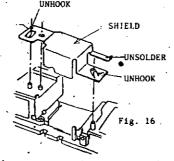
- I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- 6. Autofocus Adjustments (cont.)
- B. PSD OPTICAL ALIGNMENT

  This aligns the IR beam on the PSD element. Alignment of both axes, lateral and longitudinal is required. Adjust if the autofocus doesn't work correctly, or if IC3 or the shutter flex has been replaced.



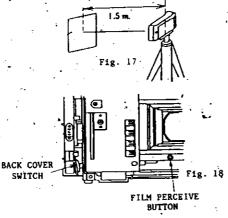
First, remove the LCD, unsolder the shield plate from the release C.B., unhook in two spots, and remove the shield plate.





### 1) Lateral Adjustment

a) To adjust laterally, use a highly reflective surface, like aluminum (but hot a mirror). Set the camera exactly square with the reflector and 1.5 meters from it. This is to insure a strong signal. The back of the AL-1/T-80 AF charts is a good target.



I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments

#### 6. Autofocus Ādjūstments

- b) Release the back cover latch and push the film perceive switch. This simulates misloading, so when the shutter button is presses, the IRED transmits continuously...
- c) Solder leads to the AF OUT (JClp1) and GND. Attach to the oscilloscope.

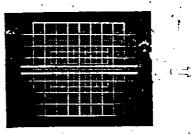
Vertical: 0.5V/cm Time : 5ms / cm

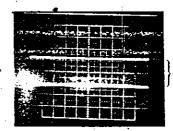
11 m

SOLDER BRIDGE

AF OUT

- d) Lightly press the shutter button so the IRED transmits. (DON'T HOLD FOR MORE THAN 30 SECONDS AT A TIME to prevent damaging the IRED.)
- e) Watch the IRED output on the scope, and adjust IC3 in the direction marked for maximum output. IC3 is held with both G 103 and Cyanobond. After adjustment fix it with G 103 bond temporarily and apply Cyanobond after all adjustments are complete. (Fig. 20, 21)
- f) After the adjustment, clear the misloading condition.





OUTPUT WAVE-FORM

Fig. 20

ADJUSTICS DIRECTION

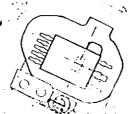
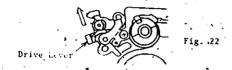


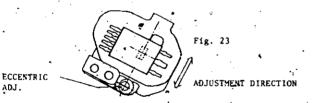
Fig. 21

### I. Cover Removal and Aspociated Adjustments

- Longitudinal Adjustment (Method I) (Mechanical adjustment, without oscillogcope)
- a) 9et the camera on a tripod 0.6m squarely is front of a 32% gray card.
- b) Press and hold the shutter button. While still holding the button, move the cam one tooth at a time until the lens falls.



c) The lens should fall after three teeth. If it does not, adjust with the eccentric screw.

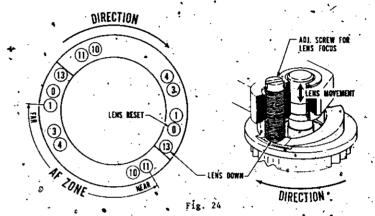


d) At 1.60 meters, it should fall after 9 teeth. Adjust the eccentric so it falls after the respective number of teeth at 0.6 and 1.6 meters. After 10 teeth it should fall at at 2.22 meters.

#### I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments

#### Additional Information:

The focusing gear / cam has two cycles per revolution. The position where the lens falls back is 13 teeth from the reset position. When the lens focus to 6 meters, it is extended to position 10. At 1.60 meters, it is at position 4, and at position 3 at 2.22 meters.



So the numbers given in the adjustment are actually the difference between the number of positions between the reset and the "fall back" positions. The number of steps in the AF focusing range is fixed, but the total numbers of steps may vary, so the numbers in the adjustment may change.

Total steps: T Adjust steps: A

So:

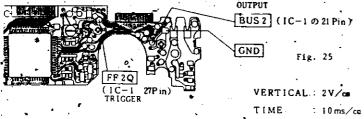
T - AF steps = A

Ex: 13 - 10 (0.55m) = 3 steps (adjustment) 13 - 4 (1.6m) = 9 steps (adjustment)

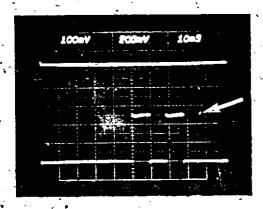
13 - 3 (2.22m) = 10 steps (check only).

### Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments

- Longitudinal Adjustment (Method 2)
   (Electrical adjustment, using osciPloscope)
   Unlike the first method, this method can be used with the front cover installed.
  - a) Use a white surface (90% reflectance CY9-3053-000).
  - b) Measure at 2.05 and 2.70 meters.
  - c) Attach the oscilloscope.



d) Push the shutter button (SW 1 on) and check the waveform. It should be the same at 2.05, 2.22 and 2.70 meters.



2.22m WAVEFORM

pulses, but only a spot (leading

thard occurs
because the current
is stopped as the
third pulse starts.

Fig. 26

e) Adjust as in method ... figure 23.

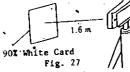
Note: This adjusts of thecks the electrical signal. For checking the mechanism, use method 1.

I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments

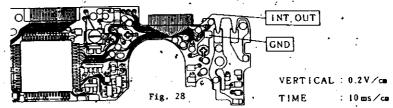
C. IRED POWER ADJ. This adjustment is to set the IRED current to the optimum level. (When the main circuit board is changed, set VR3 in the middle of its range.)

1)Adjüstment

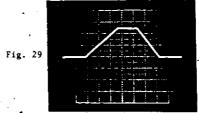
a) Set the camera square with the 90% reflector and 1.6 meters from it. 90% white Card



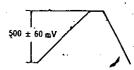
b) Attach leads to the IRED output and ground.



c) When the shutter is released, the waveform should look like this.



<!>stD,: 500 ± 60 mV



d) Addist with VR3.

