

VCM Data Exploration

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Objective:

Explore different metrics that can be used in gauging the quality of the space catalog.

Discussion:

There are many ways to understand a system's behavior using statistical analysis of the generated output data. This exercise looks at the variances and aging of the individual Resident Space Objects (RSOs) derived from its latest state vector and positional variance.

Data is extracted from a set of the approximately 28,000 files Vector Covariance Messages (VCM) that are currently published by space-track.org three times a day. The downloaded VCM data is then unzipped to a folder where the ~28K files are extracted.

AWK, a Linux program, is then used to extract the necessary values from each VCM which is then saved to a space-delimited (not comma) file as shown in the table below. the "Year, Day, SATNO, X, Y, Z, SD_X, SD_Y, SD_Z" are the values extracted while "VAR_U, VAR_V, VAR_W, Days, VOL_SD, VOL_VAR, Height" are calculated. SD signifies Standard Deviation (labeled as SIGMA in the VCM), VAR is for the variance calculated which is assumed to be the squares of the SD.

The VCMs' extracted and calculated values are saved as a data frame in the Statistics Package R, where the analysis occurred. the Table entitled "Extracted VCM Data" shows the first few rows of the data frame.

Extracted VCM Data - Top of ~28,000 rows

Year	Day	SATNO	X	Y	Z	SD_X	SD_Y	SD_Z	Wimp	VAR_U	VAR_V	VAR_W	Days	VOL_SD	VOL_VAR	Height
2023	61	11	5878.74	991.89	3530.06	0.01	0.05	0.01	NA	0	0	0	61	18127.69	0.08	560.54
2023	61	12	-	-	5070.86	0.01	0.06	0.04	NA	0	0	0	61	144251.58	4.97	2981.70
			6049.56	5010.58												
2023	61	16	7793.87	-	1316.60	0.01	0.02	0.02	NA	0	0	0	61	8284.29	0.02	1745.57
				1830.88												
2023	61	20	602.89	-	1371.75	0.02	0.06	0.02	NA	0	0	0	61	106246.85	2.69	1765.09
				7993.87												
2023	61	22	1372.22	-	3796.48	0.01	0.02	0.01	NA	0	0	0	61	4169.01	0.00	519.79
				5580.81												
2023	61	29	-	5498.14	3851.16	0.01	0.02	0.01	NA	0	0	0	61	6033.43	0.01	633.97
			1991.63													

Variance Volume

The Variance Volume is the volume of a 3D ellipsoid, that shows the uncertainty of the data that shows how varied the location can be withing hte ellipsoid. the volume is caculated from the variance of the u,v,w state vector's SIGMA's, which is believed to be the standard deviation of the values. The variance is the square of the SIGMA. The smaller the value, then the tighter the variance. The volume, in cubic meters, is then caculated - $(4/3)\pi\text{VAR_U} * \text{VAR_V} * \text{VAR_W}$

The smaller the volume, the tighter the Variance, therefor the better probabliy of its location is better. Accompaning a graph is a table of summary statistics, a range of altitudes for this graph, and the graph's plotting limits. Various heights can be analyzed, and a value such as the Mean can support a quality metric.

