

# Lecture 4: Information Gathering

BKACAD's Security Training

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# Foot-printing Concept

## Concept

1<sup>st</sup> step in the evaluation of the security posture.

Through foot-printing, one can gather maximum information about a computer system or a network and about any devices connected to that network

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Foot-printing Concept

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# Passive Information Gathering

## Concept

A.K.A Open-source Intelligence/OSINT is the process of collecting openly available information about a target, without any direct interaction with that target.

# Passive Information Gathering

## Two types

- In the strictest interpretation, NEVER communicate with target directly. Rely on 3rd party for information but wouldn't access any of the target's systems or servers.
  - pros: High level of secrecy
  - cons: Limit results
- In a looser interpretation, might interact with the target, but only as a normal Internet user would.

# Passive Information Gathering

## Website Recon

If the client has a website, we can gather basic information by simply browsing the site. Small organizations may only have a single website, while large organizations might have many, including some that are not maintained.

This section will be reminded in “Web Security Lecture”.

<https://www.megacorpone.com/>



# Passive Information Gathering

## whois Enumeration

Whois is a TCP service, tool, and a type of database that can provide information about a domain name, such as the name server.

<https://whois.domaintools.com/>

```
kali@kali:~$ whois www.bkacad.com
```

# Passive Information Gathering

## Exercises

1. Use the `whois` tool in Kali to identify the name servers of MegaCorp One.
2. Code a simple `lookup.py` & `reverse_lookup.py` script with Python `socket` module, that they can lookup IP from Domain name and reverse.

Hint: `raw_input()`, `gethostbyname()`, `gethostbyaddr()`

# Passive Information Gathering

## Exercises – Walk through

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 lookup.py

#!/usr/bin/python

'''
Lookup IP from DNS
'''

import socket

def main():
    try:
        target = raw_input("Enter your target DNS: ")
        result = socket.gethostbyname(target)
        print result
    except:
        print "Please check input!"

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

# Passive Information Gathering

## Google Hacking

Operator	Syntax	Description
Filetype	filetype:string	Search file with specific type  "Ceh" + filetype:pdf
Index of	Index of /string	Display pages with directory listing vulnerability  Index of /password
Intitle	intitle:string	Search for pages that contain string in the title  intitle:"SQLiteManager" + intext:"Welcome to SQLiteManager version "
Inurl	inurl:string	Display pages within string in the url  inurl:/host.txt + filetype:txt + "password"
Info	infor:string	Display information Google stores about the page itself
Link	link:string	Display linked pages based on search term
Site	site:domain	Display pages for specific website or domain holding search term.

# Passive Information Gathering

## Google Hacking – Demo

Target:

- <https://stable.modified-shop.org/.svn/wc.db>
- <https://stable.modified-shop.org/.svn/pristine/>

```
kali@kali:~$ wget http://www.sometarget.tgt/.svn/wc.db
```

```
kali@kali:~$ sqlite3 wc.db 'select local_relpath, ".svn/pristine/" ||  
substr(checksum,7,2) || "/" || substr(checksum,7) || ".svn-base" as  
alpha from NODES;'
```

# Passive Information Gathering

## Exercises

1. Reproduce pre-demo in Dolcera company with main web-site URL  
<https://www.dolcera.com/>
2. Make a dork to get all results from Google about this vulnerability

# Passive Information Gathering

## Netcraft

Netcraft is an Internet services company based in England offering a free web portal that performs various information gathering functions.

<https://searchdns.netcraft.com/>

[https://searchdns.netcraft.com/?restriction=site+contains&host=\\*.megacorpone.com](https://searchdns.netcraft.com/?restriction=site+contains&host=*.megacorpone.com)

# Passive Information Gathering

## Exercises

1. Use Netcraft to determine what application server is running on [www.bkacad.com](http://www.bkacad.com)
2. Code a simple `header_info.py` script with Python `requests` module, that they can check header of target website.

Hint: `import requests, dir(requests)`



# Passive Information Gathering

## Exercises – Walk through

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 header_info.py

#!/usr/bin/python

'''
Header checker
'''

import requests

def main():
    try:
        target = raw_input("Enter target website (eg http://abc.com): ")
        response = requests.get(target)
        print response.headers
    except:
        print "Please recheck input!"

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

# Passive Information Gathering

## Open-Source Code

One such source of interesting information are open-source projects and online code repositories, such as GitHub, GitLab, and SourceForge.

Code stored online can provide a glimpse into the programming languages and frameworks used by an organization. In some rare occasions, developers have even accidentally committed sensitive data and credentials to public repos.

<https://github.com/techgaun/github-dorks>

# Passive Information Gathering

## Shodan

Shodan is a search engine that crawls devices connected to the Internet including but not limited to the World Wide Web. This includes the servers that run websites but also devices like routers and IoT devices.

<https://www.shodan.io/>

<https://help.shodan.io/the-basics/search-query-fundamentals>

# Passive Information Gathering

## Shodan – Demo Attack Un-authenticated ADB

Shodan LIVE demo

```
kali@kali:~$ This is live demo
```

```
kali@kali:~$ Nothing inside :')
```

# Test

## Test

### Test

```
kali@kali:~$ test
```