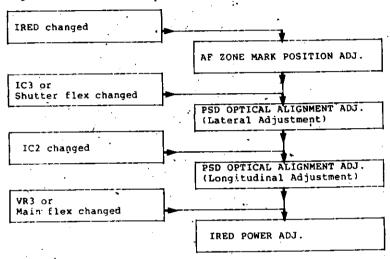


Increase
Decrease

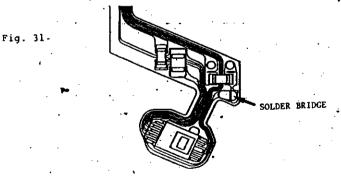
Fig. 30

- Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- 6. Autofocus Adjustments (Summary)

The autofocus adjustments consists of the AF ZONE MARK POSITION, the PSD OPTICAL ALIGNMENT, and the IRED POWER adjustments, but not all three are necessary for every repair.



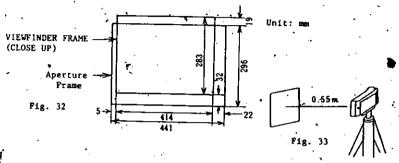
NOTICE: When changing the shutter flex, be sure to add the shutter bridge shown below.



I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments

#### 7. Parallax

Parallax Alignment Chart (Make locally)



Adjustment

1. Set the camera square with the chart and 55cm distant.

2. Put a ground glass in the film aperture.

 Advance the cam ring 11 steps from the reset position, and open the shutter (See focus adjustment).

4. Adjust the camera so the aperture chart lines are

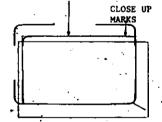
aligned with the aperture.

 The close-up marks should be on the viewfinder closeup frame marks. If so, no.adjustment is necessary. (Fig. 34)

6. If not, loosen and adjust the frame mask and re-bond with G-103 bond.

Fig. 34

CAUTION: When this adjustment is necessary it is also necessary to perform the autofocus adjustments consists of the AF ZOR



MARK POSITION adjustment (6A), the PSD OPTICAL ALIGNMENT (6B), and the ISED POWER adjustment (6C). This is because the author mark is attached to the viewfinder fram.

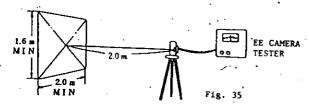
- I. Cover Removal and Associated Adjustments
- 8. Flash Auto Performance

Service checks involve checking film plane brightness as explained in the SPEEDLITE 155A Repair Guide.

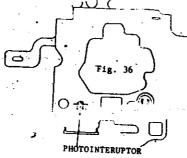
-Check (Service)

Distance (m)	2.0
Iso	100
Limit	Average ( ) + 1 EV

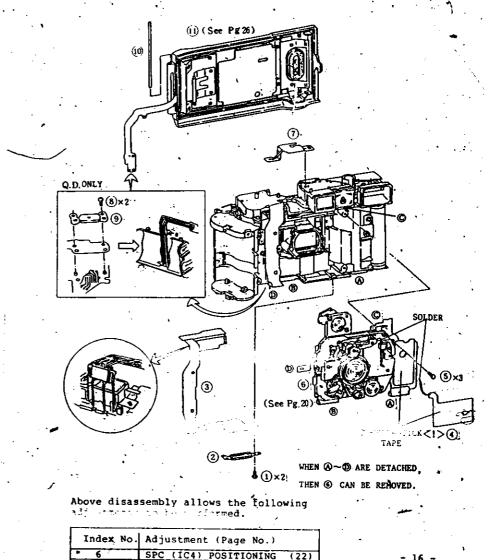
- Install the front cover and cover the AE SPC with opaque black tape.
- Locate the camera 2.0 meters from the reflector and install the EV tester photosensor. Set the EV tester to ASA 100, K-17.68.



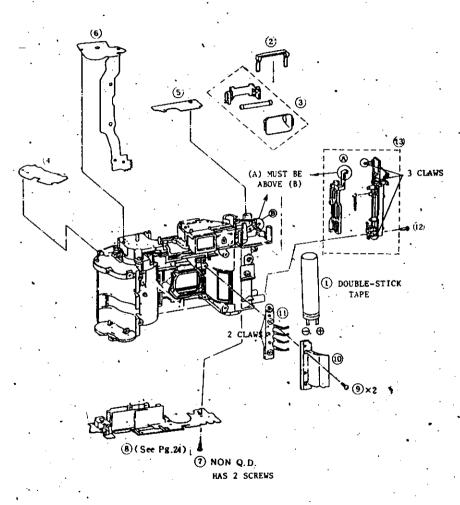
Note: Flash Auto (FA) accuracy is determined by the position of the photoint-eruptor on the shutter flex (Fig. 40). There is no service adjustment. If the accuracy is insufficient change the flex.



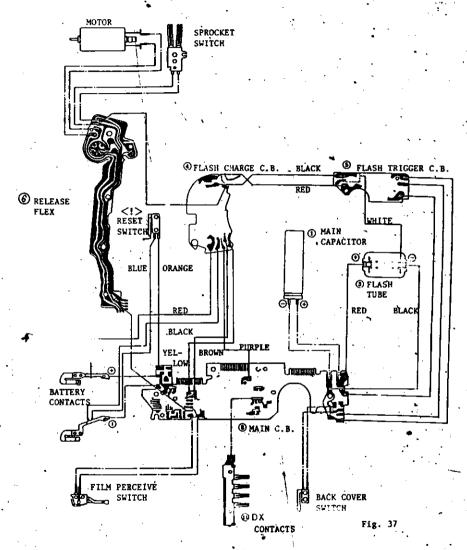
II. Front Panel and Back Cover Removal



### III. Flash; Main C.B., and Latch Unit Removal

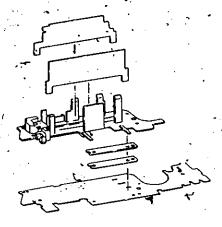


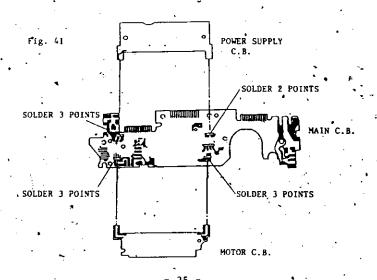
III. Flash, Main C.B., and Latch Unit Removal



- 17 -

### VII. Main Circuit Board Disassembly





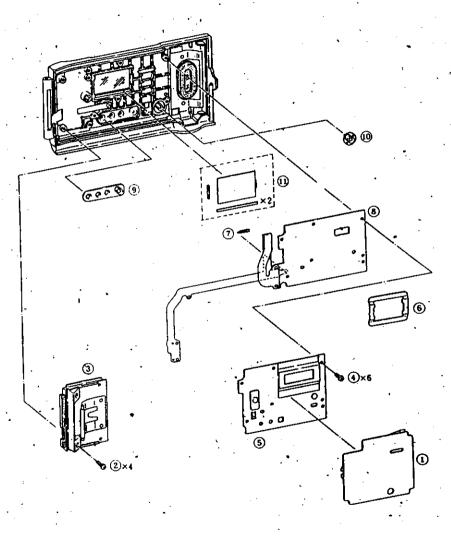
VIII. Winding Unit Disassembly UNHOOK FROM 3 CLAWS IN LOWER DRAWING ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED AF MARK ADJ. (pg. 6) PARALLAX ADJ. (pg. 14) (14)×2 ₽ LUBE GEAR SHAFTS WITH PL-015

REMOVE THESE PARTS TO REMOVE MOTOR.