Graph Limits; xlim = 0 - 100, ylim = 0 - 300

Orbital Band; 600 < Height < 700 Kilometers X..df_uvw2.VOL_VAR

nobs

1.888000e+03

NAs

0.000000e+00

Minimum

0.000000e+00

Maximum

8.563988e+08

1. Quartile

5.000000e-02

3. Quartile

2.311600e+02

Mean

1.058588e+06

Median

3.270000e+00

Sum

1.998614e+09

SE Mean

5.277459e+05

LCL Mean

2.356094e+04

UCL Mean

2.093615e+06

Variance

5.258377e+14

Stdev

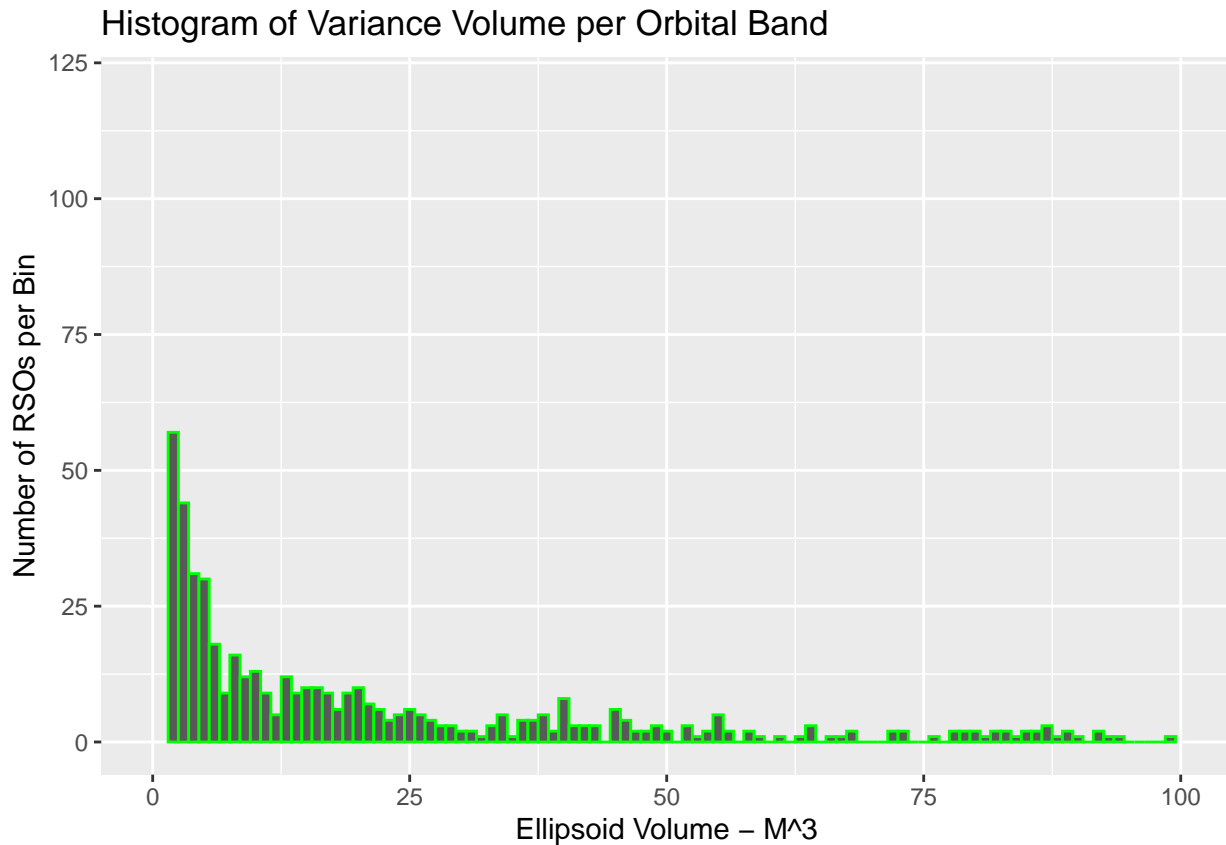
2.293115e+07

Skewness

3.167000e+01

Kurtosis

1.098390e+03



RSO Height

The Height is the altitude of the RSO assuming a circular orbit who's period is at the epoch of the VCM. This estimation is usually adequate for saying what orbital band the RSO is in. The height is calculated by the absolute value of the state vector minus the average earth radius in Kilometers - $((X^2 + Y^2 + Z^2)^{0.5}) - 6368$