(1)—(2)—(4)—(5)—(15)

3 CLAWS

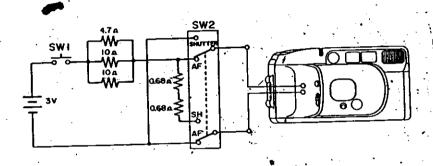
### IX. Quartz Date Back Cover Disassembly



### Additional Information

#### AP Kludge

The AP kludge, or rotor operating tool is a inexpensive, easy to build devise that can be built in your shop. It makes checks possible with the front cover and lens mechanism cover installed that usually require removing the covers. The grip covering reveals two holes which give access to the rotor circuit.



Adjustments using Kludge

(Refer to the section indicated . for details not listed here.)

Lens Focus: (pg. 5 )

1. Attach the kludge to the camera.

- Release the shutter once to insure the lens is at the reset position. (The lens is at reset after a normal winding cycle.
- winding cycle.

  3. Set SW2 at AF and close SW1 once. (This sets the lens at infinity.)
- 4. Set SW2 at SHUTTER and press and hold SW1. The shutter will open and remain open. (Do not hold for more than 30 seconds at a time or rotor damage may occur.)

Autofocus (PSD Optical Alignment - Longitudinal Adj. (pg. 9)

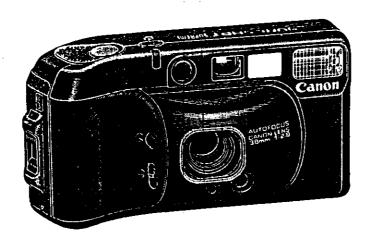
- 1. Attach the kludge to the camera.
- 2. Set SW2 at AF.
- 3. Press and hold the camera's shutter button.
- cycles until the lens resets. (One ON and one OFE is one count.)

This cameras have a special service "manual" rewind switch, but certain electronic problems may make automatic and manual rewind/impossible. In this case, follow the procedure outlined below, preferably in a darkroom or changing bag to preserve the customers exposures.

- 1. Remove the battery.
- Open the back cover and lift the film cartridge out. Turn the spool two or three turns in the winding direction.
- This action will cause the winding clutch gear to shift, freeing the spool.
- 4. Gently pull the film off of the spool.

END —

# SURE SHOT SUPREME TROUBLE SYMPTOM



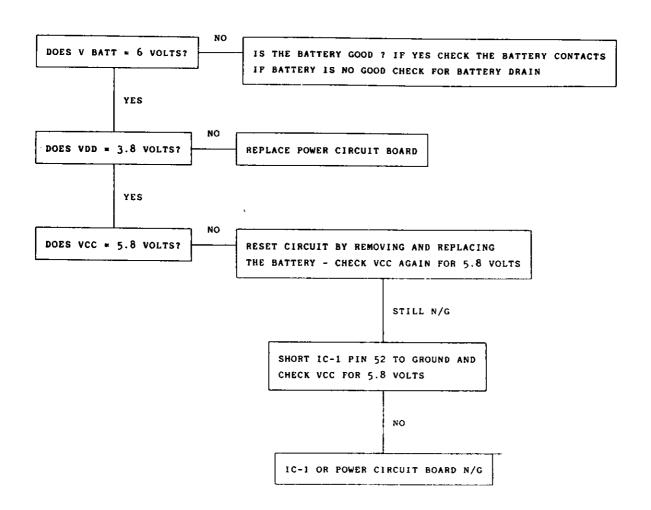
COPYRIGHT 1988 CANON U.S.A. NASO1-002-001

### SUPREME TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

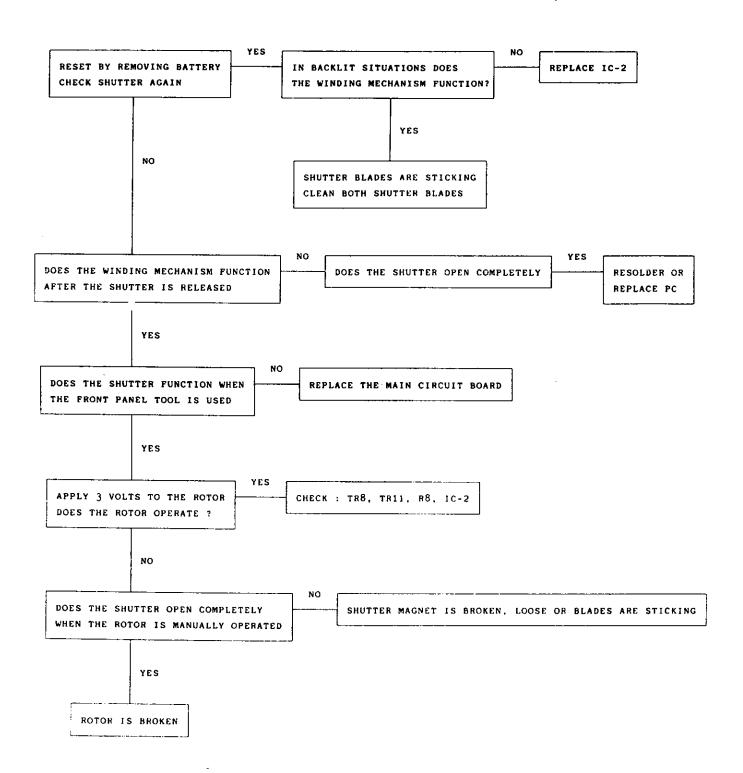
	PROBLEM	PAGE	
1.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE POWER SUPPLY ( NO: V BATT, VDD & VCC )	: . of	
2.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE SHUTTER ( SHUTTER DOES NOT OPERATE PROPERLY)	-2-	
3.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE WINDING MECHANISM ( AF DOESN'T CHARGE )	-3-	
4.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE REWIND MECHINISM	-3-	
5.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO BATTERY DRAIN	-4-	
6.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO AUTO FOCUS ( ALWAYS INFINITY FOCUS OR ERRATIC FOCUSING )	-5-	
7.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE FLASH ( DOESN'T CHGARGE / DOESN'T STOP CHARGING )	-6-	
8.	PPROBBLEMS RELATED TO THE FLASH ( FLASH DOESN'T FIRE )	-7-	
9.	FLASH DOESN'T FIRE WHEN SUBJECT IS BACKLIT & FLASH INDICATOR DOESN'T APPEAR IN THE VIEWFINDER	-8-	
10.	PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE DATE INDICATOR	-9-	
	SIGNAL VOLTAGES	-9-	

DATA COMPILED BY JASON LEE CANON U.S.A. CAMERA SERVICE DIVISION EDITED BY JAMES C. MARTIN

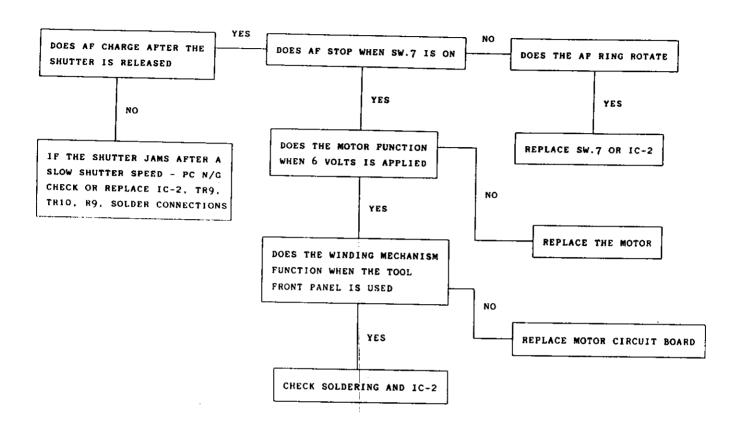
## 1. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE POWER SUPPLY ( NO : V BATT, VDD and VCC )



### 2. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE SHUTTER (SHUTTER DOES NOT OPERATE PROPERLY)

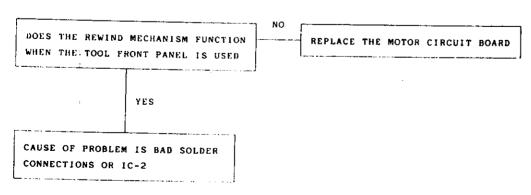


## 3. PROBLEM RELATED TO THE WINDING MECHANISM ( AF DOESN'T CHARGE )

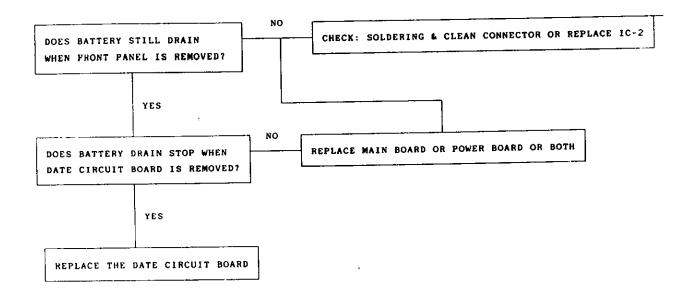


NOTE: IF AF DOESN'T STOP AT THE RIGHT POSITION,
THE MOST PROBABLE CAUSE IS SWITCH 7

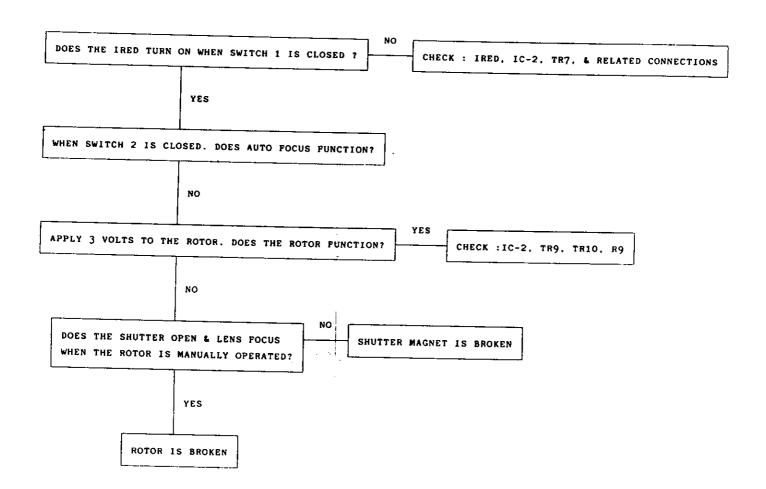
### 4. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE REWIND MECHANISM



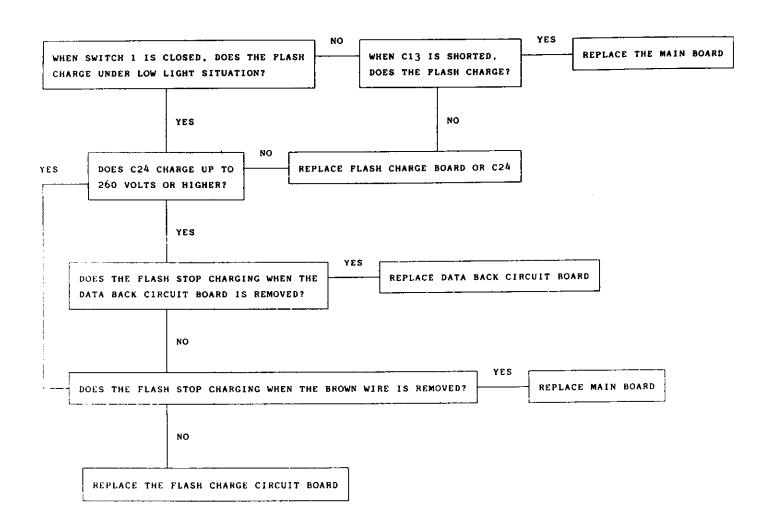
### 5. PROBLEMS RELATED TO BATTERY DRAIN