xlim = 500- 600, ylim = 0 - 50

Orbital Band; 600 < Height < 700 Kilometers X..df_uvw2.Height

nobs

1921.00

NAs

0.00

Minimum

600.05

Maximum

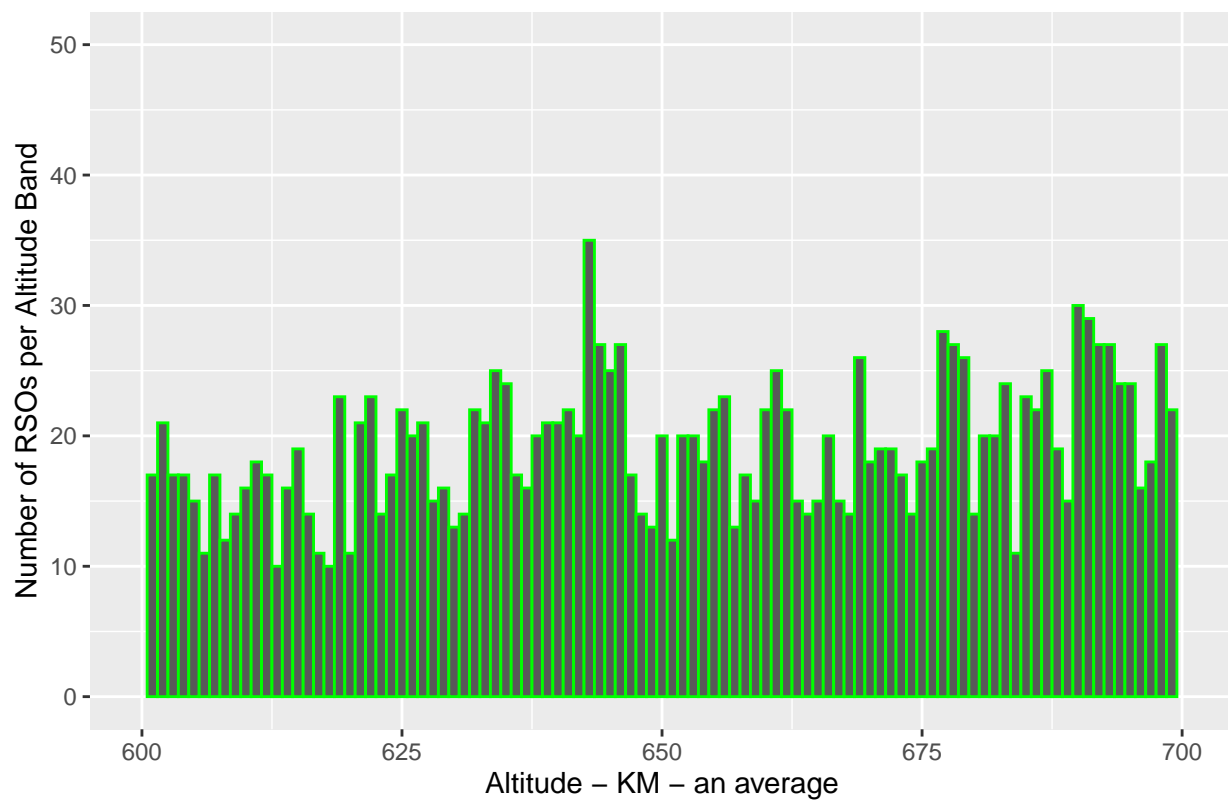
700.00

1. Quartile

629.18

3. Quartile
 678.17
 Mean
 652.68
 Median
 652.78
 Sum
 1253806.23
 SE Mean
 0.66
 LCL Mean
 651.40
 UCL Mean
 653.97
 Variance
 825.58
 Stdev
 28.73
 Skewness
 -0.09
 Kurtosis
 -1.17

Altitude of Known RSOs

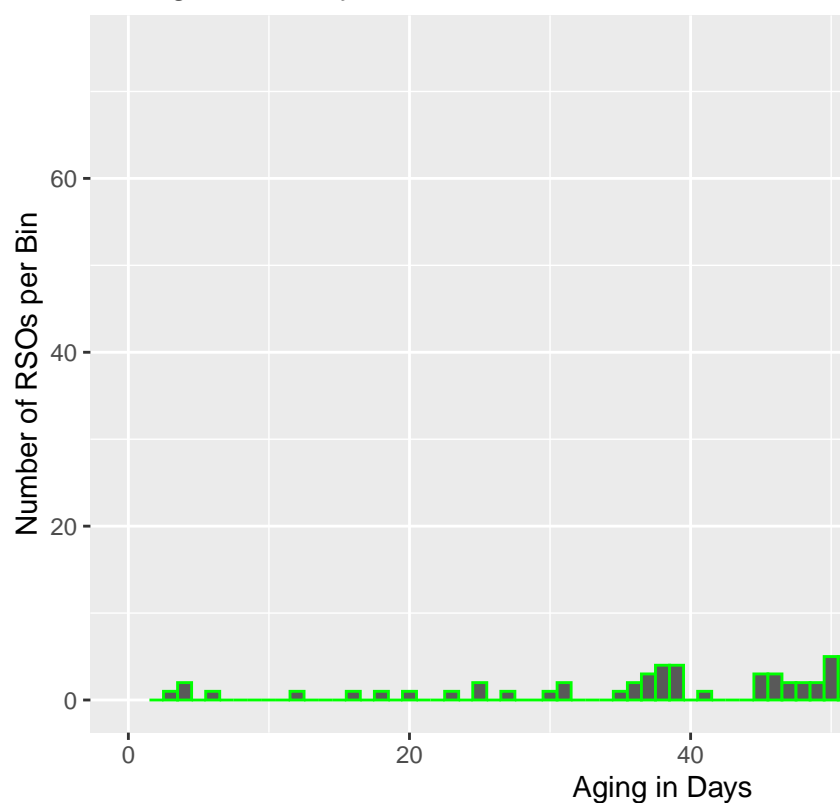


VCM Created Date

The aging is simply the creation date of the VCM, labeled EPOCH TIME (UTC). and is caculated by (2022 - Year) * 365 + Day)

xlim = 1 - 300, ylim = 0 - 100

Histogram of Days Since Creation Date



Orbital Band; $600 < \text{Height} < 700$ Kilometers