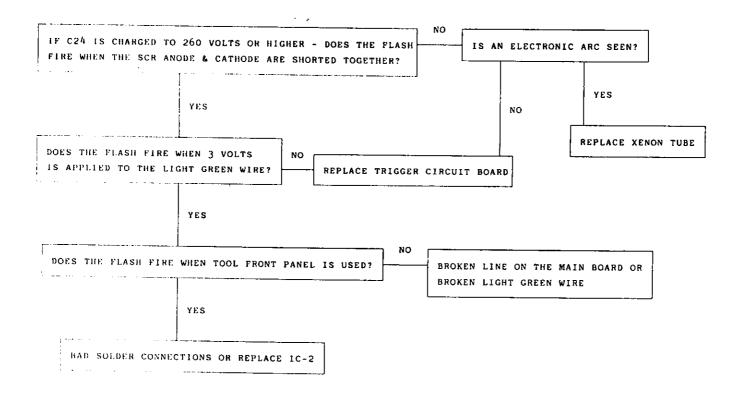
# 6. PROBLEMS RELATED TO AUTO FOCUS (ALWAYS INFINITY FOCUS OR ERRATIC FOCUSING)



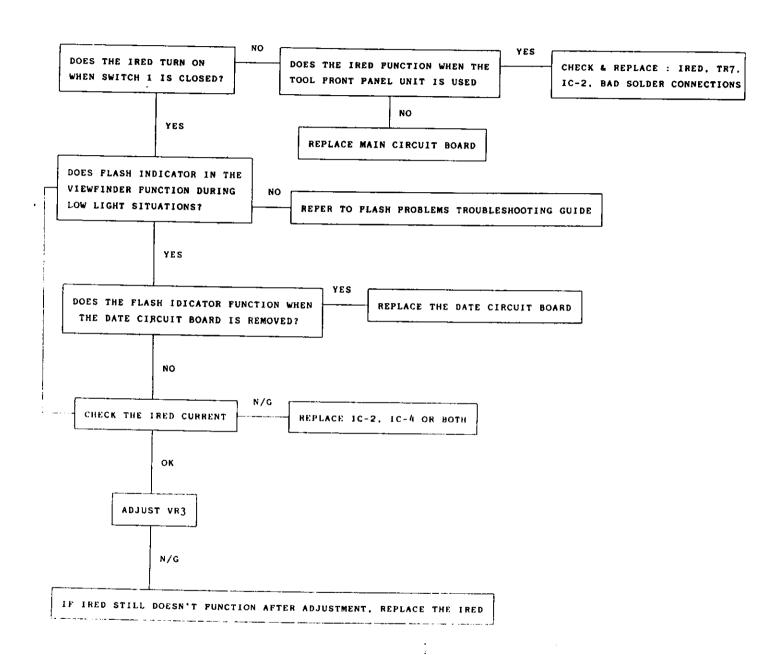
## 7. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE FLASH (DOESN'T CHARGE / DOESN'T STOP CHARGING)



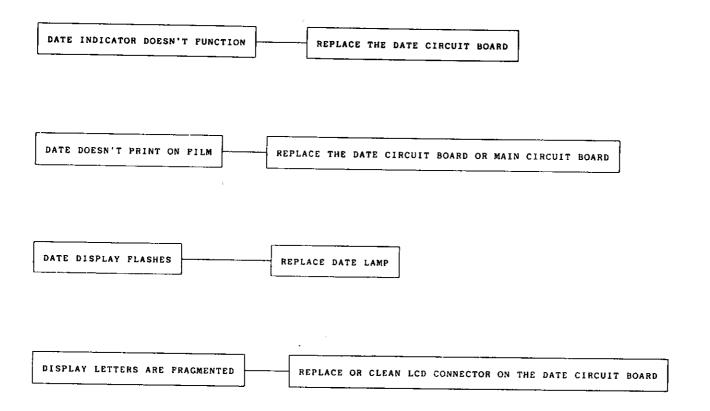
## 8. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE FLASH (FLASH DOESN'T FIRE)



# 9. FLASH DOESN'T FIRE WHEN SUBJECT IS BACKLIT & FLASH INDICATOR DOESN'T APPEAR IN THE VIEWFINDER



### 10. PROBLEMS RELATED TO THE DATE INDICATOR



### SIGNAL VOLTAGES

V BATT = 6 VOLTS

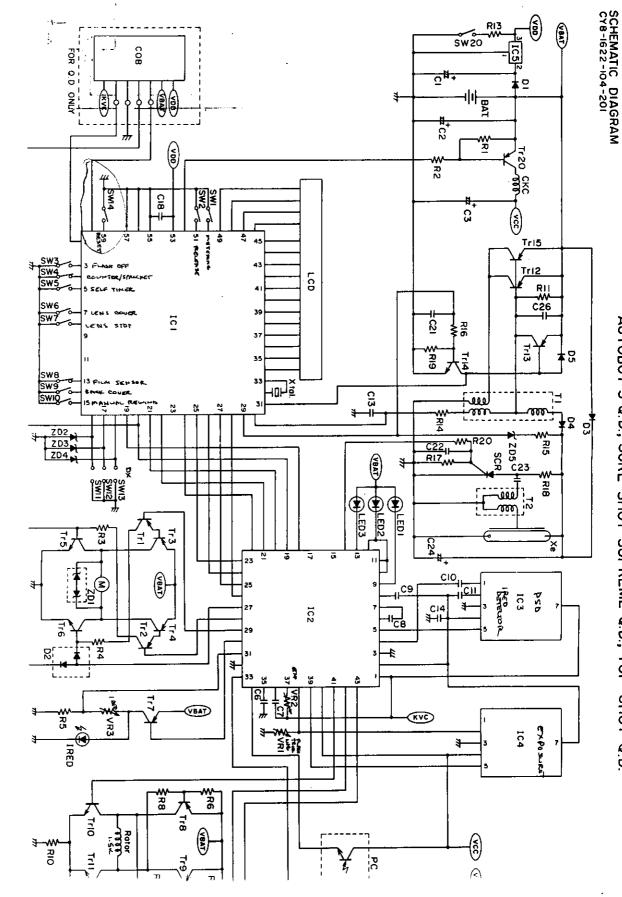
VDD = 3.8 VOLTS

VCC = 5 VOLTS

KVC = 2.4 VOLTS

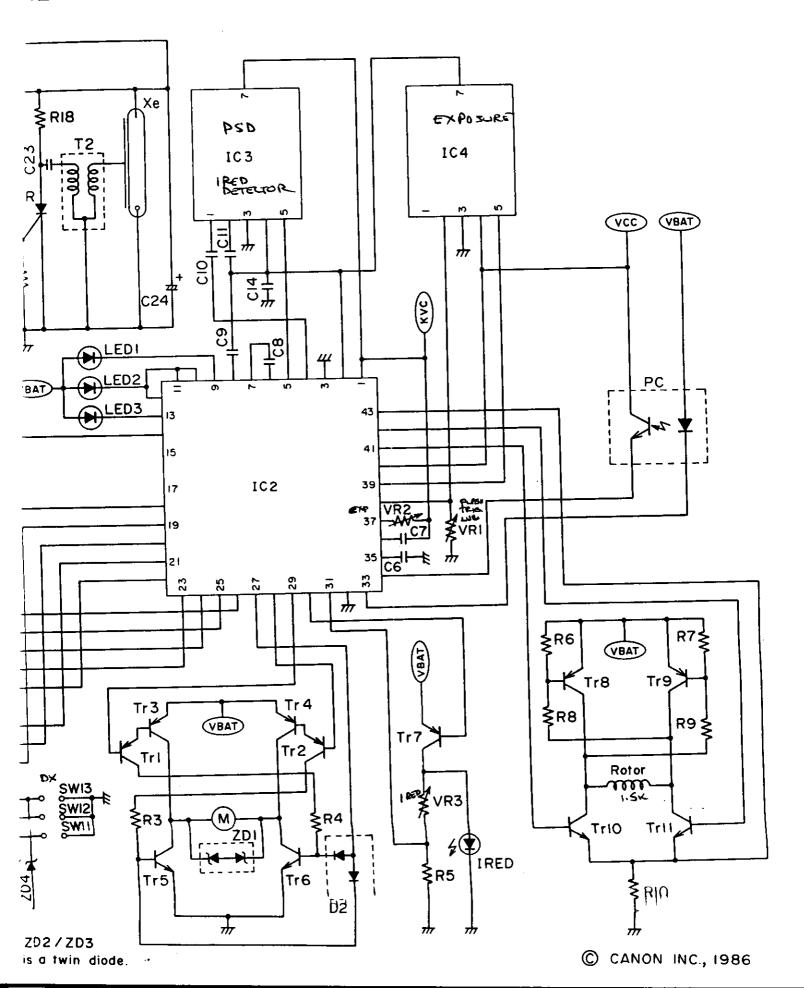
VC = 1.2 VOLTS

OSC = 3 VOLTS



AUTOBOY 3 Q.D., SURE SHOT SUPREME Q.D., TOP SHOT Q.D.

### SHOT SUPREME, TOP SHOT RE SHOT SUPREME Q.D., TOP SHOT Q.D.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM CY8-1622-104-201

О О О

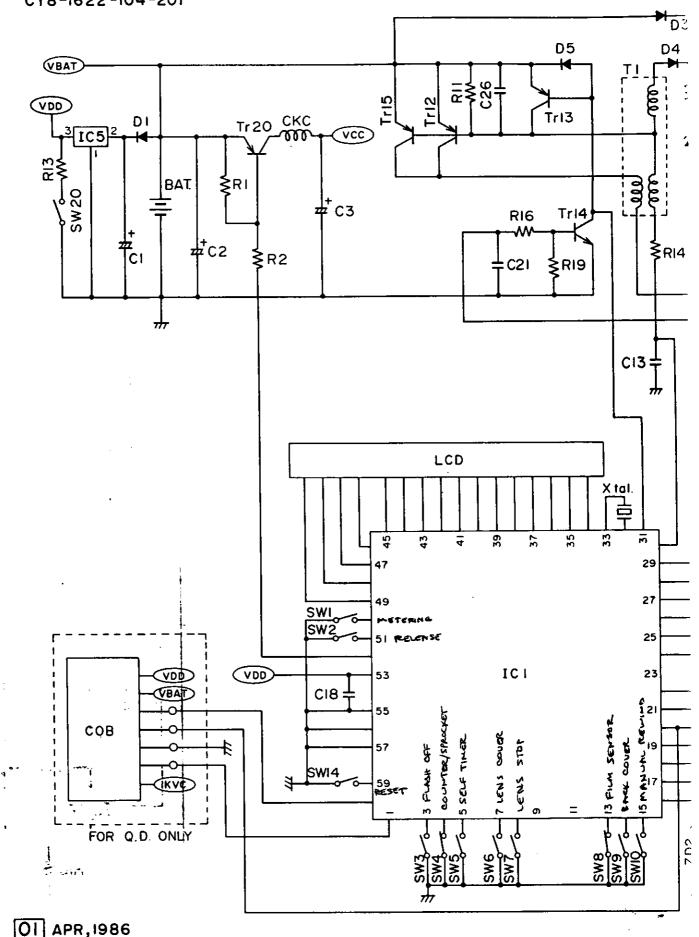
0

0

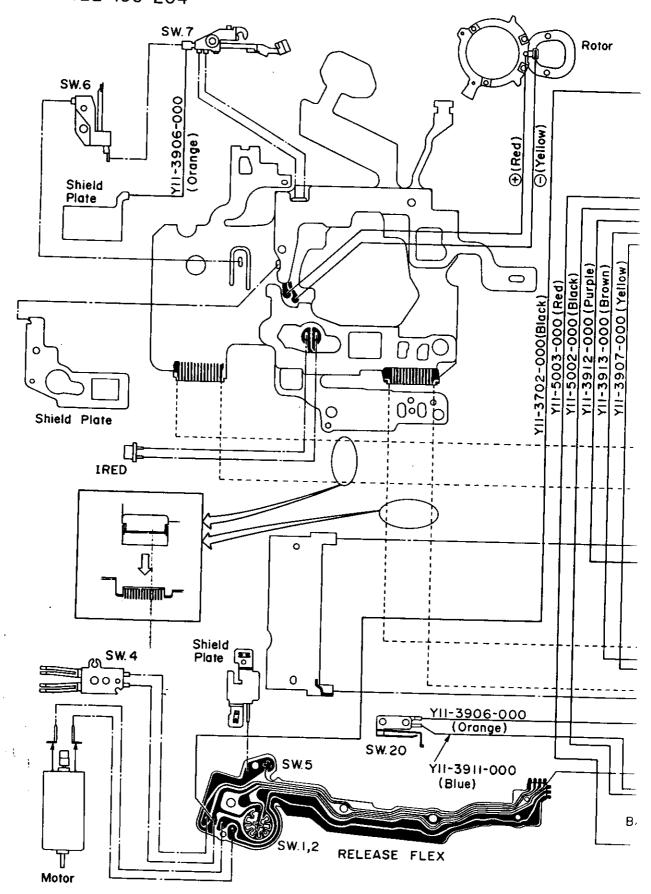
O

○ ○ ○ ○○ ○ ○○ ○

1



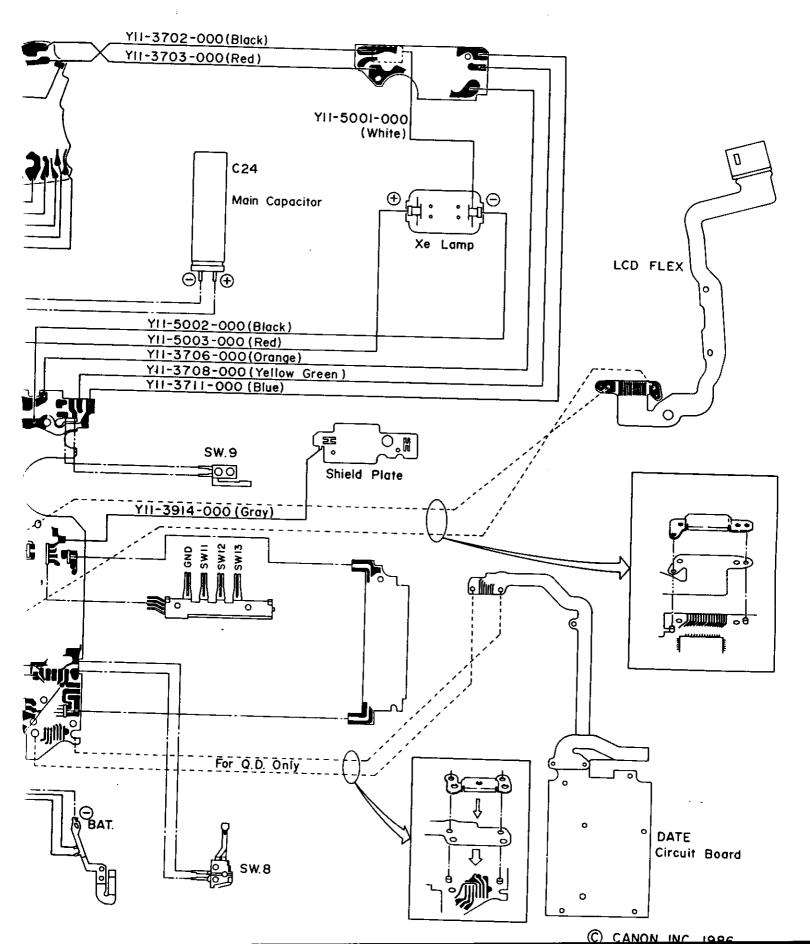
WIRING DIAGRAM CY8-1422-106-204



 $\bigcirc$ 

**(288)** 

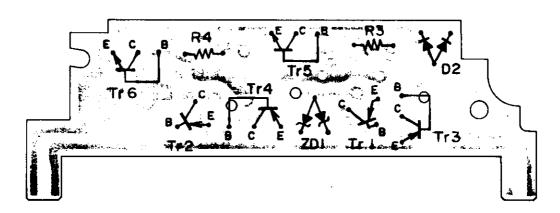
### OT SUPREME, TOP SHOT E SHOT SUPREME Q.D., TOP SHOT Q.D.



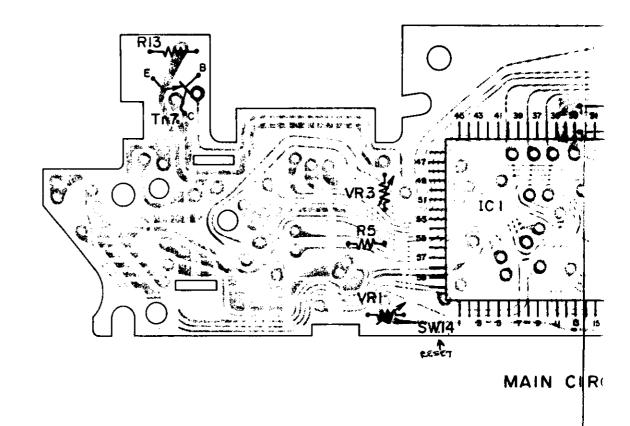
CAMERA SERVICE DEPT

CANON AUTOBOY 3, SURE SHOT AUTOBOY 3 Q.D., SURE SH

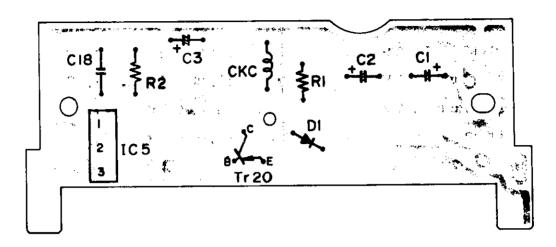
P.C.B. DIAGRAM CY8-1422-106-202



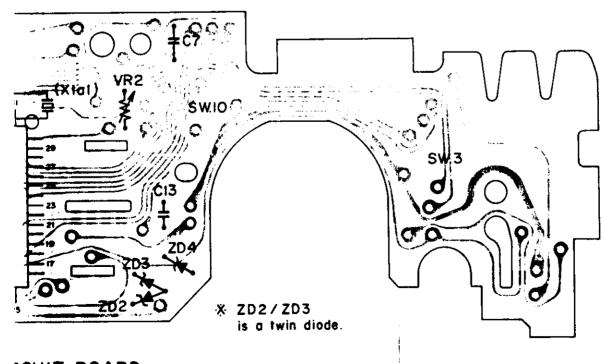
MOTOR CIRCUIT BOARD



### SUPREME, TOP SHOT SHOT Q.D., TOP SHOT Q.D.



POWER CIRCUIT BOARD



RCUIT BOARD

S ymbol	Spec. or Mfg.	S ymbol	Spec. or Mfg.
C 1	68uF, 7V T	R 1 1	
	68uF, 8V T	R 1 3	2,000
СЗ.	47 u F , 8 V T	R14	-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -
C 6	0.022uF, 25V C	R15	
C 7	0. luF, 25V C	R16	
C 8	0.33uF, 25V T	R 1 7	•
C 9	4.7uF, 25V T	R18	
C 1 0	0. luF, 25V C	R 1 9	2, 2,
C 1 1	0.22uF,35V T	R 2 0	2,000
C 1 3	0.022uF, 25V C	Tr1	RN2401
C 1 4	0.1uF, 25V C	T r 2	
C 18	0. 1 u F , 2 5 V C	T r 3	
C 2 1	0.01uF,16V	T r 4	RN6003
C 2 2	0.01uF,16V	T r 5	2 S C 2 9 8 2
C 2 3	0.047uF,350V	T r 6	2 S C 2 9 8 2
C 2 4	155uF, 280V E	T r 7	RN6003
C 2 6	2200pF, 16V	T r 8	2 S A 1 2 1 3 Y
		T r 9	2 S A 1 2 1 3 Y
D 1	MA704	T r 1 0	2 S C 2 9 8 2
D 2	1 S 2 8 3 5	Tr 1 1	2 S C 2 9 8 2
D 3	S 5 5 6 6 G	T r 1 2	2 S A 1 4 3 1 Y
D 4	ES01F	T r 1 3	R N 2 2 0 5
D 5	1 S S 1 7 6	Tr14	2 S C 2 4 5 8 Y
		T r 1 5	2 S A 1 4 3 1 Y
R 1	10 KOHM 1/16W		
R 2	2.2 KOHM 1/16W	VR1	50 КОНМ
R 3	100 OHM 1/4W	V R 2	20 KOHM
R 4	100 OHM 1/4W	VR3	з. з конм
R 5	3.0 KOHM 1/16W		
R 6	10 KOHM 1/16W	Z D 1	M A 3 0 6 2 W A
R 7	10 KOHM 1/16W	Z D 2	RD7.5M
R 8	270 OHM 1/16W	Z D 3	M A 3 0 7 5 W A
R 9	270 OHM 1/16W	Z D 4	M A 3 O 7 5 W A

Z D 5

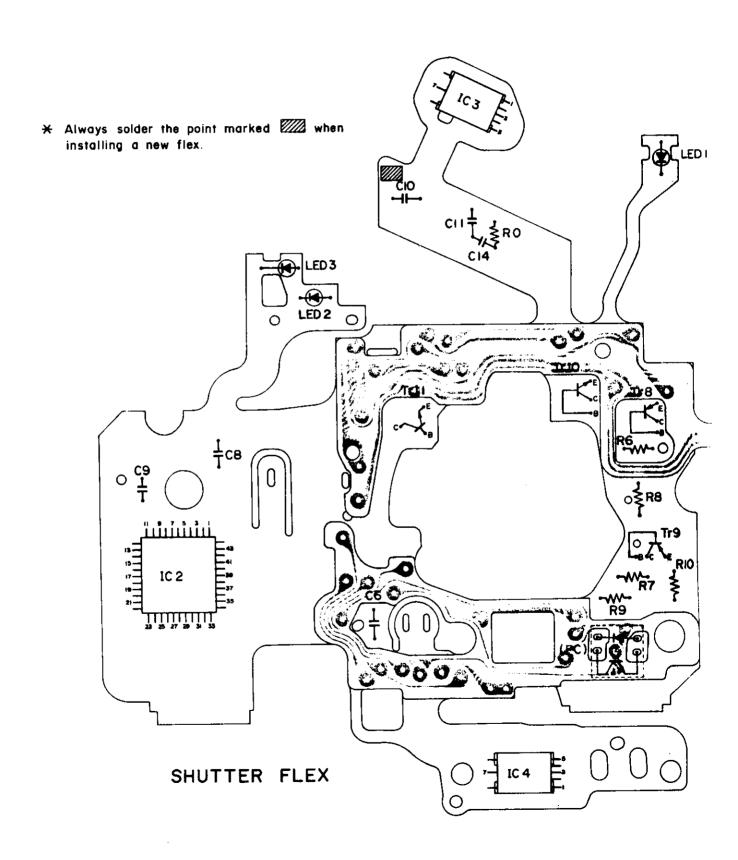
1 A Z 2 7 0 X

R10 1.1 OHM 1/16W

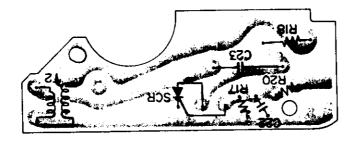
1,51-3

CANON AUTOBOY 3, SURE SHOT SURE SHO

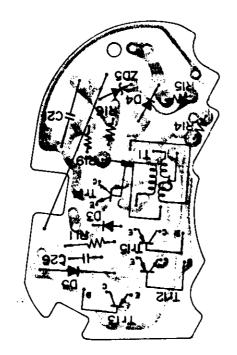
P.C.B. DIAGRAM CY8-1422-106-201



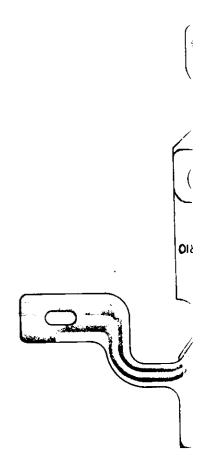
SHOT SUPREME O.D., TOP SHOT O.D.



FLASH TRIGGER BOARD



FLASH CHARGE BOARD



1037

### ELECTRIC PARTS SPECIFICATION

Symbol	N omenclature	S ymbol	Spec. or Mfg.
SW1	Operation Switch	I C 1	SN28875
S W 2	Release Switch	I C 2	SN28874
S W 3	Flash Off Switch	I C 3	SN28873
S W 4	Sprocket Switch	I C 4	SN28872
SW5	Self Timer Switch	I C 5	S-81237AG
SW6	Lens Cover Switch		
S W 7	Lens Stop Switch	IRED	HE8801RG
S W 8	Film In Switch ,		
S W 9	Back Cover Switch	LCD	
SW10	Manual Rewind Switch		
SW11	ISO Switch	LED1	C L - 5 0 S R - C D
SW12	ISO Switch	LED2	C L - 5 1 G - C D
SW13	ISO Switch	LED3	C L - 5 1 R - C D
SW14	Battery Remaining Test		
SW20	Reset Switch	PC	GP2S04
		SCR	CR02AM-8-A8
		CKC	LQN5N271K
	•	Т 1	D 0 9
		T 2	KP-32
		Хе	H 1 5 0 G O T
		X' tal	CFS-206